1	BEFORE THE ILLINOIS POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD
2	OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS
3	
4	IN THE MATTER OF: )
5	PROPOSED MTBE GROUNDWATER ) R01-14
6	QUALITY STANDARDS AMENDMENTS: ) (Rulemaking - Water) 35 ILL. ADM. CODE 620 )
7	
8	
9	
10	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS held in the
11	hearing of the above-entitled matter, taken
12	stenographically by MARY ELLEN KUSIBAB, CSR,
13	before HEARING OFFICER JOEL J. STERNSTEIN, at
14	100 West Randolph Street, Room 8-033, Chicago,
15	Illinois, on the 5th day of April, A.D., 2001,
16	at 1:40 p.m.
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21	
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23	
24	

1	APPEARANCES:
2	
3	HEARING TAKEN BEFORE:
4	
5	Illinois Pollution Control Board,
6	100 West Randolph Street Suite 11-500
7	Chicago, Illinois 60601 (312) 814-4825
8	BY: MR. JOEL J. STERNSTEIN
9	
10	ILLINOIS POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD MEMBERS
11	Mr. Nicholas J. Melas
12	Ms. Elena Kezelis Ms. Marili McFawn Mr. Anand Rao
13	Mr. Anand Rao
14	
15	THE ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
16	Mr. Stephen C. Ewart, Deputy Counsel Mr. Richard Cobb, P.G.
17	(Illinois Environmental Protection Agency) 1021 North Grand Avenue East
18	P.O. Box 19276 Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276
19	Phone: (217) 782-5544
20	
21	
22	
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24	

1 EXHIBITS

2			
	EXHIBIT NO.	MARKED FOR I.D.	ADMITTED
3			
	No. 2	11	11
4	No. 3	12	12
	No. 4	12	12
5	No. 5	13	13
	No. 6	14	14
6	No. 7	14	14
	No. 8	15	15
7	No. 9	16	16
	No. 10	16	16
8	No. 11	17	17
	No. 12	46	46
9	No. 13	47	47

1	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Let's g
2	on the record.
3	Good afternoon. My name is Joel
4	Sternstein. I've been appointed by the
5	Illinois Pollution Control Board to serve as
6	hearing officer in this proceeding, which is
7	entitled, In the Matter of Proposed MTBE
8	Groundwater Quality Standards Amendments, 35
9	Illinois Administrative Code 620. The
10	docketing number for this rulemaking is R 0114
11	Sitting to my right is Nicholas
12	Melas, the Board Member assigned to this
13	matter.
14	BOARD MEMBER MELAS: Hello.
15	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Also
16	present today to Board Member Melas's right is
17	Board Member Elena Kezelis.
18	BOARD MEMBER KEZELIS: Good
19	afternoon.
20	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: To my
21	left is a member of our technical unit, Anand
22	Rao.
23	MR. RAO: Good afternoon.

HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: And to

1	to Mr. Rao's left is Board Member Marili
2	McFawn.
3	For the record, today's date is April
4	5th, 2001, and it is approximately is 1:40 p.m.
5	This is a rulemaking subject to the
6	Board's Procedural Rules, and, therefore, all
7	relevant, nonrepetitious and nonprivileged
8	testimony will be heard at this, the second
9	hearing of this proceeding. The first hearing
10	was held on March 1st, at the Board's
11	Springfield offices.
12	The Illinois Environmental Protection
13	Agency filed this matter on September 1st,
14	2000. On September 7th, 2000, the Board
15	accepted this matter for hearing.
16	At the table at the south end of the
17	room are copies of the current notice and
18	service lists. Also on that table, you'll find
19	copies of the Board's Accept for Hearing Order
20	in this matter, dated September 7th, 2000, and
21	copies of the hearing officer order, dated
22	January 29th, 2001.
23	The Agency has submitted copies an
24	Italian article which was discussed at the

1	first hearing; also a cost comparison summary
2	prepared by Mike Curry, P.E.; copies of the
3	materials submitted by Professor Curtis at the
4	first hearing are also on that table; and
5	copies of Exhibit 1, which was admitted at the
6	first hearing are also on the table.
7	The purpose of today's hearing is
8	twofold. First, we will address the economic
9	impact statement for ECIS for this Rule.
10	Pursuant to Section 27(b) of the Illinois
11	Environmental Protection Act, the Board is
12	required to request the Department of Commerce
13	and Community Affairs, or DCCA, to conduct an
14	ECIS on certain proposed rules prior to the
15	adoption of those rules. If DCCA chooses to
16	conduct the ECIS, DCCA has 30 to 45 days after
17	such request to produce a study of the proposed
18	rules. The Board must make the ECIS to DCCA's
19	explanation for not conducting the ECIS
20	available to the public at least 20 days before
21	public hearing on the economic impact of the
22	proposed rules.
23	In accordance with Section 27(b) of

the Act, on January 24th, 2001, the Board

1	requested that DCCA conduct an ECIS for Docket
2	R01-14. In the request, the Board stated that
3	if it did not receive a reply from DCCA within
4	10 days, it would rely on a March 10th, 2000
5	letter from DCCA. That March 10th, 2000 DCCA
6	letter notified the Board that DCCA lacked the
7	technical and financial resources to respond to
8	any rulemakings. The Board did not receive a
9	reply from DCCA within the 10-day period.
10	Accordingly, the Board relies on the March
11	10th, 2000 DCCA letter as an explanation for no
12	ECIS being submitted for Docket R01-14.
13	Section 27(b) of the Act also
14	requires the Board to have a hearing on either
15	the ECIS or DCCA's explanation not to perform
16	the ECIS. Thus pursuant to the hearing officer
17	order in this matter, dated January 29th, 2001,
18	we will hear the testimony from anyone who
19	wishes to comment on DCCA's decision not to
20	conduct an ECIS for R01-14.
21	Then, on the prefile testimony, the
22	Agency's prefile testimony was entered into the
23	record at the first hearing as Exhibit 1. I'm

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	8
1	testimony again, but I'm sure they'd be glad to
2	if so requested.
3	We have one item of prefile testimony
4	that was submitted for the hearing today, and
5	that is the testimony of Professor Craig
6	Curtis, JD, Ph.D. Since Professor Curtis is not
7	here today to deliver his testimony in person,
8	we'll be admitting that as a public comment.
9	A couple of items about decorum:
10	Anybody who testifies will be sworn in by the
11	court reporter. I just ask that you speak one
12	at a time. If you're speaking over each other,
13	the court reporter will not be able to get your
14	questions on the record. And when answering
15	questions, please be sure to say yes or no
16	instead of nodding or shaking your head. And,
17	also, if everyone could just make sure that
18	their beepers and cell phones are turned off.
19	Mr. Melas, is there anything else
20	you'd like to add?
21	BOARD MEMBER MELAS: It's nice to
22	have you up here today.

HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: First of

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	9
1	comment on DCCA's decision not to perform an
2	ECIS in this matter?
3	(No response from the
4	Hearing Participants.)
5	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Seeing
6	no one, we will proceed with the Agency's
7	presentation. Before we proceed with the
8	Agency, I'd just like to mention for the record
9	that we do have one member of the Public here
10	today, and he is Matthew E. Cohn, and he is
11	with the firm of Arladis, Geraghty & Miller.
12	At this point, I will turn it over to
13	Mr. Ewart with the Agency, so that the Agency
14	can make their presentation for today.
15	MR. EWART: Thank you, Mr. Hearing
16	Officer.
17	My name is Stephen Ewart. I'm an
18	attorney with the Illinois EPA. And I brought
19	as witnesses for this proceeding to my left,
20	Dr. Thomas Hornshaw, toxicologist with the
21	Illinois EPA; and to my right, Richard Cobb,

who is a geologist and head of the geologist

- 23 section of the Division of Public Water Supply
- of the Illinois EPA. I also, in response to

10 1 requests and for other reasons, we have exhibits to identify and admit to the record -and move to admit to the record. And I have 3 given you seven copies, and I would like to 5 distribute one, of course, to the court 6 reporter. This will be Exhibit 2. 7 8 HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Okay. 9 Well, actually -- can we go off the record for a second? 10 MR. EWART: Sure. 11 12 (Discussion held off the record.) MR. EWART: The first exhibit that I 13 14 would like to identify as Exhibit No. 2 is the Italian article, and it's entitled, 15 16 "Methyl-Tertiary-Butyl Ether (MTBE) -- a 17 Gasoline Additive -- Causes Testicular and 18 Lymphohaematopoietic Cancers in Rats." This is 19 a paper done by Fiorella Belpoggi, Morando Soffritti and Cesare Maltoni. This was 20 21 published in the Toxicology and Industrial 22 Health Journal, Volume 11, No. 2, Pages 119 to

23 149 in 1959 -- 1995. Strike that. In 1995.

24 I would like that identified as

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1	Exhibit No. 2.
2	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: I'll go
3	ahead and officially admit that right now.
4	Are there any objections to the
5	admission of the Belpoggi article as Exhibit
6	No. 2?
7	(No response from the
8	Hearing participants.)
9	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Then
10	that exhibit will be admitted as Exhibit No. 2
11	for Docket R01-14.
12	(Whereupon, said document was marked
13	as Exhibit No. 2, for identification
14	as of 4-5-01, and admitted into
15	evidence.)
16	MR. EWART: For identification is
17	Exhibit No. 3. I have a one-page article
18	entitled, "Cost Comparison Summary Prepared by
19	Mike Curry, P.E., or Professional Engineer.
20	This was part of an East Alden study dated
21	June, 2000.

22		HEARING	G OFFICE	R SI	TERNSTEIN	i: 1	Are
23	there	any object	ions to	the	admissio	n of	the
24	"Cost	Comparison	Summary	r Pre	epared by	Mik	e

12 1 Curry, " as Exhibit 3? 2 (No response from 3 the Hearing participants.) HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: That 4 table is admitted as Exhibit 3. 5 (Whereupon, said document was marked 6 7 as Exhibit No. 3, for identification, as of 4-5-01, and admitted into 9 evidence.) MR. EWART: The next document that I 10 would like to identify as Exhibit No. 4 is a 11 12 one-page document entitled, MTBE Groundwater Clean-up Levels for LUST Sites: Current and 13 Proposed. And this was prepared by Delta 14 15 Environmental Consultants, Inc., dated, 2001. HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: So 16 we'll admit the MTBE Groundwater Clean-up 17 Levels for LUST Sites: Current and Proposed 18 map as Exhibit 4. 19 20 (Whereupon, said document was marked

as Exhibit No. 4, for identification,

22	as of $4-5-01$ , and admitted into
23	evidence.)
24	MR. EWART: Identified at Exhibit
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	13
1	No. 5, a document entitled, "State Drinking
2	Water Regulations and Guidelines for MTBE"
3	and in paren, it's micrograms per liter, or
4	ug/L.
5	This was prepared by U.S. EPA, dated
6	February, 2001.
7	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: If
8	there are no objections, the board will admit
9	the map entitled, State Drinking Water
10	Regulations and Guidelines for MTBE, U.S. EPA,
11	February, 2001, as Exhibit 5.
12	(Whereupon, said document was marked
13	as Exhibit No. 5, for identification,
14	as of 4-5-01, and admitted into
15	evidence.)
16	MR. EWART: Identified as Exhibit
17	No. 6 is a paper done by James E. Landmeyer and
18	others, entitled, "Methyl tert-Butyl Ether
19	Biodegradation by Indigenous Aquifer

20 Microorganisms under Natural and Artificial

Oxic Conditions." This was a paper that was
published in the Environmental Science and
Technology Journal at Volume 35, No. 6, dated
March 15th, 2001.

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1	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: If
2	there are no objections, the Board will admit
3	the Landmeyer article as Exhibit No. 6 for this
4	proceeding.
5	(Whereupon, said document was marked
6	as Exhibit No. 6, for identification
7	as of 4-5-01, and admitted into
8	evidence.)
9	MR. EWART: The other attached
10	article is by Paul M. Bradley and others,
11	entitled, "Widespread Potential for Microbial
12	MTBE Degradation in Surface/Water Sediments,"
13	from the Environmental Science and Technology
14	Journal, Volume 35, No. 4, 2001.
15	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: If
16	there are no objections, the Bradley article
17	that Mr. Ewart just described will be admitted
18	as Exhibit No. 7 in this proceeding.
19	(Whereupon, said document was marked
2.0	as Exhibit No. 7. for identification

22	evidence.)
23	MR. EWART: I have some other posters
24	that we would like to submit as part of this.
	I A DEDODUTNIC (212) 410 0202
	L.A. REPORTING (312) 419-9292
	15
1	This is in reference to the other proposed
2	amendments in this proceeding for
3	specifically for Section 62505 A5. These are
4	posters that the Agency used in proceeding
5	against Stonehedge. It was an enforcement case
6	in McHenry County, Illinois. The first which I
7	would like to identify as the next number,
8	which I believe is 8
9	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: 8.
10	MR. EWART: is a site location for
11	Stonehedge, Wonder Lake, McHenry County,
12	Illinois, and this is basic source of
13	information about the site.
14	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: I'll be
15	marking the site location for Stonehedge,
16	Incorporated, Wonder Lake, McHenry County,
17	Illinois, oversized map as Exhibit No. 8 in
18	this proceeding.
19	(Whereupon, said document was marked

as of 4-5-01, and admitted into

20	as Exhibit No. 8, for identification
21	as of 4-5-01, and admitted into
22	evidence.)
23	MR. EWART: Identified as Exhibit
24	No. 9 are field photographs for Stonehedge,

	16
1	Inc., and adjacent areas in Wonder Lake.
2	Again, this is source information on this case.
3	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: If
4	there's's no objections, I'll admit the
5	oversized map and photographs entitled, Field
6	Photographs for Stonehedge, Incorporated, and
7	Adjacent Areas in Wonder Lake as Exhibit 9.
8	(Whereupon, said document was marked
9	as Exhibit No. 9, for identification,
10	as of 4-5-01, and admitted into
11	evidence.)
12	MR. EWART: Identified as Exhibit 10
13	are the Wonder Lake Aerial Photograph and
14	Private Well Chloride Assessments.
15	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: If
16	there are no objections, I will admit the
17	oversized chart showing charts and a map
18	entitled, Wonder Lake Aerial Photograph and
19	Private Well Chloride Assessment as Exhibit

20	No. 10.
21	(Whereupon, said document was marked
22	as Exhibit No. 10, for identification
23	as of $4-5-01$ , and admitted into
24	evidence.)
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	17
1	MR. EWART: And as identified at
2	Exhibit No. 11 are cross-sections through
3	Stonehedge and Wonder lake area involving this
4	case.
5	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: If
6	there's no objections, I'll be admitting the
7	oversized diagram which show the cross-sections
8	through Stonehedge and Wonder lake area as
9	Exhibit No. 11 in this proceeding.
10	(Whereupon, said document was marked
11	as Exhibit No. 11, for identification
12	as of 4-5-01, and admitted into
13	evidence.)
14	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Mr.
15	Ewart, does the Agency have any other exhibits
16	to admit?
17	MR. EWART: Not at this time,
18	Mr. Hearing Officer.

19	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Not at
20	this time.
21	Does the Agency witnesses have any
22	testimony or anything they'd like to say with
23	respect to the exhibits or anything else in
24	this matter at the present time?
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	18
1	(No response from the
2	Hearing participants.)
3	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Why
4	don't we swear in both Mr. Cobb and
5	Dr. Hornshaw right now?
6	(Whereupon, the witnesses were duly sworn.)
7	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Go ahead,
8	Mr. Cobb.
9	MR. COBB: The exhibits that were
10	just entered in regard to the Stonehedge,
11	Inc.'s site, I want to walk through those. And
12	my purpose in bringing those is to give you
13	give a little bit more support for the record
14	here in regards to the amendments to Section
15	62505, which essentially are involves
16	compliance point determinations for groundwater
17	standards.

I'm going to Exhibit 8, first, just

19 to -- which is just really kind of a locational map. This case, Stonehedge, Inc., involve a 20 21 placement of a salt pile greater than 50,000 pounds on the ground. We received some 2.2 23 requests for assistance from the McHenry County 24 Health Department. There were several private

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19

1 wells in which the salt pile, which was greater 2 than 50,000 pounds, was within the setback of, and the salt pile was a potential secondary 3 source of groundwater contamination under the 4 5 Illinois Environmental Protection Act, as well 6 as there were other numerous complaints about 7 the taste of the water. 8 And the McHenry County Health 9 Department had conducted numerous samplings of 10 the private wells in the area. So they called 11 us in for some assistance on this case. But 12 this just gives you the general site up in 13 McHenry County, kind of up in the northeast 14 corner. This is an aerial photograph map --HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: 15 That's 16 the photograph on the --MR. COBB: On the right-hand side of

18	Exhibit No. 8.
19	which shows the private wells that
20	were sampled, and also shows the location of
21	the salt pile at Stonehedge, Inc.
22	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Any
23	questions on Exhibit 8?
24	BOARD MEMBER KEZELIS: I'm trying to
	L.A. REPORTING (312) 419-9292
	20
1	figure out if there's any way we can see it.
2	MR. COBB: I could get in the center,
3	too, seriously.
4	BOARD MEMBER KEZELIS: You know, you
5	may need to do that. That may be easier.
6	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Go off
7	the record for a second here.
8	(Discussion held off the record.)
9	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Back on
10	the record.
11	Board Member Kezelis has a question
12	about Exhibit 8.

the wells?

MR. COBB: Those are private potable

photograph on the far right-hand side of

Exhibit 8 has a number of red dots. Those are

BOARD MEMBER KEZELIS: The aerial

13

14

18	water supply wells.
19	BOARD MEMBER KEZELIS: Thank you.
20	MR. COBB: The second exhibit and
21	once again, it just kind of gives you some
22	locational information. And in this case
23	MR. EWART: Excuse me, Rick. Would
24	you identify that as Exhibit No. 9?

21 MR. COBB: Exhibit No. 9, once again, 1 2 is a further exhibit showing locational 3 information. The same aerial photograph is on Exhibit No. 8, but now we're showing, tying in 4 an aerial photograph -- a field photograph --5 6 of the salt pile, which is right here, so you can kind of see what the salt pile looks like. And it's actually located right here where the 8 9 little black triangle is (indicating). And then across the street is a home, 10 11 which is this home right here, that's associated with Well -- Private Well 7415 12 (indicating). So once again, it's just kind of 13 locational information. 14 HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Any 15

questions on Exhibit 9?

17	(No response from the
18	Hearing Participants.)
19	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Okay.
20	Go ahead.
21	MR. COBB: The next exhibit shows the
22	concentrations of chlorides sampled in those
23	same private wells and in adjacent to
24	Stonehedge, Inc., where the salt pile was
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	22
1	located. This salt pile was sitting outside
2	without a cover on it. So when it rained, it
3	essentially leached into the groundwater table.
4	And in this case, there were suggestions by the
5	other parties that this was due to road salting
6	and other things. So we looked at the
7	concentrations of chlorides over time, and we
8	also looked, then, at the rainfall and
9	precipitation events over time. And, in
10	effect, we had one of the driest springs on
11	record during that particular year. And then
12	they had
13	BOARD MEMBER MC FAWN: That would be
14	1992?
15	MR. COBB: That's correct, 1992.

And, actually, prior to that.

17	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: And the
18	weather you're talking about is reflected in
19	the minichart there entitled McHenry County
20	Climactic Data?
21	MR. COBB: That's right.
22	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Okay.
23	MR. COBB: In fact, we've got
24	precipitation and snow, and then we also have

1	monthly mean air and soil temperature. And
2	there is this is actually from stations up
3	in McHenry County. The state is collected by
4	the Midwest Climate Center down at the U. of I
5	Essentially, we looked at the
6	chloride concentrations over time, and what we
7	saw is that the wells topographically,
8	here's Wonder lake down here at this elevation
9	and up here is Stonehedge, Inc. This is
10	actually going downhill as you proceed down to
11	the lake.
12	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: That's
13	from going downhill from East Wonder Lake Road
14	towards East Lake Shore Drive?
15	MR. COBB: Correct.

16	BOARD MEMBER MC FAWN: How big is
17	Stonehedge, Inc.'s property?
18	MR. COBB: It's
19	BOARD MEMBER MC FAWN: I mean, can
20	you just kind of circle or explain it on the
21	chart?
22	MR. COBB: I think I could better
23	explain it on maybe with this one.
24	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: We're
	L.A. REPORTING (312) 419-9292
1	back to
2	MR. COBB: Exhibit No. 9.
3	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Exhibit
4	No. 9.
5	MR. COBB: This is Stonehedge,
6	Inc.'s
7	BOARD MEMBER MC FAWN: Salt pile?
8	MR. COBB: Salt pile. And their site
9	was maybe, oh, another lot maybe a lot size
10	bigger than this with a building on it, and
11	then some open area to the south of this salt
12	pile. So it wasn't a tremendously big
13	BOARD MEMBER MC FAWN: What is
14	Stonehedge, Inc.?
15	MR. COBB: Pardon?

16	BOARD MEMBER MC FAWN: What is
17	Stonehedge, Inc.?
18	MR. COBB: Well, essentially, this
19	guy had kind of an off-side business in terms
20	of just applying road salt. Other than that,
21	he didn't seem to have any other business
22	activities.
23	BOARD MEMBER MC FAWN: So do you
24	know I'm sorry.
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1	MR. COBB: Go ahead.
2	BOARD MEMBER MC FAWN: On this
3	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Just for
4	the record, we're talking about Exhibit 10,
5	again?
6	BOARD MEMBER MC FAWN: Yes.
7	On Exhibit 10
8	MR. COBB: This one is yeah,
9	Exhibit 10.
10	BOARD MEMBER MC FAWN: On Exhibit 10,
11	then, where it's labeled "Stonehedge, Inc.'s
11 12	then, where it's labeled "Stonehedge, Inc.'s Salt Pile," is that where the salt pile is?

14 And back to the wettest -- or the

15	driest spring on record, almost I think it
16	was the second driest spring, almost, in record
17	since the Midwest Climate Center began keeping
18	records, they had the second highest rainfall
19	that they've ever had in and around July of
20	that same year. Following that, then, is when
21	we had some of the highest spikes in the
22	downgradient wells, in particular, here, and in
23	a couple of the other wells
24	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Each of

26 1 the red dots and the four digit numbers 2 represents a separate well? 3 MR. COBB: A well, yes. BOARD MEMBER MC FAWN: And those are 4 5 the downgradient ones --MR. COBB: Yes. 6 BOARD MEMBER MC FAWN: -- by South 7 Drive and --8 9 MR. COBB: Yes. 10 And this histogram goes up to around 4500 --11 BOARD MEMBER MC FAWN: Can you name 12

MR. COBB: This is chloride

that chart?

13

15 detections at 7417 South Drive and that well. And these chloride concentrations go up to 16 17 around 4500; and, of course, seawater is around 18 10,000. So I mean, it was pretty chloride-rich 19 water. So we -- not only was there a setback 20 violation here at this particular site, but 21 there was also some pretty good evidence that 22 showed the association with from the salt pile 23 to the contamination of the wells. I mean, it 24 obviously wasn't due to road salting because

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27 1 the highest spikes were in July after one of 2 the second largest rainfalls on record at the Midwest Climate Center in July during the 3 summer. And those concentrations all seem to 5 follow after precipitation events, not so much 6 in the winter, but more in the spring or in the summer. 8 So there's pretty good data here to 9 make a case. 10 BOARD MEMBER MC FAWN: How deep are 11 those wells? MR. COBB: Well, I think I can

explain that a little bit better with this.

12

14	MR. RAO: You mentioned that the
15	facility was violating the setback distances?
16	MR. COBB: Yes.
17	MR. RAO: Did they ever get an
18	exception or
19	MR. COBB: No.
20	MR. RAO: No?
21	MR. COBB: They didn't come for a
22	waiver and exception. So we sued them, and we
23	won that case. And they moved the salt pile.
24	MR. RAO: How did they move that,
1	thon?
1	then?
2	MR. COBB: They just picked it up and
3	moved it.
4	MR. RAO: Okay.
5	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: What is
6	the state chloride limit for
7	MR. COBB: 200.
8	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: And what
9	units are you using there?
10	MR. COBB: Milligrams per liter I'm
11	sure, but let me make sure. 200 milligrams per
12	liter.

HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Just to

14	clarify, you had mentioned that some of those
15	spikes
16	MR. COBB: 4500 milligrams per liter.
17	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: And
18	seawater is 10,000 milligrams?
19	MR. COBB: 10,000. Seawater is
20	typically around 10,000 milligrams.
21	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: And just
22	to clarify on Exhibit 10, each of those colored
23	graphs there represent individual wells and
24	represent the chloride levels in the individual

	29
1	wells?
2	MR. COBB: Yes. Each of the graphs
3	represent an individual well. And then each
4	color is a different time actually, some of
5	these times go clear back to 1991. But the
6	colors in the graph are sequential over time,
7	you know, from early to the latest set of
8	samples.
9	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: From
10	left to right?
11	MR. COBB: In particular this spike
12	right here 4500 milligrams per liter was

13 9-17-1992. So in September of 1992. HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: And 14 15 which graph is that? 16 MR. COBB: It's the chloride 17 detections for Well 7417 South Drive. And 18 then, also, here's the chloride detections for 19 410 East Drive, which is also in proximity to 20 the salt pile; in fact, it's right next to it. 21 You can walk through the side yard and look 22 through the fence, and you can see the salt pile. You can see there the concentrations 23 24 were up to around 400 milligrams per liter.

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Also, on this well -- 7421 South Drive, which 1 2 is up here -- you can see that we had a 3 chloride sample of 800 milligrams per liter. 4 So we had some definite chloride contamination going on there. 5 6 BOARD MEMBER KEZELIS: Mr. Cobb, when 7 was the salt pile placed there by Stonehedge? 8 MR. COBB: The salt pile was placed there in August of 1998, and the -- from --9 MR. RAO: 1988 or --10 11 MR. COBB: I mean -- I'm sorry. 1988. I'm sorry. Thank you. 12

13	1988. And we had estimates on the
14	size of anywhere from 100 to 400,000 pounds.
15	And those came from records that we obtained
16	from the and observations made and estimates
17	made from the McHenry County Health Department.
18	BOARD MEMBER KEZELIS: And when was
19	the salt removed?
20	MR. COBB: The salt was removed
21	BOARD MEMBER KEZELIS: The remaining
22	salt.
23	MR. COBB: Yeah. The remaining salt
24	was removed, my best guess, is in 1993. It was

	31
1	before we went to hearing, and so we were still
2	interested in clean up and restoration of the
3	wells and because some of these people
4	actually drilled deeper wells because of this.
5	Getting back to the geologic
6	questions and the depths
7	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: This is
8	Exhibit 11?
9	MR. COBB: of the wells, I'm now
10	showing you Exhibit No. 11, which first shows a
11	tonographic man of the Wonder Lake area. You

12 can see that Stonehedge up here is around 840, 30 foot contour, whereas the lake -- the 13 elevation of the spillway, for example, is at 14 15 802. So there's quite a topographic drop here. Actually, it's pretty steep. So what we did --16 17 actually walked through this area myself. And 18 we went out there with the County, and we 19 obtained all of the existing geologic well 20 records that were available for these wells. 21 And as a result of that, we put together these two geologic cross-sections -- A to A-prime, 22 23 going from west to east; B to B-prime, going

2.4

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from sort of the southwest to the northeast,

1 through the area in which Stonehedge and the wells are located. And, essentially, what we 2 3 got, there is a very shallow sand and gravel aquifer at the surface. And then that's 4 5 separated by a plate hill layer. And then 6 there's a lower sand and gravel aquifer 7 followed by a bedrock aquifer below that. The wells that were impacted in the -- that I 8 9 showed you in Exhibit No. 10, were the shallow 10 wells, up in the sand and gravel on which the salt pile was sitting. One of the issues that 11

12	we came across, however, is that and this
13	gets back to the depth of the wells these
14	were sand point wells. And a sand point well
15	is almost like a monitoring well; it's a steel
16	casing with a point on the end of it. It's
17	driven into the ground. It's a very small
18	diameter and very shallow 20 to 50 feet in
19	depth.
20	What we got hung up on is that even
21	though this is sand and gravel and those wells
22	aren't too much different than any other
23	monitoring well that you might see in other
24	words, it's going to do a good job of

	33
1	monitoring in situ groundwater sand point
2	wells, in terms of the new water law
3	construction code, do not meet code. So we
4	kind of came across the thing that we hadn't
5	thought of in the Groundwater Quality Standards
6	in that you had to have a well log and you had
7	to have a construction record to have to be in
8	Code to be a compliance point for determining
9	compliance with the Groundwater Standards.

However, we had logs all around that

11	area and adjacent to some of the wells that
12	were impacted. We knew those were sand point
13	wells; we knew those wells were in this unit,
14	and we could correlate enough that we could
15	make this official geologic map with confidence
16	and have a feeling that we could use these as
17	compliance point determinations.
18	Any other questions before I go sit
19	back down?
20	BOARD MEMBER MELAS: Your initial
21	statement what was the actual number of the
22	of where the amendment is going 630
23	MR. COBB: Section 620.505.
24	BOARD MEMBER MELAS: 620?

	34
1	MR. COBB: Section 620.505.
2	Now, if we go to Section
3	620.505(a) Subsection (a)(5) essentially
4	what $(a)(5)(a)$ , for example, what I was trying
5	to do with that amendment is somewhat build off
6	of this example where we may have other
7	portable wells in the area where we have
8	construction records, and it's in an immediate
9	area of, say, 1,000 feet. So that we know,
10	then, that this well that we don't have a well

11	log for by a professional judgment is it the
12	same hydrogeologic materials as the other
13	wells? It's in very close proximity. It's a
14	correlation. And, in fact, then what we were
15	also, then, trying to do is, okay, that's a
16	hydrogeologic correlation and a professional
17	judgment. But to further safeguard, let's go
18	ahead and add that Subsection 5(c), which also
19	assures some safeguards there with respect to
20	representing in situ groundwater conditions.
21	In addition, let's exclude let's
22	be more specific in terms of the exclusions for
23	certain water wells, and we added those under
24	Subsection 6. It starts out, "For groundwater,

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any potable well listed below, monitoring shall
not be conducted."

HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: That's

Section 620.505(a)(6). And just to clarify,
all the oversized exhibits have been admitted
in order to prove the point there to support
the Agency's addition of that language.

8 MR. COBB: That's correct,

9 Mr. Hearing Officer. What I was trying to do

10	was to show you the origin of where we were
11	overturned and, in essence, that was remanded
12	or
13	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: In the
14	enforcement case?
15	MR. COBB: In the enforcement case.
16	We couldn't bring a groundwater standards
17	enforcement case, even though I think the
18	exhibits that I showed were rather
19	demonstrative in terms of showing the
20	relationship and exclusion of other sources.
21	However, even though these were existing
22	potable wells that people had to drill new
23	wells to replace those because of the excessive
24	chloride contamination, we just kind of found a

- weak point in the compliance point
- 2 determinations as it was previously drafted.
- 3 So this is the purpose for these amendments.
- 4 HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Is there
- 5 any further testimony on the exhibits from the
- 6 Agency?
- 7 (No response from the
- 8 Hearing participants.)
- 9 HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Any

10	further questions for the Agency withesses from
11	the Board or from the public?
12	BOARD MEMBER KEZELIS: Is this the
13	only situation that you've come across that
14	would have caused this type of a discrepancy?
15	MR. COBB: So far, this is the only
16	area where we've had this kind of a problem.
17	But we anticipate that we might have it again.
18	BOARD MEMBER KEZELIS: Were the
19	how old were the wells in the Wonder Lake area?
20	MR. COBB: I would say they were
21	probably 20-plus years old. They were still
22	serving fine as potable wells. It's kind of an
23	interesting situation there. Even if you
24	with it being sand and gravel and unconfined at

1	the surface down to the bottom of the well
2	screen, it really couldn't even seem being too
3	much more protective, even if you put in a well
4	that was to Code and you cemented it. Unless
5	there was something right adjacent to the well
5	where you were over landflow, but, primarily,
7	it's going to anything that's leached out
3	onto the ground or is spilled onto the ground

9	is going to sink in, and that surface casing			
10	and grouting really isn't it's still going			
11	to go down and get into that well and, in this			
12	case, in my opinion, then, the sand point wells			
13	are not much different than a dedicated			
14	monitoring well. In fact, there's sand and			
15	gravel packed around the well, simply because			
16	they're giving in.			
17	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Any			
18	further questions from the Agency?			
19	(No response from the			
20	Hearing participants.)			
21	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Does			
22	the Agency have anything further to add?			
23	MR. EWART: Mr. Hearing Officer, I			
24	would wish to move to admit all the exhibits			

that I submitted today from 2 through -- 10, is

it?

HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: 11.

MR. EWART: 11.

HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Actually,

I think I've already taken care of that, so

they've all been admitted.

MR. EWART: Well, okay. I'm sorry.

- 9 We do want to -- one of the exhibits that we
- 10 submitted -- Exhibit No. 6, I believe -- the
- 11 article by Landmeyer involving biodegradation
- in an aquifer under natural and artificial oxic
- 13 conditions.
- MR. COBB: I just wanted to comment
- on that article a little bit.
- 16 HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Go right
- 17 ahead.
- MR. COBB: Actually, yesterday,
- 19 Mr. Ewart and myself contacted Mr. Landmeyer
- and got a little bit more insight as to the
- 21 article. It's got a publication date, which
- 22 was very recent. And, essentially, what this
- is showing -- and we're seeing more and more of
- 24 this type of thing in remediation -- is the use

- of oxygen-releasing compound -- ORC. And
- 2 that's essentially what one of the things that
- 3 they did here to enhance the degradation and
- 4 the growth of indigenous microorganisms to
- 5 attack the MTBE. And according to
- 6 Mr. Landmeyer, we had this personal
- 7 conversation yesterday, once that they added

8	the oxygen via the oxygen-releasing compound
9	this ORC they had a reduction of 80 percent
10	mass in a 60-day period. Now, keep in mind the
11	other thing that Mr. Landmeyer emphasized and
12	emphasizes in the article here is that this is
13	when you're outside of a well capture zone.
14	For example, we talked about East Alton in the
15	previous hearing and about the leaking
16	underground storage tanks within the protruding
17	and recharge area the capture zone in
18	East Alton wells. And, really, we probably
19	have an MTBE plume within the capture zone of
20	all the wells, obviously, that have detections
21	where we found detections and presented that
22	information.
23	The point is is that what he the

point he made there is that the velocity of

24

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groundwater flow, once you're in that setting,
would overcome the enhanced biodegradation
through oxygen-releasing compound and can
overcome that and probably wouldn't be as
protective because the plume would be moving
faster and the risk would be greater in that

situation. However, if you were outside of

8	that, say, doing a remediation on a leaking
9	underground storage tank or some other site
10	where you have MTBE, and you remediated the
11	site and got it at the point where when it was
12	still on-site or not within a capture zone of
13	the water supply well, then I think this shows
14	some promise in terms of clean up. And I'm
15	sure, then, it goes to the economics of clean
16	up with respect to leaking underground storage
17	tanks and other sites within the MTBE.
18	However, once it gets from that capture zone,
19	then we get back into the scenario of the
20	groundwater is moving too fast; it moves faster
21	than at which the rate of degradation can occur
22	and may not be that effective. Plus, if it
23	gets into a well, then you get into the water
24	treatment scenarios, similar if we have high

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- 1 concentration plumes than you can essentially
- 2 see -- what's the --
- 3 HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Referring
- 4 to Exhibit 3 -- the cost comparison summaries
- 5 by Curry?
- 6 MR. COBB: Exhibit 3, once again,

7	lays out the cost analysis done for different
8	treatment options at East Alton. And you can
9	see it's if we're not preventive, with
10	respect to the MTBE, it can be quite costly in
11	terms of treatment at the well-heads or at the
12	water treatment plant. Essentially, there's
13	four different options there that Mr. Curry put
14	together all the way out to getting a new
15	well-field and obtaining a low interest loan,
16	say, with from Illinois EPA with a low debt,
17	no coverage, 3 percent interest. But you can
18	see those cost figures keep going up as you add
19	on more treatment. The air stripping, the
20	granulated activated carbon example is about as
21	much as drilling a new well-field. And down
22	there, in that particular area, they didn't
23	really have any options or anyplace to go to
24	drill a new well-field. And they had an

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1	existing what isn't shown here is the fact
2	that they just built a new water treatment
3	plant; and not only did they just build that
4	plant, but they still had a million dollars out
5	on bond

6 BOARD MEMBER MELAS: Just a quick

7	simple question.			
8	MR. COBB: Sure.			
9	BOARD MEMBER MELAS: Oxic condition,			
10	does that relate to oxygen?			
11	MR. COBB: Yes. The oxygen-releasing			
12	compounds			
13	BOARD MEMBER MELAS: Anoxic would be			
14	the			
15	MR. COBB: That's correct. That's a			
16	reducing anoxic versus oxic would be an			
17	oxygen-rich.			
18	Now, when they did that back to			
19	that just for a second. When they did that			
20	study, they didn't bubble any gas through there			
21	because that could adsorb some of the MTBE and			
22	result in losses that way, just through			

So they actually did this with the

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1 oxygen-releasing compound in situ, put it down
2 into the aquifer --

bubbling it out through the atmosphere.

3 BOARD MEMBER MELAS: Into the

4 aquifer?

23

24

5 MR. COBB: Into the aquifer so they

6	know that they oxygen-enriched it, and then
7	they saw resultant cause and effect with the
8	reduction in the mass of MTBE.
9	BOARD MEMBER KEZELIS: Whereas air
10	stripping would be the actual bubbling
11	MR. COBB: Transfers.
12	BOARD MEMBER KEZELIS: and
13	releases gas?
14	MR. COBB: Correct.
15	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: So we're
16	clear for the record that the previous set of
17	questions and answers was with respect to
18	Exhibit 6.
19	Anything else from the Agency?
20	(No response from the
21	Hearing participants.)
22	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: They're
23	indicating no.
24	At this point, I know that Mr. Rao

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- 1 had a couple of items he's like to very briefly
- 2 discuss.

- 3 Mr. Rao, go right ahead.
- MR. RAO: Basically, what I wanted to
- 5 bring up in this proceeding was that, you know,

6 the Exhibit No. 4 that you introduced today. I 7 think the same document was also introduced in 8 another proceeding before the Board R0-126, 9 which deals with underground storage tank 10 regulations. And when we were looking at that 11 exhibit a couple of days ago, and I think the 12 second page of that exhibit -- let me just --No. -- Exhibit No. 5 in this proceeding. We 13 14 are looking at the states which have drinking water standards for MTBE, and we saw that there 15 were five states which had drinking water 16 standards for MTBE. And out of those five 17 states, four of them had numbers which were 18 lower than the MTBE number that's been proposed 19 in this rulemaking. And with the little time 20 21 we had, we tried to see, you know, what were 22 the bases of those drinking water standards 23 adopted by the other states, and we were able 24 to find a couple of documents, one from

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1 California and another one from New Hampshire.

2 And we also contacted New York, and they sent

their rule and they sent information, but we

4 have not received that information.

5	There are two documents that we have
6	which we'd like to introduce into the record
7	and request the Agency to, you know, review
8	those documents and provide comments to, you
9	know, what do you think about those. The bases
10	of justifications which were provided by State
11	of California and New Hampshire. I'll read the
12	titles of the documents, and if the Agency or
13	anybody else doesn't have any objections, I'd
14	like to introduce it into this record.
15	The first one is from the State of
16	California, prepared by Office of Environmental
17	Health Hazard Assessment, California
18	Environmental Protection Agency, dated March,
19	1999. The document is entitled, "Public Health
20	Goals for Methyl-Tertiary-Butyl Ether (per
21	MTBE) in Drinking Water. "
22	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Okay.
23	Are there any objections to the admission of
24	this document?

1	(No response from	
2	Hearing participants.)	
3	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN:	Seeing
4	none, I'll mark it as Exhibit 12.	

5	(Whereupon, said document was marked
6	as Exhibit No. 12, for identification
7	as of 4-5-01 and admitted into
8	evidence.)
9	MR. RAO: We have copies for the
10	Agency.
11	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: And for
12	the court reporter.
13	MR. RAO: Yes. And the second
14	document, which is from the State of New
15	Hampshire, it's entitled Draft Final, Technical
16	Support Document: Derivation of Proposed
17	Primary and Secondary Drinking Water Standards
18	for Methyl tert-Butyl Ether in New Hampshire
19	Drinking Water Supplies, dated February, 2000.
20	And this was prepared by the New Hampshire
21	Department of Human no, sorry. It's New
22	Hampshire Department of Health & Human
23	Services, Office of Community and Public
24	Health, in Cooperation with Janet

- 1 Keating-Connolly, MS, GZA Geoenvironmental,
- 2 Inc.
- 3 HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Are

4	there any objections to the admission of the
5	document that Mr. Rao just described?
6	MR. EWART: No objection.
7	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: We'll
8	mark that as Exhibit 13, please.
9	(Whereupon, said document was marked
10	as Exhibit No. 13, for identification,
11	as of 4-5-01 and admitted into
12	evidence.)
13	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: For the
14	record, Mr. Rao, you found both of these
15	documents on the Internet; is that true?
16	MR. RAO: Yes.
17	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: And I'd
18	just like to again mention for the record that
19	if anybody who's reading this transcript would
20	like those documents or copies of those
21	documents, they will either be on the Board's
22	web site or there will be a link to them on the
23	Board's web site or that link. Or the document

is not there, those persons should call me at

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- 1 my office in Chicago and I'll make sure that
- 2 they are able to find them.

24

3 Is there anything else?

4	MR. RAO: No, that's all.
5	BOARD MEMBER MC FAWN: I was
6	wondering, you mentioned that you've requested
7	documents from New York?
8	MR. RAO: Yes.
9	BOARD MEMBER MC FAWN: And those
10	would be supporting drinking water standards?
11	MR. RAO: I think the person I talked
12	to was not very sure about what, you know, the
13	documents would be, so let me take a look when
14	it comes in and see whether it's relevant.
15	BOARD MEMBER MC FAWN: Thanks.
16	DR. HORNSHAW: Who did you talk with

in New York? Is it Nancy Kim? 18 MR. RAO: No, somebody else.

19 MR. COBB: Another thing, too. These

are proposed drinking water --20

17

MR. RAO: Actually, in the California 21

one, they have adopted the standards already, 22

and New Hampshire has adopted the standards. 23

24 MR. COBB: Versus groundwater?

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1 MR. RAO: Yes. They are drinking

water standards, and the reason I thought it 2

- 3 was relevant was most of our groundwater
- 4 standards are based on drinking water
- 5 standards, if I'm correct.
- 6 MR. COBB: All of them have been
- 7 based on U.S. EPA drinking water standards.
- 8 MR. RAO: Yes, yes. And the
- 9 California report has been peer reviewed by
- 10 U.S. EPA and some other academic institutions.
- DR. HORNSHAW: I've actually had
- 12 discussions with George Alexeeff, one of the
- preparers of the document. He's on the Acute
- 14 Exposure Guideline Committee that I'm on with
- U.S. EPA. We've actually talked with Nancy Kim
- 16 from New York State Department of Health, who I
- 17 thought you had talked to about getting the New
- 18 York standard. All of these are based on
- 19 cancer as an endpoint, and we've always
- 20 operated under the assumption that if we're
- 21 going to have a standard based on cancer as an
- 22 endpoint that cancer determination would be
- 23 made by U.S. EPA. California, I know, has made
- 24 that determination on their own, and I know

- 1 from talking with Nancy Kim that they've also
- 2 made that determination on their own. We would

- 3 have to kind of step beyond how we usually do
- 4 this if we were to use cancer as an endpoint
- for the MTBE standards.
- 6 MR. RAO: Yeah. I -- you know, I'm
- 7 not asking that you propose a number based on
- 8 the studies that they have used. But looking
- 9 at the numbers that they have and what was
- 10 proposed, and I thought it would be helpful to
- 11 the Board to have this information and comment
- from you because you have the expertise to look
- 13 at the document and provide comments on those
- 14 documents.
- MR. COBB: I think the dialogue that
- just occurred is good to hear. I mean, you
- 17 provided the documents, and then Tom's reply, I
- 18 think --
- MR. RAO: Tom's expertise is in
- 20 toxicology. You know, we really appreciate to
- 21 hear from you -- what you can come up with.
- MR. COBB: Another comment, too, on
- 23 the -- in the original statement of reasons.
- 24 If you go to Exhibit No. 2, you'll see that

- 2 changes since August of 2000. But some of 3 those are very similar to the -- some of the 4 concentrations you see are on Exhibit 5 and 5 Exhibit 4. And, in particular, I think an interesting one to look at on Exhibit 4 is the 6 Wisconsin standard. The Wisconsin standard is 8 a groundwater standard with a preventive action 9 limit -- a PAL as they call it. And you'll see 10 that their groundwater standard is set at 60, 11 and preventive action limit is set at 12. And 12 these are groundwater standards, not drinking 13 water. Pretty similar to the Illinois approach 14 with that preventive response level down to 20, 15 and Wisconsin's groundwater standards is a 60. 16 So just -- I think further reflecting upon this 17 and the previous Exhibit No. 2 and the statement of reasons. 18 In addition, there are a number of 19 states that have MTBE clean up and/or 20 groundwater soil standards greater than 70 21 22 parts per grade: Connecticut, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Wyoming. 23
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HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: And,

- 2 talking about Exhibit 4 to the Agency's Motion
- 3 for Acceptance, correct?
- 4 MR. COBB: Yes. When I was speaking
- 5 about Wisconsin, the testimony was Exhibit
- 6 No. 3.
- 7 HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: I'm
- 8 sorry. Exhibit 4 for today's hearing. I'm
- 9 sorry.
- 10 MR. COBB: Now, I was -- previously,
- 11 I was talking about Exhibit No. 2 and the
- 12 Statement of Reasons.
- 13 HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Okay.
- 14 I'm sorry.
- MR. COBB: By the way, the
- 16 concentrations in either Exhibit No. 2 from the
- 17 Agency's original Statement of Reasons or from
- 18 today's Exhibit No. 4, those concentrations
- 19 are, in part, per million or micrograms per
- 20 liter.
- 21 BOARD MEMBER MC FAWN: On Exhibit
- No. 4, maybe I need a little help knowing how
- 23 to read this because when you just identified
- 24 that with the 60/12 limit for Wisconsin, how

1	would I have been able to know that that's what
2	it meant that it was a groundwater standard
3	and preventive response standard?
4	MR. COBB: Well, a part of that
5	comes you may not have read the footnote in
6	No. 6. Just because back in 1990 and 1988,
7	1999, I studied all the other state groundwater
8	standards that were promulgated, and I became
9	pretty familiar with Wisconsin's regulations
10	because I reviewed all those regulations and as
11	a preparation for the original Part 620
12	proposal that we proposed. So I just know that
13	the WDNR NR 140 enforcement standard is an
14	enforceable groundwater standard.
15	In addition, I know that the
16	preventive action, one of the goals is a
17	preventive action one. And I guess even more
18	clearly, I have a letter that I got back on
19	September 1st of 2000, from Dave Lyndorf
20	(phonetic) of the Wisconsin DNR describing
21	that's their standards.
22	BOARD MEMBER MC FAWN: Well, how I
23	mean, it's probably very evident, but for
24	instance, with Connecticut, how do I know what

1	the 100 represents?
2	MR. COBB: That doesn't have any
3	footnotes, so I assume that you go back to
4	the and it is the Connecticut has there's
5	two ways: Number 1, the title at the top;
6	Number 2 is the key under where it says
7	January, 2001, and the dark blue states are
8	MTBE Clean-up/action Levels. So I know that
9	that's a clean up/action level for Connecticut
10	for LUST sites.
11	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Of 100
12	micrograms per liter?
13	MR. COBB: 100 micrograms per liter.
14	DR. HORNSHAW: If you'd like, I could
15	explain how New York's work because I've talked
16	with Nancy Kim about that.
17	BOARD MEMBER KEZELIS: Please.
18	DR. HORNSHAW: If an organic chemical
19	is detected in groundwater or public water
20	supply, its standard is automatically 50
21	micrograms per liter, 50 parts per building so
22	that's why you see 50 as the footnote says,
23	"Enforceable drinking water standard," that's a
24	statewide standard that's a default value and

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        it's on the books until it's changed by a new
        value. And the first value -- the 10 that's
 2
 3
        there -- the footnote says, "Unenforceable
        guidance criteria." That's the first step of
 4
 5
        that's the last step before it becomes a
 6
        standard. And when I talked with Nancy about
 7
        this at our last Acute Exposure Guideline
 8
        committee meeting in January, she told me at
 9
        that point that the conversion from 50 to 10
        was imminent; it was just a matter of some
10
11
        paperwork that had to be completed. So it may
12
        already be 10 as an enforceable standard at
        this point. And that's also based on cancer as
13
14
        an endpoint. And the reason it's 10 instead of
15
        13 is because they round to the nearest digits.
                  MR. RAO: We had a press release from
16
        Governor Patacki's office when he signed the
17
        legislation for MTBE which basically got at the
18
        Department of Environmental Conservation and --
19
20
        let me see -- the State Department of Health,
        directing them to allow the 10-part-per-billion
21
22
        MTBE standard. So I was also under the
        impression they were going to the rulemaking to
23
24
        make that their final standard.
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1	DR. HORNSHAW: Right.
2	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Are
3	there any further questions for the Agency or
4	for Mr. Rao?
5	Go ahead, Member Kezelis.
6	BOARD MEMBER KEZELIS: You testified
7	a few moments ago that the use of cancer as an
8	endpoint was what California had done instead
9	of relying on U.S. EPA standards.
10	DR. HORNSHAW: That's correct.
11	BOARD MEMBER KEZELIS: Do you have
12	any sense of any movement in the near future
13	that the U.S. EPA may anticipate with respect
14	to MTBE, or do you envision states moving to
15	reliance on cancer as an endpoint for purposes
16	of MTBE throughout the country?
17	DR. HORNSHAW: I haven't talked with
18	anybody from U.S. EPA about this in quite a
19	while now. I was under the impression,
20	probably about a year ago, that they were
21	pretty close to making a final determination.
22	But I haven't seen any further discussion of
23	that or haven't heard any new entries in the

24 integrated risk information system database

1	that we use all the time. So I'm not sure
2	where that is at the federal level.
3	BOARD MEMBER KEZELIS: So you see,
4	instead, that more and more states will
5	probably proceed as these footnotes indicate
6	and adopt their own standards, given the lack
7	of further guidance from the U.S. EPA?
8	DR. HORNSHAW: I think the states
9	have to because they're stuck with no
10	enforceable levels, you know, when it comes to
11	clean-up, and this chemical seems to be showing
12	up more often. So it's something that the
13	states just have to do, but until the U.S. EPA
14	makes their final determination.
15	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Any
16	other questions for the Agency?
17	(No response from the
18	Hearing participants.)
19	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: I had a
20	couple just a couple of leftovers from the
21	last hearing. Towards the end, actually, Page
22	64 of the first hearing transcript, Mr. Rao had
23	asked the Agency a question about the
24	definition for licensed professional

- 1 geologists. And I had pointed out what I think
- is a drafting error at 620.505 (a)(5)(c). Will
- 3 the Agency be addressing those in public
- 4 comments?
- 5 MR. EWART: Yes.
- 6 HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Just
- 7 wanted to check. Thanks.
- 8 MR. COBB: Another thing, too, I
- 9 think we need to check on is when we were
- 10 there, I thought that Mr. King also testified
- 11 that there's three different definitions.
- 12 HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: For LPG?
- MR. COBB: Yes. And so --
- MR. RAO: As long as we get a
- definition that is compatible with the
- 16 rulemaking. That's where I'm going right now.
- 17 MR. EWART: I think representatives
- of all three proceedings should get together
- 19 very soon.
- 20 BOARD MEMBER MC FAWN: I will agree
- 21 with that very soon (Laughter).
- 22 HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Are
- there any other questions for the Agency?
- 24 Let's go off the record for just a

1	second.
2	(Discussion held off the record.).
3	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Back on
4	the record.
5	Does anybody present have any further
6	comments on this Rulemaking R01-14 with a
7	decision by DCCA not to conduct an economic
8	impact study?
9	(No response from the
10	Hearing participants.)
11	HEARING OFFICER STERNSTEIN: Okay.
12	Request for additional hearings will
13	be accepted pursuant to the Board's Procedural
14	Rules, then 35 Illinois Administrative Code
15	102.412 Subpart B. Those are the new
16	Procedural Rules. That Rule requires the
17	proponent or any other participants to
18	demonstrate in a motion to the Board that
19	failing to hold an additional hearing will
20	result in material prejudice to the movant.
21	The transcript for this hearing
22	should be able within 10 business days. If
23	anybody would like a copy, you can download the
24	hearing from the Board's web site; you can

1	speak to the court reporter directly; contact
2	the Board's clerk's office in Chicago for a
3	hard copy, which is 75 cents a page; or contact
4	me.
5	Public comments in this matter must
6	be filed by May 18th, 2001. The mailbox rule
7	will not apply. Anyone may file public
8	comments with the clerk of the Board. When
9	filing comments with the Board, an original and
10	nine copies are required. You must also
11	simultaneously deliver your comment to all
12	persons on the notice list and include an
13	attached notice sheet, proof of service and a
14	copy of the current service list. You should
15	check the Board's web site or contact the
16	clerk's office to make sure you have an updated
17	service list.
18	Of course, public comments may also
19	be filed after the issuance, and the first
20	notice, opinion and order as well.
21	Is there anyone else present who
22	would like to testify today?
23	Seeing no such person, that concludes
24	today's hearing. Thank you all very much for

	61
1	your time, attention and effort. This hearing
2	is adjourned.
3	(Whereupon the above-entitled
4	proceedings were adjourned.)
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62 1 STATE OF ILLINOIS ) ) SS. COUNTY OF C O O K ) 2 3 I, MARY ELLEN KUSIBAB, a Notary 5 Public in and for the County of Cook, State of Illinois, do hereby certify that the foregoing 6 7 61 pages comprise a true, complete and correct 8 transcript of the proceedings held on the 5th 9 day of April A.D., 2001, at 100 West Randolph 10 Street, Room 8-033, Chicago, Illinois, In the Matter of: Proposed MTBE Groundwater Quality 11 Standards Amendments: 35 Ill. Adm. Code 620, 12 in proceedings held before JOEL J. STERNSTEIN, 13 14 Hearing Officer, and recorded in machine 15 shorthand by me. IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto 16 set my hand and affixed my Notarial Seal this 17 17th day of April A.D., 2001. 18 19 20 Mary Ellen Kusibab, CSR 21 Notary Public, Cook County, IL Illinois License No. 084-004348 22