

ILLINOIS POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD  
December 17, 1992

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| CITIZENS FOR A BETTER ENVIRONMENT, and ALICE ZEMAN,                    | ) |                                |
| Petitioners,   | ) |                                |
| v.   | ) | PCB 92-198                     |
| VILLAGE OF MCCOOK and WEST SUBURBAN RECYCLING AND ENERGY CENTER, INC., | ) | (Landfill Siting)              |
| Respondents.   | ) | (Consolidated with PCB 92-201) |

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| EDWARD NOVAK,   | ) |                                |
| Petitioner,   | ) |                                |
| v.  | ) | PCB 92-201                     |
| BOARD OF TRUSTEES and MAYOR of the VILLAGE OF MCCOOK and WEST SUBURBAN RECYCLING & ENERGY CENTER, INC., | ) | (Landfill Siting)              |
| Respondents.  | ) | (Consolidated with PCB 92-198) |

ORDER OF THE BOARD (by M. Nardulli):

These actions are third-party appeals filed pursuant to Section 40.1 (b) of the Environmental Protection Act (Act) (Ill.Rev.Stat. 1991, ch. 111½, par. 1040.1 (b)). Citizens For A Better Environment (CBE) and Alice Zeman, a member of CBE, filed their appeal on December 3, 1992 and Edward Novak filed his appeal on December 4, 1992. Because CBE, Alice Zeman, and Edward Novak (petitioners) all appeal the decision of the Village of McCook (Village) granting site location suitability approval to West Suburban Recycling and Energy Center, Inc., the Board is consolidating PCB 92-198 and 92-201.

It appears that the petitions are not duplicitous or frivolous and that CBE participated in the hearing below (See PCB 92-198 Pet. p. 2-3.) Novak also states in his petition that he attempted to participate in the hearing below. (PCB 92-201 Pet. p. 1-4.)

Record Before the County Board

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P.A. 82-682, also known as SB-172, as codified in Section 40.1(a) of the Act, provides that the hearing before the Board is to "be based exclusively on the record before the county board or governing body of the municipality". The statute does not specify who is to file with the Board such record or who is to certify to the completeness or correctness of the record.

As the Village alone can verify and certify what exactly is the entire record before it, in the interest of protecting the rights of all parties to this action, and in order to satisfy the intention of SB-172, the Board believes that the Village must be the party to prepare and file the record on appeal. The Board suggests that guidance in so doing can be had by reference to Rules 321 through 324 of the Illinois Supreme Court Rules. The record shall contain legible versions of all documents, transcripts, and exhibits deemed to pertain to this proceeding from initial filing through and including final action by the local government body. The record shall contain the originals of all documents, shall be arranged as much as possible in chronological sequence, and shall be sequentially numbered, placing the letter "C" before the number of such page. In addition to the actual documents which comprise the record, the Village Clerk shall also prepare a document entitled "Certificate of Record on Appeal" which shall be an index of the record that lists the documents comprising the record and shows the page number upon which they start and end. Seven copies of the certificate, seven copies of the transcript of the Village hearing and three copies of any other documents in the record shall be filed with the Board, and a copy of the certificate shall be served upon the petitioner(s). The Clerk of the Village is given 21 days from the date of this order to "prepare, bind and certify the record on appeal" (Ill. Supreme Court, Rule 324). If the record is not legible, is not sequentially numbered, or fails to include an appropriate index of record, the Clerk of the Pollution Control Board may refuse to accept the document for filing.

#### Waiver of Decision Deadline

Section 40.1(a) provides that if there is no final action by the Board within 120 days, petitioner may deem the site location approved.

The Board has construed identical "in accordance with the terms of" language contained in Section 40(b) of the Act concerning third-party appeals of the grant of hazardous waste landfill permits as giving the person who had requested the permit a) the right to a decision within the applicable statutory time frame (now 120 days), and b) the right to waive (extend) the decision period (Alliance for a Safe Environment, et al. v. Akron Land Corp. et al. (October 30, 1980), PCB 80-184). The Board therefore construes Section 40.1(b) in like manner, with the

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result that failure of this Board to act in 120 days would allow the site location applicant to deem the site location approved. Pursuant to Section 105.104 of the Procedural Rules, it is each party's responsibility to pursue its action, and to insist that a hearing on the petition is timely scheduled in order to allow the Board to review the record and to render its decision within 120 days of the filing of the petition.

#### Transcription Costs

The issue of who has the burden of providing transcription in Board site location suitability appeals has been addressed in Town of Ottawa, et al. v. IPCB, et al., 129 Ill. App. 3d 121, 472 N.E.2d 150 (3rd Dist. 1984). In that case, the Court ordered the Board to assume transcription costs (472 N.E.2d at 155). The Supreme Court denied leave to appeal on March 14, 1985. In cognizance of this ruling, the Board will provide for stenographic transcription of the Board hearing in this matter.

This matter is accepted for hearing. Hearing must be scheduled within 14 days of the date of this order and completed within 60 days of the date of this order. The hearing officer shall inform the Clerk of the Board of the time and location of the hearing at least 40 days in advance of hearing so that public notice of hearing may be published. After hearing, the hearing officer shall submit an exhibit list, written schedule for submission of briefs if any and all actual exhibits to the Board within 5 days of the hearing. Any briefing schedule shall provide for final filings as expeditiously as possible and in no event later than 70 days from the date of this order.

If after appropriate consultation with the parties, the parties fail to provide an acceptable hearing date or if after an attempt the hearing officer is unable to consult with the parties, the hearing officer shall unilaterally set a hearing date in conformance with the schedule above. This schedule will only provide the Board a very short time period to deliberate and reach a decision before the due date. The hearing officer and the parties are encouraged to expedite this proceeding as much as possible.

The hearing officer may extend this schedule only on a waiver of the decision deadline by the site location suitability applicant and only for the equivalent or fewer number of days that the decision deadline is waived. Such waivers must be provided in writing to the Clerk of the Board. Any waiver must be an "open waiver" or a waiver of decision until a date certain.

Because of requirements regarding the publication of notice of hearing, no scheduled hearing may be canceled unless the site location suitability applicant provides an open waiver or a waiver to a date at least 120 days beyond the date of the motion

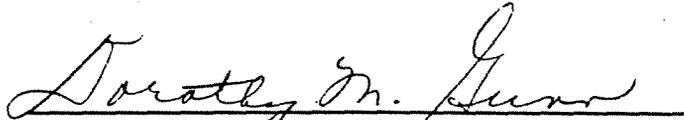
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to cancel hearing. This should allow ample time for the Board to republish notice of hearing and receive transcripts from the hearing before the due date. Any order by the hearing officer granting cancellation of hearing shall include a new hearing date at least 40 days in the future and at least 30 days prior to the new due date and the Clerk of the Board shall be promptly informed of the new schedule.

Because this proceeding is the type for which the Illinois Environmental Protection Act sets a very short statutory deadline for making a decision, absent a waiver, the Board will grant extensions or modifications only in unusual circumstances. Any such motion must set forth an alternative schedule for notice, hearing, and final submissions, as well as the deadline for decision, including response time to such a motion. However, no such motion shall negate the obligation of the hearing officer to establish a scheduling order pursuant to the requirements of this order, and to adhere to that order until modified.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

I, Dorothy M. Gunn, Clerk of the Illinois Pollution Control Board, hereby certify that the above order was adopted on the 17<sup>th</sup> day of December, 1992, by a vote of 7-0.

  
 Dorothy M. Gunn, Clerk  
 Illinois Pollution Control Board

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