CLERK'S OFFICE

MAR 3 0 2004

STATE OF ILLINOIS
Pollution Control Board

LINE NUMBERED VERSION

This line numbered copy of the agency's rulemaking is for use increating the 1st Notice Changes decument.

This version should be identical to the submission made by the agency, with the exceptions that errors in Source or Authority Notes may have been corrected; the format used is that of the electronic Illinois Administrative Code database, so formatting discrepancies will be corrected; incorrect depictions of existing language may have been corrected to conform with the IAPA; statutory citations will be handled correctly; any obvious misspellings revealed by an electronic spell check may have been corrected; and simple technical corrections may have been made. If any such changes have been made, they will be highlighted on the attached copy. If there is any problem, contact JCAR.

On this mark-up, any word or punctuation that has been altered will be highlighted. You will need to compare this to your hard copy or your database to determine how the original text read. If a white space is highlighted, you will know that text has been omitted at that location.

As always, if you would like an adopted rulemaking or any Illinois Administrative Code database materials on disk or through e-mail for purposes of upload, contact Terra Lamb at 785-2254.

NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENT

1) Heading of the Part: Standards for New Solid Waste Landfills

2) Code citation: 35 Ill. Adm. Code 811

3) <u>Section number:</u> <u>Proposed Action:</u> 811.302 Amend

4) Statutory authority: 415 ILCS 5/7.2, 22.40, and 27

A complete description of the subjects and issues involved: The amendments to Part 811 are a single segment of a larger rulemaking that also affects 35 Ill. Adm. Code 810, which is covered by a separate notice in this issue of the *Illinois Register*. To save space, a more detailed description of the subjects and issues involved in the larger rulemaking in this *Illinois Register* only in the answer to question 5 in the Notice of Proposed Amendments for 35 Ill. Adm. Code 810. A comprehensive description is contained in the Board's opinion and order of March 18, 2004, proposing amendments in consolidated docket R04-5/R04-15 for public comment, which opinion and order is available from the address below. As is explained in that opinion, the Board will receive public comment on the proposed amendments for 45 days from the date they appear in the *Illinois Register* before proceeding to adopt amendments based on this proposal.

Specifically, the amendments to Part 811 implement segments of the federal October 15, 2003 amendments relating to location of a new landfill near public airports.

Tables appear in the Board's opinion and order of March 18, 2004 in consolidated docket R04-5/R04-15 that list numerous corrections and amendments that are not based on current federal amendments. The tables contain deviations from the literal text of the federal amendments underlying these amendments, as well as corrections and clarifications that the Board made in the base text involved. Persons interested in the details of those corrections and amendments should refer to the March 18, 2004 opinion and order in consolidated docket R04-5/R04-15.

Section 22.40 of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/22.40] provides that Section 5-35 of the Administrative Procedure Act [5 ILCS 100/5-35] does not apply to this rulemaking. Because this rulemaking is not subject to Section 5-35 of the APA, it is not subject to First Notice or to Second Notice review by the Joint Committee on Administrative Rules (JCAR).

6) Will this rulemaking replace any emergency amendments currently in effect? No

NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENT

- 7) <u>Does this rulemaking contain an automatic repeal date?</u>: No
- 8) Do these proposed amendments contain incorporations by reference? No
- 9) Are there any other amendments pending on this Part? No.
- 10) <u>Statement of statewide policy objective</u>: These proposed amendments do not create or enlarge a State mandate, as defined in Section 3(b) of the State Mandates Act. [30 ILCS 805/3(b) (2002)].
- 11) <u>Time, place and manner in which interested persons may comment on this proposed rulemaking:</u>

The Board will accept written public comment on this proposal for a period of 45 days after the date of this publication. Comments should reference consolidated docket R04-5/R04-15 and be addressed to:

Ms. Dorothy M. Gunn, Clerk Illinois Pollution Control Board State of Illinois Center, Suite 11-500 100 W. Randolph St. Chicago, IL 60601

Please direct inquiries to the following person and reference consolidated docket <u>R04-5/R04-15</u>:

Michael J. McCambridge Staff Attorney Illinois Pollution Control Board 100 W. Randolph 11-500 Chicago, IL 60601 Phone: 312-814-6924

E-mail: mccambm@ipcb.state.il.us

Request copies of the Board's opinion and order at 312-814-3620, or download a copy from the Board's Website at http://www.ipcb.state.il.us.

12) Initial regulatory flexibility analysis:

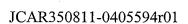
NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENT

- A) Types of small businesses, small municipalities, and not-for-profit corporations affected: This rulemaking may affect those small businesses, small municipalities, and not-for-profit corporations that own or operate a municipal solid waste landfill.
- B) Reporting, bookkeeping or other procedures required for compliance:

 The existing rules and proposed amendments require extensive reporting, bookkeeping and other procedures, including the preparation of manifests and annual reports, and maintenance of operating records.
- C) Types of professional skills necessary for compliance:

 Compliance with the existing rules and proposed amendments may require the services of an attorney, certified public accountant, chemist, and registered professional engineer.
- 13) Regulatory agenda on which this rulemaking was summarized: January 2004

 The full text of the Proposed Amendment begins on the next page:





Ţ		TITLE 35: ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
2		SUBTITLE G: WASTE DISPOSAL
3		CHAPTER I: POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD
4		SUBCHAPTER i: SOLID WASTE AND SPECIAL WASTE HAULING
5		
6		PART 811
7		STANDARDS FOR NEW SOLID WASTE LANDFILLS
8		
9		SUBPART A: GENERAL STANDARDS FOR ALL LANDFILLS
10		
11	Section	
12	811.101	Scope and Applicability
13	811.102	Location Standards
14	811.103	Surface Water Drainage
15	811.104	Survey Controls
16	811.105	Compaction
17	811.106	Daily Cover
18	811.107	Operating Standards
19	811.108	Salvaging
20	811.109	Boundary Control
21	811.110	Closure and Written Closure Plan
22	811.111	Postclosure Maintenance
23	811.112	Recordkeeping Requirements for MSWLF Units
24		
25		SUBPART B: INERT WASTE LANDFILLS
26		
27	Section	
28	811.201	Scope and Applicability
29	811.202	Determination of Contaminated Leachate
30	811.203	Design Period
31	811.204	Final Cover
32	811.205	Final Slope and Stabilization
33	811.206	Leachate Sampling
34	811.207	Load Checking
35		
36		SUBPART C: PUTRESCIBLE AND CHEMICAL WASTE LANDFILLS
37		
38	Section	
39	811.301	Scope and Applicability
40	811.302	Facility Location
41	811.303	Design Period
42	811.304	Foundation and Mass Stability Analysis
43	811.305	Foundation Construction

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44	811.306	Liner Systems
45	811.307	Leachate Drainage System
46	811.308	Leachate Collection System
47	811.309	Leachate Treatment and Disposal System
48	811.310	Landfill Gas Monitoring
49 50	811.311	Landfill Gas Management System
50	811.312	Landfill Gas Processing and Disposal System
51	811.313	Intermediate Cover
52	811.314	Final Cover System
53	811.315	Hydrogeological Site Investigations
54 55	811.316	Plugging and Sealing of Drill Holes
55	811.317	Groundwater Impact Assessment
56	811.318	Design, Construction, and Operation of Groundwater Monitoring Systems
57	811.319	Groundwater Monitoring Programs
58	811.320	Groundwater Quality Standards
59	811.321	Waste Placement
60	811.322	Final Slope and Stabilization
61	811.323	Load Checking Program
62	811.324	Corrective Action Measures for MSWLF Units
63	811.325	Selection of remedy for MSWLF Units
64	811.326	Implementation of the corrective action program at MSWLF Units
65		OLIDDADED MANACEMENT OF ODEOLAL WAGDED ATLANDER A
66		SUBPART D: MANAGEMENT OF SPECIAL WASTES AT LANDFILLS
67	C4!	
68	Section	Connected Applicatifies
69	811.401	Scope and Applicability
70	811.402	Notice to Generators and Transporters
71	811.403	Special Waste Manifests
72 73	811.404	Identification Record
73	811.405	Recordkeeping Requirements
7 4	811.406	Procedures for Excluding Regulated Hazardous Wastes
75		GUDDADT E. CONGEDUCTION OUALITY AGGIDANCE PROCESSA
76		SUBPART E: CONSTRUCTION QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAMS
77 79		
	a .:	
78 70	Section	C 1 A 1' 1 '1' to
79	811.501	Scope and Applicability
79 80	811.501 811.502	Duties and Qualifications of Key Personnel
79 80 81	811.501 811.502 811.503	Duties and Qualifications of Key Personnel Inspection Activities
79 80 81 82	811.501 811.502 811.503 811.504	Duties and Qualifications of Key Personnel Inspection Activities Sampling Requirements
79 80 81 82 83	811.501 811.502 811.503 811.504 811.505	Duties and Qualifications of Key Personnel Inspection Activities Sampling Requirements Documentation
79 80 81 82 83 84	811.501 811.502 811.503 811.504 811.505 811.506	Duties and Qualifications of Key Personnel Inspection Activities Sampling Requirements Documentation Foundations and Subbases
79 80 81 82 83	811.501 811.502 811.503 811.504 811.505	Duties and Qualifications of Key Personnel Inspection Activities Sampling Requirements Documentation

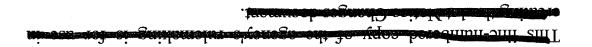
87 88	811.509	Leachat	e Collection S	Systems
89			SUBPAR	T G: FINANCIAL ASSURANCE
90				
91	Section			
92	811.700	Scope, A	Applicability	and Definitions
93	811.701		ng Financial	
94	811.702	Release	of Financial	Institution
95	811.703	Applicat	tion of Proce	eds and Appeals
96	811.704	Closure	and Postclos	ure Care Cost Estimates
97	811.705	Revision	n of Cost Esti	mate
98	811.706	Mechan	isms for Fina	ncial Assurance
99	811.707	Use of N	Multiple Fina	ncial Mechanisms
100	811.708			echanism for Multiple Sites
101	811.709		and for Unrela	ated Sites
102	811.710	Trust Fu	ınd	
103	811.711	_		eeing Payment
104	811.712	•		eeing Performance
105	811.713	Letter of		
106	811.714		Insurance	
107	811.715			on-commercial Sites
108	811.716		overnment Fi	
109	811.717		overnment G	uarantee
110	811.718	Discoun	_	
111	811.719		te Financial T	Test
112	811.720	Corpora	te Guarantee	
113				
114	811.APPENI			urance Forms
115		LLUSTR A		Trust Agreement
116		LLUSTRA		Certificate of Acknowledgment
117		LLUSTRA		Forfeiture Bond
118		LLUSTRA		Performance Bond
119		LLUSTRA		Irrevocable Standby Letter of Credit
120	811.I	LLUSTRA	ATION F	Certificate of Insurance for Closure and/or Postclosure
121				Care
122		LLUSTRA		Operator's Bond Without Surety
123		LLUSTRA		Operator's Bond With Parent Surety
124		LLUSTRA		Letter from Chief Financial Officer
125	811.APPENI			ction correlation between the Standards of the RCRA
126				WLF regulations and the Board's nonhazardous waste
127		la	andfill regula	tions.
128		, , , ,	~ .	
129	AUTHORIT	Y: Implen	nenting Section	ons 5, 21, 21.1, 22, 22.17 and 28.1 and authorized by Section

130 131	27 of the En	vironme	ental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/5, 21, 21.1, 22, 22.17, 28.1, and 27].
132	SOURCE: A	Adopted	l in R88-7 at 14 Ill. Reg. 15861, effective September 18, 1990; amended in
133			g. 12413, effective July 19, 1993; amended in R93-10 at 18 Ill. Reg. 1308,
134			3, 1994; expedited correction at 18 Ill. Reg. 7504, effective July 19, 1993;
135		-	at 18 Ill. Reg. 12481, effective August 1, 1994; amended in R95-13 at 19 Ill
136			ve August 15, 1995; amended in R96-1 at 20 III. Reg. 12000, effective
137	_		nended in R97-20 at 21 Ill. Reg. 15831, effective November 25, 1997;
138	•	•	at 22 III. Reg. 11491, effective June 23, 1998; amended in R99-1 at 23 III.
139			February 17, 1999; amended in R98-29 at 23 Ill. Reg. 6880, effective July
140	•		1 R04-5/R04-15 at 28 Ill. Reg, effective
141	_,, ,		
142	S	UBPAF	RT C: PUTRESCIBLE AND CHEMICAL WASTE LANDFILLS
143			
144	Section 811	.302 Fa	ncility Location
145			
146	a)	No p	art of a unit mayshall be located within a setback zone established pursuant
147	,	to Se	ection 14.2 or 14.3 of the Act;
148			
149	b)	No p	art of a unit mayshall be located within the recharge zone or within 366
150		mete	rs (1200 feet), vertically or horizontally, of a sole-source aquifer designated
151		by th	e United States Environmental Protection Agency pursuant to Section
152		1424	(e) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 USCU-S.C. 300f et seq.), unless there
153		is a s	tratum between the bottom of the waste disposal unit and the top of the
154		aquif	Fer that meets the following minimum requirements:
155			
156		1)	The stratum has a minimum thickness of 15.2 meters (50 feet);
157			
158		2)	The maximum hydraulic conductivity in both the horizontal and vertical
159			directions is no greater than 1 X 10 ⁻⁷ centimeters per second, as
160			determined by in situ borehole or equivalent tests;
16 1			
162		3)	There is no indication of continuous sand or silt seams, faults, fractures, or
163			cracks within the stratum that may provide paths for migration; and
16 4			
165		4)	Age dating of extracted water samples from both the aquifer and the
166			stratum indicates that the time of travel for water percolating downward
167			through the relatively impermeable stratum is no faster than 15.2 meters
168			(50 feet) in 100 years.
169			
170	c)		ility located within 152 meters (500 feet) of the right of way of a township
171			unty road or state or interstate highway mustshall have its operations
172		scree	ned from view by a barrier of natural objects, fences, barricades, or plants no

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173		less than 2.44 meters (eight feet) in height.
174 175 176	d)	No part of a unit <u>mayshall</u> be located closer than 152 meters (500 feet) from an occupied dwelling, school, or hospital that was occupied on the date when the
177		operator first applied for a permit to develop the unit or the facility containing the
178		unit, unless the owner of such dwelling, school, or hospital provides permission to
179		the operator, in writing, for a closer distance.
180		
181	e)	The facility <u>mayshall</u> not be located closer than 1525 meters (5000 feet) of any
182		runway used by piston type aircraft or within 3050 meters (10,000 feet) of any
183		runway used by turbojet aircraft unless the Federal Aviation Administration
184		(FAA) provides the operator with written permission, including technical
185		justification, for a closer distance.
186		
187	f)	An owner or operator proposing to locate a new MSWLF unit within a five-mile
188		radius of any airport runway used by turbojet or piston-type aircraft mustshall
189		notify the affected airport and the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) within
190		seven 7 days after of filing a permit application with Agency in accordance with 35
191		Ill. Adm. Code 813 for developing a new landfill.
192		
193		BOARD NOTE: Subsection (f) of this Section is derived from 40 CFR 258.10
194		(2003), as amended at 68 Fed. Reg. 59333 (October 15, 2003)(1992). A
195		prohibition on locating a new MSWLF near certain airports was enacted in
196		Section 503 of the federal Wendell H. Ford Aviation Investment and Reform Act
197		for the 21st Century (Ford Act) (49 USC 44718(d)). Section 503 prohibits the
198		"construction or establishment" of a new MSWLF after April 5, 2000 within six
199		miles of certain smaller public airports. FAA:administers the Ford Act and has
200		issued guidance in FAA Advisory Circular 150/5200-34, dated August 26, 2000.
201		For further information, please contact the FAA.
202		
203	(Sou	rce: Amended at 28 Ill. Reg, effective)

TIME MANUBERED VERSION



This version should be identical to the submission made by the agency, with the exceptions that errors in Source or Authority Notes may have been corrected; the format used is that of the electronic Illinois corrected; incorrect depictions of existing language may have been corrected to conform with the IAPA; statutory citations will be handled correctly; any obvious misspellings revealed by an electronic spell check may have been corrected; and simple technical corrections may have been made. If any such changes have been made, they will be highlighted on the attached copy. If there is any problem, contact JCAR.

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As always, if you would like an adopted rulemaking or any Illinois Administrative Code database materials on disk or through e-mail for purposes of upload, contact Terra Lamb at 785-2254.

NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENT

1) Heading of the Part: Solid Waste Disposal: General Provisions

2) <u>Code citation</u>: 35 Ill. Adm. Code 810

3) <u>Section numbers</u>: <u>Proposed Action</u>:

810.103 Amend

4) Statutory authority: 415 ILCS 5/7.2, 22.40, and 27

A complete description of the subjects and issues involved: The following briefly describes the subjects and issues involved in this rulemaking. A comprehensive description is contained in the Board's opinion and order of March 18, 2004, proposing amendments in consolidated docket R04-5/R04-15 for public comment, which opinion and order is available from the address below. As is explained in that opinion, the Board will receive public comment on the proposed amendments for 45 days from the date they appear in the *Illinois Register* before proceeding to adopt amendments based on this proposal.

The following briefly describes the subjects and issues involved in the larger rulemaking of which the amendments to Part 810 are a single segment. Also affected is 35 Ill. Adm. Code 811, which is covered by a separate notice in this issue of the *Illinois Register*. A comprehensive description is contained in the Board's opinion and order of March 18, 2004, proposing amendments in docket R04-5/R04-15 for public comment, which opinion and order is available from the address below. As is explained in that opinion, the Board will receive public comment on the proposed amendments for 45 days from the date they appear in the *Illinois Register* before proceeding to adopt amendments based on this proposal.

This proceeding would update the Illinois RCRA Subtitle D municipal solid waste landfill (MSWLF) rules to correspond with amendments adopted by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) that appeared in the *Federal Register* during a single update period. The docket and time period that is involved in this proceeding is the following:

R04-5	Federal RCRA Subtitle D amendments that occurred during the
	period January 1, 2003 through June 30, 2003.
R04-15	Federal RCRA Subtitle D amendments that occurred during the
	period July 1, 2003 through December 31, 2003.

NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENT

The R04-5/R04-15 docket amends rules in Parts 810 and 811. The following table briefly summarizes the federal actions in the update period:

June 18, 2003	USEPA amended key definitions to allow disposal of
(68 Fed. Reg. 36487)	residential lead-based paint waste that is not hazardous
	waste in a construction and demolition landfill that does
	not accept other household waste.
October 15, 2003	USEPA amended the rules to add a note referencing the
(68 Fed. Reg. 59333)	adoption of the Wendell H. Ford Aviation Investment
	Act prohibiting location of a new landfill within six miles
	of certain public airports.

Specifically, the amendments to Part 810 implement segments of the federal June 18, 2003 amendments relating to disposal for lead-based paint waste.

Tables appear in the Board's opinion and order of March 18, 2004 in consolidated docket R04-5/R04-15 that list numerous corrections and amendments that are not based on current federal amendments. The tables contain deviations from the literal text of the federal amendments underlying these amendments, as well as corrections and clarifications that the Board made in the base text involved. Persons interested in the details of those corrections and amendments should refer to the March 18, 2004 opinion and order in consolidated docket R04-5/R04-15.

Section 22.40 of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/22.40] provides that Section 5-35 of the Administrative Procedure Act [5 ILCS 100/5-35] does not apply to this rulemaking. Because this rulemaking is not subject to Section 5-35 of the APA, it is not subject to First Notice or to Second Notice review by the Joint Committee on Administrative Rules (JCAR).

- 6) Will this proposed amendment replace any emergency amendment currently in effect?
- 7) Does this rulemaking contain an automatic repeal date? No
- 8) Does this proposed amendment contain incorporations by reference? No
- 9) Are there any other amendments pending on this Part? No

NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENT

- 10) Statement of statewide policy objectives: These proposed amendments do not create or enlarge a State mandate, as defined in Section 3(b) of the State Mandates Act. [30 ILCS 805/3(b) (2002)].
- Time, place and manner in which interested persons may comment on this proposed rulemaking: The Board will accept written public comment on this proposal for a period of 45 days after the date of this publication. Comments should reference consolidated docket R04-5/R04-15 and be addressed to:

Ms. Dorothy M. Gunn, Clerk Illinois Pollution Control Board State of Illinois Center, Suite 11-500 100 W. Randolph St. Chicago IL 60601

Please direct inquiries to the following person and reference consolidated docket R04-5/R04-15:

Michael J. McCambridge Staff Attorney Illinois Pollution Control Board 100 W. Randolph 11-500 Chicago IL 60601

Phone: 312-814-6924

E-mail: mccambm@ipcb.state.il.us

Request copies of the Board's opinion and order at 312-814-3620, or download a copy from the Board's Website at http://www.ipcb.state.il.us.

- 12) Initial regulatory flexibility analysis:
 - A) Types of small businesses, small municipalities, and not-for-profit corporations affected: This rulemaking may affect those small businesses, small municipalities, and not-for-profit corporations that own or operate a municipal solid waste landfill.
 - B) <u>Reporting, bookkeeping or other procedures required for compliance</u>: The existing rules and proposed amendments require extensive reporting, bookkeeping

NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENT

and other procedures, including the preparation of manifests and annual reports, and maintenance of operating records.

- C) <u>Types of professional skills necessary for compliance</u>: Compliance with the existing rules and proposed amendments may require the services of an attorney, certified public accountant, chemist, and registered professional engineer.
- 13) Regulatory agenda on which this rulemaking was summarized: July 2003 and January 2004

The full text of the Proposed Amendment begins on the next page:



1		TITLE 35: ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION			
2		SUBTITLE G: WASTE DISPOSAL			
3		CHAPTER I: POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD			
4	S	SUBCHAPTER i: SOLID WASTE AND SPECIAL WASTE HAULING			
5					
6		PART 810			
7		SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL: GENERAL PROVISIONS			
8					
9	Section				
10	810.101	Scope and Applicability			
11	810.102	Severability			
12	810.103	Definitions			
13	810.104	Incorporations by Reference			
14					
15	AUTHORIT	Y: Implementing Sections 5, 21, 21.1, 22, 22.17, and 28.1 and authorized by			
16	Section 27 o	f the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/5, 21, 21.1, 22, 22.17, 28.1 and 27].			
17					
18		Adopted in R88-7 at 14 Ill. Reg. 15838, effective September 18, 1990; amended in			
19		3 Ill. Reg. 1268, effective January 13, 1994; amended in R90-26 at 18 Ill. Reg.			
20		tive August 1, 1994; amended in R95-9 at 19 Ill. Reg. 14427, effective September			
21		nended in R96-1 at 20 Ill. Reg. 11985, effective August 15, 1996; amended in R97-			
22	20 at 21 Ill. Reg. 15825, effective November 25, 1997; amended in R04-5/R04-15 at 28 Ill. Reg.				
23	, effe	ctive			
24					
25	Section 810.	.103 Definitions			
26					
27	-	ated in this Section, or unless a different meaning of a word or term is clear from the			
28		definition of words or terms in this Part will be the same as that applied to			
29	the same wo	rds or terms in the Environmental Protection Act (Act) [415 ILCS 5]:			
30					
31		"Act" means the Environmental Protection Act, [415 ILCS 5].			
32					
33		"Admixtures" are chemicals added to earth materials to improve for a specific			
34		application the physical or chemical properties of the earth materials. Admixtures			
35		include, but are not limited to: lime, cement, bentonite, and sodium silicate.			
36					
37		"Agency" is the Environmental Protection Agency established by the			
38		Environmental Protection Act. (Section 3.08 of the Act)			
39					
40		"Applicant" means the person submitting an application to the Agency for a			
41		permit for a solid waste disposal facility.			
42		HA *C H			
43		"Aquifer" means saturated (with groundwater) soils and geologic materials which			

are sufficiently permeable to readily yield economically useful quantities of water to wells, springs, or streams under ordinary hydraulic gradients and whose boundaries can be identified and mapped from hydrogeologic data. (Section 3 of the Illinois Groundwater Protection Act [415 ILCS 55/3]?)

"Bedrock" means the solid rock formation immediately underlying any loose superficial material such as soil, alluvium, or glacial drift.

"Beneficially usable waste" means any solid waste from the steel and foundry industries that will not decompose biologically, burn, serve as food for vectors, form a gas, cause an odor, or form a leachate that contains constituents which that exceed the limits for this type of waste as specified at 35 Ill. Adm. Code 817.106.

"Board" is the Pollution Control Board established by the Act. (Section 3.04 of the Act.)

"Borrow area" means an area from which earthen material is excavated for the purpose of constructing daily cover, final cover, a liner, a gas venting system, roadways, or berms.

"Chemical waste" means a non-putrescible solid whose characteristics are such that any contaminated leachate is expected to be formed through chemical or physical processes, rather than biological processes, and no gas is expected to be formed as a result.

"Coal combustion power generating facilities" means establishments <u>thatwhich</u> generate electricity by combusting coal and which utilize a lime or limestone scrubber system.

"Construction and demolition landfill" or "C&D landfill" means a solid waste disposal facility subject to the requirements in Subpart A or B of 40 CFR 257 that receives construction and demolition waste and does not receive hazardous waste (defined in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.103) or industrial solid waste (defined in this Section). Only a C&D landfill that meets the requirements of Subpart B of 40 CFR 257 may receive conditionally exempt small quantity generator waste (defined in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.105). A C&D landfill typically receives any one or more of the following types of solid wastes: roadwork material, excavated material, demolition waste, construction and renovation waste, and site clearance waste.

"Contaminated leachate" means any leachate whose constituent violate the standards of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 811.202.

87 "Dead animal disposal site" means an on-the-farm disposal site at which the burial of dead animals is done in accordance with the Illinois Dead Animal Disposal 88 89 Act₇ [225 ILCS 610₇] and regulations adopted pursuant thereto₇ (8 Ill. Adm. Code 90 90). 91 92 "Design Period" means that length of time determined by the sum of the operating 93 life of the solid waste landfill facility plus the postclosure care period necessary to 94 stabilize the waste in the units. 95 96 "Disposal" means the discharge, deposit, injection, dumping, spilling, leaking or 97 placing of any solid waste into or on any land or water or into any well such that 98 solid waste or any constituent of the solid waste may enter the environment by 99 being emitted into the air or discharged into any waters, including groundwater. 100 (Section 3.08 of the Act.) If the solid waste is accumulated and not confined or 101 contained to prevent its entry into the environment, or there is no certain plan for 102 its disposal elsewhere, such accumulation willshall constitute disposal. 103 104 "Disturbed areas" means those areas within a facility that have been physically 105 altered during waste disposal operations or during the construction of any part of 106 the facility. 107 108 "Documentation" means items, in any tangible form, whether directly legible or legible with the aid of any machine or device, including but not limited to 109 affidavits, certificates, deeds, leases, contracts or other binding agreements, 110 licenses, permits, photographs, audio or video recordings, maps, geographic 111 112 surveys, chemical and mathematical formulas or equations, mathematical and statistical calculations and assumptions, research papers, technical reports, 113 technical designs and design drawings, stocks, bonds, and financial records, that 114 115 are used to support facts or hypotheses. 116 117 "Earth liners" means structures constructed from naturally occurring soil material 118 that has been compacted to achieve a low permeability. 119 120 "Existing facility" or "Existing unit" means a facility or unit that which is not defined in this Section as a new facility or a new unit. 121 122 123 "Existing MSWLF unit" means any municipal solid waste landfill unit that has 124 received household waste before October 9, 1993. (Section 3.87 of the Act) 125 126 "Facility" means a site and all equipment and fixtures on a site used to treat, store 127 or dispose of solid or special wastes. A facility consists of an entire solid or 128 special waste treatment, storage or disposal operation. All structures used in connection with or to facilitate the waste disposal operation will be shall be 129

130	considered a part of the facility. A facility may include, but is not limited to, one
131	or more solid waste disposal units, buildings, treatment systems, processing and
132	storage operations, and monitoring stations.
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134	"Field capacity" means that maximum moisture content of a waste, under field
135	conditions of temperature and pressure, above which moisture is released by
136	gravity drainage.
137	
138	"Foundry sand" means pure sand or a mixture of sand and any additives necessary
139	for use of the sand in the foundry process, but does not include such foundry
140	process by-products as air pollution control dust or refractories.
141	
142	"Gas collection system" means a system of wells, trenches, pipes and other related
143	ancillary structures such as manholes, compressor housing, and monitoring
144	installations that collects and transports the gas produced in a putrescible waste
145	disposal unit to one or more gas processing points. The flow of gas through such
146	a system may be produced by naturally occurring gas pressure gradients or may
147	be aided by an induced draft generated by mechanical means.
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149	"Gas condensate" means the liquid formed as a landfill gas is cooled or
150	compressed.
151	***** <u>*</u> *******
152	"Gas venting system" means a system of wells, trenches, pipes and other related
153	structures that vents the gas produced in a putrescible waste disposal unit to the
154	atmosphere.
155	
156	"Geomembranes" means manufactured membrane liners and barriers of low
157	permeability used to control the migration of fluids or gases.
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159	"Geotextiles" are permeable manufactured materials used for purposes that which
160	include, but are not limited to, strengthening soil, providing a filter to prevent
161	clogging of drains, and collecting and draining liquids and gases beneath the
162	ground surface.
163	6
164	"Groundwater" means underground water which occurs within the saturated zone
165	and within geologic materials where the fluid pressure in the pore space is equal
166	to or greater than atmospheric pressure. (Section 3 of the Illinois Groundwater
167	Protection Act)
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169	"Household waste" means any solid waste (including garbage, trash, and sanitary
170	waste in septic tanks) derived from households (including single and multiple
171	residences, hotels and motels, bunkhouses, ranger stations, crew quarters,
172	campgrounds, picnic grounds, and day-use recreation areas). (Section 3.89 of the
-	camps, commos, promos, comos, and day use recreation areas, (seeding 5.0) of the

Act)

"Hydraulic barriers" means structures designed to prevent or control the seepage of water. Hydraulic barriers include, but are not limited to, cutoff walls, slurry walls, grout curtains and liners.

"Inert waste" means any solid waste that will not decompose biologically, burn, serve as food for vectors, form a gas, cause an odor, or form a contaminated leachate, as determined in accordance with 35 Ill. Adm. Code 811.202(b). Such inert wastes willshall include only non-biodegradable and non-putrescible solid wastes. Inert wastes may include, but are not limited to, bricks, masonry, and concrete (cured for 60 days or more).

"Iron slag" means slag.

"Land application unit" means an area where wastes are agronomically spread over or disked into land or otherwise applied so as to become incorporated into the soil surface. For the purposes of this Part and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 811 through 815, a land application unit is not a landfill; however, other Parts of 35 Ill. Adm. Code: Chapter I may apply, and may include the permitting requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 309.

"Landfill" means a unit or part of a facility in or on which waste is placed and accumulated over time for disposal, and which is not a land application unit, a surface impoundment or an underground injection well. For the purposes of this Part and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 811 through 815, landfills include waste piles, as defined in this Section.

"Lateral expansion" means a horizontal expansion of the actual waste boundaries of an existing MSWLF unit occurring on or after October 9, 1993. A horizontal expansion is any area where solid waste is placed for the first time directly upon the bottom liner of the unit, excluding side slopes on or after October 9, 1993. (Section 3.88 of the Act)

"Leachate" means liquid that has been or is in direct contact with a solid waste.

"Lift" means an accumulation of waste <u>thatwhich</u> is compacted into a unit and over which cover is placed.

"Low risk waste" means any solid waste from the steel and foundry industries that will not decompose biologically, burn, serve as food for vectors, form a gas, cause an odor, or form a leachate that contains constituents that exceed the limits for this type of waste as specified at 35 Ill. Adm. Code 817.106.

"Malodor" means an odor caused by one or more contaminant emissions into the atmosphere from a facility that is in sufficient quantities and of such characteristics and duration as to be described as malodorous and which may be injurious to human, plant, or animal life, to health, or to property, or may unreasonably interfere with the enjoyment of life or property. (Section 3.02 of the Act (defining "air pollution"))

"Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Unit" or "MSWLF Unit" means a contiguous area of land or an excavation that receives household waste, and that is not a land application, surface impoundment, injection well, or any pile of noncontainerized accumulations of solid, nonflowing waste that is used for treatment or storage. A MSWLF unit may also receive other types of RCRA Subtitle D wastes, such as commercial solid waste, nonhazardous sludge, small quantity generator waste and industrial solid waste. Such a landfill may be publicly or privately owned or operated. A MSWLF unit may be a new MSWLF unit, an existing MSWLF unit or a lateral expansion. A sanitary landfill is subject to regulation as a MSWLF if it receives household waste. (Section 3.85 of the Act) A construction and demolition landfill that receives residential leadbased paint waste and which does not receive any other household waste is not a MSWLF unit.

"National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System" or "NPDES" means the program for issuing, modifying, revoking and reissuing, terminating, monitoring and enforcing permits and imposing and enforcing pretreatment requirements under the Clean Water Act (33 <u>USCU.S.C.</u> 1251 et seq.), Section 12(f) of the <u>Environmental Protection Act, and Subpart A of</u> 35 Ill. Adm. Code 309, Subpart A and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 310.

"NPDES permit" means a permit issued under the NPDES program.

"New facility" or "New unit" means a solid waste landfill facility or a unit at a facility, if one or more of the following conditions apply:

It is a landfill or unit exempt from permit requirements pursuant to Section 21(d) of the Act that has not yet accepted any waste as of September 18, 1990;

It is a landfill or unit not exempt from permit requirements pursuant to Section 21(d) of the Act that has no development or operating permit issued by the Agency pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 807 as of September 18, 1990; or

259 It is a landfill with a unit whose maximum design capacity or lateral extent 260 is increased after September 18, 1990. 261 BOARD NOTE: A new unit located in an existing facility will beshall be 262 considered a unit subject to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 814, which references applicable 263 264 requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 811. 265 266 "New MSWLF Unit" means any municipal solid waste landfill unit that has 267 received household waste on or after October 9, 1993 for the first time. (Section 268 3.86 of the Act) 269 270 "One hundred-year (100) year flood plain" means any land area that which is 271 subject to a one percent or greater chance of flooding in a given year from any 272 source. 273 274 "One hundred-year (100) year; 24-hour 24 hour precipitation event" means a 275 precipitation event of a 24-hour duration with a probable recurrence 276 interval of once in 100 years. 277 278 "Operator" means the person responsible for the operation and maintenance of a 279 solid waste disposal facility. 280 281 "Owner" means a person who has an interest, directly or indirectly, in land, 282 including a leasehold interest, on which a person operates and maintains a solid 283 waste disposal facility. The "owner" is the "operator" if there is no other person who is operating and maintaining a solid waste disposal facility. 284 285 "Perched watertable means an elevated watertable above a discontinuous 286 287 saturated lens, resting on a low permeability (such as clay) layer within a high 288 permeability (such as sand) formation. 289 290 "Permit area" means the entire horizontal and vertical region occupied by a 291 permitted solid waste disposal facility. 292 293 "Person" is any individual, partnership, co-partnership, firm, company, 294 corporation, association, joint stock company, trust, estate, political subdivision, 295 State agency, or any other legal entity, or their legal representative, agent or 296 assigns. (Section 3.26 of the Act) 297 298 "Potentially usable waste" means any solid waste from the steel and foundry 299 industries that will not decompose biologically, burn, serve as food for vectors. 300 form a gas, cause an odor, or form a leachate that contains constituents that 301 exceed the limits for this type of waste as specified at 35 Ill. Adm. Code 817.106.

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"Poz-O-Tec materials" means materials produced by a stabilization process patented by Conversion Systems, Inc. utilizing flue gas desulfurization (FGD) sludges and ash produced by coal combustion power generation facilities as raw materials.

"Poz-O-Tec monofill" means a landfill in which solely Poz-O-Tec materials are placed for disposal.

"Professional engineer" means a person who has registered and obtained a seal pursuant to the "The Illinois Professional Engineering Practice Act of 1989" [225 ILCS 325].

"Professional land surveyor" means a person who has received a certificate of registration and a seal pursuant to the Illinois Professional Land Surveyor Act of 1989 [225 ILCS 330].

"Putrescible waste" means a solid waste that contains organic matter capable of being decomposed by microorganisms so as to cause a malodor, gases, or other offensive conditions, or which is capable of providing food for birds and vectors. Putrescible wastes may form a contaminated leachate from microbiological degradation, chemical processes, and physical processes. Putrescible waste includes, but is not limited to, garbage, offal, dead animals, general household waste, and commercial waste. All solid wastes that which do not meet the definition definitions of inert or chemical wastes will be considered putrescible wastes.

"Publicly owned treatment works" or "POTW" means a treatment works that is owned by the State of Illinois or a unit of local government. This definition includes any devices and systems used in the storage, treatment, recycling, and reclamation of municipal sewage or industrial wastewater. It also includes sewers, pipes, and other conveyances only if they convey wastewater to a POTW treatment plant. The term also means the unit of local government that which has jurisdiction over the indirect discharges to and the discharges from such a treatment works.

"Recharge zone" means an area through which water can enter an aquifer.

"Residential lead-based paint waste" means waste containing lead-based paint that is generated as a result of activities such as abatement, rehabilitation, renovation, and remodeling in homes and other residences. The term residential lead-based paint waste includes, but is not limited to, lead-based paint debris, chips, dust, and sludges.

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"Resource Conservation and Recovery Act" or "RCRA" means the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (P.L. 94-580 Codified as 42 USC. §6901 et seq.) as amended. (Section 3.90 of the Act)

"Responsible charge," when used to refer to a person, means that the person is normally present at a waste disposal site; directs the day-to-day overall operation at the site; and either is the owner or operator or is employed by or under contract with the owner or operator to assure that the day-to-day operations at the site are carried out in compliance with any Part of 35 Ill. Adm. Code: Chapter I governing operations at waste disposal sites.

"Runoff" means water resulting from precipitation that flows overland before it enters a defined stream channel, any portion of such overland flow that infiltrates into the ground before it reaches the stream channel, and any precipitation that falls directly into a stream channel.

"Salvaging" means the return of waste materials to use, under the supervision of the landfill operator, so long as the activity is confined to an area remote from the operating face of the landfill, it does not interfere with or otherwise delay the operations of the landfill, and it results in the removal of all materials for salvaging from the landfill site daily or separates them by type and stores them in a manner that does not create a nuisance, harbor vectors, or cause an unsightly appearance.

"Scavenging" means the removal of materials from a solid waste management facility or unit that which is not salvaging.

"Seismic Slope Safety Factor" means the ratio between the resisting forces or moments in a slope and the driving forces or moments that may cause a massive slope failure during an earthquake or other seismic event such as an explosion.

"Settlement" means subsidence caused by waste loading, changes in groundwater level, chemical changes within the soil, and adjacent operations involving excavation.

"Shredding" means the mechanical reduction in particle sizes of solid waste. Putrescible waste is considered shredded if 90 percent of the waste by dry weight passes a three-inch3 ineh sieve.

"Significant Modification" means a modification to an approved permit issued by the Agency in accordance with Section 39 of the Act and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 813 that is required when one or more of the following changes (considered

388	significant when that change is measured by one or more parameters whose
389	values lie outside the expected operating range of values as specified in the
390	permit) are planned, occur, or will occur:
391	
392	An increase in the capacity of the waste disposal unit over the permitted
393	capacity;
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395	Any change in the placement of daily, intermediate, or final cover;
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397	A decrease in performance, efficiency, or longevity of the liner system;
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399	A decrease in efficiency or performance of the leachate collection system;
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401	A change in configuration, performance, or efficiency of the leachate
402	management system;
403	
404	A change in the final disposition of treated effluent or in the quality of the
405	discharge from the leachate treatment or pretreatment system;
406	
407	Installation of a gas management system, or a decrease in the efficiency or
408	performance of an existing gas management system;
409	
410	A change in the performance or operation of the surface water control
411	system;
412	-,,
413	A decrease in the quality or quantity of data from any environmental
414	monitoring system;
415	
416	A change in the applicable background concentrations or the maximum
417	allowable predicted concentrations;
418	,
419	A change in the design or configuration of the regraded area after
420	development or after final closure;
421	
422	A change in the amount or type of postclosure financial assurance;
423	
424	Any change in the permit boundary;
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426	A change in the postclosure land use of the property;
427	<i>j</i> ,
428	A remedial action necessary to protect groundwater;
429	, . <u></u>
430	Transfer of the permit to a new operator;

431	
432	Operating authorization is being sought to place into service a structure
433	constructed pursuant to a construction quality assurance program; or
434	
435	A change in any requirement set forth as a special condition in the permit.
436	
437	"Slag" means the fused agglomerate that which separates in the iron and steel
438	production and floats on the surface of the molten metal.
439	
440	"Sole source aquifer" means those aquifers designated pursuant to Section
441	1424(e) of the Safe Drinking Water Act of 1974, (42 <u>USCU.S.C</u> 300h-3).
442	
443	"Solid Waste" means a waste that is defined in this Section as an inert waste, as a
444	putrescible waste, as a chemical waste or as a special waste, and which is not also
445	defined as a hazardous waste pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 721.
446	
447	"Special waste" means any industrial process waste, pollution control waste or
448	hazardous waste, except as determined pursuant to Section 22.9 of the Act and 35
449	Ill. Adm. Code 808. (Section 3.45 of the Acta)
450	
451	"Static Safety Factor" means the ratio between resisting forces or moments in a
452	slope and the driving forces or moments that may cause a massive slope failure.
453	
454	"Steel slag" means slag.
455	
456	"Surface impoundment" means a natural topographic depression, a man-made
457	excavation, or a diked area into which flowing wastes, such as liquid wastes or
458	wastes containing free liquids, are placed. For the purposes of this Part and 35 III.
459	Adm. Code 811 through 815, a surface impoundment is not a landfill. Other Parts
46O	of 35 Ill. Adm. Code: Chapter I may apply, including the permitting requirements
461	of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 309.
462	
463	"Twenty-five-vear(25) year, 24-hour24 hour precipitation event" means a
464	precipitation event of 24-hour duration with a probable recurrence interval
465	of once in 25 years.
466	
467	"Uppermost aquifer" means the first geologic formation above and below the
468	bottom elevation of a constructed liner or wastes, where no liner is present,
469	that which is an aquifer, and includes any lower aquifer that is hydraulically
470	connected with this aquifer within the facility's permit area.
471	
472	"Unit" means a contiguous area used for solid waste disposal.
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474	"Unit of local government" means a unit of local government, as defined by
475	Article 7, Section 1 of the Illinois Constitution. A unit of local government may
476	include, but is not limited to, a municipality, a county, or a sanitary district.
477	
478	"Waste pile" means an area on which noncontainerized masses of solid,
479	nonflowing wastes are placed for disposal. For the purposes of this Part and 35
480	Ill. Adm. Code 811 through 815, a waste pile is a landfill, unless the operator can
481	demonstrate that the wastes are not accumulated over time for disposal. At a
482	minimum, such demonstration <u>mustshall</u> include photographs, records, or other
483	observable or discernable information, maintained on a yearly basis, that show
484	that within the preceding year the waste has been removed for utilization or
485	disposal elsewhere.
486	•
487	"Waste stabilization" means any chemical, physical, or thermal treatment of
488	waste, either alone or in combination with biological processes, that which results
489	in a reduction of microorganisms, including viruses, and the potential for
490	putrefaction.
491	
492	"Working face" means any part of a landfill where waste is being disposed of.
493	
494	"Zone of attenuation" means is the three dimensional region formed by excluding
495	the volume occupied by the waste placement from the smaller of the volumes
496	resulting from vertical planes drawn to the bottom of the uppermost aquifer at the
497	property boundary or 100 feet from the edge of one or more adjacent units.
498	
499	(Source: Amended at 28 Ill. Reg, effective)