

# OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

JESSE WHITE • Secretary of State

July 6, 2015



POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD DON BROWN 100 W RANDOLPH ST STE 11-500 CHICAGO, IL 60601

STATE OF ILLINOIS Pollution Control Board

Dear DON BROWN

Your rules Listed below met our codification standards and have been published in Volume 39, Issue 28 of the Illinois Register, dated 7/10/2015.

## ADOPTED RULES

TED ROLES	
Water Quality Standards	
35 Ill. Adm. Code 302	9388
Point of Contact: Nancy Hoepfner	
Water Use Designations and Site-Specific Water Quality Standards 35 III. Adm. Code 303 Point of Contact: Nancy Hoepfner	9423
Permits 35 III. Adm. Code 309	9433
Point of Contact: Nancy Hoepfner	

If you have any questions, you may contact the Administrative Code Division at (217) 782 - 7017.



## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

- 1) Heading of the Part: Water Quality Standards
- 2) Code Citation: 35 Ill. Adm. Code 302

3)	Section Numbers:	Proposed Action:
	302.101	Amendment
	302.102	Amendment
	302.401	Amendment
	302.402	Amendment
	302.404	Amendment
	302.405	Amendment
	302.407	Amendment
	302,408	Amendment
	302.409	Amendment
	302.410	Amendment
	302.412	New Section
	302.601	Amendment
	302.648	Amendment
	302.657	Amendment

- 4) <u>Statutory Authority</u>: Implementing and authorized by Sections 10 and 27 of the Illinois Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/10 and 27].
- 5) Effective Date of Amendment: July 1, 2015
- 6) Does this rulemaking contain an automatic repeal date? No.
- 7) Does this amendment contain incorporations by reference? No
- 8) The text of the adopted amendments is on file in the Board's Chicago office at the James R. Thompson Center, 100 W. Randolph Street, Suite 11-500, and is available there for public inspection.
- 9) <u>Notice of Proposal Published in Illinois Register</u>: October 3, 2014; 38 Ill. Ill. Reg. 19366.
- 10) Has JCAR issued a Statement of Objections to this amendment? No.
- 11) Differences between proposal and final version:

RECEIVED

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

Title of Section 302.410 changed by deleting "Substances" and replacing with "Other" and deleted "to Aquatic Life" and replaced with "Substances".

In Section 302.101(d) after "303.235" added ", 303.240" before "and". Also, removed "303.240" and replaced with "303.449".

In Section 302.401(a) struck out "indigenous aquatic life" and added "that" after "standards" and removed the period and struck out "These".

In Section 302.401(b), after the first sentence, to begin the second sentence inserted "Except for the Chicago River these standards" and deleted "These" at the beginning of the second sentence. Also added the following sentence at the send of the subsection "The Chicago River must meet the general use standards including the numeric water quality standard for fecal coliform bacteria applicable to protected waters in Section 302.209 of this Part."

In Section 302.402, after "aquatic life" insert ", wildlife, human health,". At the end of the subsection added "However, the Chicago River is required to meet the general use standard, including the water quality standard for fecal coliform bacteria applicable to protected waters in Section 302.209 of this Part.".

In Section 302.407(b) deleted "at least".

In Section 302.407(d) added "of this Part" after Section 302.102.

In Section 302.407(d)(2) added "of this Part" after Section 302.102.

In Section 302.407(d)(3) added "of this Part" after Section 302.102.

In Section 302.407(e), at the Table:

Under Cadmium, in both columns, changed " $\exp[a+B\ln(H)]$  to " $e^{A+B\ln(H)}$ "; also changed [ $(\ln H)(0.041838)$ ] to [ $(\ln(H))(0.041838)$ ], in both columns.

Under Chromium(trivalent, dissolved) in both columns, changed " $\exp[A+B\ln(H)]$ " to " $e^{A+B\ln(H)}$ ". Under Copper in both columns, changed " $\exp[A+B\ln(H)]$ " to " $e^{A+B\ln(H)}$ ".

Corrected "Flouride" to "Fluoride". Under Lead in both columns, changed " $\exp[A+B\ln(H)]$ " to " $e^{A+B\ln(H)}$ ";

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

Also corrected "[(lnH)(0.145712)]" to "[(ln(H))(0.145712)]".

Under Nickel in both columns, changed " $\exp[A+Bln(H)]$ " to " $e^{A+Bln(H)}$ ".

Under Zinc in both columns, changed " $\exp[A+B\ln(H)]$ " to " $e^{A+B\ln(H)}$ ".

In Section 302.407(e), after " $\mu$ g/L = microgram per liter," added a new line "H = Hardness concentration of receiving water in mg/L as CaCO<sub>3</sub>," also corrected "exp[x]" to " $e^{x}$ ".

In Section 302.407(g) added "where:" and then added in a new line " $\mu g/L = \text{microgram}$  per liter." Also added a subsection number "1" and "of this Part" after "Section 302.102".

In Section 302.407(g), at the Table, removed "Chloride" from the table. Under **Silver** corrected "exp[A+Bln(H)]" to " $e^{A+B \ln(H)}$ ", and corrected "exp[x]" to  $e^{x}$ "

In Section 302.407(g) inserted:

"2) From the July 2015 until July 1, 2018, the following concentrations for Chloride and Total Dissolved Solids shall not be exceeded except in waters for which mixing is allowed pursuant to Section 302.102 of this Part.

Constituent	Unit	Standard
Chloride	mg/L	500
during the period of May 1		
through November 30		
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	1,500
during the period of		
December 1 through April		
30		

Beginning July 1, 2018, the Chloride and Total Dissolved Solids standards in subsection (g)(2) of this section are repealed and the following concentration for Chloride shall not be exceeded except in waters for which mixing is allowed pursuant to Section 302.102 of this Part:

Constituent	Unit	Standard
Chloride	mg/L	500

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

where:

mg/L = milligram per liter"

In Section 302.208(b) inserted new subsections "(b), (c), (d), (e)" and re-lettered proposed subsection "(b) to (f)", "(c) to (g)", "(d) to (h)", and "(e) to (i)". The new language inserted at line 561 is as follows:

- The temperature standards in subsections (c) through (i), will become applicable July 1, 2018. Starting July 1, 2015, the waters designated at 35 Ill. Adm. Code 303 as Chicago Area Waterway System Aquatic Life Use A, Chicago Area Waterway System and Brandon Pool Aquatic Life Use B, and Upper Dresden Island Pool Aquatic Life Use will not exceed temperature (STORET number (° F) 00011 and (° C) 00010) of 34° C (93° F) more than 5% of the time, or 37.8° C (100° F) at any time.
- c) There shall be no abnormal temperature changes that may adversely affect aquatic life unless caused by natural conditions.
- d) The normal daily and seasonal temperature fluctuations that existed before the addition of heat due to other than natural causes shall be maintained.
- e) The maximum temperature rise above natural temperatures shall not exceed  $2.8^{\circ}$  C (5° F)."

In Section 302.408, in re-lettered (f), corrected "(b), (c) and (d)" to "(g), (h), and (i)".

In Section 302.408 in re-lettered (g) corrected "35 Ill. Adm. Code 303.230" to "35 Ill. Adm. Code 303.235". Also corrected "subsection (a)" to "subsection (f)".

In Section 302.408, in re-lettered (h), corrected "35 Ill. Adm. Code 303.325" to "35 Ill. Adm. Code 303.240" and corrected "subsection (a)" to "subsection (f)".

In Section 302.408, in re-lettered (i), corrected "35 Ill. Adm. Code 303.237" to "35 Ill. Adm. Code 303.230" and corrected "subsection (a)" to "subsection (f)".

In line 595 through 597, deleted "be present in amounts toxic or harmful to human health, aquatic life or wildlife; except for South Fork of the South Branch of the Chicago River (Bubbly Creek) where the substance shall not".

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

In Section 302.410 after "organisms" before the period added "in the South Fork of the South Branch of the Chicago River (Bubbly Creek). All other Chicago Area Waterway System and Lower Des Plaines River waters as designated in Part 303 shall be free from any substances or combination of substance in concentrations toxic or harmful to human health, or to animal, plant or aquatic life. Individual chemical substances or parameters for which numeric standards are specified in this Subpart are not subject to this Section.". In Section 302.410(a)(1) and (a)(2) added "of this Part" after 302.618 and 302.621, and 302.630.

In Section 302.410(b) added "of this Part" after 302.633.

In Section 302.410(c)(1) and (c)(20 added "of this Part" after 302.648. and after 302.658.

In Section 302.410(d) added "of this Part" after Section 302.102.

In Section 302.410(f)(2) replaced "In any that action" with "In any such action".

In Section 302.412(c)(2) and (c)(2)(B) replaced "subsection (e)" with "subsection (f)".

In 302.412(d)(1) and (d)(2) added "of this Part" after Section 302.102.

In 302.412(d)(2) replaced "subsection (d)" with "subsection (e)".

In 302.412(d)(3) added "of this Part" after Section 302.102 and replaced "subsection (d)" with "subsection (e)".

- Have all the changes agreed upon by the agency and JCAR been made as indicated in the agreements letter issued by JCAR? Yes.
- 13) Will this amendment replace emergency amendments currently in effect? No.
- 14) Are there any amendments pending on this Part? No.
- Summary and Purpose of Amendment: For a more detailed description, please see the Board's opinion and order of June 18, 2015, in R08-9(D). The Board is adopting water quality standards for the Chicago Area Waterways System (CAWS) and the Lower Des Plaines River (LDPR) that are necessary to meet the aquatic life uses for those waterways. The Board is adopts standards for many constituents as recommended by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA), with two notable exceptions. The Board finds that the 500 mg/L chloride standard must be adapted for the Chicago

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

Sanitary and Ship Canal (CSSC) from December 1 until April 30. Therefore the Board adopts for the CSSC a numeric standard of 620 mg/L as an acute water quality standard and 990 mg/L as a chronic water quality standard for chloride from December 1 until April 30. The Board also finds that the temperature water quality standards proposed by IEPA as well as those suggested by other participants are not appropriate. Therefore, the Board adopts that the General Use temperature standards apply to the waterways. In addition, the applicability of both the temperature and chloride standards will be delayed until July 1, 2018.

## 16) <u>Information and questions regarding these adopted amendments shall be directed to:</u>

Marie Tipsord Illinois Pollution Control Board 100 W. Randolph Street, Suite 11-500 Chicago, IL 60601

312-814-4925 Marie.Tipsord@illinois.gov

Copies of the Board's opinions and orders may be requested from the Clerk of the Board at the address listed in #8 above or by calling 312-814-3620. Please refer to the docket number, R08-09(D), in your request. The Board's opinions and orders are also available from the Board's website (www.ipcb.state.il.us).

The full text of the Adopted Amendments begins on the next page:

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

# TITLE 35: ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SUBTITLE C: WATER POLLUTION CHAPTER I: POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## PART 302 WATER QUALITY STANDARDS

## SUBPART A: GENERAL WATER OUALITY PROVISIONS

	SUBPART A: GENERAL WATER QUALITY PROVISIONS
Section 302.100 302.101 302.102 302.103 302.104 302.105	Definitions Scope and Applicability Allowed Mixing, Mixing Zones and ZIDs Stream Flows Main River Temperatures Antidegradation
	SUBPART B: GENERAL USE WATER QUALITY STANDARDS
Section 302.201 302.202 302.203 302.204 302.205 302.206 302.207 302.208 302.209 302.210 302.211 302.211 302.213	Scope and Applicability Purpose Offensive Conditions pH Phosphorus Dissolved Oxygen Radioactivity Numeric Standards for Chemical Constituents Fecal Coliform Other Toxic Substances Temperature Total Ammonia Nitrogen Effluent Modified Waters (Ammonia)(Repealed)
	iki c. Tobbic AND FOOD I ROCESSING WATER SUFFLI STANDARDS
Section 302.301 302.302 302.303 302.304 302.305	Scope and Applicability Algicide Permits Finished Water Standards Chemical Constituents Other Contaminants

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

302.306	Fecal Coliform
302.307	Radium 226 and 228

# SUBPART D: <u>CHICAGO AREA WATERWAY SYSTEM AND LOWER DES PLAINES</u> <u>RIVER WATER QUALITY SECONDARY CONTACT</u> AND INDIGENOUS AQUATIC LIFE STANDARDS

Section	
302.401	Scope and Applicability
302.402	Purpose
302.403	Unnatural Sludge
302.404	pH
302.405	Dissolved Oxygen
302.406	Fecal Coliform (Repealed)
302.407	Chemical Constituents
302.408	Temperature
302.409	Cyanide for the South Fork of the South Branch of the Chicago River (Bubbly
	Creek)
302.410	Substances Other Toxic Substances to Aquatic Life
<u>302.412</u>	Total Ammonia Nitrogen

# SUBPART E: LAKE MICHIGAN BASIN WATER QUALITY STANDARDS

Section	
302.501	Scope, Applicability, and Definitions
302.502	Dissolved Oxygen
302.503	pH
302.504	Chemical Constituents
302.505	Fecal Coliform
302.506	Temperature
302.507	Thermal Standards for Existing Sources on January 1, 1971
302.508	Thermal Standards for Sources Under Construction But Not In Operation on
	January 1, 1971
302.509	Other Sources
302.510	Incorporations by Reference
302.515	Offensive Conditions
302.520	Regulation and Designation of Bioaccumulative Chemicals of Concern (BCCs)
302.521	Supplemental Antidegradation Provisions for Bioaccumulative Chemicals of
	Concern (BCCs)
302.525	Radioactivity

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

302.530	Supplemental Mixing Provisions for Bioaccumulative Chemicals of Concern
	(BCCs)
302.535	Ammonia Nitrogen
302.540	Other Toxic Substances
302.545	Data Requirements
302.550	Analytical Testing
302.553	Determining the Lake Michigan Aquatic Toxicity Criteria or Values – General Procedures
302.555	Determining the Tier I Lake Michigan Acute Aquatic Toxicity Criterion (LMAATC): Independent of Water Chemistry
302.560	Determining the Tier I Lake Michigan Basin Acute Aquatic Life Toxicity Criterion (LMAATC): Dependent on Water Chemistry
302.563	Determining the Tier II Lake Michigan Basin Acute Aquatic Life Toxicity Value (LMAATV)
302.565	Determining the Lake Michigan Basin Chronic Aquatic Life Toxicity Criterion (LMCATC) or the Lake Michigan Basin Chronic Aquatic Life Toxicity Value (LMCATV)
302.570	Procedures for Deriving Bioaccumulation Factors for the Lake Michigan Basin
302.575	Procedures for Deriving Tier I Water Quality Criteria and Values in the Lake Michigan Basin to Protect Wildlife
302.580	Procedures for Deriving Water Quality Criteria and Values in the Lake Michigan Basin to Protect Human Health – General
302.585	Procedures for Determining the Lake Michigan Basin Human Health Threshold Criterion (LMHHTC) and the Lake Michigan Basin Human Health Threshold Value (LMHHTV)
302.590	Procedures for Determining the Lake Michigan Basin Human Health Nonthreshold Criterion (LMHHNC) or the Lake Michigan Basin Human Health Nonthreshold Value (LMHHNV)
302.595	Listing of Bioaccumulative Chemicals of Concern, Derived Criteria and Values
SURPA	RT F: PROCEDURES FOR DETERMINING WATER OUALITY CRITERIA

Section	
302.601	Scope and Applicability
302.603	Definitions
302.604	Mathematical Abbreviations
302.606	Data Requirements
302.612	Determining the Acute Aquatic Toxicity Criterion for an Individual Substance -
	General Procedures
302.615	Determining the Acute Aquatic Toxicity Criterion - Toxicity Independent of
	Water Chemistry

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

302.618 Determine Chemic		rmining the Acute Aquatic Toxicity Criterion – Toxicity Dependent on Water nistry		
302.621	Dete	ermining the Acute Aquatic Toxicity Criterion – Procedure for Combinations ubstances		
302.627	Dete	ermining the Chronic Aquatic Toxicity Criterion for an Individual Substance eral Procedures		
302.630	Deter	rmining the Chronic Aquatic Toxicity Criterion – Procedure for binations of Substances		
302.633		Wild and Domestic Animal Protection Criterion		
302.642		Human Threshold Criterion		
302.645		mining the Acceptable Daily Intake		
302.648		mining the Human Threshold Criterion		
302.651		Human Nonthreshold Criterion		
302.654		mining the Risk Associated Intake		
302.657		mining the Human Nonthreshold Criterion		
302.658		m Flow for Application of Human Nonthreshold Criterion		
302.660		oncentration Factor		
302.663	Deter	mination of Bioconcentration Factor		
302.666	Utiliz	ing the Bioconcentration Factor		
302.669	Listin	ng of Derived Criteria		
302.APPEN	DIX A	References to Previous Rules		
302.APPEN	DIX B	Sources of Codified Sections		
302.APPEN	DIX C	Maximum total ammonia nitrogen concentrations allowable for certain combinations of pH and temperature		
302.TABLE	EΑ	pH-Dependent Values of the AS (Acute Standard)		
302.TABLE	В	Temperature and pH-Dependent Values of the CS (Chronic Standard) for Fish Early Life Stages Absent		
302.TABLE C		Temperature and pH-Dependent Values of the CS (Chronic Standard) for Fish Early Life Stages Present		
302.APPENDIX D		Section 302.206(d): Stream Segments for Enhanced Dissolved Oxygen Protection		

AUTHORITY: Implementing Section 13 and authorized by Sections 11(b) and 27 of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/13, 11(b), and 27].

SOURCE: Filed with the Secretary of State January 1, 1978; amended at 2 Ill. Reg. 44, p. 151, effective November 2, 1978; amended at 3 Ill. Reg. 20, p. 95, effective May 17, 1979; amended at 3 Ill. Reg. 25, p. 190, effective June 21, 1979; codified at 6 Ill. Reg. 7818; amended at 6 Ill. Reg. 11161, effective September 7, 1982; amended at 6 Ill. Reg. 13750, effective October 26, 1982; amended at 8 Ill. Reg. 1629, effective January 18, 1984; peremptory amendments at 10 Ill. Reg. 461, effective December 23, 1985; amended at R87-27 at 12 Ill. Reg. 9911, effective May

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

27, 1988; amended at R85-29 at 12 Ill. Reg. 12082, effective July 11, 1988; amended in R88-1 at 13 Ill. Reg. 5998, effective April 18, 1989; amended in R88-21(A) at 14 Ill. Reg. 2899, effective February 13, 1990; amended in R88-21(B) at 14 Ill. Reg. 11974, effective July 9, 1990; amended in R94-1(A) at 20 Ill. Reg. 7682, effective May 24, 1996; amended in R94-1(B) at 21 Ill. Reg. 370, effective December 23, 1996; expedited correction at 21 Ill. Reg. 6273, effective December 23, 1996; amended in R97-25 at 22 Ill. Reg. 1356, effective December 24, 1997; amended in R99-8 at 23 Ill. Reg. 11249, effective August 26, 1999; amended in R01-13 at 26 Ill. Reg. 3505, effective February 22, 2002; amended in R02-19 at 26 Ill. Reg. 16931, effective November 8, 2002; amended in R02-11 at 27 Ill. Reg. 166, effective December 20, 2002; amended in R04-21 at 30 Ill. Reg. 4919, effective March 1, 2006; amended in R04-25 at 32 Ill. Reg. 2254, effective January 28, 2008; amended in R07-9 at 32 Ill. Reg. 14978, effective September 8, 2008; amended in R11-18 at 36 Ill. Reg. 18871, effective December 12, 2012; amended in R11-18(B) at 37 Ill. Reg. 7493, effective May 16, 2013; amended in R08-09(D) at 39 Ill. Reg. \_\_\_\_\_\_, effective \_\_\_\_\_\_\_,

## SUBPART A: GENERAL WATER QUALITY PROVISIONS

## Section 302.101 Scope and Applicability

- a) This Part contains schedules of water quality standards which are applicable throughout the State as designated in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 303. Site specific water quality standards are found with the water use designations in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 303.
- b) Subpart B contains general use water quality standards which must be met in waters of the State for which there is no specific designation (35 Ill. Adm. Code 303.201).
- c) Subpart C contains the public and food processing water supply standards. These are cumulative with Subpart B and must be met by all designated waters at the point at which water is drawn for treatment and distribution as a potable supply or for food processing (35 Ill. Adm. Code 303.202).
- Subpart D contains the Chicago Area Waterway System and the Lower Des Plaines River water quality the secondary contact and indigenous aquatic life standards standards. These standards must be met only by certain waters designated in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 303.204, 303.220, 303.225, 303.227, 303.230, 303.235, 303.240 and 303.449303.441. Subpart D also contains water quality standards applicable to indigenous aquatic life waters found only in the South Fork of the South Branch of the Chicago River (Bubbly Creek).

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

- e) Subpart E contains the Lake Michigan Basin water quality standards. These must be met in the waters of the Lake Michigan Basin as designated in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 303.443.
- f) Subpart F contains the procedures for determining each of the criteria designated in Sections 302.210 and 302.410.
- g) Unless the contrary is clearly indicated, all references to "Parts" or "Sections" are to Ill. Adm. Code, Title 35: Environmental Protection. For example, "Part 309" is 35 Ill. Adm. Code 309, and "Section 309.101" is 35 Ill. Adm. Code 309.101.

(Source:	Amended	at 39	Ill. Reg.	effective

## Section 302.102 Allowed Mixing, Mixing Zones and ZIDs

- a) Whenever a water quality standard is more restrictive than its corresponding effluent standard, or where there is no corresponding effluent standard specified at 35 Ill. Adm. Code 304, an opportunity shall be allowed for compliance with 35 Ill. Adm. Code 304.105 by mixture of an effluent with its receiving waters, provided the discharger has made every effort to comply with the requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 304.102.
- b) The portion, volume and area of any receiving waters within which mixing is allowed pursuant to subsection (a) shall be limited by the following:
  - Mixing must be confined in an area or volume of the receiving water no larger than the area or volume which would result after incorporation of outfall design measures to attain optimal mixing efficiency of effluent and receiving waters. Such These measures may include, but are not limited to, use of diffusers and engineered location and configuration of discharge points.
  - 2) Mixing is not allowed in waters which include a tributary stream entrance if <u>suchthe</u> mixing occludes the tributary mouth or otherwise restricts the movement of aquatic life into or out of the tributary.
  - Mixing is not allowed in water adjacent to bathing beaches, bank fishing areas, boat ramps or dockages or any other public access area.
  - 4) Mixing is not allowed in waters containing mussel beds, endangered species habitat, fish spawning areas, areas of important aquatic life habitat, or any other natural features vital to the well\_being of aquatic life in such a

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

manner that the maintenance of aquatic life in the body of water as a whole would be adversely affected.

- 5) Mixing is not allowed in waters which that contain intake structures of public or food processing water supplies, points of withdrawal of water for irrigation, or watering areas accessed by wild or domestic animals.
- Mixing must allow for a zone of passage for aquatic life in which water quality standards are met. However, a zone of passage is not required in receiving streams that have zero flow for at least seven consecutive days recurring on average in nine years out of ten10.
- 7) The area and volume in which mixing occurs, alone or in combination with other areas and volumes of mixing, must not intersect any area of any body of water in such a manner that the maintenance of aquatic life in the body of water as a whole would be adversely affected.
- The area and volume in which mixing occurs, alone or in combination with other areas and volumes of mixing, must not contain more than 25% of the cross-sectional area or volume of flow of a stream except for those streams where for which the dilution ratio is less than 3:1. In streams where the dilution ratio is less than 3:1, the volume in which mixing occurs, alone or in combination with other volumes of mixing, must not contain more than 50 % of the volume flow unless an applicant for an NPDES permit demonstrates, pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, that an adequate zone of passage is provided for pursuant to Section 302.102-subsection (b)(6).
- 9) No mixing is allowed where when the water quality standard for the constituent in question is already violated in the receiving water.
- No body of water may be used totally for mixing of single outfall or combination of outfalls, except as provided in Section 302.102subsection (b)(6).
- Single sources of effluents which that have more than one outfall shall be limited to a total area and volume of mixing no larger than that allowable if a single outfall were used.
- The area and volume in which mixing occurs must be as small as is practicable under the limitations prescribed in this subsection (b), and in

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

no circumstances may the mixing encompass a surface area larger than 26 acres.

- All water quality standards of this Part must be met at every point outside of the area and volume of the receiving water within which mixing is allowed. The acute toxicity standards of <a href="mailto:this PartSections 302.208">this PartSections 302.208</a> and 302.210 must be met within the area and volume within which mixing is allowed, except as provided in subsection (e).
- d) Pursuant to the procedures of Section 39 of the Act and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 309, a person may apply to the Agency to include as a condition in an NPDES permit formal definition of the area and volume of the waters of the State within which mixing is allowed for the NPDES discharge in question. Such formally The defined area and volume of allowed mixing shall constitute a "mixing zone" for the purposes of 35 Ill. Adm. Code: Subtitle C. Upon proof by the applicant that a proposed mixing zone conforms with the requirements of Section 39 of the Act, this Section and any additional limitations as may be imposed by the Clean Water Act (CWA) (33 USC 1251 et seq.), the Act or Board regulations, the Agency shall, pursuant to Section 39(b) of the Act, include within the NPDES permit a condition defining the mixing zone.
- Pursuant to the procedures of Section 39 of the Act and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 309, a person may apply to the Agency to include as a condition in an NPDES permit a ZID as a component portion of a mixing zone. Such The ZID shall, at a minimum, be limited to waters within which effluent dispersion is immediate and rapid. For the purposes of this subsection, "immediate" dispersion means an effluent's merging with receiving waters without delay in time after its discharge and within close proximity of the end of the discharge pipe, so as to minimize the length of exposure time of aquatic life to undiluted effluent, and "rapid" dispersion means an effluent's merging with receiving waters so as to minimize the length of exposure time of aquatic life to undiluted effluent. Upon proof by the applicant that a proposed ZID conforms with the requirements of Section 39 of the Act and this Section, the Agency shall, pursuant to Section 39(b) of the Act, include within the NPDES permit a condition defining the ZID.
- Pursuant to Section 39 of the Act and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 309.103, an applicant for an NPDES permit shall submit data to allow the Agency to determine that the nature of any mixing zone or mixing zone in combination with a ZID conforms with the requirements of Section 39 of the Act and of this Section. A permittee may appeal Agency determinations concerning a mixing zone or ZID pursuant to the procedures of Section 40 of the Act and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 309.181.

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

- Where When a mixing zone is defined in an NPDES permit, the waters within that mixing zone, for the duration of that NPDES permit, shall constitute the sole waters within which mixing is allowed for the permitted discharge. It shall not be a defense in any action brought pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 304.105 that the area and volume of waters within which mixing may be allowed pursuant to subsection (b) is less restrictive than the area or volume or waters encompassed in the mixing zone.
- h) Where When a mixing zone is explicitly denied in a NPDES permit, no waters may be used for mixing by the discharge to which the NPDES permit applies, all other provisions of this Section notwithstanding.
- i) Where an NPDES permit is silent on the matter of a mixing zone, or where when no NPDES permit is in effect, the burden of proof shall be on the discharger to demonstrate compliance with this Section in any action brought pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 304.105.

(Source:	Amended	at 39	III.	Reg.	e	effective	·
----------	---------	-------	------	------	---	-----------	---

SUBPART D: <u>CHICAGO AREA WATERWAY SYSTEM AND LOWER DES PLAINES</u>
RIVER WATER QUALITY STANDARDS <u>SECONDARY CONTACT</u> AND INDIGENOUS
AQUATIC LIFE STANDARDS

## Section 302.401 Scope and Applicability

- a) Subpart D contains the secondary contact and indigenous aquatic life-standards that. These must be met only by the South Fork of the South Branch of the Chicago River (Bubbly Creek) certain waters specifically designated in Part 303. The Subpart B general use and Subpart C public and food processing water supply standards of this Part do not apply to Bubbly Creekwaters designated for secondary contact and indigenous aquatic life (Section 303.204).
- b) Subpart D also contains the Chicago Area Waterway System and Lower Des Plaines River water quality standards. Except for the Chicago River, these standards must be met only by waters specifically designated in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 303. The Subpart B general use and Subpart C public and food processing water supply standards of this Part do not apply to waters described in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 303.204 as the Chicago Area Waterway System or Lower Des Plaines River and listed in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 303.220 through 303.240, except that waters designated as Primary Contact Recreation Waters in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 303.220 must meet the numeric water quality standard for bacteria applicable to protected waters in Section 302.209 of this Part. The Chicago River must meet the general

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

use standards, including the numeric water quality standard for fecal coliform bacteria applicable to protected waters in Section 302.209 of this Part.
(Source: Amended at 39 Ill. Reg effective)
Section 302.402 Purpose
The Chicago Area Waterway System and Lower Des Plaines River standards shall protect primary contact, incidental contact or non-contact recreational uses (except when designated as non-recreational waters); commercial activity, including navigation and industrial water supply uses; and the highest quality aquatic life and wildlife that is attainable, limited only by the physical condition of these waters and hydrologic modifications to these waters. The numeric and narrative standards contained in this Part will assure the protection of the aquatic life, wildlife, human health, and recreational uses of the Chicago Area Waterway System and Lower Des Plaines River as those uses are defined in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 301 and designated in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 303. Secondary contact and indigenous Indigenous aquatic life standards are intended for the South Fork of the South Branch of the Chicago River (Bubbly Creek), which is will be for those waters not suited for general use activities but which will be appropriate for all secondary contact uses and which will be capable of supporting an indigenous aquatic life limited only by the physical configuration of the body of water, characteristics and origin of the water and the presence of contaminants in amounts that do not exceed the water quality standards listed in this Subpart D. However, the Chicago River is required to meet the general use standard, including the water quality standard for fecal coliform bacteria applicable to protected waters in Section 302.209 of this Part.
(Source: Amended at 39 Ill. Reg effective)
Section 302.404 pH
pH (STORET number 00400) shall be within the range of 6.06.5 to 9.0 except for natural causes, except for the South Fork of the South Branch of the Chicago River (Bubbly Creek) for which pH shall be within the range of 6.0 to 9.0 except for natural causes.
(Source: Amended at 39 Ill. Reg effective)

## Section 302.405 Dissolved Oxygen

Dissolved oxygen (STORET number 00300) concentrations shall not be less than the applicable values in subsections (a), (b), (c) and (d) 4.0 mg/l at any time except that the Calumet-Sag-Channel shall not be less than 3.0 mg/l at any time.

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

- a) For the South Fork of the South Branch of the Chicago River (Bubbly Creek), dissolved oxygen concentrations shall not be less than 4.0 mg/L at any time.
- b) For the Upper Dresden Island Pool Aquatic Life Use waters listed in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 303.230:
  - 1) during the period of March through July:
    - A) 6.0 mg/L as a daily mean averaged over 7 days; and
    - B) 5.0 mg/L at any time; and
  - 2) during the period of August through February:
    - A) 5.5 mg/L as a daily mean averaged over 30 days;
    - B) 4.0 mg/L as a daily minimum averaged over 7 days; and
    - C) 3.5 mg/L at any time.
- c) For the Chicago Area Waterway System Aquatic Life Use A waters listed in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 303.235:
  - 1) during the period of March through July, 5.0 mg/L at any time; and
  - 2) during the period of August through February:
    - A) 4.0 mg/L as a daily minimum averaged over 7 days; and
    - B) 3.5 mg/L at any time.
- d) For the Chicago Area Waterway System and Brandon Pool Aquatic Life Use B waters listed in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 303.240:
  - 1) 4.0 mg/L as a daily minimum averaged over 7 days; and
  - 2) 3.5 mg/L at any time.
- e) Assessing attainment of dissolved oxygen mean and minimum values.
  - 1) Daily mean is the arithmetic mean of dissolved oxygen concentrations in 24 consecutive hours.

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

- 2) Daily minimum is the minimum dissolved oxygen concentration in 24 consecutive hours.
- The measurements of dissolved oxygen used to determine attainment or lack of attainment with any of the dissolved oxygen standards in this Section must assure daily minima and daily means that represent the true daily minima and daily means.
- 4) The dissolved oxygen concentrations used to determine a daily mean or daily minimum should not exceed the air-equilibrated concentration.
- 5) "Daily minimum averaged over 7 days" means the arithmetic mean of daily minimum dissolved oxygen concentrations in 7 consecutive 24-hour periods.
- 6) "Daily mean averaged over 7 days" means the arithmetic mean of daily mean dissolved oxygen concentrations in 7 consecutive 24-hour periods.
- 7) "Daily mean averaged over 30 days" means the arithmetic mean of daily mean dissolved oxygen concentrations in 30 consecutive 24-hour periods.

(Source: Amendo	d at 39 Ill.	Reg	effective
-----------------	--------------	-----	-----------

## Section 302.407 Chemical Constituents

- a) The acute standard (AS) for the chemical constituents listed in subsection (e) shall not be exceeded at any time except as provided in subsection (d).
- The chronic standard (CS) for the chemical constituents listed in subsection (e) shall not be exceeded by the arithmetic average of at least four consecutive samples collected over any period of four days, except as provided in subsection (d). The samples used to demonstrate attainment or lack of attainment with a CS must be collected in a manner that assures an average representative of the sampling period. For the chemical constituents that have water quality based standards dependent upon hardness, the chronic water quality standard will be calculated according to subsection (e) using the hardness of the water body at the time the sample was collected. To calculate attainment status of chronic standards, the concentration of the chemical constituent in each sample is divided by the calculated water quality standard for the sample to determine a quotient. The water quality standard is attained if the mean of the sample quotients is less than or equal to one for the duration of the averaging period.

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

- c) The human health standard (HHS) for the chemical constituents listed in subsection (f) shall not be exceeded, on a 12-month rolling average based on at least eight samples, collected in a manner representative of the sampling period, except as provided in subsection (d).
- d) In waters where mixing is allowed pursuant to Section 302.102 of this Part, the following apply:
  - 1) The AS shall not be exceeded in any waters except for those waters for which a zone of initial dilution (ZID) applies pursuant to Section 302.102 of this Part.
  - 2) The CS shall not be exceeded outside of waters in which mixing is allowed pursuant to Section 302.102 of this Part.
  - The HHS shall not be exceeded outside of waters in which mixing is allowed pursuant to Section 302.102 of this Part.
- e) Numeric Water Quality Standards for the Protection of Aquatic Organisms

	<u>AS</u>	CS
<u>Constituent</u>	(µg/L)	(μg/L)
Arsenic	340 X 1.0*=340	150 X 1.0*=150
(trivalent,		
dissolved)		
<u>Benzene</u>	4200	860
Cadmium	$e^{A+B \ln(H)} X \{1.138672-$	$e^{A+B \ln(H)} X \{1.101672-$
(dissolved)	$[(\ln(H)(0.041838)]$ *,	$[(\ln(H))(0.041838)]$ *, where A=
	where A=-2.918 and	-3.490 and B=0.7852
	B=1.128	
Chromium	<u>16</u>	11
(hexavalent,		
total)		
Chromium	$e^{A+B \ln(H)} \times 0.316*$	$e^{A+B \ln(H)} X 0.860*,$
(trivalent,	where A=3.7256 and	where A=0.6848 and B=0.8190
<u>dissolved)</u>	B=0.8190	
Copper	$e^{A+B \ln(H)} \times 0.960*$	$e^{A+B \ln(H)} \times 0.960*$
(dissolved)	where A=-1.645 and	where A=-1.646 and
	B=0.9422	B=0.8545
Cyanide**	22	<u>10</u>
Ethylbenzene	150	14

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

T1 11	$e^{A+B \ln(H)}$	
Fluoride		$e^{A+B \ln(H)}$ , but shall not exceed
(total)	where $A = 6.7319$	4.0 mg/L,
	and $B = 0.5394$	where $A = 6.0445$ and $B = 0.5394$
<u>Lead</u>	$e^{A+B \ln(H)} X \{1.46203-$	$e^{A+B \ln(H)} X \{1.46203-$
(dissolved)	$[(\ln(H))(0.145712)]$ *,	$[(\ln(H))(0.145712)]$ *,
	where A=-1.301 and	where A=-2.863 and
	B=1.273	B=1.273
	1.2/	$\frac{D-1.275}{}$
Monana	A+B In(H) Tr o color	A+R In/H)
Manganese	$e^{A+B \ln(H)} \times 0.9812^*$	$e^{A+B \ln(H)} \times 0.9812*,$
(dissolved)	where <i>A</i> =4.9187	where <i>A</i> =4.0635
	and <i>B</i> =0.7467	and B=0.7467
Mercury	1.4 X 0.85*=1.2	0.77 X 0.85*=0.65
(dissolved)		
<u>Nickel</u>	$e^{A+B \ln(H)} X 0.998*,$	$e^{A+B \ln(H)} \times 0.997*$
(dissolved)	where A=0.5173 and	where A=-2.286 and
	B=0.8460	B=0.8460
<u>Toluene</u>	2000	600
TRC	<u>19</u>	11
Xylene(s)	920	360
<u>Zinc</u>	$e^{A+B \ln(H)} \times 0.978*,$	$e^{A+B \ln(H)} \times 0.986*$
(dissolved)	where A=0.9035 and	where $A = -0.4456$ and
	B=0.8473	B=0.8473

## where:

 $\mu g/L = microgram per liter$ 

<u>H</u> = <u>Hardness concentration of receiving water in mg/L as CaCO<sub>3</sub></u>

 $e^{x}$  = base of natural logarithms raised to the x-power

<u>ln(H)=</u> natural logarithm of Hardness in milligrams per liter

\* <u>= conversion factor multiplier for dissolved metals</u>

\*\* = standard to be evaluated using either of the following USEPA approved methods, incorporated by reference at 35 Ill. Adm. Code 301.106: Method OIA-1677, DW: Available Cyanide by Flow Injection, Ligand Exchange, and Amperometry, January 2004, Document Number EPA-821-R-04-001 or Cyanide Amenable to Chlorination, Standard Methods 4500-CN-G (40 CFR 136.3).

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

f) Numeric Water Quality Standard for the Protection of Human Health

Constituent	HHS in micrograms per liter (μg/L)
Benzene	310
Mercury (total)	0.012
Phenols	860,000

where:

 $\mu g/L = microgram per liter$ 

- g) Numeric Water Quality Standards for Other Chemical Constituents
  - 1) Concentrations of the following chemical constituents shall not be exceeded except in waters for which mixing is allowed pursuant to Section 302.102 of this Part.

Constituent	<u>Unit</u>	Standard
Iron (dissolved)	mg/L	1.0
Selenium (total)	mg/L	1.0
Silver (dissolved)	μg/L	$e^{A+Bln(H)} \times 0.85^*$ , where A=-6.52
		and B=1.72
Sulfate (where H is ≥ 100	mg/L	[1276.7+5.508(H)-1.457(C)] X
but		0.65
$\leq$ 500 and C is $\geq$ 25 but $\leq$	444	
500)		
Sulfate (where H is $\geq 100$	mg/L	[-57.478 + 5.79(H) + 54.163(C)] X
but		0.65
$\leq$ 500 and C is $\geq$ 5 but $\leq$		
25)		
Sulfate (where H > 500	mg/L	2,000
and $C \ge 5$ )	***************************************	

where:

mg/L = milligram per liter,

 $\mu g/L = microgram per liter,$ 

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

H = Hardness concentration of receiving water in mg/L as CaCO<sub>3</sub>.

<u>C</u> = Chloride concentration of receiving water in mg/L,

 $\exp[x] =$ base of natural logarithms raised to the x-power.

ln(H) = natural logarithm of Hardness in milligrams per liter, and

\* = conversion factor multiplier for dissolved metals

2) From July 1, 2015 until July 1, 2018, the following concentrations for Chloride and Total Dissolved Solids shall not be exceeded except in waters for which mixing is allowed pursuant to Section 302.102 of this Part.

Constituent	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Standard</u>
Chloride	mg/L	<u>500</u>
during the period of May 1		
through November 30		
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	1,500
during the period of		
December 1 through April		
30		

Beginning July 1, 2018, the Chloride and Total Dissolved Solids standards in subsection (g)(2) of this Section are repealed and the following concentration for Chloride shall not be exceeded except in waters for which mixing is allowed pursuant to Section 302.102 of this Part:

Constituent	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Standard</u>
Chloride	mg/L	<u>500</u>

where:

mg/L = milligram per liter

h) Concentrations of other chemical constituents in the South Fork of the South Branch of the Chicago River (Bubbly Creek) shall not exceed the following standards:

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

# NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

	·····	
CONSTITUENTS	STORET NUMBER	CONCENTRATION (mg/L)
Ammonia Un-ionized (as N*)	00612	0.1
Arsenic (total)	01002	1.0
Barium (total)	01007	5.0
Cadmium (total)	01027	0.15
Chromium (total hexavalent)	01032	0.3
Chromium (total trivalent)	01033	1.0
Copper (total)	01042	1.0
Cyanide (total)	00720	0.10
Fluoride (total)	00951	15.0
Iron (total)	01045	2.0
Iron (dissolved)	01046	0.5
Lead (total)	01051	0.1
Manganese (total)	01055	1.0
Mercury (total)	71900	0.0005
Nickel (total)	01067	1.0
Oil, fats and grease	00550, 00556 or 00560	15.0**
Phenols	32730	0.3
Selenium (total)	01147	1.0
Silver	01077	1.1
Zinc (total)	01092	1.0
Total Dissolved Solids	70300	1500

<sup>\*</sup> For purposes of this <u>section Section</u> the concentration of un-ionized ammonia shall be computed according to the following equation:

$$U = \frac{N}{[0.94412(1+10^{x})+0.0559]}$$

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

where:

$$X = 0.09018 + 2729.92 - pH$$
  
(T + 273.16)

U = Concentration of un-ionized ammonia as N in mg/L

N = Concentration of ammonia nitrogen as N in mg/L

T = Temperature in degrees Celsius

\*\* Oil shall be analytically separated into polar and non-polar components if the total concentration exceeds 15 mg/L. In no case shall either of the components exceed 15 mg/L (i.e., 15 mg/L polar materials and 15 mg/L non-polar materials).

(Source:	Amended	at 39	Ill.	Reg.	effective	)
(DOMEOU)	T TTYTOTTOM OF THE		,			

## Section 302.408 Temperature

- a) For the South Fork of the South Branch of the Chicago River (Bubbly Creek), temperature Temperature (STORET number (°F) 00011 and (°3 C) 00010) shall not exceed 34 °C(93 °F) more than 5% of the time, or 37.8° C (100° F) at any time.
- b) The temperature standards in subsections (c) through (i) will become applicable beginning July 1, 2018. Starting July 1, 2015, the waters designated at 35 Ill. Adm. Code 303 as Chicago Area Waterway System Aquatic Life Use A, Chicago Area Waterway System and Brandon Pool Aquatic Life Use B, and Upper Dresden Island Pool Aquatic Life Use will not exceed temperature (STORET number (°F) 00011 and (°C) 00010) of 34 °C (93 °F) more than 5% of the time, or 37.8 °C (100 °F) at any time.
- <u>C)</u> There shall be no abnormal temperature changes that may adversely affect aquatic life unless caused by natural conditions.
- d) The normal daily and seasonal temperature fluctuations that existed before the addition of heat due to other than natural causes shall be maintained.
- e) The maximum temperature rise above natural temperatures shall not exceed 2.8 °C (5 °F).
- Water temperature at representative locations in the main river shall not exceed the maximum limits in the applicable table in subsections (g), (h) and (i), during

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

more than one percent of the hours in the 12-month period ending with any month. Moreover, at no time shall the water temperature exceed the maximum limits in the applicable table that follows by more than 1.7 °C (3.0° F)

eg) Water temperature in the Chicago Area Waterway System Aquatic Life Use A waters listed in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 303.235 shall not exceed the limits in the following table in accordance with subsection (f):

Months	Daily Maximum (°F)
<u>January</u>	<u>60</u>
<u>February</u>	<u>60</u>
<u>March</u>	<u>60</u>
<u>April</u>	<u>90</u>
<u>May</u>	<u>90</u>
<u>June</u>	<u>90</u>
<u>July</u>	<u>90</u>
August	<u>90</u>
<u>September</u>	90
<u>October</u>	90
<u>November</u>	90
<u>December</u>	<u>60</u>

<u>Water temperature in the Chicago Area Waterway System and Brandon Pool</u>

<u>Aquatic Life Use B waters listed in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 303.240 shall not exceed</u>

<u>the limits in the following table in accordance with subsection (f):</u>

<u>Months</u>	Daily
	<u>Maximum</u>
	(°F)
<u>January</u>	<u>60</u>
<u>February</u>	<u>60</u>
<u>March</u>	<u>60</u>
<u>April</u>	90
<u>May</u>	90
<u>June</u>	90
<u>July</u>	<u>90</u>
<u>August</u>	<u>90</u>
September	<u>90</u>
<u>October</u>	<u>90</u>

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

<u>November</u>	<u>90</u>
<u>December</u>	<u>60</u>

ei) Water temperature for the Upper Dresden Island Pool Aquatic Life Use waters, as defined in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 303.230, shall not exceed the limits in the following table in accordance with subsection (f):

Months	Daily
	Maximum
	(°F)
<u>January</u>	<u>60</u>
<u>February</u>	<u>60</u>
<u>March</u>	<u>60</u>
<u>April</u>	<u>90</u>
<u>May</u>	<u>90</u>
<u>June</u>	<u>90</u>
<u>July</u>	<u>90</u>
<u>August</u>	<u>90</u>
<u>September</u>	<u>90</u>
October_	90
<u>November</u>	90
<u>December</u>	<u>60</u>

(Source:	Amended	at 39	III.	Reg.	effec	tive

# Section 302.409 Cyanide for the South Fork of the South Branch of the Chicago River (Bubbly Creek)

Cyanide (total) shall not exceed 0.10 mg/4<u>L in the South Fork of the South Branch of the Chicago River (Bubbly Creek).</u>

(Source: Amended at 39 Ill. Reg.	effective
----------------------------------	-----------

## Section 302.410 Substances Other Toxic to Aquatic Life Substances

Any substance <u>or combination of substances</u> toxic to aquatic life not listed in Section 302.407 shall not exceed one-half of the 96-hour median tolerance limit (96-hour TL<sub>m</sub>) for native fish or essential fish food organisms in the South Fork of the South Branch of the Chicago River (Bubbly Creek). All other Chicago Area Waterway System and Lower Des Plaines River waters as designated in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 303 shall be free from any substances or combination of substances in concentrations toxic or harmful to human health, or to animal, plant or aquatic life.

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

Individual chemical substances or parameters for which numeric standards are specified in this Subpart are not subject to this Section.

- a) Any substance or combination of substances shall be deemed to be toxic or harmful to aquatic life if present in concentrations that exceed the following:
  - 1) An Acute Aquatic Toxicity Criterion (AATC) validly derived and correctly applied pursuant to procedures set forth in Sections 302.612 through 302.618 of this Part or in Section 302.621 of this Part; or
  - 2) A Chronic Aquatic Toxicity Criterion (CATC) validly derived and correctly applied pursuant to procedures set forth in Section 302.627 or 302.630 of this Part.
- Any substance or combination of substances shall be deemed to be toxic or harmful to wild or domestic animal life if present in concentrations that exceed any Wild and Domestic Animal Protection Criterion (WDAPC) validly derived and correctly applied pursuant to Section 302.633 of this Part.
- Any substance or combination of substances shall be deemed to be toxic or harmful to human health if present in concentrations that exceed criteria, validly derived and correctly applied, based on either of the following:
  - 1) Disease or functional impairment due to a physiological mechanism for which there is a threshold dose below which no damage occurs calculated pursuant to Sections 302.642 through 302.648 of this Part (Human Threshold Criterion); or
  - Disease or functional impairment due to a physiological mechanism for which any dose may cause some risk of damage calculated pursuant to Sections 302.651 through 302.658 of this Part (Human Nonthreshold Criterion).
- The most stringent criterion of subsections (a), (b) and (c) shall apply at all points outside of any waters within which, mixing is allowed pursuant to Section 302.102 of this Part. In addition, the AATC derived pursuant to subsection (a)(1) shall apply in all waters except that it shall not apply within a ZID that is prescribed in accordance with Section 302.102 of this Part.
- e) The procedures of Subpart F set forth minimum data requirements, appropriate test protocols, and data assessment methods for establishing criteria pursuant to subsections (a), (b) and (c). No other procedures may be used to establish such

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

criteria unless approved by the Board in a rulemaking or adjusted standard proceeding pursuant to Title VII of the Act. The validity and applicability of the Subpart F procedures may not be challenged in any proceeding brought pursuant to Title VIII or X of the Act, although the validity and correctness of application of the numeric criteria derived pursuant to Subpart F may be challenged in the proceedings pursuant to subsection (f).

- f) Agency derived criteria may be challenged as follows:
  - A permittee may challenge the validity and correctness of application of a criterion derived by the Agency pursuant to this Section only at the time the criterion is first applied in an NPDES permit pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 309.152 or in an action pursuant to Title VIII of the Act for violation of the toxicity water quality standard. Failure of a person to challenge the validity of a criterion at the time of its first application shall constitute a waiver of the challenge in any subsequent proceeding involving application of the criterion to that person.
  - Consistent with subsection (f)(1), if a criterion is included as, or is used to derive, a condition of an NPDES discharge permit, a permittee may challenge the criterion in a permit appeal pursuant to Section 40 of the Act and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 309.181. In any such action, the Agency shall include in the record all information upon which it has relied in developing and applying the criterion, whether that information was developed by the Agency or submitted by the Petitioner. The burden of proof shall be on the Petitioner to demonstrate that the criterion-based condition is not necessary to accomplish the purposes of subsection (f)(1) (see Section 40(a)(1) of the Act), but there is no presumption in favor of the general validity and correctness of the application of the criterion as reflected in the challenged condition.
  - Consistent with subsection (f)(1), in an action in which alleged violation of the toxicity water quality standard is based on alleged excursion of a criterion, the person bringing the action shall have the burdens of going forward with proof and of persuasion regarding the general validity and correctness of application of the criterion.
- g) Subsections (a) through (e) do not apply to USEPA registered pesticides approved for aquatic application and applied pursuant to the following conditions:
  - 1) Application shall be made in strict accordance with label directions;

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

- 2) Applicator shall be properly certified under the provisions of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (7 USC 135 et seq. (1972)); and
- Applications of aquatic pesticides must be in accordance with the laws, regulations and guidelines of all state and federal agencies authorized by law to regulate, use or supervise pesticide applications.

(Source: Amended at 39 Ill. Reg. \_\_\_\_\_ effective )

## Section 302.412 Total Ammonia Nitrogen

- <u>a)</u> This Section does not apply to the South Fork of the South Branch of the Chicago River (Bubbly Creek).
- b) For the Chicago Area Waterway System and the Lower Des Plaines River described in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 303.204 and listed in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 303.220 through 303.240, total ammonia nitrogen must in no case exceed 15 mg/L.
- c) The total ammonia nitrogen acute, chronic, and sub-chronic standards are determined in accordance with the equations in subsections (c)(1) and (c)(2).

  Attainment of each standard must be determined in accordance with subsections (d) and (e) in mg/L.
  - 1) The acute standard (AS) is calculated using the following equation:

$$AS = \frac{0.411}{1 + 10^{7.204 \text{-pH}}} + \frac{58.4}{1 + 10^{\text{pH-}7.204}}$$

- 2) The chronic standard (CS) is calculated using the following equations:
  - A) During the Early Life Stage Present period, as defined in subsection (f):
    - i) When water temperature is less than or equal to 14.51°C:

$$\underline{CS = \left\{ \frac{0.0577}{1 + 10^{7.688 - pH}} + \frac{2.487}{1 + 10^{pH - 7.688}} \right\} (2.85)}$$

ii) When water temperature is above 14.51°C:

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

$$CS = \left\{ \frac{0.0577}{1 + 10^{7.688 - pH}} + \frac{2.487}{1 + 10^{pH - 7.688}} \right\} \left( 1.45 * 10^{0.028*(25 - T)} \right)$$

where:

<u>T</u> = <u>Water Temperature, degrees Celsius</u>

- B) During the Early Life Stage Absent period, as defined in subsection (f):
  - i) When water temperature is less than or equal to 7°C:

$$CS = \left\{ \frac{0.0577}{1 + 10^{7.688 - \text{pH}}} + \frac{2.487}{1 + 10^{\text{pH} - 7.688}} \right\} (1.45 * 10^{0.504})$$

ii) When water temperature is greater than 7°C:

$$CS = \left\{ \frac{0.0577}{1 + 10^{7.688 - pH}} + \frac{2.487}{1 + 10^{pH - 7.688}} \right\} (1.45 * 10^{0.028(25 - T)})$$

Where:

 $\underline{T} \equiv \underline{\text{Water Temperature, degrees Celsius}}$ 

- 3) The sub-chronic standard is equal to 2.5 times the chronic standard.
- d) Attainment of the Total Ammonia Nitrogen Water Quality Standards
  - The acute standard for total ammonia nitrogen (in mg/L) must not be exceeded at any time except in those waters for which the Agency has approved a ZID pursuant to Section 302.102 of this Part.
  - The 30-day average concentration of total ammonia nitrogen (in mg/L) must not exceed the chronic standard (CS) except in those waters in which mixing is allowed pursuant to Section 302.102 of this Part. Attainment of the chronic standard (CS) is determined in accordance with subsection (e) of this Section by averaging at least four samples collected at weekly intervals or at other sampling intervals that statistically represent a 30-day

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

sampling period. The samples must be collected in a manner that assures a representative sampling period.

- The 4-day average concentration of total ammonia nitrogen (in mg/L) must not exceed the sub-chronic standard except in those waters in which mixing is allowed pursuant to Section 302.102 of this Part. Attainment of the sub-chronic standard is determined in accordance with subsection (e) by averaging daily sample results collected over a period of four consecutive days within the 30-day averaging period. The samples must be collected in a manner that assures a representative sampling period.
- The water quality standard for each water body must be calculated based on the temperature and pH of the water body measured at the time of each ammonia sample. The concentration of total ammonia in each sample must be divided by the calculated water quality standard for the sample to determine a quotient. The water quality standard is attained if the mean of the sample quotients is less than or equal to one for the duration of the averaging period.
- f) The Early Life Stage Present period occurs from March through October. All other periods are subject to the Early Life Stage Absent period, except that waters listed in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 303.240 are not subject to Early Life Stage Present ammonia limits at any time.

BOARD NOTE: Acute and chronic standard concentrations for total ammonia nitrogen (in mg/L) for different combinations of pH and temperature are shown in Appendix C.

(Source:	Added at 3	9 III. Reg.	effective

SUBPART F: PROCEDURES FOR DETERMINING WATER QUALITY CRITERIA

## Section 302.601 Scope and Applicability

This Subpart contains the procedures for determining the water quality criteria set forth in Section Sections 302.210(a), (b) and (c) and 302.410(a), (b) and (c).

(	Source:	Amended	at 39	Ill.	Reg.	effect	ive

## Section 302.648 Determining the Human Threshold Criterion

The HTC is calculated according to the equation:

 $HTC = ADI/[W + (F \times BCF)]$ 

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

where:

HTC = Human health protection criterion in milligrams per liter (mg/L);

ADI = Acceptable daily intake of substance in milligrams per day (mg/d) as specified in Section 302.645;

W = Per capita daily water consumption equal to 2 liters per day (L/d) for surface waters at the point of intake of a public or food processing water supply, or equal to 0.01 liters per day (L/d) which represents incidental exposure through contact or ingestion of small volumes of water while swimming or during other recreational activities for areas which are determined to be public access areas pursuant to Section 302.102 (b)(3), or 0.001 liters per day (L/d) for other General Use-waters;

F = Assumed daily fish consumption in the United States equal to 0.020 kilograms per day (kg/d); and

BCF = Aquatic organism Bioconcentration Factor with units of liter per kilogram (L/kg) as derived in Sections 302.660 through 302.666.

(Source: Amended at 39 Ill. Reg. effective )

# Section 302.657 Determining the Human Nonthreshold Criterion

The HNC is calculated according to the equation:

$$HNC = RAI/[W + (F \times BCF)]$$

where:

HN = Human Nonthreshold Protection Criterion in milligrams per liter C (mg/L);

RAI = Risk Associated Intake of a substance in milligrams per day (mg/d) which is associated with a lifetime cancer risk level equal to a ratio of one to 1,000,000 as derived in Section 302.654;

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

- W = Per capita daily water consumption equal to 2 liters per day (L/d) for surface waters at the point of intake of a public or food processing water supply, or equal to 0.01 liters per day (L/d) which represents incidental exposure through contact or ingestion of small volumes of water while swimming or during other recreational activities for areas which are determined to be public access areas pursuant to Section 302.102(b)(3), or 0.001 liters per day (L/d) for other General Usewaters;
- F = Assumed daily fish consumption in the United States equal to 0.020 kilograms per day (kg/d); and
- BCF = Aquatic Life Bioconcentration Factor with units of liter per kilogram (L/kg) as derived in Section 302.663.

(Source:	Amended	at 39	III.	Reg.	effective	•



## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

- 1) Heading of the Part: Water Use Designations and Site-Specific Water Quality Standards
- 2) Code Citation: 35 Ill. Adm. Code 303

3)	Section Numbers:	<u>Proposed Action</u> :
	303.204	Amendment
	303.235	Amendment
	303.240	New Section
	303.449	New Section

- 4) <u>Statutory Authority</u>: Implementing and authorized by Sections 10 and 27 of the Illinois Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/10 and 27].
- 5) Effective Date of Amendment: July 1, 2015
- 6) Does this rulemaking contain an automatic repeal date? No.
- 7) Do these amendments contain incorporations by reference? No
- 8) The text of the adopted amendments is on file in the Board's Chicago office at the James R. Thompson Center, 100 W. Randolph Street, Suite 11-500, and is available there for public inspection.
- 9) <u>Notice of Proposal Published in Illinois Register</u>: October 3, 2014; 38 Ill. Ill. Reg. 19401.
- 10) Has JCAR issued a Statement of Objections to this amendment? No.
- 11) Differences between proposal and final version:

In Section 303.204 delete "aquatic life" replace with "the", and "for the protection of aquatic life as well as the" and add "including the".

In Section 303.240(a), add "," after "species" and before "such"

In Section 303.449 replace "standard" with "standards" and insert "and Total Dissolved Solids" after "chloride", also replace "does" with "do". Add "during the period of December 1 through April 30".

RECEIVED

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

- Have all the changes agreed upon by the agency and JCAR been made as indicated in the agreements letter issued by JCAR? Yes.
- 13) Will these amendments replace emergency amendments currently in effect? No.
- 14) Are there any amendments pending on this Part? No.
- Summary and Purpose of Amendments: For a more detailed description, please see the 15) Board's opinion and order of June 18, 2015, in R08-9(D). The Board is adopting water quality standards for the Chicago Area Waterways System (CAWS) and the Lower Des Plaines River (LDPR) that are necessary to meet the aquatic life uses for those waterways. The Board is adopts standards for many constituents as recommended by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA), with two notable exceptions. The Board finds that the 500 mg/L chloride standard must be adapted for the Chicago Sanitary and Ship Canal (CSSC) from December 1 until April 30. Therefore the Board adopts for the CSSC a numeric standard of 620 mg/L as an acute water quality standard and 990 mg/L as a chronic water quality standard for chloride from December 1 until April 30. The Board also finds that the temperature water quality standards proposed by IEPA as well as those suggested by other participants are not appropriate. Therefore, the Board adopts that the General Use temperature standards apply to the waterways. In addition, the applicability of both the temperature and chloride standards will be delayed until July 1, 2018.
- 16) <u>Information and questions regarding these adopted amendments shall be directed to:</u>

Marie Tipsord Illinois Pollution Control Board 100 W. Randolph Street, Suite 11-500 Chicago, IL 60601

312-814-4925 Marie, Tipsord@illinois.gov

Copies of the Board's opinions and orders may be requested from the Clerk of the Board at the address listed in #8 above or by calling 312-814-3620. Please refer to the docket number, R08-09(D), in your request. The Board's opinions and orders are also available from the Board's website (www.ipcb.state.il.us).

The full text of the Adopted Amendments begins on the next page:

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

# NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

# TITLE 35: ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SUBTITLE C: WATER POLLUTION CHAPTER I: POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

# PART 303 WATER USE DESIGNATIONS AND SITE-SPECIFIC WATER QUALITY STANDARDS

# SUBPART A: GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section	
303.100	Scope and Applicability
303.101	Multiple Designations
303.102	Rulemaking Required (Repealed)
	CANDALDE D. MONGDEGIELO WATER LIGE DEGICNIATIONS
	SUBPART B: NONSPECIFIC WATER USE DESIGNATIONS
Section	
303.200	Scope and Applicability
303.201	General Use Waters
303.202	Public and Food Processing Water Supplies
303.203	Underground Waters
303.204	Chicago Area Waterway System and Lower Des Plaines River Outstanding
	Resource Waters
303.205	Outstanding Resource Waters
303.206	List of Outstanding Resource Waters
303.220	Primary Contact Recreation Waters
303.225	Incidental Contact Recreation Waters
303.227	Non-Contact Recreation Waters and Non-Recreational Waters
303.230	Upper Dresden Island Pool Aquatic Life Use Waters
303.235	Chicago Area Waterway System Aquatic Life Use A Waters and Chicago Area
	Waterway System and Brandon Pool Aquatic Life Use B Waters
303.240	Chicago Area Waterway System and Brandon Pool Aquatic Life Use B Waters
	SUBPART C: SPECIFIC USE DESIGNATIONS AND SITE
	SPECIFIC WATER QUALITY STANDARDS
	of Leff to Willer Quillit of the Diff.
Section	
303.300	Scope and Applicability
303.301	Organization
303.311	Ohio River Temperature
JUJIJII	One ferrer remperature

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

303.312	Waters Receiving Fluorspar Mine Drainage (Repealed)
303.321	Wabash River Temperature
303.322	Unnamed Tributary of the Vermilion River
303.323	Sugar Creek and Its Unnamed Tributary
303.326	Unnamed Tributary of Salt Creek, Salt Creek, and Little Wabash River
303.331	Mississippi River North Temperature
303.341	Mississippi River North Central Temperature
303.351	Mississippi River South Central Temperature
303.352	Unnamed Tributary of Wood River Creek
303.353	Schoenberger Creek; Unnamed Tributary of Cahokia Canal
303.361	Mississippi River South Temperature
303.400	Bankline Disposal Along the Illinois Waterway/River
303.430	Unnamed Tributary to Dutch Creek
303.431	Long Point Slough and Its Unnamed Tributary
303.441	Secondary Contact Waters (Repealed)
303.442	Waters Not Designated for Public Water Supply
303.443	Lake Michigan Basin
303.444	Salt Creek, Higgins Creek, West Branch of the DuPage River, Des Plaines River
303.445	Total Dissolved Solids Water Quality Standard for the Lower Des Plaines River
303.446	Boron Water Quality Standard for Segments of the Sangamon River and the
	Illinois River
303.447	Unnamed Tributary of the South Branch Edwards River and South Branch
	Edwards River
303.448	Mud Run Creek
<u>303.449</u>	Chicago Sanitary and Ship Canal

#### SUBPART D: THERMAL DISCHARGES

Section 303.500 303.502	_	and Applicability Sangchris Thermal Discharges
303.APPEND 303.APPEND		References to Previous Rules Sources of Codified Sections

AUTHORITY: Implementing Section 13 and authorized by Sections 11(b) and 27 of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/13, 11(b) and 27].

SOURCE: Filed with the Secretary of State January 1, 1978; amended at 2 Ill. Reg. 27, p. 221, effective July 5, 1978; amended at 3 Ill. Reg. 20, p. 95, effective May 17, 1979; amended at 5 Ill.

# NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

Reg. 11592, effective October 19, 1981; codified at 6 Ill. Reg. 7818; amended at 6 Ill. Reg. 11161, effective September 7, 1982; amended at 7 Ill. Reg. 8111, effective June 23, 1983; amended in R87-27 at 12 Ill. Reg. 9917, effective May 27, 1988; amended in R87-2 at 13 Ill. Reg. 15649, effective September 22, 1989; amended in R87-36 at 14 III. Reg. 9460, effective May 31, 1990; amended in R86-14 at 14 III. Reg. 20724, effective December 18, 1990; amended in R89-14(C) at 16 Ill. Reg. 14684, effective September 10, 1992; amended in R92-17 at 18 Ill. Reg. 2981, effective February 14, 1994; amended in R91-23 at 18 Ill. Reg. 13457, effective August 19, 1994; amended in R93-13 at 19 Ill. Reg. 1310, effective January 30, 1995; amended in R95-14 at 20 III. Reg. 3534, effective February 8, 1996; amended in R97-25 at 22 III. Reg. 1403, effective December 24, 1997; amended in R01-13 at 26 Ill. Reg. 3517, effective February 22, 2002; amended in R03-11 at 28 III. Reg. 3071, effective February 4, 2004; amended in R06-24 at 31 Ill. Reg. 4440, effective February 27, 2007; amended in R09-8 at 33 Ill. Reg. 7903, effective May 29, 2009; amended in R09-11 at 33 Ill. Reg. 12258, effective August 11, 2009; amended in R08-9(A) at 35 Ill. Reg. 15078, effective August 23, 2011; amended in R11-18 at 36 III. Reg. 18898, effective December 12, 2012; amended in R08-9(C) at 38 III. Reg. 5517, effective February 13, 2014; amended in R08-09(D) at 39 III. Reg.\_\_\_\_\_, effective

# SUBPART B: NONSPECIFIC WATER USE DESIGNATIONS

# Section 303.204 Chicago Area Waterway System and Lower Des Plaines River<del>Outstanding</del> Resource Waters

The Chicago Area Waterway System and Lower Des Plaines River Waters are designated to protect for primary contact recreation, incidental contact or non-contact recreational uses (except where designated as non-recreational waters), commercial activity (including navigation and industrial water supply uses), and the highest quality aquatic life and wildlife attainable, limited only by the physical condition of these waters and hydrologic modifications to these waters. Except for the Chicago River, these These waters are required to meet the secondary contact and indigenous aquatic life the standards contained in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 302, Subpart D, but are not required to meet the general use standards or the public and food processing water supply standards of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 302, Subpart B and C, except that the waters designated as Primary Contact Recreation Waters in Section 303.220 must meet the numeric water quality standard for fecal coliform bacteria applicable to protected waters in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 302.209. Designated recreational uses and aquatic life use for each segment of the Chicago Area Waterway System and Lower Des Plaines River are identified in this Subpart. The Chicago River must meet the general use standards, including the numeric water quality standard for fecal coliform bacteria applicable to protected waters in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 302.209.

(Source: Amended at 39 Ill. Reg effective	(Source:	ce: Amended	at 39	III.	Reg.	(	effective	
---	----------	-------------	-------	------	------	---	-----------	--

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

# Section 303.235 Chicago Area Waterway System Aquatic Life Use A Waters and Chicago Area Waterway System and Brandon Pool Aquatic Life Use B Waters

- a) Chicago Area Waterways system Aquatic Life Use A Waters
- Waters designated as Chicago Area Waterway System Aquatic Life Use A Waters are capable of maintaining, and shall have quality sufficient to protect, aquatic-life populations predominated by individuals of tolerant and intermediately tolerant types that are adaptive to the unique physical conditions, flow patterns, and operational controls necessary to maintain navigational use, flood control, and drainage functions of the waterway system. Such aquatic life may include, but is not limited to, fish species, such as channel catfish, largemouth bass, bluegill, black crappie, spotfin shiner, orangespotted sunfish, common carp, and goldfish.
- <u>b2</u>) Waters designated as Chicago Area Waterway System Aquatic Life Use A Waters are not capable of attaining an aquatic life use consistent with the section 101(a)(2) of the Clean Water Act goal (33 USC 1251(a)(2)).
- <u>c3</u>) The following waters are designated as Chicago Area Waterway System Aquatic Life Use A Waters and must meet the water quality standards of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 302. Subpart D:
  - 1A) Upper North Shore Channel from Wilmette Pumping Station to North Side Water Reclamation Plant;
  - <u>2B</u>) Lower North Shore Channel from North Side Water Reclamation Plant to confluence with North Branch of the Chicago River;
  - 3C) North Branch of the Chicago River from its confluence with North Shore Channel to its confluence with South Branch of the Chicago River and Chicago River;
  - <u>4D</u>) South Branch of the Chicago River;
  - <u>5</u>E) Calumet-Sag Channel;
  - <u>6F</u>) Calumet River from Lake Michigan to its confluence with Grand Calumet River and Little Calumet River;

- <u>7</u>G) Little Calumet River from its confluence with Calumet River and Grand Calumet River to its confluence with Calumet-Sag Channel;
- 8H) Grand Calumet River;
- 91) Lake Calumet; and
- 10J) Lake Calumet Connecting Channel.
- b) Chicago Area Waterway System and Brandon Pool Aquatic Life Use B Waters
  - Aquatic Life Use B Waters are capable of maintaining, and shall have quality sufficient to protect, aquatic life populations predominated by individuals of tolerant types that are adaptive to unique physical conditions and modifications of long duration, including artificially constructed channels consisting of vertical sheet pile, concrete and rip-rap walls designed to support commercial navigation, flood control, and drainage functions in deep draft, steep walled shipping channels. Such aquatic life may include, but is not limited to, fish species such as common carp, golden shiner, bluntnose minnow, yellow bullhead and green sunfish.
  - 2) Waters designated as Chicago Area Waterway System and Brandon Pool Aquatic Life Use B Waters are not capable of attaining an aquatic life use consistent with the section 101(a)(2) of the Clean Water Act goal (33 USC 1251(a)(2)).
  - The following waters are designated as Chicago Area Waterway System and Brandon Pool Aquatic Life Use B Waters and must meet the water quality standards of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 302. Subpart D:
    - A) Chicago Sanitary and Ship Canal; and
    - B) Lower Des Plaines River from its confluence with Chicago Sanitary and Ship Canal to the Brandon Road Lock and Dam (Brandon Pool).

(Source:	Amended at 39	II1.	Reg.		effective	
----------	---------------	------	------	--	-----------	--

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

# <u>Section 303.240</u> <u>Chicago Area Waterway System and Brandon Pool Aquatic Life Use B</u> <u>Waters</u>

- Waters designated as Chicago Area Waterway System and Brandon Pool Aquatic Life Use B Waters are capable of maintaining, and shall have quality sufficient to protect, aquatic life populations predominated by individuals of tolerant types that are adaptive to unique physical conditions and modifications of long duration, including artificially constructed channels consisting of vertical sheet-pile, concrete and rip-rap walls designed to support commercial navigation, flood control, and drainage functions in deep-draft, steep-walled shipping channels. Such aquatic life may include, but is not limited to, fish species, such as common carp, golden shiner, bluntnose minnow, yellow bullhead and green sunfish.
- b) Waters designated as Chicago Area Waterway System and Brandon Pool Aquatic Life Use B Waters are not capable of attaining an aquatic life use consistent with the section 101(a)(2) of the Clean Water Act goal (33 USC 1251(a)(2)).
- <u>C)</u> The following waters are designated as Chicago Area Waterway System and Brandon Pool Aquatic Life Use B Waters and must meet the water quality standards of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 302. Subpart D:
  - 1) Chicago Sanitary and Ship Canal; and
  - 2) Lower Des Plaines River from its confluence with Chicago Sanitary and Ship Canal to the Brandon Road Lock and Dam (Brandon Pool).

(Source:	Added	at 39	Ill.	Reg.	effective	)
(Doures.					 	

SUBPART C: SPECIFIC USE DESIGNATIONS AND SITE SPECIFIC WATER QUALITY STANDARDS

# Section 303.449 Chicago Sanitary and Ship Canal

The numeric water quality standards for chloride and Total Dissolved Solids set forth at 35 Ill. Adm. Code 302.407(g) do not apply to the Chicago Sanitary and Ship Canal during the period of December 1 through April 30. Chloride levels in these waters must meet the numeric water quality standards for the protection of aquatic organisms of 620 mg/L as a chronic water quality standard and 990 mg/L as an acute water quality standard for chloride during the period of December 1 through April 30.

# POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

# NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENTS

(Source: Added at 39 Ill. Reg. \_\_\_\_\_ effective\_\_\_\_)



# POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

# NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENT

- 1) <u>Heading of the Part</u>: Permits
- 2) <u>Code Citation</u>: 35 Ill. Adm. Code 309
- 3) <u>Section Numbers</u>: <u>Proposed Action</u>: Amendment
- 4) <u>Statutory Authority</u>: Implementing and authorized by Sections 10 and 27 of the Illinois Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/10 and 27].
- 5) <u>Effective Date of Amendment</u>: July 1, 2015
- 6) <u>Does this rulemaking contain an automatic repeal date?</u> No.
- 7) <u>Does this amendment contain incorporations by reference</u>? No
- 8) The text of the adopted amendments is on file in the Board's Chicago office at the James R. Thompson Center, 100 W. Randolph Street, Suite 11-500, and is available there for public inspection.
- 9) <u>Notice of Proposal Published in Illinois Register</u>: October 3, 2014; 38 Ill. Ill. Reg. 19416.
- 10) Has JCAR issued a Statement of Objections to this amendment? No.
- 11) <u>Differences between proposal and final version</u>: No changes were made.
- Have all the changes agreed upon by the agency and JCAR been made as indicated in the agreements letter issued by JCAR? Yes.
- 13) Will this amendment replace emergency amendments currently in effect? No.
- 14) Are there any amendments pending on this Part? No.
- Summary and Purpose of Amendment: For a more detailed description, please see the Board's opinion and order of June 18, 2015, in R08-9(D). The Board is adopting water quality standards for the Chicago Area Waterways System (CAWS) and the Lower Des Plaines River (LDPR) that are necessary to meet the aquatic life uses for those waterways. The Board is adopts standards for many constituents as recommended by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA), with two notable exceptions. The

RECEIVED

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENT

Board finds that the 500 mg/L chloride standard must be adapted for the Chicago Sanitary and Ship Canal (CSSC) from December 1 until April 30. Therefore the Board adopts for the CSSC a numeric standard of 620 mg/L as an acute water quality standard and 990 mg/L as a chronic water quality standard for chloride from December 1 until April 30. The Board also finds that the temperature water quality standards proposed by IEPA as well as those suggested by other participants are not appropriate. Therefore, the Board adopts that the General Use temperature standards apply to the waterways. In addition, the applicability of both the temperature and chloride standards will be delayed until July 1, 2018.

16) Information and questions regarding these adopted amendments shall be directed to:

Marie Tipsord Illinois Pollution Control Board 100 W. Randolph Street, Suite 11-500 Chicago, IL 60601

312-814-4925 Marie.Tipsord@illinois.gov

Copies of the Board's opinions and orders may be requested from the Clerk of the Board at the address listed in #8 above or by calling 312-814-3620. Please refer to the docket number, R08-09(D), in your request. The Board's opinions and orders are also available from the Board's website (www.ipcb.state.il.us).

The full text of the Adopted Amendment begins on the next page:

# POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

# NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENT

TITLE 35: ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SUBTITLE C: WATER POLLUTION CHAPTER I: POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

# PART 309 PERMITS

# SUBPART A: NPDES PERMITS

Section	
309.101	Preamble
309.102	NPDES Permit Required
309.103	Application – General
309.104	Renewal
309.105	Authority to Deny NPDES Permits
309.106	Access to Facilities and Further Information
309.107	Distribution of Applications
309.108	Tentative Determination and Draft Permit
309.109	Public Notice
309.110	Contents of Public Notice of Application
309.111	Combined Notices
309.112	Agency Action After Comment Period
309.113	Fact Sheets
309.114	Notice to Other Governmental Agencies
309.115	Public Hearings on NPDES Permit Applications
309.116	Notice of Agency Hearing
309.117	Agency Hearing
309.118	Agency Hearing File
309.119	Agency Action After Hearing
309.120	Reopening the Record to Receive Additional Written Comment
309.141	Terms and Conditions of NPDES Permits
309.142	Water Quality Standards and Waste Load Allocation
309.143	Effluent Limitations
309.144	Federal New Source Standards of Performance
309.145	Duration of Permits
309.146	Authority to Establish Recording, Reporting, Monitoring and Sampling
	Requirements
309.147	Authority to Apply Entry and Inspection Requirements
309.148	Schedules of Compliance

# POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

309.149	Authority to Require Notice of Introduction of Pollutants into Publicly Owned
	Treatment Works
309.150	Authority to Ensure Compliance by Industrial Users with Sections 204(b), 307
	and 308 of the Clean Water Act
309.151	Maintenance and Equipment
309.152	Toxic Pollutants
309.153	Deep Well Disposal of Pollutants (Repealed)
309.154	Authorization to Construct
309.155	Sewage Sludge Disposal
309.156	Total Dissolved Solids Reporting and Monitoring
309.157	Permit Limits for Total Metals
309.181	Appeal of Final Agency Action on a Permit Application
309.182	Authority to Modify, Suspend or Revoke Permits
309.183	Revision of Schedule of Compliance
309.184	Permit Modification Pursuant to Variance
309.185	Public Access to Information
309.191	Effective Date
	SUBPART B: OTHER PERMITS
Section	
309.201	Preamble
309.202	Construction Permits
309.203	Operating Permits; New or Modified Sources
309.204	Operating Permits; Existing Sources
309.205	Joint Construction and Operating Permits
309.206	Experimental Permits
309.207	Former Permits (Repealed)
309.208	Permits for Sites Receiving Sludge for Land Application
309.221	Applications – Contents
309.222	Applications – Signatures and Authorizations
309.223	Applications – Registered or Certified Mail
309.224	Applications – Time to Apply
309.225	Applications – Filing and Final Action By Agency
309.241	Standards for Issuance
309.242	Duration of Permits Issued Under Subpart B
309.243	Conditions
309.244	Appeals from Conditions in Permits
309.261	Permit No Defense
309.262	Design, Operation and Maintenance Criteria
309.263	Modification of Permits

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

#### NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENT

309.264	Permit Revocation
309.265	Approval of Federal Permits
309.266	Procedures
309.281	Effective Date
309.282	Severability

## 309.APPENDIX A References to Previous Rules

AUTHORITY: Implementing Sections 13 and 13.3 and authorized by Section 27 of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/13, 13.3 and 27].

SOURCE: Adopted in R71-14, at 4 PCB 3, March 7, 1972; amended in R73-11, 12, at 14 PCB 661, December 5, 1974, at 16 PCB 511, April 24, 1975, and at 28 PCB 509, December 20, 1977; amended in R73-11, 12, at 29 PCB 477, at 2 Ill. Reg. 16, p. 20, effective April 20, 1978; amended in R79-13, at 39 PCB 263, at 4 Ill. Reg. 34, p. 159, effective August 7, 1980; amended in R77-12B, at 41 PCB 369, at 5 Ill. Reg. 6384, effective May 28, 1981; amended in R76-21, at 44 PCB 203, at 6 Ill. Reg. 563, effective December 24, 1981; codified at 6 Ill. Reg. 7818; amended in R82-5, 10, at 54 PCB 411, at 8 Ill. Reg. 1612, effective January 18, 1984; amended in R86-44 at 12 Ill. Reg. 2495, effective January 13, 1988; amended in R88-1 at 13 Ill. Reg. 5993, effective April 18, 1989; amended in R88-21(A) at 14 Ill. Reg. 2892, effective February 13, 1990; amended in R91-5 at 16 Ill. Reg. 7339, effective April 27, 1992; amended in R95-22 at 20 Ill. Reg. 5526, effective April 1, 1996; amended in R99-8 at 23 Ill. Reg. 11287, effective August 26, 1999; amended in R02-11 at 27 Ill. Reg. 202, effective December 20, 2002; amended in R03-19 at 28 Ill. Reg. 7310, effective May 7, 2004; amended in R07-9 at 32 Ill. Reg. 14995, effective September 8, 2008; amended in R08-09(D) at 39 Ill. Reg. \_\_\_\_\_\_, effective \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

# SUBPART A NPDES PERMITS

# Section 309.141 Terms and Conditions of NPDES Permits

In establishing the terms and conditions of each issued NPDES Permit, the Agency shall apply and ensure compliance with all of the following, whenever applicable:

- a) Effluent limitations under Sections sections 301 and 302 of the CWA;
- b) Standards of performance for new sources under Section 306 of the CWA;
- c) Effluent standards, effluent prohibitions, and pretreatment standards under Section\_section\_307 of the CWA;
- d) Any more stringent limitation, including those:

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

- necessary to meet water quality standards, treatment standards, or schedules of compliance, established pursuant to any Illinois statute or regulation (under authority preserved by Section section 510 of the CWA),
- 2) necessary to meet any other federal law or regulation, or
- required to implement any applicable water quality standards, such limitations to include any legally applicable requirements necessary to implement total maximum daily loads established pursuant to Section section 303(d) of the CWA and incorporated in the continuing planning process approved under Section section 303(e) of the CWA and any regulations or guidelines issued pursuant theretoto that statute;
- e) Any more stringent legally applicable requirements necessary to comply with a plan approved pursuant to Section 208(b) of the CWA;
- Prior to promulgation by the Administrator of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency of applicable effluent standards and limitations pursuant to Sections sections 301, 302, 306 and 307 of the CWA, such conditions as the Agency determines are necessary to carry out the provisions of the CWA;
- g) If the NPDES Permit is for the discharge of pollutants into navigable waters from a vessel or other floating craft (except that no NPDES Permit shall be issued for the discharge of pollutants from a vessel or other floating craft into Lake Michigan), any applicable regulations promulgated by the Secretary of the Department in which the Coast Guard is operating, establishing specifications for safe transportation, handling, carriage, storage and stowage of pollutants; and
- h) If the NPDES Permit is for the discharge of pollutants from other than wet weather point sources into the Lake Michigan Basin as defined at 35 Ill. Adm. Code 303.443:
  - Total Maximum Daily Loads (TMDLs) and Waste Load Allocation (WLA) will be established through either the LaMP or a RAP for an Area of Concern. If a LaMP or RAP has not been completed and adopted, effluent limits shall be established consistent with the other provisions of this Section, including, but not limited to, Additivity, Intake Pollutants, Loading Limits, Level of Detection/Level of Quantification and Compliance Schedules. When calculation of TMDLs or a WLA is incomplete and it is expected that limits established through other

# NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENT

provisions will be superseded upon completion of the TMDL or WLA process, those limits shall be identified as interim and the permit shall include a reopener clause triggered by completion of a TMDL or WLA determination. Any new limits brought about through exercise of the reopener clause shall be eligible for delayed compliance dates and compliance schedules consistent with Section 39(b) of the Act [415 ILCS 5/39(b)], Section 35 Ill. Adm. Code 309.148 of this Part, and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 352.Subpart H.

- 2) 35 Ill. Adm. Code 302.590 establishes an acceptable additive risk level of one in 100,000 (10<sup>5</sup>) for establishing Tier I criteria and Tier II values for combinations of substances exhibiting a carcinogenic or other nonthreshold toxic mechanism. For those discharges containing multiple nonthreshold substances application of this additive standard shall be consistent with this subsection (h).
  - A) For discharges in the Lake Michigan Basin containing one or more 2,3,7,8-substituted chlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxins or 2,3,7,8-substituted dibenzofurans, the tetrachloro dibenzo-p-dioxin 2,3,7,8-TCDD toxicity equivalence concentration (TEC<sub>TCDD</sub>) shall be determined as outlined in subsection (h)(2)(B).
  - B) The values listed in the following Table shall be used to determine the 2,3,7,8-TCDD toxicity equivalence concentrations using the following equation:

$$(TEC)_{TCDD} = \sum (C)_x (TEF)_x (BEF)_x$$

#### WHERE:

(TEC)<sub>TCDD</sub>= 2,3,7,8-TCDD toxicity equivalence concentration in effluent (C)<sub>x</sub> = Concentration of total chemical x in effluent (TEF)<sub>x</sub> = TCDD toxicity equivalency factor for x (BEF)<sub>x</sub> = TCDD bioaccumulation equivalency factor for x

**TABLE** 

Congener TEF BEF

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

1,2,3,7,8-PeCDD	2,3,7,8-TCDD	1.0	1.0
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDD		0.5	0.9
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDD		0.1	0.3
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD		0.1	0.1
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDD       0.01       0.0         OCDD       0.001       0.0         2,3,7,8-TCDF       0.1       0.8         1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF       0.05       0.2         2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF       0.5       1.6         1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF       0.1       0.0         1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF       0.1       0.2         2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF       0.1       0.7         1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF       0.1       0.6         1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF       0.01       0.0         1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF       0.01       0.4		0.1	0.1
OCDD       0.001       0.0         2,3,7,8-TCDF       0.1       0.8         1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF       0.05       0.2         2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF       0.5       1.6         1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF       0.1       0.0         1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF       0.1       0.2         2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF       0.1       0.7         1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF       0.1       0.6         1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF       0.01       0.0         1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF       0.01       0.4	1.2.3.4.6.7.8-HpCDD	0.01	0.0
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF 0.05 0.2 2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF 0.5 1.6 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF 0.1 0.0 1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF 0.1 0.2 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF 0.1 0.7 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF 0.1 0.6 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF 0.01 0.0 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF 0.01 0.4		0.001	0.0
1,2,3,7,8-PeCDF       0.05       0.2         2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF       0.5       1.6         1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF       0.1       0.0         1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF       0.1       0.2         2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF       0.1       0.7         1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF       0.1       0.6         1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF       0.01       0.0         1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF       0.01       0.4	2.3.7.8-TCDF	0.1	0.8
2,3,4,7,8-PeCDF       0.5       1.6         1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF       0.1       0.0         1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF       0.1       0.2         2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF       0.1       0.7         1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF       0.1       0.6         1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF       0.01       0.0         1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF       0.01       0.4		0.05	0.2
1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF       0.1       0.0         1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF       0.1       0.2         2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF       0.1       0.7         1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF       0.1       0.6         1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF       0.01       0.0         1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF       0.01       0.4		0.5	1.6
1,2,3,6,7,8-HxCDF 0.1 0.2 2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF 0.1 0.7 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF 0.1 0.6 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF 0.01 0.0 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF 0.01 0.4		0.1	0.0
2,3,4,6,7,8-HxCDF       0.1       0.7         1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF       0.1       0.6         1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF       0.01       0.0         1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF       0.01       0.4		0.1	0.2
1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDF 0.1 0.6 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF 0.01 0.0 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF 0.01 0.4		0.1	0.7
1,2,3,4,6,7,8-HpCDF 0.01 0.0 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF 0.01 0.4		0.1	0.6
1,2,3,4,7,8,9-HpCDF 0.01 0.4		0.01	0.0
		0.01	0.4
OCDF 0.001 0.0	OCDF	0.001	0.0

- C) Any combination of carcinogenic or otherwise nonthreshold toxic substances shall be assessed on a case-by-case basis. The Agency shall only consider such additivity for chemicals that exhibit the same type of effect and the same mechanism of toxicity, based on available scientific information that supports a reasonable assumption of additive effects.
- 3) Reasonable potential to exceed.
  - The first step in determining if a reasonable potential to exceed the A) water quality standard exists for any particular pollutant parameter is the estimation of the maximum expected effluent concentration for that substance. That estimation will be completed for both acute and chronic exposure periods and is termed the PEQ. The PEQ shall be derived from representative facility-specific data to reflect a 95 percent confidence level for the 95th percentile value. These data will be presumed to adhere to a lognormal distribution pattern unless the actual effluent data demonstrates a different distribution pattern. If facility-specific data in excess of 10 data values is available, a coefficient of variation that is the ratio of the standard deviation to the arithmetic average shall be calculated by the Agency. The PEQ is derived as the upper bound of a 95 percent confidence bracket around the 95th percentile value through a multiplier from the following table applied to the maximum value

# NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENT

in the data set that has its quality assured consistent with 35 Ill. Adm. Code 352.410 as appropriate for acute and chronic data sets.

PEQ = (maximum data point)(statistical multiplier)

# Coefficient of Variation

No.	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3
Samples				• -	4.77	6.2	0.0	10.1	12.6	15.5	18.7	22.3	26.4
1	1.4	1.9	2.6	3.6	4.7	6.2	8.0	10.1 5.4	6.4	7.4	8.5	9.7	10.9
2	1.3	1.6	2.0	2.5	3.1	3.8	4.6	3. <del>4</del> 4.0	4.6	5.2	5.8	6.5	7.2
3	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.1	2.5	3.0	3.5	3.3	3.7	4.2	4.6	5.0	5.5
4	1.2	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.2	2.6	2.9	2.9	3.7	3.6	3.9	4.2	4.5
5	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.3	2.6	2.6	2.9	3.1	3.4	3.7	3.9
6	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.4	2.4	2.6	2.8	3.1	3.3	3.5
7	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.6	2.8	3.0	3.2
8	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.1 2.0	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.6	2.8	2.9
9	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.8	2.0 1.9	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.6	2.7
10	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.9	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5
11	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4
12	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3
13	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6		1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.2
14	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1
15	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.0
16	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.9
17	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.9
18	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.8
19	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5		1.5	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7
20	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4
30	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3		1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
40	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
50	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1		1.0	1.0	1.0
60 or	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
greater													

i) If the PEQ is less than or equal to the water quality standard, there is no reasonable potential and no limit will be established in the permit.

#### POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

- ii) If the PEQ is more than the water quality standard, the Agency will proceed to consideration of dilution and mixing pursuant to subsection (h)(4).
- B) If facility-specific data of 10 or less data values is available, an alternative PEQ shall be derived using the table in subsection (h)(3)(A) assuming a coefficient of variation of 0.6, applied to the maximum value in the data set that has its quality assured consistent with 35 Ill. Adm. Code 352.410.
  - i) If the PEQ is less than or equal to the water quality standard, there is no reasonable potential and no limit will be established in the permit.
  - ii) If the PEQ exceeds the water quality standard, an alternative PEQ will be calculated using the maximum value in the data set and a multiplier of 1.4. If the alternative PEQ also exceeds the water quality standard, the Agency will proceed to consider dilution and mixing pursuant to subsection (h)(4).
  - iii) If the PEQ exceeds the water quality standard but the alternative PEQ is less than or equal to the standard, the Agency will either proceed to consider dilution and mixing pursuant to subsection (h)(4), or will incorporate a monitoring requirement and reopener clause to reassess the potential to exceed within a specified time schedule, not to exceed one year. In determining which of these options to use in any individual application, the Agency shall consider the operational and economic impacts on the permittee and the effect, if any, deferral of a final decision would have on an ultimate compliance schedule if a permit limit were subsequently determined to be necessary.
- C) The Agency shall compare monthly average effluent data values, when available, with chronic aquatic life, human health and wildlife standards to evaluate the need for monthly average water quality based effluent limitations (WQBELs). The Agency shall use daily effluent data values to determine whether a potential exists to exceed acute aquatic life water quality standards.

# POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

- D) The Agency may apply other scientifically defensible statistical methods for calculating PEQ for use in the reasonable potential analysis as provided for in Procedure 5.b.2 of Appendix appendix F to 40 CFR 132, incorporated by reference at 35 Ill. Adm. Code 301.106.
- E) Regardless of the statistical procedure used, if the PEQ for the parameter is less than or equal to the water quality standard for that parameter, the Agency shall deem the discharge not to have a reasonable potential to exceed, and a WQBEL shall not be required unless otherwise required under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 352.430.
- 4) If the PEQ for a parameter is greater than the particular water quality standard, criteria or value for that parameter, the Agency will assess the level of treatment being provided by the discharger. If the discharger is providing (or will be providing) a level of treatment consistent with the best degree of treatment required by 35 III. Adm. Code 304.102(a), the PEQ derived under subsection (h)(3) shall be compared to a preliminary effluent limitation (PEL) determined by applying an appropriate mixing zone or a default mixing zone to the discharge. Mixing opportunity and dilution credit will be considered as follows:
  - A) Discharges to tributaries of the Lake Michigan Basin shall be considered to have no available dilution for either acute or chronic exposures, and the PEL will be set equivalent to the water quality standard unless dilution is documented through a mixing zone study.
  - B) Bioaccumulative chemicals of concern (BCCs):
    - i) No mixing shall be allowed for new discharges of BCCs commencing on or after December 24, 1997. The PEL will be set equivalent to the water quality standard.
    - ii) Mixing shall be allowed for discharges of BCCs which that existed as of December 24, 1997 in accordance with the requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 302.530.
  - C) Direct discharges to the Open Waters of Lake Michigan shall have a default mixing allowance of 2:1 for acute standards, criteria or

# NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENT

values and 10:1 for chronic standards, criteria or values if the discharge configuration indicates that the effluent readily and rapidly mixes with the receiving waters. If ready and rapid mixing is in doubt the Agency shall deny any default dilution or mixing allowance and require a mixing or dispersion study to determine the proper dilution allowance. If the discharger applies for more than the default dilution or mixing allowance, it must submit a mixing or dispersion study to justify its request. Whenever a mixing or dispersion study is available, it shall be used to determine dilution or mixing allowance in lieu of the default allowance.

- 5) Preliminary effluent limitations calculations.
  - A) The preliminary effluent limitation (PEL) is calculated in a simple mass balance approach reflecting the dilution allowance established in subsection (h)(4):

$$WQS = [(Qe)(PEL) + (Qd)(Cd)] / [Qe + Qd] \text{ or } PEL = [WQS(Qe + Qd) - (Qd)(Cd)] / Qe$$

#### WHERE:

WQS = applicable water quality standard, criteria or

value

Qe = effluent flowrate

Od = allowable dilution flowrate

Cd = background pollutant concentration in dilution

water

- B) The representative background concentration of pollutants to develop TMDLs and WLAs calculated in the absence of a TMDL shall be established as follows:
  - i) "Background" represents all pollutant loadings, specifically loadings that flow from upstream waters into the specified watershed, water body, or water body segment for which a TMDL or WLA in the absence of a TMDL is being developed and enter the specified watershed, water body, or

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

# NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENT

water body segment through atmospheric deposition, chemical reaction, or sediment release or resuspension.

- when determining what available data are acceptable for use in calculating background, the Agency shall use its best professional judgment, including consideration of the sampling location and the reliability of the data through comparison, in part, to detection and quantification levels. When data in more than 1 of the data sets or categories described in subsection (h)(5)(B)(iii) exists, best professional judgment shall be used to select the data that most accurately reflects or estimates background concentrations. Pollutant degradation and transport information may be considered when using pollutant loading data to estimate a water column concentration.
- iii) The representative background concentration for a pollutant in the specified watershed, water body, or water body segment shall be established on a case-by-case basis as the geometric mean of: acceptable water column data; water column concentrations estimated through use of acceptable caged or resident fish tissue data; or water column concentrations estimated through the use of acceptable or projected pollutant loading data. When determining the geometric mean of the data for a pollutant that includes values both above and below the detection level, commonly accepted statistical techniques shall be used to evaluate the data. If all of the acceptable data in a data set are below the detection level for a pollutant, then all the data for the pollutant in that data set shall be assumed to be zero.
- 6) Water quality based effluent limitations.
  - A) If the PEQ is less than or equal to the PEL, it will be concluded that there is no reasonable potential to exceed. Under such circumstances a permit limit for that contaminant will not be set unless otherwise justified under one or more provisions of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 352.430.
  - B) If the PEQ is equal to or greater than the PEL, and the PEQ was calculated using a data set of more than 10 values, a WQBEL will

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

## NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENT

be included in the permit. If the PEQ was calculated using a data set of less than or equal to 10 values, and the alternative PEQ calculated under subsection (h)(3) (B) also exceeds the PEL, a WQBEL will be included in the permit.

- If the PEQ was calculated using a data set of less than or equal to 10 values, and the PEQ is greater than the PEL but the alternative PEQ is less than the PEL, the Agency will either establish a WQBEL in the permit or incorporate a monitoring requirement and reopener clause to reassess potential to exceed within a specified time schedule, not to exceed one year. In determining which of these options to use in any individual application, the Agency shall consider the operational and economic impacts on the permittee and the effect, if any, deferral of a final decision would have on an ultimate compliance schedule if a permit limit were subsequently determined to be necessary.
- D) The WQBEL will be set at the PEL, unless the PEL is appropriately modified to reflect credit for intake pollutants when the discharged water originates in the same water body to which it is being discharged. Consideration of intake credit will be limited to the provisions of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 352.425.
- E) The reasonable potential analysis shall be completed separately for acute and chronic aquatic life effects. When WQBELs are based on acute impacts, the limit will be expressed as a daily maximum. When the WQBEL is based on chronic effects, the limit will be expressed as a monthly average. Human health and wildlife based WQBELs will be expressed as monthly averages. If circumstances warrant, the Agency shall consider alternatives to daily and monthly limits.
- i) Best management practices (BMPs) to control or abate the discharge of chloride when:
  - 1) Authorized under section 402(p) of the CWA for the control of storm water discharges;
  - 2) Numeric effluent limitations are infeasible; or

## POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

# NOTICE OF ADOPTED AMENDMENT

The practices are reasonably necessary to achieve effluent limitations and standards or to carry out the purposes and intent of the CWA.

(Source: Amended at 39 Ill. Reg. \_\_\_\_\_ effective\_\_\_\_)