
Environmental Register

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The Environmental Register is a Publication of the Illinois Pollution Control Board

Claire A. Manning, Chairman

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Letter from the Chairman

The State's early retirement program is enticing many long-time State employees to leave their jobs. Assistant Clerk of the Board Adaleen Hogan is one of those employees who found early retirement too good to pass up. Her last day working for the Board will be August 23, 2002.



Ms. Hogan is one of the many dedicated employees who diligently strive for excellence in public service. Ms. Hogan's 19-year career with the Board began in December 1983 when she became a personal secretary to Board Member Joan Anderson. In 1985, she moved into the Clerk's Office to become the Assistant Clerk. Her tremendous organizational skills have been a major attribute to the Board as she has been in charge of maintaining and distributing all materials in open and closed cases.

Ms. Hogan will be missed because she has been a constant and valuable employee at the Board for nearly two decades. The Board recognizes that Ms. Hogan has been an integral member of the Clerk's Office, and for that reason, steps have been taken to ensure that the quality service provided by Clerk's Office will continue. We wish Ms. Hogan well in all of her new adventures as she retires to Michigan to be closer to her family, especially her nieces and nephews. Goodwill wishes may be sent to Ms. Hogan via her Board e-mail address at hogana@ipcb.state.il.us.

Sincerely,

Claire A. Manning, Chairman

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Federal Update

United States Environmental Protection Agency Proposes National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Mercury Emissions From Mercury Cell Chlor-Alkali Plants Under the Clean Air Act

On July 3, 2002, the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) proposed National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPs) for Mercury Emissions From Mercury Cell Chlor-Alkali Plants.

The proposed standards would limit mercury air emissions from these plants by implementing section 112(d) of the Clean Air Act, which requires all categories and subcategories of major sources and area sources listed in section 112(c) to meet hazardous air pollutant emission standards reflecting the application of the maximum achievable control technology. USEPA stated that the proposed standards would reduce nationwide mercury emissions from these sources by about 4,100 kilograms per year (kg/yr) (9,100 pounds per year (lb/yr)) from the levels allowed by the existing mercury NESHAPs.

Comments must be received on or before September 3, 2002. The supporting information used in developing the proposed standards for the mercury cell chlor-alkali plant source category may be obtained from the USEPA at 401 M Street, SW., Washington, DC 20460

For further information contact: Mr. Iliam Rosario, Metals Group, Emission Standards Division (C439-02), U.S. EPA, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27711, telephone number: (919) 541-5308, e-mail address: rosario.iliam@epa.gov.

Pursuant to Section 9.1(b) of the Environmental Protection Act (Act) (415 ILCS 5/9.1(b) (2000)), once adopted by the USEPA, NESHAPs rules are applicable and enforceable under the Act without further action by the Board.

United States Environmental Protection Agency Adopts National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Rubber Tire Manufacturing Under the Clean Air Act

On July 9, 2002, the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) finalized rules that established national emission standards for hazardous air pollutants (NESHAPs) for new and existing sources at rubber tire manufacturing facilities.

USEPA has identified rubber tire manufacturing facilities as major sources of hazardous air pollutants (HAPs) emissions. The new standards implement section 112(d) of the Clean Air Act by requiring all such major sources to meet HAPs emission standards that reflect the application of maximum achievable control technology. The primary HAPs that will be controlled with this action include toluene and hexane. These HAPs are associated with a variety of adverse health effects including chronic health disorders (e.g., polyneuropathy, degenerative lesions of the nasal cavity) and acute health disorders (e.g., respiratory irritation, headaches).

The new standards are effective July 9, 2002.

For information concerning analyses performed in developing this rule, contact Mr. Anthony Wayne, Policy, Planning and Standards Group, Emission Standards Division (C439-04), U.S. EPA, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina, 27711; telephone number (919) 541-5439; e-mail address: wayne.tony@epa.gov

Pursuant to Section 9.1(b) of the Environmental Protection Act (Act) (415 ILCS 5/9.1(b) (2000)), once adopted by the USEPA, NESHAPs rules are applicable and enforceable under the Act without further action by the Board.

United States Environmental Protection Agency Adopts National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Polyvinyl Chloride and Copolymers Production Under the Clean Air Act

On July 10, 2002, the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) adopted national emission standards for hazardous air pollutants (NESHAPs) for the Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) and Copolymers Production source category. These NESHAPs require that PVC and copolymers production facilities, which already must comply with the existing Vinyl Chloride NESHAP, continue to comply with that existing NESHAP.

This rule reflects USEPA's determination that the hazardous air pollutants (HAPs) control level resulting from compliance with the existing Vinyl Chloride NESHAPs already reflects the application of maximum achievable control technology (MACT) and, thus, meets the requirements of section 112(d) of the Clean Air Act, except for equipment leaks at new sources, for the PVC and Copolymers Production source category. For equipment leaks, new sources must comply with the most current technology standards in the Generic MACT rule. By requiring compliance with the Vinyl Chloride NESHAPs, USEPA stated that it is promoting regulatory consistency and eliminating the costs that would be incurred by enforcing a new set of standards that likely would result in no additional HAPs emissions reductions.

The adopted rule is effective July 10, 2002.

For information concerning the analyses performed in developing the NESHAPs, contact Warren Johnson, Organic Chemicals Group, Emission Standards Division (C504-04), U.S. EPA, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27711, telephone number (919) 541-5124, e-mail address: johnson.warren@epa.gov.

Pursuant to Section 9.1(b) of the Environmental Protection Act (Act) (415 ILCS 5/9.1(b) (2000)), once adopted by the USEPA, NESHAPs rules are applicable and enforceable under the Act without further action by the Board.

United States Environmental Protection Agency Adopts Direct Final Rules Restricting Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Locations for Airport Safety Under the Resource Conservation Recovery and Conservation Act

On July 11, 2002, the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) adopted direct final rules, and published an identical proposed rulemaking, to amend the location restriction requirements in the criteria for municipal solid waste landfills (MSWLFs).

USEPA amended this provision in order to incorporate new landfill siting requirements enacted in the Wendell H. Ford Aviation Investment and Reform Act for the 21st Century (Ford Act) (Public Law 106-181). The Ford Act siting restrictions apply to specified smaller public airports to address the potential hazard that birds attracted to MSWLFs may pose to aircraft operations.

Currently owners or operators of such landfills are required to (1) demonstrate that the MSWLFs are designed and operated so as not to "pose a bird hazard to aircraft," (2) place a copy of the demonstration in the MSWLF operating record, and (3) notify the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency that it has been placed in the operating file. The direct final rule adds a new paragraph that incorporates the location restrictions enacted in Section 503 of the Ford Act prohibiting construction or establishment of a new MSWLF within six miles of a "public airport." A "public

airport” is one that: (1) has received grants under the Airport and Airway Improvement Act of 1982, as amended (chapter 471, 49 U.S.C. 47101, et seq.) and (2) is primarily served by general aviation aircraft and regularly scheduled air carrier operations that use aircraft designed for 60 passengers or less. The new six-mile restriction only applies to new MSWLFs constructed or established after April 5, 2000.

The direct final rule is effective on October 9, 2002, without further notice, unless USEPA receives adverse comment by August 12, 2002. If adverse comments are received, USEPA will publish a timely withdrawal in the *Federal Register* informing the public that this rule will not take effect.

Comments may be sent to the RCRA Docket Information Center, Office of Solid Waste (5305W), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Ariel Rios Building, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW, Washington, DC 20460.

For further information contact the RCRA Hotline at 800-424-9346 or TDD 800-553-7672 (hearing impaired). For information on specific aspects of this rule, contact Mary T. Moorcones, Municipal and Industrial Solid Waste Division of the Office of Solid Waste (mail code 5306W), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Headquarters (EPA, HQ), 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20460; telephone: 540-338-1348; e-mail: moorcones.mary@epamail.epa.gov.

The Board will incorporate any necessary amendments to its nonhazardous waste landfill regulations (35 Ill. Adm. Code 812 *et seq.*) in a future identical-in-substance rulemaking pursuant to Sections 7.2 and 22.40 of the Environmental Protection Act (415 ILCS 5/7.2, 17.5 (2000)).

United States Environmental Protection Agency Revokes Tolerances for Residues of Insecticides Under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act

On July 17, 2002 the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) adopted final rules revoking specific tolerances for residues of the insecticides phosphamidon and trimethacarb; the herbicides atrazine, S-(O,O-diisopropyl phosphorodithioate) ester of N-(2-mercaptoethyl) benzenesulfonamide, known as bensulide, S-propyl dipropylthiocarbamate, known as vernolate, and diphenamid; the fungicide imazalil; and the fungicide/insecticide 6-methyl-1,3-dithiolo[4,5-b]quinoxalin-2-one (oxythioquinox) because these pesticides are no longer registered on certain food uses in the United States.

The regulatory actions in the final rule contribute toward USEPA’s tolerance reassessment requirements of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FFDCA) section 408(q), as amended by the Food Quality Protection Act (FQPA) of 1996. By law, USEPA is required by August 2002 to reassess 66% of the tolerances in existence on August 2, 1996, or about 6,400 tolerances. USEPA’s actions in this rulemaking pertain to the revocation of 75 tolerances that are counted among tolerance/exemption reassessments made toward the August 2002 review deadline.

This regulation is effective October 15, 2002. Objections and requests for hearings, identified by docket ID number OPP-2002-0085, must be received by USEPA on or before September 16, 2002.

For further information contact Joseph Nevola, Special Review and Reregistration Division (7508C), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460; telephone number: (703) 308-8037; e-mail address: nevola.joseph@epa.gov.

United States Environmental Protection Agency Proposes National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Brick and Structural Clay Products Manufacturing; and National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Clay Ceramics Manufacturing

On July 22, 2002, the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) proposed the addition of two source categories, brick and structural clay products (BSCP) manufacturing and clay ceramics manufacturing, to the list of categories of major sources of hazardous air pollutants (HAPs) published under section 112(c) of the Clean

Air Act and to the source category schedule for national emission standards for hazardous air pollutants (NESHAPs).

The two proposed subparts would require major sources to meet emission standards reflecting the application of maximum achievable control technology. The HAPs emitted by facilities in the BSCP and clay ceramics manufacturing source categories include hydrogen fluoride (HF), hydrogen chloride (HCl), and metals (antimony, arsenic, beryllium, cadmium, chromium, cobalt, mercury, manganese, nickel, lead, and selenium). USEPA has classified three of the HAPs as human carcinogens, four as probable human carcinogens, and one as a possible human carcinogen.

Comments must be submitted on or before September 20, 2002 to: Air and Radiation Docket and Information Center (6102), Attention Docket Number A-99-30, U.S. EPA, 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20460.

For further information contact Ms. Mary Johnson, Combustion Group, Emission Standards Division (MC-C439-01), U.S. EPA, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27711, telephone number (919) 541-5025, e-mail address: johnson.mary@epa.gov

Pursuant to Section 9.1(b) of the Environmental Protection Act (Act) (415 ILCS 5/9.1(b) (2000)), once adopted by the USEPA, NESHAPs rules are applicable and enforceable under the Act without further action by the Board.

United States Environmental Protection Agency Publishes a Notice of Data Availability for National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit Regulation and Effluent Limitations Guidelines and Standards for Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations

On July 23, 2002, the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) published a notice of data availability for proposed changes in its original proposal (published on January 12, 2001 (66 FR 2959)) for regulation of concentrated animal feeding operations (CAFOs).

The original rulemaking proposed to revise two regulations that address manure, wastewater, and other process waters generated by CAFOs. These two regulations are: The National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) provisions that define which operations are CAFOs and establish permit requirements; and the Effluent Limitations Guidelines, or effluent guidelines, for feedlots (beef, dairy, swine and poultry subcategories), which establish the technology-based effluent discharge standards for CAFOs. In the proposal, and in a subsequent notice of data availability published on November 21, 2001 (66 FR 58556), USEPA solicited comment on various aspects of the proposed revisions and data used to analyze the proposed revisions.

Due to additional data and comments received, USEPA is considering changes to certain aspects of the proposed rulemaking. Specifically, the notice presents information on the following: (1) establishing alternative regulatory thresholds for chicken operations using dry litter management practices; (2) the potential creation of alternative performance standards to encourage CAFOs to implement new technologies; and (3) financial data and changes EPA is considering to refine its economic analysis models.

Comments must be submitted by August 22, 2002. Comments may be submitted electronically to CAFOS.comments@epa.gov, or by mail to: Concentrated Animal Feeding Operation Proposed Rule, Office of Water, Engineering and Analysis Division (4303T), USEPA, 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20460.

For further information contact: Renee Selinsky Johnson at (202) 566-1077, or e-mail address: johnson.renee@epa.gov.

If USEPA adopts rules for CAFOs, the Board would anticipate that the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) would determine, as part of the triennial review of the state's water rules required by the Clean Water Act, whether any amendments to the state's water rules are necessary. If so, the Board would expect to receive a

regulatory proposal from the IEPA under Section 27 or 28.2 of the Environmental Protection Act (415 ILCS 5/27, 28.2 (2000)).

United States Environmental Protection Agency Adopts Regulations Under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) for Recycling of Hazardous Secondary Materials to Make Zinc Fertilizer Products

On July 24, 2002, the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) adopted final rules that apply to recycling of hazardous secondary materials used to make zinc fertilizer products.

USEPA stated that the final rule establishes a more consistent regulatory framework for this practice, and establishes conditions for excluding hazardous secondary materials that are used to make zinc fertilizers from the regulatory definition of solid waste. The rule also establishes new product specifications for contaminants in zinc fertilizers made from those secondary materials. The amendments include an exemption from treatment standards for fertilizers made from recycled electric arc furnace dust.

This final rule is effective July 24, 2002, except for the amendment to 40 CFR 266.20(b), which eliminates the exemption from treatment standards for fertilizers made from recycled electric arc furnace dust. The effective date for that provision is January 24, 2003.

For further information contact the RCRA Hotline at 800-424-9346 or TDD 800-553-7672 (hearing impaired). For more detailed information on specific aspects of this rulemaking, contact Dave Fagan, U.S. EPA (5301W), 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW., Washington, DC 20460, (703) 308-0603, or e-mail: fagan.david@epamail.epa.gov.

The Board will incorporate any necessary amendments to the hazardous waste regulations in a future identical-in-substance rulemaking pursuant to Sections 7.2 and 17.5 of the Environmental Protection Act (415 ILCS 5/7.2, 17.5 (2000)).

United States Environmental Protection Agency Publishes a Solicitation for Proposals for a Pilot Grant Program

On July 25, 2002, the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) published a notice of its July 19, 2002 solicitation for proposals for a pilot grant program to support innovation by State environmental regulatory agencies, the "State Innovation Pilot Grant Program," to the fifty-five state and Territorial Secretaries or Commissioners of those agencies.

USEPA's Strategy presents a framework for innovation consisting of four major elements:

- (1) Strengthen USEPA's innovation partnerships with States and Tribes;
- (2) Focus on priority environmental areas:
 - Reduce greenhouse gases,
 - Reduce smog,
 - Restore and maintain water quality, and
 - Reduce the cost of water and wastewater infrastructure;
- (3) Diversify USEPA's environmental protection tools and approaches:
 - Information resources and technology,
 - Environmental technology,
 - Incentives,
 - Environmental Management Systems, and
 - Results-based goals and measures; and
- (4) Foster a more "innovation-friendly" organizational culture and systems.

USEPA's pilot grant program is designed to strengthen USEPA's innovation partnership with states by establishing a new system of funding to facilitate state efforts to address the priority environmental areas targeted in and use the tools highlighted in the Strategy. USEPA stated that it would like to help states build on previous experience and

undertake bigger and more strategic projects that test new models for "next generation" environmental protection and promise better environmental results.

With this 2002 pilot program, USEPA is exploring the use of grants and cooperative agreements to support innovation at the state level. For 2002, and contingent upon Congressional approval of a re-programming request, USEPA anticipates approximately \$500,000 in total will be available for state innovation pilot assistance. This pilot fund will support approximately 3-7 projects that can produce results in 2-3 years. Only the states, the District of Columbia, and the US Territories are eligible for this 2002 pilot grant program. It is USEPA's intention to expand this pilot program to include innovation by American Indian Tribes, if funding becomes available in FY 2003.

Respondents will have until August 19, 2002 to respond with a brief pre-proposal and budget.

The solicitation package can be viewed at: <http://www.epa.gov/projectxl/2002state.htm> Copies of the solicitation package will also be available from: Gerald Filbin, Office of Environmental Policy Innovation, Office of Policy Economics and Innovation; US Environmental Protection Agency (1807T); 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460. Telephone number (202) 566-2182, e-mail address filbin.gerald@epa.gov

United States Environmental Protection Agency Proposes National Emission Standards for Site Remediation Activities Under the Clean Air Act

On July 30, 2002, the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) proposed National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPs) under the authority of section 112 of the Clean Air Act (CAA) for the site remediation source category.

USEPA has determined that site remediation activities can be major sources of organic hazardous air pollutants (HAPs) (including benzene, ethyl benzene, toluene, vinyl chloride, xylenes) and other volatile organic compounds (VOCs). The range of potential human health effects associated with exposure to these organic HAPs and VOCs include cancer, aplastic anemia, upper respiratory tract irritation, liver damage, and neurotoxic effects (*e.g.*, headache, dizziness, nausea, tremors). The proposed rule would implement section 112(d) of the CAA by requiring those affected site remediation activities to meet emissions limitations, operating limit, and work practice standards reflecting the application of the maximum achievable control technology. When implemented, USEPA estimates that the proposed rule would reduce annual regulated HAPs emissions from the source category by approximately 50 percent or 570 megagrams per year (Mg/yr) (630 tons per year (tpy)) and reduce nationwide VOC emissions by 3,680 Mg/yr (4,050 tpy).

Comments must be submitted on or before September 30, 2002, and should be sent to: Air and Radiation Docket and Information Center (6102), Attention Docket Number A-99-20, U.S. EPA, 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20460.

For further information contact Mr. Greg Nizich, Waste and Chemical Processes Group, Emission Standards Division (C439-03), U.S. EPA, Research Triangle Park, NC 27711, telephone number (919) 541-3078, e-mail address: nizich.greg@epa.gov.

Pursuant to Section 9.1(b) of the Environmental Protection Act (Act) (415 ILCS 5/9.1(b) (2000)), once adopted by the USEPA, NESHAPs rules are applicable and enforceable under the Act without further action by the Board.

Rule Update

Board Adopts First Notice Opinion and Order in Proposed Amendments to General Permitting Provisions For Portable Emissions Units, Amendments to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 201, R02-10

On July 11, 2002, the Board adopted a first notice opinion and order in Proposed Amendments to General Permitting Provisions for Portable Emissions Units, Amendments to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 201, R02-10. This

rulemaking was initiated by a proposal filed by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) on November 30, 2001, to amend the Board's permitting rules for air pollution control. Because the amendments were not required under the Clean Air Act, IEPA filed its proposal as a general rulemaking under Section 27 of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/27].

After two public hearings, the Board adopted a first notice proposal that is similar, but not identical to, IEPA's proposal. The first notice proposal was filed with the Secretary of State's Index Department and will be published in the *Illinois Register* on August 16, 2002.

The proposal adopted by the Board amends the Part 201 general permitting provisions by exempting owners and operators of certain smaller emissions units from requirements that they obtain new construction and "lifetime" permits when their units are moved to a new site. Under this proposal, IEPA may issue a single permit authorizing emission from similar operations by the same source owner or operator at multiple temporary locations, except for sources that are affected sources for acid deposition under Title IV of the Clean Air Act. (See 415 ILCS 39.5(21)(a)).

The amendments contain specific conditions that apply to these units to be eligible for the exemption. Proposed new Section 201.170 outlines the criteria: (1) emissions from the emission unit or units are expected to occur for less than one year at any one site, (2) the emission unit or units of air pollution is subject to the requirements of Section 201.169 (which contains conditions for special permits), (3) the emission unit or group of emission units that will be changing sites is permitted to emit less than 25 tons per year of any combination of regulated air pollutants, (4) the emission unit or units is mounted on a chassis or skids and is designed to be moveable, and (5) the emission unit or units is not used as a thermal desorption system or as an incinerator system. Additionally, the Board added language to IEPA's proposal that requires the owner or operator to notify IEPA, by certified mail, at least three days prior to moving a unit to a new location.

The Board held two hearings on the proposal. The first hearing was held in Springfield on March 20, 2002, and the second hearing was held in Chicago on April 9, 2002. No further hearings are scheduled at this time.

For additional information contact William Murphy at 312/814-6062; e-mail address: murphym@ipcb.state.il.us

Listing of Adjusted Standards

LISTINGS OF ADJUSTED STANDARDS AND COMBINED SEWER OVERFLOW EXCEPTIONS GRANTED BY THE BOARD DURING FISCAL YEAR 2002

Section 28.1(d)(3) of the Environmental Protection Act (Act) (415 ILCS 5/28.1(d)(3) (2000)) requires the Board to annually publish in the *Illinois Register* and *Environmental Register* a listing of all determinations made pursuant to Section 28.1 at the end of each fiscal year. This notice sets forth all adjusted standards and combined sewer overflow exception determinations made by the Board during the fiscal year 2002 (July 1, 2001 through June 30, 2002).

Final Actions Taken by the Pollution Control Board in Adjusted Standards Proceedings During Fiscal Year 2002 (July 1, 2001 through June 30, 2002)

Docket/Docket Title

In the Matter of: Petition of Progressive Environmental Services, Inc. d/b/a Antifreeze Recycling for an Adjusted Standard Under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.131(c) (January 10, 2002), AS 01-07

Final Determination

The Board granted this Jersey County facility an adjusted standard from the definition of "solid waste." The Board found that the used antifreeze that Progressive Environmental Services, Inc. accepts and treats for resale was a commodity-like product under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.131(c) and as

such was exempted from the Board's solid waste regulations concerning manifesting, transportation, management, closure, and record keeping practices.

In the Matter of: Petition of Rhodia, Inc., Thorn Creek Basin Sanitary District, Takasago Corporation (U.S.A.) and Consumers Illinois Water Company for an Adjusted Standard From 35 Ill. Adm. Code 302.208 and 304.105 (January 10, 2002), AS 01-09

The Board granted this Cook County facility an adjusted standard, subject to conditions, from the water quality standards for the discharge of sulfates and total dissolved solids at 35 Ill. Adm. Code 304.105. The Board found that the request for relief from 35 Ill. Adm. Code 302.208 was unnecessary.

In the Matter of: Petition of City of Elgin for an Adjusted Standard From 35 Ill. Adm. Code 302.204 (February 7, 2002), AS 01-01

The Board allowed the City of Elgin, located in Kane County, to voluntarily withdraw its petition for an adjusted standard from the Board's effluent standard and water quality standard for pH.

In the Matter of: Petition of the City of Belleville for an Adjusted Standard From 35 Ill. Adm. Code 306.305 (March 21, 2002) AS 99-01

The Board granted the City of Belleville, located in St Clair County, an adjusted standard, subject to conditions, from the Board's combined sewer overflow disinfection requirements.

In the Matter of: Petition of World Recycling, Inc. d/b/a Planet Earth Antifreeze for an Adjusted Standard From 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.131 (c) (May 2, 2002), AS 02-02

The Board granted this Winnebago County facility an adjusted standard from the definition of "solid waste." The Board found that the used antifreeze that Planet Earth accepts and treats for resale was a commodity-like product under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 720.131(c) and as such was exempted from the Board's solid waste regulations concerning manifesting, transportation, management, closure, and record keeping practices.

In the Matter of: Petition of Central Illinois Light Company (E.D. Edwards Generating Station) for an Adjusted Standard From 35 Ill. Adm. Code 214.141 (May 2, 2002) AS 02-04

The Board dismissed this Peoria County facility's request for an adjusted standard from the Board's sulfur dioxide emissions standards. Finding that the site-specific rulemaking process was a more appropriate mechanism for the relief being sought in the adjusted standard, at petitioner's request the Board opened the pending rulemaking proceeding R02-21 Petition of Central Illinois Light Company (E.D. Edwards Generating Station) for a Site-Specific Air Regulation: 35 Ill. Adm. Code 214.561.

In the Matter of: Material Service Corporation Petition for an Adjusted Standard From 35 Ill. Adm. Code 302.208, 406.202, and 304.105 (June 6, 2002) AS 02-01

The Board granted this Cook County facility an adjusted standard, subject to conditions, from the Board's total dissolved solids and sulfate water quality standards at 35 Ill. Adm. Code 406.202 and 304.105. The Board found that the request for relief from 35 Ill. Adm. Code 302.208 was unnecessary.

Final Actions Taken by the Board in Combine Sewer Overflow Exception Proceedings During Fiscal Year 2002
(July 1, 2001 through June 30, 2002)

The Board took no action in combined sewer overflow exception proceedings during fiscal year 2002. (But see related adjusted standard AS 99-01 described above: In the Matter of: Petition of the City of Belleville for an Adjusted Standard From 35 Ill. Adm. Code 306.305 (March 21, 2002).)

Please address written comments or requests for copies, including the appropriate docket number, to:

Name: Dorothy Gunn, Clerk
Address: Pollution Control Board
100 West Randolph Street, Suite 11-500
Chicago, IL 60601
Telephone: 312-814-3620

Please address questions concerning this notice, including the appropriate docket number, to:

Name: Erin Conley
Address: Pollution Control Board
600 S. Second Street, Suite 402
Springfield, IL 62704
Telephone: 217-782-2471
Internet: conley@ipcb.state.il.us

Board Actions

July 11, 2002
Springfield, Illinois

Rulemakings

R02-10	<u>In the Matter of: Amendments to General Permitting Provisions for Portable Emission Units: Amendments to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 201</u> – The Board adopted a first notice opinion and order in this matter to amend the Board’s air regulations.	5-0 R, Air
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Administrative Citations

AC 02-17	<u>IEPA v. Charles Goodwin</u> – The Board dismissed this administrative citation, finding it was improperly issued because of contradictory instructions from the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency.	5-0
AC 02-30	<u>IEPA v. City of Wenona</u> – In response to a joint stipulation and settlement agreement in this administrative citation action involving a Marshall County facility, the Board found respondent violated Section 21(p)(1) of the Environmental Protection Act (Act) (415 ILCS 5/21(p)(1) (2000)) and ordered respondent to pay a civil penalty of \$1,500. The Board also granted the parties’ joint motion to dismiss the alleged violations of Section 21(p)(4) and (p)(7) of the Act (415 ILCS 5/21(p)(3), (p)(4) (2000)).	5-0
AC 02-52	<u>IEPA v. Maurice Newcomer</u> – The Board found that this Carroll County	5-0

respondent violated Sections 21(p)(1) and (p)(7) of the Act (415 ILCS 5/21(p)(1), (p)(7) (2000)), and ordered respondent to pay a civil penalty of \$3,000.

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| AC 02-59 | <u>IEPA v. Jason Hari and Canadian National/Illinois Central Railroad</u> – The Board granted complainant’s motion for voluntary dismissal of this administrative citation involving a Ford County facility. | 5-0 |
| AC 02-60 | <u>IEPA v. Little Dozing Service, Inc.</u> –The Board accepted for hearing this petition for review of an administrative citation against this Edgar County respondent. | 5-0 |

Decisions

- | | | |
|------------|--|------------------------|
| PCB 99-192 | <u>People of the State of Illinois v. Gulco Corporation a/k/a Gutmann Leather Company, Inc.</u> – In this air enforcement action concerning a Cook County facility, the Board granted relief from the hearing requirement of Section 31(c)(1) of the Environmental Protection Act (415 ILCS 5/31(c)(1) (2000)), accepted a final stipulation and settlement agreement, ordered the respondent to pay a total civil penalty of \$15,000, and to cease and desist from further violations. | 5-0
A-E |
| PCB 01-17 | <u>People of the State of Illinois v. N.E. Finch and Peoria Associates</u> – In this air enforcement action concerning a Peoria County facility, the Board granted relief from the hearing requirement of Section 31(c)(1) of the Environmental Protection Act (415 ILCS 5/31(c)(1) (2000)), accepted a final stipulation and settlement agreement, ordered the respondents to pay a total civil penalty of \$10,000, and to cease and desist from further violations. | 5-0
A-E |
| PCB 01-86 | <u>Robert Gardner and Yvonne Gardner v. Township High School District 211 and Gerald Chapman, Superintendent</u> – The Board found that respondent did not violate Section 24 of the Environmental Protection Act (415 ILCS 5/24 (2000)) and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 900.102 of the Board’s noise regulations and closed the docket. | 5-0
Citizens
N-E |
| PCB 01-144 | <u>People of the State of Illinois v. Rich Williams d/b/a C.R. Williams & Associates Architects</u> – In this public water supply enforcement action concerning a Christian County facility, the Board granted relief from the hearing requirement of Section 31(c)(1) of the Environmental Protection Act (415 ILCS 5/31(c)(1) (2000)), accepted a final stipulation and settlement agreement, ordered the respondent to pay a total civil penalty of \$7,000, and to cease and desist from further violations. | 5-0
PWS-E |
| PCB 01-161 | <u>People of the State of Illinois v. Wagner Castings Company, Inc.</u> – In this air enforcement action concerning a Macon County facility, the Board granted relief from the hearing requirement of Section 31(c)(1) of the Environmental Protection Act (415 ILCS 5/31(c)(1) (2000)), accepted a final stipulation and settlement agreement, ordered the respondent to pay a total civil penalty of \$115,000, and to cease and desist from further violations. | 5-0
A-E |

PCB 02-8	<u>People of the State of Illinois v. Royster-Clark, Inc.</u> – In this water enforcement action concerning a LaSalle County facility, the Board granted relief from the hearing requirement of Section 31(c)(1) of the Environmental Protection Act (415 ILCS 5/31(c)(1) (2000)), accepted a final stipulation and settlement agreement, ordered the respondent to pay a total civil penalty of \$30,000, and to cease and desist from further violations.	5-0 W-E
PCB 02-36	<u>People of the State of Illinois v. City of Golconda, Brown, Roffmann & Roberts, Inc., and Forby Excavating, Inc.</u> – In this public water supply enforcement action concerning a Pope County facility, the Board granted relief from the hearing requirement of Section 31(c)(1) of the Environmental Protection Act (415 ILCS 5/31(c)(1) (2000)), accepted a final stipulation and settlement agreement, ordered the respondents to pay a total civil penalty of \$3,800, and to cease and desist from further violations.	5-0 PWS-E
PCB 02-113	<u>Duke Energy North America (Lee County) v. IEPA</u> – On February 21, 2002, the Board opened a docket to address the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency recommended denial of petitioner’s request for preferential tax treatment under the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/11-10 (2000)) for its facility located in Lee County. Because petitioner failed to timely file a petition, the Board denies tax certification for the sanitary waste septic tank and associated lift station based upon on respondent’s recommendation.	5-0 T-C
PCB 02-121	<u>Aux Sable Liquid Products, Noise Pollution Control Equipment v. IEPA</u> – On March 21, 2002, the Board opened a docket to address the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency recommended denial of petitioner’s request for preferential tax treatment under the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/11-10 (2000)) for its facility located in Grundy County. Because petitioner failed to timely file a petition, the Board denies tax certification for the noise pollution abatement control facility based upon on respondent’s recommendation.	5-0 T-C

Motions and Other Matters

PCB 00-163	<u>David McDonough and Jacquelyn McDonough v. Gary Robke</u> – The Board granted respondent’s motion for extension of time to file the noise report. The noise report must be filed and served on the McDonoughs on or before August 5, 2002.	5-0 Citizens N-E
PCB 01-148	<u>Sierra Club, Friends of the Fox River and Prairie Rivers Network v. IEPA and Fox River Water Reclamation District</u> – The Board granted petitioner’s motion for voluntary dismissal of this National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit appeal involving a Kane County facility.	5-0 P-A, NPDES 3rd Party
PCB 02-31	<u>Bridgestone/Firestone Off-Road Tire Company v. IEPA</u> – The Board granted petitioner’s motion for voluntary dismissal of this air permit appeal involving a McLean County facility.	5-0 P-A, Air

PCB 02-91	<u>Rezmar Corporation v. IEPA</u> – The Board granted petitioner’s motion for consolidation of these underground storage tank appeals involving a Cook County facility.	4-0
PCB 02-116		Melas abstained UST Fund
PCB 02-96	<u>Estate of Edmund F. Radkiewicz v. IEPA</u> – The Board granted petitioner’s motion for voluntary dismissal of this underground storage tank appeal involving a DuPage County facility.	5-0 UST Appeal
PCB 02-108	<u>Saline County Landfill, Inc. v. IEPA; County of Saline, Intervenor</u> – The Board denied petitioners motion to reconsider or modify its May 16, 2002 opinion.	5-0 P-A, Land
PCB 02-130	<u>Strong Oil Company v. IEPA</u> – Having previously granted a request for a 90-day extension, the Board dismissed this matter because no underground storage tank appeal was filed on behalf of this Schuyler County facility.	5-0 UST Fund
PCB 02-156	<u>Chroma Corporation v. IEPA</u> – Having previously granted a request for a 90-day extension, the Board dismissed this matter because no permit appeal was filed on behalf of this McHenry County facility.	5-0 P-A, NPDES
PCB 02-160	<u>Rockford Stop-N-Go, Inc. v. IEPA</u> – The Board granted petitioner’s motion for admission pro hac vice and accepted for hearing this underground storage tank appeal involving a Boone County facility.	5-0 UST Fund
PCB 02-163	<u>Illinois State Toll Highway Authority (South Holland/Lincoln Oasis – Lincoln North) v. IEPA</u> – Having previously granted a request for a 90-day extension, the Board dismissed this matter because no underground storage tank appeal was filed on behalf of this Cook County facility.	5-0 UST Appeal
PCB 02-166	<u>Mick’s Garage v. IEPA</u> – Having previously granted a request for a 90-day extension, the Board dismissed this matter because no underground storage tank appeal was filed on behalf of this Madison County facility.	5-0 UST Fund
PCB 02-223	<u>Exxon Mobile Oil Corporation (Low Sulfur MO-GAS Equipment) v. IEPA</u> – Upon receipt of the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency’s recommendation, the Board found and certified that specified facilities of Exxon Mobile Oil Corporation located in Will County are pollution control facilities for the purpose of preferential tax treatment under the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/11-10 (2000)).	5-0 T-C
PCB 02-224	<u>Atchison Amoco Service v. IEPA</u> – The Board granted this request for a 90-day extension of time to file an underground storage tank appeal on behalf of this Randolph County facility.	5-0 UST Fund 90-Day Ext.

PCB 03-1	<u>Illinois State Toll Highway Authority v. IEPA</u> – The Board granted this request for a 90-day extension of time to file an underground storage tank appeal on behalf of this DeKalb County facility.	5-0 UST Fund 90-Day Ext.
PCB 03-2	<u>Todd’s Service Station v. IEPA</u> – The Board granted this request for a 90-day extension of time to file an underground storage tank appeal on behalf of this Tazewell County facility.	5-0 90-Day Ext.
PCB 03-3	<u>Akzo Nobel Surface Chemistry L.L.C. v. IEPA</u> – The Board found the petition deficient in this water variance request involving a Grundy County facility, and ordered petitioner to file an amended petition to cure specified deficiencies no later than August 10, 2002, or the petition would be subject to dismissal.	5-0 W-V, NPDES

New Cases

July 11, 2002 Board Meeting

02-223 Exxon Mobile Oil Corporation (Low Sulfur MO-GAS Equipment) v. IEPA – Upon receipt of the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency’s recommendation, the Board found and certified that specified facilities of Exxon Mobile Oil Corporation located in Will County are pollution control facilities for the purpose of preferential tax treatment under the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/11-10 (2000)).

02-224 Atchison Amoco Service v. IEPA – The Board granted this request for a 90-day extension of time to file an underground storage tank appeal on behalf of this Randolph County facility.

02-225 Janet Wagner v. Lisa Perenchio and Jim Weihsarantel – The Board held for a later duplicitous/frivolous determination this citizen’s noise enforcement action involving a Cook County facility.

03-001 Illinois State Toll Highway Authority v. IEPA – The Board granted this request for a 90-day extension of time to file an underground storage tank appeal on behalf of this DeKalb County facility.

03-002 Todd’s Service Station v. IEPA – The Board granted this request for a 90-day extension of time to file an underground storage tank appeal on behalf of this Tazewell County facility.

03-003 Akzo Nobel Surface Chemistry L.L.C. v. IEPA – The Board found the petition deficient in this water variance request involving a Grundy County facility, and ordered petitioner to file an amended petition to cure specified deficiencies no later than August 10, 2002, or the petition would be subject to dismissal.

AC 02-61 IEPA v. Steve Koester – The Board accepted an administrative citation against this Champaign County respondent.

R03-1 In the Matter of: UST Update, USEPA Amendments (January 1, 2002 through June 30, 2002) – The Board reserved this docket for a routine identical-in-substance update. The update includes any federal amendments that occurred during the period of January 1, 2002, through June 30, 2002.

R03-2 In the Matter of: Wastewater Pretreatment Update, USEPA Amendments (January 1, 2002 through June 30, 2002) – The Board reserved this docket for a routine identical-in-substance update. The update includes any federal amendments that occurred during the period of January 1, 2002, through June 30, 2002.

R03-3 In the Matter of: Definition of VOM Update, USEPA Amendments (January 1, 2002 through June 30, 2002) – The Board reserved this docket for a routine identical-in-substance update. The update includes any federal amendments that occurred during the period of January 1, 2002, through June 30, 2002.

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R03-4 In the Matter of: SDWA Update, USEPA Amendments (January 1, 2002 through June 30, 2002) – The Board reserved this docket for a routine identical-in-substance update. The update includes any federal amendments that occurred during the period of January 1, 2002, through June 30, 2002.

R03-5 In the Matter of: UIC Update, USEPA Amendments (January 1, 2002 through June 30, 2002) – The Board reserved this docket for a routine identical-in-substance update. The update includes any federal amendments that occurred during the period of January 1, 2002, through June 30, 2002.

R03-6 In the Matter of: RCRA Subtitle D (Municipal Solid Waste Landfill) Update, USEPA Amendments (January 1, 2002 through June 30, 2002) – The Board reserved this docket for a routine identical-in-substance update. The update includes any federal amendments that occurred during the period of January 1, 2002, through June 30, 2002.

R03-7 In the Matter of: RCRA Subtitle C (Hazardous Waste) Update, USEPA Amendments (January 1, 2002 through June 30, 2002) – The Board reserved this docket for a routine identical-in-substance update. The update includes any federal amendments that occurred during the period of January 1, 2002, through June 30, 2002.

Calendar

8/8/2002 11:00 AM		Illinois Pollution Control Board Meeting	Hearing Room 403 600 South Second Street Springfield
8/15/2002 1:30 PM	AS 02-3	Petition of Ford Motor Company (Chicago Assembly Plant) for Adjusted Standard from 35 Ill. Adm. Code 218.986	James R. Thompson Center Hearing Room 11-512 100 West Randolph Street Chicago
8/22/2002 11:00 AM		Illinois Pollution Control Board Meeting	James R. Thompson Center Hearing Room 11-512 100 West Randolph Street Chicago
8/22/2002 10:00 AM	PCB 01-156	People of the State of Illinois v. Union Pacific Railroad	Jackson County Courthouse Jury Assembly Room, First Floor 101 Walnut Street Murphysboro
8/23/2002 10:00 AM	PCB 01-156	People of the State of Illinois v. Union Pacific Railroad	Jackson County Courthouse Jury Assembly Room, First Floor 101 Walnut Street Murphysboro
8/28/2002 10:00 AM	PCB 98-55	Donald McCarrell and Ann McCarrell v. Air Distribution Associates, Inc.	City Council Chambers 404 North Wood Dale Road Wood Dale
8/28/2002 10:00 AM	PCB 01-67	Jasper County Highway Department v. IEPA	Jasper County Courthouse County Board Room 100 West Jourdan Street Newton
8/29/2002 10:00 AM	AS 00-5	Petition of the Ensign-Bickford Company for an Adjusted Standard from 35 Ill. Adm. Code 237.103	Union County Courthouse 1st Fl. Hearing Room 309 West Market Street Jonesboro
8/30/2002 10:00 AM	AS 00-5	Petition of the Ensign-Bickford Company For an Adjusted Standard from 35 Ill. Adm. Code 237.103	Union County Courthouse 1st Fl. Hearing Room 309 West Market Street Jonesboro
9/4/2002 9:00 AM	PCB 01-153	City of Salem v. IEPA	Hearing Room 403 600 South Second Street Springfield

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9/5/2002 9:00 AM	PCB 01-153	City of Salem v. IEPA	Hearing Room 403 600 South Second Street Springfield
9/5/2002 11:00 AM		Illinois Pollution Control Board Meeting	VIDEOCONFERENCE James R. Thompson Center Hearing Room 11-512 100 West Randolph Street/Chicago Hearing Room 403 600 South Second Street/Springfield
9/17/02 10:00 AM	PCB 02-79	People of the State of Illinois v. Walter F. Deemie d/b/a River City Demolition	Hearing Room 403 600 South Second Street Springfield
9/19/2002 11:00 AM		Illinois Pollution Control Board Meeting	VIDEOCONFERENCE James R. Thompson Center Hearing Room 11-512 100 West Randolph Street/Chicago Hearing Room 403 600 South Second Street/Springfield
9/24/2002 10:00 AM	PCB 02-184	UAP Richter Company (McDonough Country) (Property Identification #08-000-071-00) v. IEPA	Hearing Room 403 600 South Second Street Springfield
9/26/2002 10:00 AM	PCB 00-177	Michael D. Logsdon, Darrell E. Mann, Kathy Mann, Russell Spillman, Marilyn Spillman, Rita Martin, Alvin W. Abbott, Kathy Abbott, Diana Collins, Dave Collins v. South Fork Gun Club	Christian County Courthouse Second Floor Board Room 101 Main Street Taylorville
10/3/2002 11:00 AM		Illinois Pollution Control Board Meeting	Hearing Room 403 600 South Second Street Springfield

IEPA Restricted Status List

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL RESTRICTED STATUS LIST

In order to comply with 35 Illinois Administrative Code Section 306.401, Illinois Pollution Control Board Regulations, the Illinois EPA has prepared the following list of facilities which are on Restricted Status. Restricted Status is defined as the Agency determination that a sewer or lift station has reached hydraulic capacity or that a sewage treatment plant has reached design capacity, such that additional sewer connection permits may no longer be issued without causing a violation of the Act or Regulations. Please note that the list is continually being revised to reflect the current situation. Therefore, if you have any questions on the capability of a treatment facility or transport system, please contact this Agency for a final determination. This listing reflects the status as of June 30, 2002.

Facility names followed by an asterisk (*) indicates that construction is underway to ultimately alleviate problems which resulted in imposition of Restricted Status. Facilities followed by a double asterisk (**) are additions to the list.

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<u>FACILITY NAME</u>	<u>RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITY</u>	<u>COUNTY</u>	<u>REMAINING CAPACITY</u>
Bonnie Brae Forest Manor SD STP	Bonnie Brae Forest Manor SD	Will	0
Bourbonnais (Belle Aire Subd.) Camelot Utilities Wastewater Collection System	Village of Bourbonnais Camelot Utilities	Kankakee Will	0 0
Camp Point (a portion mh 60-68)	Village of Camp Point	Adams	0
Clearview S.D.	Clearview S.D.	McLean	0
East Alton	City of East Alton	Madison	0
Farmington	City of Farmington	Fulton	0
Hinckley STP	Village of Hinckley	DeKalb	0
Hurst & Blairville Collection SYSTEM	City of Hurst	Williamson	0
Lockport Heights SD STP	City of Lockport	Will	0
Maple Lawn Homes STP	Maple Lawn Homes	Woodford	0
Port Byron STP	Village of Port Byron	Rock Island	0
Rosewood Heights S.D.- Ninth Street LS	Rosewood Heights S.D.	Madison	0
South Palos Twp. SD	South Palos Twp.	South Palos Twp.	0
Taylorville-Shawnee Ave. PUMP STATION	City of Taylorville	Christian	0
Utilities Unlimited	Utilities Unlimited	Will	0
Washington (Rolling Meadows)	City of Washington	Tazewell	0
Wauconda-Larksdale LS	Village of Wauconda	Lake	0
Winnebago-SS overflow to Westfield LS; East 4 blocks of Soper St.	Village of Winnebago	Winnebago	0

Deletions from previous quarterly report:

IEPA Critical Review Status List

ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
DIVISION OF WATER POLLUTION CONTROL
CRITICAL REVIEW LIST

In order to comply with 35 Illinois Administrative Code Section 306.401, Illinois Pollution Control Board Regulations, and the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency has prepared the following list of facilities, which are on Critical Review. Critical Review as defined as the Agency determination that a sewer or lift station is approaching hydraulic capacity or that a sewage treatment plant is approaching design capacity such that additional sewer connection permit applications will require close scrutiny to determine whether issuance would result in a violation of the Act or Regulations. Please note that these lists are continually being revised to reflect the current situation. Therefore, if you have any questions on the capability of a treatment facility or transport system, please contact the Agency for a final determination. This listing reflects the status as of June 30, 2002.

Facility names followed by a double asterisk (**) are additions to the list.

<u>FACILITY NAME</u>	<u>RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITY</u>	<u>COUNTY</u>	<u>REMAINING CAPACITY</u>	<u>PE ADDED SINCE LAST LIST</u>
Antioch STP	Village of Antioch	Lake	1,539	76

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Athens STP	City of Athens	Menard	54	18
Beardstown SD	City of Beardstown	Cass	1,769	0
Benton-Southeast STP	City of Benton	Franklin	60	0
Bethalto (L.S. #1)	Village of Bethalto	Madison	87	0
Carrier Mills	Village of Carrier Mills	Saline	836	0
Carrollton	City of Carrollton	Greene	140	0
Chester STP	City of Chester	Randolph	485	0
Citizens Utilities Co. of Ill.- River Grange	Citizens Utilities Co. of Ill.	Will	10	0
Dakota	Village of Dakota	Stephenson	90	0
Downers Grove S.D.	Downers Grove S.D.	DuPage	3,995	82
Earlville	City of Earlville	LaSalle	120	0
East Dundee STP	Village of E. Dundee	Kane	577	0
Elkville	Village of Elkville	Jackson	6	0
Ferson Creek Utilities Co.	Utilities, Inc.	Will	70	0
LCPWD-Diamond- Sylvan STP	County of Lake Public Works Department	Lake	0	0
Lake Barrington Home Owners Assn. STP	Lake Barrington Home Owners Assn.	Lake	80	0
Lindenhurst S.D.	Village of Lindenhurst	Lake	869	0
Lockport	City of Lockport	Will County	1,250	0
Moline (North Slope)	City of Moline	Rock Island	1,151	0
Morris STP	City of Morris	Grundy	0	0
Mundelein STP	Village of Mundelein	Lake	0	0
Paris STP	City of Paris	Edgar	0	12,985
Plainfield STP	Village of Plainfield	Will	0	0
Rock Island (Main)	City of Rock Island	Rock Island	4,683	0
Sandwich	Village of Sandwich	DeKalb/Kendall	401	63
Streator	City of Streator	LaSalle/ Livingston	1,100	1,300
Thompsonville STP	Village of Thompsonville	Franklin	0	0
Wauconda – Remaining Collection System & Lakeview Villa LS	Village of Wauconda	Lake	***	0

Deletions from previous quarterly report: Herscher

***Contact IEPA – Permit Section

The Illinois Pollution Control Board is an independent seven-member board that adopts environmental control standards, rules on enforcement actions, and other environmental disputes for the State of Illinois.

The Environmental Register is published monthly by the Board, and contains updates on rulemakings, descriptions of final decisions, the Board's hearing calendar, and other environmental law information.

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Illinois Pollution Control Board
Environmental Register Coordinator
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Springfield, Illinois 62704