BEFORE THE ILLINOIS POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

IN THE MATTER OF:
AMENDMENTS TO
35 ILL. ADM. CODE 225.233
(Rulemaking-Air)
MULTI-POLLUTANT STANDARDS (MPS)
)

TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS taken before

HEARING OFFICER MARIE TIPSORD, by Lisa Hahn

Peterman, CSR, RMR, a notary public within and for
the County of Macon and State of Illinois, at the

Madison County Government Center, County Board

Room, 157 North Main Street, Edwardsville,

Illinois, on the 7th day of March, 2018, at 10:00

a.m.

* * * *

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7
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 8
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9
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10
    Ms. Brenda Carter, Board Member
11
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15
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                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD:
                                           I think we're
 2
     ready to go on the record, but be that as it may, I
3
     will use a microphone and not yell.
 4
                Good morning, everyone. My name is
 5
     Marie Tipsord.
                     I've been appointed by the Board to
 6
     serve as Hearing Officer in this proceeding
7
     entitled Amendments to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 225.233,
8
     Multi-Pollutant Standards (MPS).
 9
                With me today to my immediate left is
     Chairman Katie Papadimitriu, who's the Presiding
10
11
     Board Member.
12
                Also, to my immediate right is Board
     Member Carrie Zalewski, and to my far right is
13
     Board Member Brenda Carter.
14
15
                In between Members Carter and Zalewski
16
     is our Senior Attorney, Mark Powell.
17
                In addition today, we have with us
     Martin Klein, who is Carrie Zalewski's attorney
18
19
     advisor; Tanya Rabczak, who is Katie Papadimitriu's
20
     attorney advisor; Jason James, who is Board Member
21
     Keenan's attorney advisor, who is helping us out,
22
     even though Mr. Keenan is not participating; and
23
     finally, we have, not least of all, Natalie
24
     Winquist, our newest Board Member, who is Brenda
```

- 1 Carter's attorney advisor.
- Next to, on the left of Katie
- 3 Papadimitriu, is Anand Rao, and to our far left is
- 4 Alisa Liu, both from our Technical Unit, who are
- 5 currently working on trying to get internet access
- 6 signed up.
- 7 Today, we are ready to continue with
- 8 this proceeding. We also will take comment on the
- 9 failure of DCEO to perform an Economic Impact Study
- 10 before we close the hearing today -- or their
- 11 decision -- their indecision, I guess is the best
- 12 way, since they gave us no decision one way or the
- 13 other.
- 14 Also, there is a second -- third set of
- 15 hearings scheduled currently in April. On April
- 16 16th, we will be going from 4:00 to 8:00 p.m. at
- 17 the IEPA Building, which is on North Grand Avenue
- 18 East. There is plenty of free parking. There are
- 19 many things in the area, and it's easy in and out.
- 20 Enter on the converse side of the building. That
- 21 will be from 4:00 to 8:00 p.m. and will be
- 22 exclusively for public comment.
- We have scheduled a hearing for April
- 24 17th, where we will take testimony and public

```
Page 8
1
     comment, starting at 11:00 a.m., in the same
 2
     location.
 3
                At this point in time, I don't think
 4
     we're going to be setting pre-filing deadlines
5
     because I think that we may be wrapping up here
 6
     with the testimony part, but we'll see where we are
7
     at the end of the day.
8
                We left off yesterday afternoon with, I
9
     believe, Question Number 10 of the Board's
10
     Pre-filed Questions, which we've entered as Exhibit
11
     Number 32, to the IEPA, and we will pick up there,
12
     and after we finish with the Agency, then we will
     go through the Environmental Groups' testimony by
13
     Mr. Urbaszewski.
14
15
                And with that, is our Tech Unit ready?
16
                MR. RAO:
                         Yes.
17
                BOARD MEMBER ZALEWSKI: Okay.
                                                Carrie
18
     Zalewski.
19
                So I want to go back to 3(b). I just
20
     want to make sure I'm clear on your response, so I
21
     apologize if you've answered it and I'm not going
22
     to ask the question again.
23
                3(b) you've provided us a table,
24
     January 12th, with the updated cap of 44,000 tons
```

```
Page 9
     and some odd tons, which reflects the SIP with the
1
 2
     expired retired units as zero.
 3
                So the question is -- again, I may be
 4
     rephrasing -- but if you were to update the SIP
 5
     today, would the units be kept at 44,000 tons?
 6
     you were going to resubmit the SIP today under the
7
     current MPS, would the number be 44,000?
8
                MR. BLOOMBERG: I think the answer is
9
     no, but it goes into the way the SIP works.
10
                So it was originally submitted with
11
     that 2002 baseline that we had talked about, and
12
     that is really the heart of the matter. So, from
     there, there is, you know, this downward glide path
13
14
     that has to be met, and so when you say, "if you
15
     resubmitted the SIP," I'm not sure what you mean
16
     because there's no reason to resubmit a SIP.
17
                We did -- you know, we did the Progress
     Report, which shows that we're still below that
18
19
     glide path and everything's fine, and when we do
20
     another one in a few more years, it will hopefully
21
     show the same thing. And so those are, as of now,
22
     the only SIP submittals that are required, just to
23
     show that we continue to stay below the
24
     projections.
```

Page 10 BOARD MEMBER ZALEWSKI: What T'm 1 2 wondering is that under this MPS, the current MPS, it seems -- and please correct me -- that it 3 4 ratchets down. When there is a zero line item, it 5 ratchets down to a lower number, and I guess I want 6 to understand with the MPS, the new MPS proposal, if there is that same cap drain and downgraded 7 8 number with retired units. Again, please correct 9 me. 10 Well, it's complicated, MR. BLOOMBERG: so you know. I don't know that there is -- there 11 12 is something of a capture, as you say, with the current MPS, but that -- you know, the current MPS, 13 if one source shuts down and another source 14 15 increases its output because of that, well, then, 16 you know, the emissions still are in our inventory 17 and they will show up in our report. 18 When we do our next Progress Report --19 so when we do our next SIP submittal, we will, you 20 know, show where we are, and we will also have, you 21 know, planning for going forward, and at that 22 point, if we see, okay, there's -- you know, 23 because it's a continuous glide. If we see that 24 there's a need to reduce emissions further going

- 1 into the next planning period, 2030, 2031,
- 2 something like that, this -- Regional Haze goes to
- 3 2065, so, you know, we keep having to go back to
- 4 it, and if at some point later we see, okay, now
- 5 it's been five years, ten years, twenty years, and
- 6 we need further reductions, that's when we would,
- 7 you know, most likely circle back and say, Where
- 8 can we get those reductions? Where would we need
- 9 to get those reductions?
- 10 That would be something that would be
- in the future when we have, you know, more
- 12 knowledge of that where we are in the planning.
- BOARD MEMBER ZALEWSKI: Yeah. And I
- 14 understand your concern about staying under that
- 15 line of going the downward descent. I was trying
- 16 to compare the current MPS. If we were just to go
- in the direction we are today and comparing that to
- 18 the proposed MPS, that's what I'm trying to
- 19 understand.
- So, you know, I guess putting the
- 21 projections aside and just making sure you're under
- 22 that line, you know, maybe I even will understand
- 23 more about the SIP submittal, but I guess that was
- 24 my question, whether the MPS today with the retired

```
Page 12
1
     units with that lower number of 44,000, if that
 2
     would -- if there was a hypothetical requirement to
3
     file today, would the number be 44,000?
 4
                I know it's part -- it's part of the
 5
     bigger picture, but MPS is part of the requirements
 6
     to fulfil the SIP, is that accurate?
7
                MR. DAVIS: Yes. And when he speaks of
8
     the glide path, that's really visibility
 9
     impairment. So you've started here in 2002, and by
10
     2065, we need to be at natural conditions in all
11
     Class I areas, and so there's a line there, and
12
     then modeling has to be done with various emissions
13
     scenarios.
14
                The modeling is done regionally by our
15
     regional planning organizations, and so we will
16
     give them our emission projections, and they will
17
     say, yes, from the next planning period, which
     would be from 2021 to 2030, we believe that we will
18
19
     still be on that path of improvement.
20
                BOARD MEMBER ZALEWSKI: Does the EPA
21
     have flexibility of how they stay under that line?
22
                MR. DAVIS: Yes.
                                  In fact, when we
23
     submitted our SIP, US EPA had suggested that we
24
     apply Best Available Retrofit Technology, or BART,
```

- 1 to BART-eligible units, and since we only had a few
- 2 BART-eligible units, they said, if you were to
- 3 apply presumptive BART to those units, you would
- 4 see this amount of reductions, and since we had
- 5 just adopted the MPS and CPS, we said, well, that's
- 6 going to be quite a bit more reductions, and so we
- 7 had substitute plans instead of applying BART.
- Now, I'm not sure what for the next
- 9 planning period US EPA may -- they may advise that
- 10 here's another thing we could do or measures that
- 11 would get us from '21 to '30, and again, we would
- 12 have flexibility in saying, well, that's great, but
- 13 we also have an alternative plan to do something
- 14 equivalent or better, and so we wouldn't really
- 15 update the projections made for the 2011 SIP
- 16 submittal at any time, but to show that we were
- 17 meeting our obligations, our Progress Report said
- 18 that, yes, halfway through -- and it was late, so
- 19 it was more than halfway through -- in 2018, we
- 20 will be meeting all our projections because we were
- 21 meeting those projections back in 2015 when we did
- 22 the Progress Report.
- So the first period is essentially over
- 24 and then we'll look at where we need to get for the

```
Page 14
1
     second period when we do our next SIP submittal.
 2
                MR. BLOOMBERG: And SIP submittals for
 3
     the Regional Haze are different than most other SIP
 4
     submittals. So, I mean, it's taken me awhile to
 5
     wrap my head around it, too. So don't -- it's not
 6
     surprising. It is complicated and different than
7
     almost anything else we deal with.
8
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD:
 9
     Mr. More?
10
                MR. MORE: Josh More on behalf of
11
     Dynegy.
12
                Are other sources regulated to ensure
     compliance with the Regional Haze Program, sources
13
     other than the MPS units?
14
15
                MR. DAVIS: Yes.
16
                MR. MORE: And are there other
17
     regulatory requirements in place that are also
18
     relied upon by IEPA to ensure compliance with
19
     Regional Haze?
20
                MR. DAVIS: Yes.
21
                MR. MORE: And regulatory requirements
22
     other than the MPS, correct?
23
                MR. DAVIS: Yes. That's correct.
24
                MR. MORE: How far below approximately
```

```
Page 15
     are current emissions below the target, the
1
     Regional Haze target?
 2
 3
                MR. DAVIS: I don't know exactly
 4
     from -- I don't have that data in front of me.
                                                      Ι
 5
     believe you would get some idea of that from the
 6
     Progress Report that we produced as an exhibit
7
     yesterday.
8
                MR. MORE:
                           I appreciate you not knowing
 9
     the exact numbers. Is it tens of thousands,
     thousands? Do you have any recollection?
10
11
                MR. DAVIS: I don't, and there's more
12
     than just the SO2 emissions. I believe there's --
13
                MR. MORE:
                           If we were just looking at
14
     the SO2 emissions, do you have any idea of how far
15
     below we are, we being the state? Take a look at
16
     page 27, I think.
17
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: For the
18
     record, that's page 27 of Exhibit 33. Is that what
19
     we're looking at, the Progress Report?
                MR. BLOOMBERG:
20
                                Yes.
21
                MR. DAVIS: It would appear that our
22
     2015 emissions were -- I'm looking at the total
23
     statewide for the SO2 -- are at approximately
24
     191,000. We've projected that statewide emissions
```

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Page 16
     would be around 269,000. So yes, that's tens of
1
 2
     thousands below what we projected.
 3
                MR. MORE: Approximately 70,000 tons
 4
     below, correct?
5
                MR. DAVIS:
                           Yes.
 6
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: I think we're
7
     ready for Question Number 10.
8
                MS. LIU: Hi. Good morning.
 9
                In regard to the report provided by
10
     Dynegy from toxicologist, Dr. Lucy Fraiser, would
11
     the Agency please comment on whether it has any
12
     issues with her letter or agrees with her
13
     conclusions?
14
                MR. BLOOMBERG: The Agency generally
15
     agrees with Dr. Fraiser's report and did not
16
     identify any inaccuracies. However, the Agency
17
     witnesses are not toxicology experts.
18
                MS. LIU: Thank you.
19
                MR. RAO: Does the Agency have a
20
     toxicologist in its employ anymore?
21
                MR. BLOOMBERG: Not to my knowledge.
22
     To my knowledge, the one that I'm aware of that we
23
     used to have retired.
24
                MR. RAO: Just checking.
```

```
Page 17
1
                CHAIRMAN PAPADIMITRIU:
                                         Hi.
 2
              Just to follow up on Mr. Rao's
     morning.
 3
     question -- well, actually, I guess, Alisa's
 4
     question with respect to Dr. Fraiser's report, is
 5
     the Agency surprised that certain things were not
 6
     included in her report? In other words, did it
7
     include the subject matters that you expected it to
8
     include? In other words, was it missing any
9
     information?
10
                MR. BLOOMBERG: I can't think of
11
     anything that was missing. I guess it depends on
12
     what Dynegy's intent was in its response.
     there anything missing that we saw that we think
13
     should have been added? Is that -- I don't think
14
15
          Is there anything?
     SO.
16
                I guess nothing in particular stands
17
     out, I guess. I didn't really read it that way, so
     that's what we're trying to figure out.
18
19
     addresses a lot of the important information, I
20
     think.
21
                CHAIRMAN PAPADIMITRIU:
                                        Thank you.
22
                MR. RAO: Moving on to Question Number
23
     11.
          In its response regarding the air quality
24
     modeling, the Agency indicated that modeling
```

- 1 exercises were conducted for two purposes. On
- 2 11(a), please clarify whether both modeling
- 3 exercises involved the use of dispersion modeling
- 4 to demonstrate compliance with NAAQS.
- 5 MR. BLOOMBERG: Yes. All the modeling
- 6 was performed using dispersion modeling.
- 7 MR. RAO: 11(b). Does the modeling
- 8 domain in both exercises include receptors at the
- 9 fence line of the affected facilities and
- 10 surrounding areas?
- MR. BLOOMBERG: Yes. The modeling
- 12 domains in all modeling exercises included
- 13 receptors at the fence line of the sources and the
- 14 surrounding areas.
- 15 MR. RAO: 11(c). Please clarify
- 16 whether the fourth highest predicted concentration
- 17 of SIP for Baldwin, Hennepin, Newton, and Joppa
- 18 occurred at the fence line. If not, comment on
- 19 whether concentrations at fence line would also be
- lower than the SO2 NAAQS equivalent of 196.32
- 21 micrograms per cubic meter.
- 22 MR. BLOOMBERG: The fourth highest
- 23 concentrations were not at the fence line of the
- 24 sources in any of the study areas around Baldwin,

- 1 Hennepin, Newton, or Joppa. This is not
- 2 surprising, given the configuration of the plants,
- 3 which have relatively high stack release points.
- 4 This means that the concentration modeling at fence
- 5 line of all of the above sources are below 196.32
- 6 micrograms per cubic meter and, indeed, below the
- 7 concentrations given in the modeling summaries.
- 8 So all fence line receptors at the
- 9 Baldwin source fell below 78.21 micrograms per
- 10 cubic meter; all fence line receptors at the
- 11 Hennepin source fell below 94.56 micrograms per
- 12 cubic meter; all fence line receptors at the Newton
- 13 source fell below 139.89 micrograms per cubic
- 14 meter; and all fence line receptors at the Joppa
- 15 source fell below 168.29 micrograms per cubic
- 16 meter.
- MR. RAO: Thank you.
- 18 MS. LIU: Question 12. Regarding
- 19 Joppa, the Agency proposed a separate and
- 20 additional limit of 19,800 tons per year to ensure
- 21 that emissions from Joppa will never increase more
- 22 than 15 percent from the modeled years.
- 23 12(a). If annual plant-wide emissions
- 24 from Joppa increase to 19,800 tons SO2, please

Page 20 comment on whether the predicted fourth highest 1 2 concentration would also increase linearly by 15 3 percent. 4 MR. BLOOMBERG: No. Joppa is not the 5 only major source of SO2 in the area. In fact, 6 other sources in the study area accounted for more 7 than 60 percent of the SO2 emissions, so a 15 percent increase in emissions from Joppa would not 8 9 lead to a 15 percent increase in model 10 concentrations. 11 MS. LIU: Question (b) -- actually, I 12 guess we'll skip over (b) and go to (c). Comment on whether the annual 13 14 plant-wide limit on Joppa must be lower than the 15 proposed limit of 19,800 tons. 16 MR. BLOOMBERG: No, it does not need to 17 The modeling that we have discussed already showed that 15 percent was, and so if we had found 18 19 that a different one was necessary, then, you know, 20 we'd have come back with a different number, but that number is correct. 21

> L.A. Court Reporters, L.L.C. 312-419-9292

Thank you.

HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD:

MS. LIU:

MR. MORE:

22

23

24

Mr. More?

I want to go back to your

- 1 prior answer. Would a 15 percent increase in
- 2 annual emissions necessarily translate to an
- 3 increase in hourly emissions?
- 4 MR. BLOOMBERG: Well, it would for some
- 5 of the hours at least.
- 6 MR. MORE: Hourly rate, let me put it
- 7 that way. Isn't it correct that you can see an
- 8 increase in annual emissions and still not have an
- 9 increase in the hourly emission rate?
- 10 MR. BLOOMBERG: Yes, if they operate
- 11 more hours, they being the units.
- MR. MORE: And it is the hourly rate
- 13 that you are modeling, correct? That's one of the
- 14 modeling inputs?
- MR. BLOOMBERG: The pounds per hours is
- 16 one of the inputs, as well as, you know, to the
- 17 extent possible, the number of hours. Since it was
- 18 using actual emissions, we had the actual hours and
- 19 the weather conditions as well.
- MR. RAO: Question number 13.
- 21 Regarding the attainment demonstration modeling,
- 22 the Agency states that it used emission rates of
- 23 4,455 pounds per hour for Duck Creek and 1,830
- 24 pounds per hour for Havana, as the maximum

```
Page 22
     allowable emissions for every hour. Please clarify
1
 2
     whether these rates are applicable to sources under
 3
     the Board's Part 214 regulations. If so, please
 4
     provide citations to the rules. If not, please
5
     explain the bases of the modeled rates.
 6
                MR. BLOOMBERG:
                                These rates correspond
7
     to a limit of 1.2 pounds per million BTU, and
8
     that's found in the New Source Performance
 9
     Standards at 40 CFR, Code of Federal Regulations,
10
     60.43 and 2.
11
                MR. RAO: Thank you. That's all we
12
     have.
13
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: Actually, is
14
     there a corresponding Administrative Code citation?
15
                MR. DAVIS: Illinois?
16
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD:
                                          Uh-huh.
17
                MR. BLOOMBERG: Can we go off the
18
     record for a moment?
19
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD:
                                          Absolutely.
20
                   (There was then had an off-the-record
21
                   discussion.)
22
                You can answer the question.
23
                MR. BLOOMBERG:
                                If the question was, is
24
     there a corresponding Board rule, in our reading,
```

- 1 there is not because the Board Rules have a note
- 2 that says that that section was invalidated by
- 3 court decisions.
- 4 HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: Thank you.
- 5 MR. RAO: But the NSPS requirements are
- 6 still valid, right?
- 7 MR. BLOOMBERG: Yes, yes. The NSPS
- 8 requirements are federal and are what's cited in
- 9 the new CAAPP requirements.
- MR. RAO: Thank you.
- 11 HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: Mr. More?
- MR. MORE: There's two things that we'd
- 13 like to address in response to IEPA comments, if we
- 14 may. We'd like to address --
- 15 HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: You need to
- 16 speak into the microphone.
- 17 MR. MORE: We would like to respond to
- 18 a question by Board Member Zalewski during the
- 19 prior hearing that IEPA addressed relating to the
- 20 layering of emission rates on some of the caps.
- 21 Mr. Diericx has some testimony about that that he
- 22 would like to read into the record. And in light
- 23 of some of the comments made by the Agency, I have
- 24 some questions for the Attorney General, and since

- 1 it relates to -- my question to you, Hearing
- 2 Officer, if we could do those questions before we
- 3 turn to Mr. Urbaszewski.
- 4 MS. BUGEL: I have follow-up questions
- 5 for the Agency.
- 6 HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: You have to
- 7 identify yourself. Sorry.
- 8 MS. BUGEL: Faith Bugel representing
- 9 Sierra Club. Last name is Bugel, B-U-G-E-L, and I
- 10 do have follow-up questions for the Agency before
- 11 we move on.
- 12 HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: All right.
- MR. MORE: And I'll defer to doing
- 14 follow-up questions following Ms. Bugel.
- 15 HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: All right.
- 16 Ms. Bugel, go right ahead then.
- MS. BUGEL: Thank you.
- 18 I do want to turn back to the PCB's
- 19 Question Number 6, which was attached to the
- 20 Hearing Officer Order of March 2nd, and we had a
- 21 lot of discussion about an emissions increase, and
- 22 this is just a hypothetical scenario at Newton, to
- 23 39,152 tons, and what sort of Agency response that
- 24 might trigger?

- I was hoping to follow up on the
- 2 timeline and try to understand, step by step from
- 3 the Agency, what actions that would trigger and how
- 4 long they would take? And I know we touched on
- 5 this a little bit yesterday but I just wanted to
- 6 dig in a little more.
- 7 So could the Agency start by indicating
- 8 if there were such an emissions increase over a
- 9 one-year time, first, how quickly would the Agency
- 10 find out, and how would the Agency find out?
- MR. BLOOMBERG: Well, I guess I need to
- do clarification on the hypothetical because there
- 13 are so many possibilities. Is this the
- 14 hypothetical we talked about where suddenly all the
- other EGUs are closed and only Newton and Joppa
- 16 continue to operate? So it jumped all at once, or
- 17 is this the hypothetical where it gradually
- increased year over year?
- 19 MS. BUGEL: Let's assume that this just
- 20 occurred in a one-year time, and I don't know if
- 21 that falls within your definition of suddenly, but
- let's assume other plants closed and the increase
- 23 at Newton was within a one-year timeframe.
- MR. BLOOMBERG: Okay.

```
Page 26
1
                First, I think we need to point out
 2
     that Mr. Diericx from Dynegy pointed out that -- I
3
     believe he pointed out that this number would
 4
     actually be impossible based on the limits that
5
     they'd have.
 6
                So when we say this is a hypothetical,
7
     this is really hypothetical, because they would
8
     have to be operating illegally from our
     understanding, so -- but if all of the EGUs closed
 9
     in one year, and I think -- and again, it's really
10
     hypothetical.
11
12
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD:
                                           We get that
     it's hypothetical.
13
14
                MR. BLOOMBERG:
                                Yeah. But the Agency
15
     would know simply because if all of Dynegy's plants
16
     are closing, everybody's going to know, and so the
17
     Agency would immediately be looking at, okay, where
     is the power being generated? What's going to
18
19
     happen here?
20
                And so in a situation like that, the
21
     Agency would know pretty much immediately and start
22
     watching it to make sure that it does not cause a
23
     problem like this.
24
                If, somehow, everyone at the Agency
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- weren't paying any attention and we didn't know
- 2 until the end of the year, then when -- as I had
- 3 discussed yesterday, when we saw the annual
- 4 emissions, which we're coming to the beginning of
- 5 the following year, we would immediately know, and
- 6 we would have to -- under the Data Requirements
- 7 Rule, we would have to, you know, immediately do a
- 8 review, because it would obviously be more than a
- 9 15 percent increase, determine if modeling is
- 10 necessary, do the modeling, and see if there's a
- 11 potential nonattainment area there, and as I
- 12 discussed yesterday, that would have to be done
- 13 before -- I believe that would all have to be done
- 14 before June 1st.
- 15 HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: Excuse me.
- 16 Can I ask a question? You said that the Agency
- 17 would know and that we would start watching. What
- 18 do you mean by watching? What do you get before
- 19 that Annual Report or what triggers would the
- 20 Agency be looking for before that Annual Emissions
- 21 Report that would trigger Agency action?
- MR. BLOOMBERG: Well, we can look at
- 23 the emissions as they're reported to -- it's called
- 24 AMPD now, A-M-P-D.

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Page 28
1
                           It's the Air Markets
                MR. DAVIS:
 2
     Program Data, formerly Clean Air Markets Data,
 3
     AMPD.
 4
                MR. BLOOMBERG: So we would be able to
 5
     follow all of the power plants and report directly
 6
     to US EPA, and the Agency has access to that
7
     information, so we can immediately tell, or fairly
     immediately anyway, if suddenly emissions at Newton
8
9
     jumped up five times.
10
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD:
                                           Thank you.
11
                CHAIRMAN PAPADIMITRIU: Can I,
12
     Ms. Bugel?
13
                Just for a point of clarification,
14
     Mr. Bloomberg, is immediately -- are you defining
15
     immediately here the same way we defined
16
     immediately yesterday?
17
                MR. BLOOMBERG: I don't remember how we
     defined immediately yesterday.
18
19
                CHAIRMAN PAPADIMITRIU: The scenario
20
     was, you know, if something happened in March of
21
     year one and then the report was year two. And I
22
     understand regulatory immediately. Would you know
23
     in a month? Would you know in a quarter?
24
                MR. BLOOMBERG: Yeah.
                                       It's, in AMPD, a
```

- 1 month after.
- 2 HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: Sorry,
- 3 Ms. Bugel.
- 4 MS. BUGEL: And I do have some more
- 5 follow-up based on that.
- 6 You mentioned that under the Data
- 7 Requirements Review, if there's more than a 15
- 8 percent increase, Data Requirements Review is
- 9 triggered, right?
- 10 MR. BLOOMBERG: Review under the Data
- 11 Requirements Rule, yes.
- MS. BUGEL: Right. How long does
- 13 review of the -- how long does review under the
- 14 Data Requirements Rule take?
- MR. BLOOMBERG: Okay. That's what I
- 16 was just talking about. That is, you know, would
- 17 be done before June 1st.
- MS. BUGEL: And how about the modeling?
- 19 How long does that take?
- 20 MR. BLOOMBERG: That's what I talked
- 21 about yesterday where -- sorry, I didn't go back
- 22 and check it. I didn't know there would be more
- 23 questions on it. I just can't remember if the
- 24 modeling needs to be done before June 1st as well,

Page 30 or if the review indicated that modeling needs to 1 2 be done. However, it would be modeling in a fairly 3 I mean, we have -- when I say we, I small area. 4 mean my modeling unit staff -- has all the 5 information for these areas already in modeling 6 files, so they already have the release points, the 7 release information. They would just have to get 8 the emissions information, put that into the model 9 and run it, and that can be done within, you know, a fairly short time. 10 11 I would say, you know, if something of 12 this magnitude happened, I would say no more than two weeks probably, and that may be just -- I think 13 that's buffer time. I think --14 15 You know, I asked them a question just 16 last week about a modeling area for SO2 and they 17 had an answer to me -- I think I asked them on 18 Thursday and they had an answer to me on Monday. 19 MS. BUGEL: And in this you mentioned 20 you would need to figure out if this emissions increase created a nonattainment area, right? 21 22 MR. BLOOMBERG: Yes. 23 MS. BUGEL: What action is triggered at 24 the Agency if such an emissions increase did create

- 1 a nonattainment area?
- 2 MR. BLOOMBERG: There's a number of
- 3 possibilities. The clearest possibility is that we
- 4 would bring the company in and mandate or tell them
- 5 that we were going to be working on limits for them
- 6 and that those limits could either come in the form
- 7 of a federally enforceable construction permit or
- 8 in the form of a rule.
- 9 The other possibility is that it is
- 10 possible that the Agency could undertake an
- 11 enforcement action.
- MS. BUGEL: And I want to just walk
- 13 through those three different pathways and figure
- 14 out the timeline for those. You know, you said you
- 15 would need to bring the company in, and would that
- 16 need to happen before June 1st or not?
- MR. BLOOMBERG: Not necessarily.
- 18 Again, though, I would point out, if every Dynegy
- 19 facility except for two shut down, I'm pretty sure
- 20 we would have Dynegy in our offices a lot sooner to
- 21 find out what their plan was, to find out what
- 22 their emissions were going to look like. I do not
- 23 see any scenario under which we would wait a year
- 24 to find out what those emissions were.

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Page 32
1
                MS. BUGEL: So -- and I appreciate that
 2
     answer because I actually want to turn the
 3
     hypothetical to something -- since everyone said
 4
     this is very unrealistic, I want to turn the
 5
     hypothetical to something that might be more
 6
     realistic.
 7
                You said it was a 15 percent increase
8
     in emissions that -- or greater than 15 percent
 9
     increase in emissions that triggers the Data
     Requirements Review, right?
10
11
                MR. BLOOMBERG: Yeah.
                                       It's in the
12
     quidelines, in certain situations as we laid out in
13
     our submittal to the Board a few weeks ago.
14
                MS. BUGEL: What if we're talking about
15
     a scenario where, say, there's a -- instead of this
16
     jump up to 39,152 tons, I want to talk about a
17
     scenario where there's possibly just a 16 percent
18
     increase in emissions, and hopefully that's a
19
     little more realistic and something that we can
20
     chew on a little more. How would the Agency, under
21
     those circumstances, find out?
                MR. BLOOMBERG: We would see it in the
22
23
     inventory, as I described, at the beginning of the
24
     following year.
```

```
Page 33
1
                           So if there's a 16 percent
                MS. BUGEL:
 2
     increase over one year, in year one that we were
3
     calling, you don't find out until the start of year
 4
     two, correct?
 5
                MR. BLOOMBERG:
                               I mean, it's possible
 6
     we could through other means, but that's the latest
7
     it would be, yes.
8
                MS. BUGEL: And does -- does the Agency
9
     run calculations every year to figure out
     exactly -- if there is an increase, to figure out
10
     exactly how much it was?
11
12
                MR. BLOOMBERG:
                                Yes.
13
                MS. BUGEL: Okay. So can you walk
14
     through that scenario? Well, let's say as the --
15
     would all the timelines be the same as the previous
16
     unrealistic hypothetical we were talking about,
17
     everything would need to be completed by June 1st
     again?
18
19
                MR. BLOOMBERG: Yes.
20
                MS. BUGEL: Okay. Well, then, in this
21
     scenario, let's talk about the three different
22
     pathways. Would that also trigger -- let's assume
23
     that 16 percent increase triggers a nonattainment
24
     area or creates a nonattainment area.
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Page 34
1
                MR. BLOOMBERG:
                                I cannot agree to
 2
     assume that because I do not think a 16 percent
 3
     increase at any of these facilities would create a
 4
     nonattainment area.
 5
                            Except for Joppa.
                MS. BUGEL:
 6
                MR. BLOOMBERG: At Joppa it would -- a
7
     16 percent increase there under this proposal
8
     would -- well, it would not be allowed -- but we --
 9
     that is in place to ensure that never happens, but
     as I mentioned in response to a Board question a
10
     few minutes ago, there are many sources of SO2, many
11
12
     other larger sources of SO2 in that modeling area
13
     than Joppa.
14
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: All right,
15
     Ms. Bugel. Mr. More has a question.
16
                MR. MORE:
                           This hypothetical 16 percent
17
     increase, is there anything in the current MPS that
     precludes a 16 percent increase in emissions year
18
19
     over year at any facility?
20
                MR. BLOOMBERG:
                                No.
21
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: Ms. Bugel?
22
                MS. BUGEL: Okay. Well, just -- I
23
     still want to just understand the three different
24
     pathways that you put out. I want to understand
```

- 1 the timeframes for those.
- 2 If you bring the company in to work on
- 3 limits -- I think you said the options were limits
- 4 in a construction permit or rulemaking or
- 5 enforcement; those are the three options?
- 6 MR. BLOOMBERG: Those are the three
- 7 that I can think of, yes.
- 8 MS. BUGEL: Can we talk about limits
- 9 included in the new construction permit and just
- 10 get a timeline on how long that would take?
- 11 MR. BLOOMBERG: That's -- the one
- 12 section I have not worked at in all my years at the
- 13 Agency is the permitting section, so I cannot claim
- 14 to speak with expertise on how long it takes for a
- 15 construction permit. It would partially depend on
- 16 the cooperation of the company in question. If the
- 17 company were feeling particularly cooperative, they
- 18 could pay for an expedited construction permit and
- 19 we would do that in two weeks. Otherwise,
- 20 obviously, the Agency would determine this to be
- 21 very important and would act on it as quickly as
- 22 possible anyway, again, presuming that the, you
- 23 know, company in question, whoever it may be at
- 24 that point, would be cooperating.

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Page 36
1
                The other thing I'm not sure of off the
 2
     top of my head is whether there would be any notice
 3
     requirements involved, so that could cause a little
 4
     bit longer timeframe.
 5
                MS. BUGEL:
                           But you did not give a
 6
     timeframe for how long it would take if the company
7
     did not pay for expedited?
8
                MR. BLOOMBERG: Again, I'm not a permit
     person, so I just don't feel like I can give that
 9
10
     number. All I can tell you is I'm fairly certain
11
     that the management team on something like this
12
     would think it a priority, and therefore would, you
     know, hurry it along pretty quickly.
13
                MS. BUGEL: And how about if the -- if
14
15
     the Agency needed to do a rulemaking to address a
16
     nonattainment area, how long would that take?
17
                MR. BLOOMBERG:
                                I'm sorry. Could you
18
     repeat that?
19
                            If the Agency needed to do
                MS. BUGEL:
20
     a rulemaking to address a nonattainment area, how
21
     long would that take?
22
                MR. BLOOMBERG: Somewhere in the area
23
     of six to eight months, depending on how many
24
     hearings were necessary, again, whether, you know,
```

- 1 companies involved cooperated, whether outside
- 2 parties got involved. I would say six to eight
- 3 months' timeframe.
- 4 MS. BUGEL: And if the Agency needed to
- 5 do an enforcement action to address this
- 6 nonattainment area, how long would that take?
- 7 MR. BLOOMBERG: That also depends. I
- 8 would say using the Section 31 enforcement process,
- 9 you know, violation notice would have to be sent.
- 10 There's a certain timeframe by which the company
- 11 would have to respond. The Agency would have to
- 12 determine whether or not to accept a compliance
- 13 commitment agreement. Presuming one is not
- 14 accepted, it goes to a notice of intent to pursue
- 15 legal action, and then it gets referred to the
- 16 Illinois Attorney General's Office, and then they
- 17 would proceed with the case from there. At that
- 18 point it's out of the Agency's hands as to how
- 19 quickly it proceeds.
- 20 And I should note that even if
- 21 enforcement were taken, that is not really an end
- 22 result, because in an enforcement case, I guess at
- 23 the end of it at the consent agreement level, you
- 24 could have enforceable limits, but it is likely

Page 38 that these would be parallel processes; that 1 2 something else would be going on at the same time 3 in terms of probably a rulemaking as well. 4 I think it's also fair to say that if 5 the company is cooperative, it is probably unlikely 6 that enforcement would be used, but you asked for 7 possibilities, so it's a possibility. 8 MS. BUGEL: Thank you. 9 And I just have a couple of questions on the follow-up to Dr. Lucy Fraiser's report that 10 11 you were asked about today. You were asked if it -- if there was 12 13 anything noticeably missing, and I just wanted to 14 confirm that that report did not include any discussion of PM 2.5. 15 16 MR. BLOOMBERG: To my recollection, it 17 does not contain anything about PM 2.5. 18 HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: Excuse me. 19 Just to clear up the record, that is a report that 20 is attached to Exhibit 24. 21 MS. BUGEL: Thank you. And SO2 is a 22 precursor to PM 2.5, right? 23 MR. BLOOMBERG: Yes. 24 MS. BUGEL: And Dr. Fraiser's report

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Page 39
     also did not include any discussion of ozone,
1
2
     right?
 3
                MR. BLOOMBERG: I don't believe so.
 4
                MS. BUGEL: And NOx is a precursor to
5
     ozone, right?
 6
                MR. BLOOMBERG:
                                Yes.
7
                MS. BUGEL: Thank you. That's all the
8
     follow-up I have.
9
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: Mr. More?
10
                MR. MORE: Mr. Bloomberg, during the
     first hearing, we discussed how the current MPS is
11
12
     utilized to ensure protection of the NAAQS.
     recall those questions? Vaguely?
13
14
                MR. BLOOMBERG: Vaguely.
15
                MR. MORE: Now that we've spent a lot
16
     of time revisiting the NAAQS, is the MPS, the
17
     current MPS, used by Illinois EPA or relied upon by
     Illinois EPA to ensure compliance with the PM 2.5
18
19
     NAAQS?
20
                MR. BLOOMBERG:
                                No.
21
                MR. MORE: With the ozone NAAQS?
22
                MR. BLOOMBERG:
                                No.
23
                MR. MORE: So all these concerns that
24
     are being raised today about the NAAQS in
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Page 40
     connection with the proposal exist under the
1
 2
     existing MPS, isn't that right? The idea that
 3
     emissions could increase by 16 percent, for
 4
     example, that can happen under the existing MPS;
5
     correct?
 6
                MR. BLOOMBERG:
                                Yes.
7
                MR. MORE: And a NAAQS exceedance could
8
     occur today. Any NAAQS exceedance could occur
 9
     today due to operations at these plants
     hypothetically under the MPS, correct, and still
10
     comply -- a unit could still comply with the MPS?
11
12
     That hypothetical scenario could occur, correct?
13
                MR. BLOOMBERG: Yes. I think it goes
14
     back to something I said yesterday and we've tried
15
     to say throughout these proceedings, which is, the
16
     MPS is an annual averaging standard and it simply
17
     cannot be used to protect like a one-hour SO2
18
     NAAQS, or a, you know, an ozone NAAQS, or a PM 2.5
19
             It just doesn't work that way.
     NAAQS.
20
                MR. MORE: And "it" being the current
     MPS and the proposal, correct?
21
22
                MR. BLOOMBERG: Correct.
23
                           If I could, I'd like to move
                MR. MORE:
24
     on to addressing --
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Page 41
1
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: Go ahead.
                                                      Ι
     just want to be sure we're following.
 2
 3
                           Thank you. So at this time
                MR. MORE:
 4
     we would like to respond to Board Member Zalewski's
5
     inquiry about layering an emission rate on top of a
 6
     cap.
           So Mr. Diericx.
7
                MR. DIERICX: Rick Diericx, Dynegy.
8
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: Just a
9
     reminder, Mr. Diericx is under oath.
10
                MR. DIERICX: Thank you, Mr. More.
11
                Dynegy agrees with the Illinois
12
     Environmental Protection Agency that layering any
     new unit-based or plant-based emission rate limits
13
14
     on top of the emission caps in the proposed MPS
15
     Rule would create duplicative and unnecessary
16
     requirements on the MPS leak.
17
                MR. MORE: I have some questions for
     the Attorney General, if we can move to those.
18
19
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD:
                                          Yes.
20
                MR. MORE: And just for the record,
21
     they're still under oath?
22
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: Yes.
                                                 Thank
23
     you.
24
                MR. MORE: We heard yesterday that
```

- 1 Illinois EPA supports lowering the SO2 cap to
- 2 49,000 tons. Does the Attorney General have an
- 3 opinion on whether the proposed SO2 cap should be
- 4 lowered to 49,000 tons?
- 5 MR. GIGNAC: James Gignac, G-I-G-N-A-C,
- 6 for the Illinois Attorney General's Office.
- We appreciate the Illinois EPA's
- 8 proposal to lower the sulphur dioxide cap, and our
- 9 process going forward is to review the record
- 10 that's being established with our management and
- 11 review what positions we should take in
- 12 post-hearing comments.
- I would like to point out that the
- 14 49,000 ton number that we came up with in our
- 15 pre-filed testimony was an analytical exercise to
- 16 show that the First Notice Proposal was exceedingly
- 17 high for an SO2 cap, and I would add that, in our
- 18 view, the mass-based caps should be based on
- 19 realistic assumptions, which assumptions should
- 20 include the capacity factor of units, and in order
- 21 to reach that 49,000 ton number, as well as the
- 22 29,000 number for NOx in our pre-filed testimony,
- 23 we had to make unrealistic assumptions about the
- 24 cleanest units running at a hundred percent

Page 43 capacity factor, and both Illinois EPA and Dynegy 1 2 itself have responded similarly, saying that's not 3 realistic. So if the Board does conclude that a 4 5 mass-based cap is justified, we believe that it 6 should set the cap at numbers that are 7 significantly below what was in our pre-filed 8 testimony of 49,000 tons for SO2 and 29,000 tons 9 for NOx. 10 MR. ARMSTRONG: And just to add one point --11 12 HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: You need to 13 identify yourself. 14 MR. ARMSTRONG: Andrew Armstrong from 15 the Attorney General's Office. 16 Like Mr. Gignac said, our process is, 17 we'll have to review the record, including the testimony yesterday, with our management, and we 18 19 can discuss with our management the possibility of 20 suggesting potential caps in post-hearing comments. MR. MORE: Well, we've been at this 21 22 process for several months now since December. Is 23 there anything in the -- did you discuss with your

management at any point in time proposing a

24

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Page 44
     specific cap for either SO2 or NOx?
1
 2
                MR. GIGNAC: We've discussed it with --
 3
     our office does not have a position to articulate
 4
     to the Board at this time.
 5
                MR. MORE: And is there a reason why
 6
     you're not setting forth a position at this time?
7
                MR. GIGNAC: As I said, as I just
8
     stated, our process is to review the record as it's
 9
     completed after the public hearings and formulate a
     position with our management at the office.
10
11
                                          They're
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD:
12
     conferring.
13
                MR. GIGNAC: And then I would also
14
     state as we did in the first set of hearings, that
15
     our office's view is, changing the MPS has not been
16
     justified and that the First Notice Proposal should
17
     be withdrawn.
18
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: Ms. Palumbo?
19
                MS. PALUMBO: Antonette Palumbo from
20
     the IPEA.
21
                Just to be clear -- we want to make
22
     sure we're all on the same page -- if the Attorney
23
     General's Office proposes a cap in its post-hearing
24
     comment, the Attorney General's witnesses will not
```

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Page 45
     be able to be cross-examined on that proposal by
1
 2
     any participant in this rulemaking at any of the
 3
     three hearings that have already been scheduled in
 4
     this proceeding; is that correct?
 5
                MR. ARMSTRONG:
                                If we propose a cap,
 6
     which I'm not sure that we're going to propose a
7
     cap in our post-hearing comments, we might suggest
8
     a cap for the Board's consideration based on all
 9
     the evidence that's in the record but, you know,
     we've got another --
10
11
                I mean, I don't see us proposing a cap
12
     in the first place, because our position here is
     that we don't believe rulemaking is necessary.
13
14
                MS. PALUMBO: Did you not just testify
15
     that your office will propose a cap in your
16
     post-hearing comments?
17
                MR. ARMSTRONG: No. We said that we
     would discuss with our management possibly setting
18
19
     up a potential cap in our post-hearing comments.
20
     That's different from proposing a cap.
                MS. PALUMBO: Thanks for the
21
22
     clarification.
23
                MR. ARMSTRONG: You're welcome.
24
                           Nonetheless, the suggestion
                MR. MORE:
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Page 46
     would not be subject to open public disclosure or
1
 2
     inquiry, isn't that correct?
 3
                MR. GIGNAC: I mean, the Board is
 4
     certainly capable of differentiating, you know,
 5
     what is a post-hearing comment versus what is
 6
     testimony, and the Board can accord that material
7
     the weight that it thinks it deserves.
8
                MR. MORE: You mentioned that you
 9
     believe the cap should be, quote, significantly
10
     below the 49,300 ton ceiling you set forth in your
11
     written testimony. What do you mean by
12
     significant?
13
                MR. GIGNAC: Just to correct you, we
14
     did not propose 49,000 tons as a ceiling.
15
     it was an analysis that we did to show how the
16
     First Notice Proposal's mass-based cap was set too
17
     high, and in terms of where a cap should be set,
     again, that's -- that would be part of our
18
19
     deliberative process in post-hearing comments.
20
                MR. MORE: Wait a minute. You're --
21
     have you not engaged in this deliberative process
22
     to date?
23
                             It's an ongoing process.
                MR. GIGNAC:
24
                MR. MORE: Now I'd like to turn to page
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Page 47
     18 of your pre-filed testimony.
1
 2
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD:
                                          For the
 3
     record, the pre-filed testimony of the -- for the
 4
     record, the pre-filed testimony of Mr. Gignac from
     the Attorney General's Office is Exhibit Number 9.
5
 6
                MR. MORE:
                           The paragraph under Table
7
     10, the second sentence, I'd like to read it into
8
     the record.
 9
                "Added to the Dynegy Group above,
     (15,447 tons), the total maximum allowable SO2
10
11
     emissions under the current MPS should be
     considered no more than 49,305 tons using the 2016
12
     unit-level emissions rate."
13
14
                Did I read that sentence correctly?
15
                MR. GIGNAC: Yes. And the key words
     there are "should be considered," because what
16
17
     we're doing in this portion of our testimony is
     trying to illustrate the -- what the maximum -- the
18
19
     total maximum allowable emissions could be in this
20
     theoretical exercise.
21
                MR. MORE: And it says "should be
22
     considered no more than, " correct?
23
                MR. GIGNAC: Yes.
24
                MR. MORE: And the proposal of 49,000
```

Page 48 tons, you would agree, is no more than 49,305. 1 2 MR. GIGNAC: The number 49,000 is less 3 than the number 49,305. 4 MR. MORE: So as of today, the Attorney 5 General does not have an opinion whether or not a 6 cap of 49,000 tons for SO2 is appropriate. 7 MR. GIGNAC: I testified earlier today, 8 we think the number should be lower than that. 9 MR. MORE: Should be lower than 49,000 tons now, correct? 10 11 MR. GIGNAC: We've been consistent in 12 stating -- in explaining our testimony, and the number 49,000, as we calculated it using an 13 14 analytical exercise, we've never asserted that as a 15 number -- as a cap that the Board should adopt. 16 MR. MORE: Let me correct, if you don't 17 mind. Your testimony, as written, was 49,305 tons that you'd consider less than. That's what it says 18 19 here on page 18 of your testimony, correct? 49,305 20 tons. 21 MR. GIGNAC: But we're not proposing a

- 22 cap in that part of our testimony.
- 23 MR. MORE: I understand you're not.
- 24 Are you now revising your testimony to say that the

Page 49 cap that the Board should be considering should be 1 2 less than now 49,000 tons? 3 MR. ARMSTRONG: No. We're not revising 4 our testimony, and I think that what your testimony 5 is assuming is that the cap for SO2 or NOx should be set at the total maximum allowable emissions 6 7 under the current MPS, and what Mr. Gignac conveyed 8 before is that our office does not agree that the -- any mass limits on the revised MPS should be 9 set at the maximum allowable emissions because 10 that's not as protective as the current MPS. 11 12 MR. MORE: Should not be set at the maximum allowable; and you've calculated the 13 14 maximum allowable as 49,305, correct? 15 MR. ARMSTRONG: Using the '26 16 unit-level emission rates. 17 MR. MORE: Right. If we use 2017 18 emission rates, we may get a different number, 19 correct? 20 MR. ARMSTRONG: I think we covered this 21 during the first set of hearings. You can put in 22 different inputs. We provided an analysis that, at 23 the time we filed this testimony, used the most 24 recent available annual emission rates for each

Page 50 1 unit. 2 MR. MORE: Well, do you have any 3 intention of using different inputs in your 4 post-hearing comments to propose a different 5 number, for example, based on 2015 emission rates? 6 MR. ARMSTRONG: As I said before, we don't have any intention at this point of proposing 7 8 caps. 9 MR. MORE: And you're not willing at 10 this point to provide any guidance to any 11 participant as to what you mean by significant; any 12 quidance as to what you may consider to be an 13 acceptable cap, correct? 14 MR. GIGNAC: We've provided guidance 15 that we think it should be lower than IEPA's 16 proposal of 49,000 tons. 17 MR. MORE: Where is that in the record 18 that you believe it should be lower than 49,000 19 tons? 20 It's in the transcript MR. GIGNAC: 21 today. 22 MR. MORE: Okay. So what is the basis 23 for your conclusion that it should be lower than 24 49,000 tons?

```
Page 51
1
                MR. GIGNAC:
                             I've stated that today.
 2
                MR. MORE: Does the Attorney General
 3
     agree that the NAAQS set by US EPA are set to
 4
     protect human health, welfare, and the environment
5
     with an adequate margin of safety?
 6
                MR. GIGNAC:
                             That sounds correct.
                                                    That
     is the regulatory definition of what the NAAQS are.
7
8
                MR. MORE: And does the Attorney
 9
     General agree that the NAAQS are intended to, in
     fact, provide protection for the population as a
10
11
     whole, including at-risk groups such as children
12
     and the elderly?
13
                MR. ARMSTRONG: Yes. We agree that's
14
     the intent of the NAAQS.
15
                MR. MORE: And do you believe that the
16
     NAAQS accomplished that?
17
                MR. GIGNAC: I don't have an opinion on
18
     that.
19
                MR. MORE:
                           Does the Attorney General
20
     have an opinion on that?
21
                MR. GIGNAC: I'm not authorized to say.
22
                MR. MORE: Does the Attorney General
23
     believe US EPA failed to do their job in
24
     establishing any of the NAAQS?
```

```
Page 52
1
                             I would also add that on
                MR. GIGNAC:
 2
     at least one occasion that I'm familiar with, our
 3
     office has challenged NAAQS set by US EPA and
 4
     litigated those along with other states.
 5
                           Okay. Has the Illinois
                MR. MORE:
 6
     Attorney General challenged any of the existing
7
     NAAQS?
8
                MR. GIGNAC: I'd have to research that
 9
     to determine if the matter I'm thinking of is an
     existing NAAQS. I'd have to refresh my memory on
10
11
     that.
12
                           Okay. You've been talking
                MR. MORE:
13
     about the PM 2.5 NAAQS. Does the Attorney General
14
     believe that the US EPA improperly set the current
15
     PM 2.5 NAAQS?
16
                MR. GIGNAC: I don't have an opinion on
17
     that.
                MR. MORE: Would your answer be the
18
19
     same if I asked that question related to the
20
     current SO2 NAAQS?
21
                MR. GIGNAC: Same answer.
22
                MR. MORE: And the ozone NAAQS?
23
                MR. GIGNAC:
                             Same.
24
                           I want to go back to your
                MR. MORE:
```

```
Page 53
    prior testimony.
1
 2
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD:
                                           Excuse me,
 3
     Mr. More. You know what I'm going to ask.
 4
                Can we go off the record, please?
 5
                   (There was then had an off-the-record
 6
                   discussion.)
                Back on the record, please.
7
8
                MR. MORE: So I would like to turn to
 9
     page 183 of the transcript from the January 17th
10
     hearing, and I'll read the question into the record
11
     and the answer, and I want to confirm whether or
12
     not your answer today, whether you've changed your
     position.
13
14
                Line 19. Okay. So am I correct, then,
15
     to understand that you believe an appropriate cap
16
     should be set for SO2. If the Board goes down the
17
     path of setting a cap, then it should be at some
18
     level below 49,305 tons?
                Answer: I believe that that would be
19
20
     correct, if we were asked to provide our position
21
     on that.
22
                Has the position of the Attorney
23
     General changed?
24
                MR. GIGNAC:
                             No.
```

```
Page 54
1
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD:
                                           All right.
 2
     Let's take a five-minute break before we -- so we
 3
     don't have to stop in the middle. So we can come
 4
     back and start there.
 5
                   (A brief recess was taken.)
 6
                I think we're ready to go back on the
7
     record.
8
                The Attorney General's Office has spoken
 9
     to Mr. More and myself and they would like to go on
     the record with something, so go right ahead.
10
11
     Mr. Armstrong?
12
                MR. ARMSTRONG: Yes.
                                       Thank you.
13
     just to reiterate the pre-filed comments, we had --
14
     our position at that time was that the Board should
15
     allow the impact of MPS to continue "as is" and
16
     withdraw our First Notice Proposed Amendment.
17
     to set forth the procedural rulemaking, we consider
     the alternative of combining groups or maintaining
18
19
     a rate-based standard.
20
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: We can't hear
21
     you.
22
                MR. ARMSTRONG: I'm sorry. Just again
23
     referring back to our pre-filed comments on page
24
     20, our office's position was and is that the Board
```

Page 55 should allow the MPS to continue as it was intended 1 2 and withdraw and reject the First Notice Proposed 3 Amendments; also, consider in the alternative, if 4 it does proceed with the rulemaking, consider the 5 alternative of combining groups or maintaining a 6 rate-based standard, and then if the Board 7 determines that only a mass-based standard should 8 be used for a combined group, as we said at that 9 time, the caps need to be set at significantly 10 lower than what appears in the proposal, and we suggested that the Board could take public comment 11 12 on what those caps might be, and we've heard loud 13 and clear people are interested in hearing what our 14 office thinks about what those caps might be, and 15 so what we would propose to do is to discuss with 16 our management to see if we can get authorization 17 to provide opinions on what appropriate caps might 18 be if the Board does accept the proposal and 19 proceed with mass-based standards and file that in 20 advance of the next hearings in Springfield, and we 21 discussed, I believe, April 3rd as a due date for 22 our additional filing on that subject, and so we 23 would be available to answer questions at the next 24 proceeding regarding whether that would be filed --

Page 56 1 whatever we're authorized to file, I should say. 2 HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: Thank you. 3 And we would set a pre-filing deadline for 4 questions for about a week after that and we'll go 5 over that at the end. 6 MR. MORE: All right. We would object 7 to that. The third hearing, as I understand it, 8 was set with the intention to allow -- it was an 9 expectation by all parties, including the Board, that this proceeding would not be finished within 10 11 these two days and there would be a need for 12 carryover to ensure we provide the public with another opportunity for oral public comment. 13 14 Attorney General has had this opportunity to 15 present an actual number as that third alternative, 16 and I understand and don't disagree with this 17 characterization of the testimony. There are 18 layers to it, and if the Board should choose to go 19 down the path of setting a cap, they said it should 20 be lower than some things, without setting forth 21 what their proposal is. 22 Now, today, they're telling you they 23 want an opportunity at the end of the process to 24 present that number when we're six months in, and

- 1 it puts all of us at a disadvantage. The longer
- 2 this goes -- because the Illinois EPA filed a
- 3 Motion to Expedite the Rulemaking. We supported
- 4 that. We've demonstrated there's financial
- 5 implications associated with complying with the
- 6 MPS. Those will continue. We will be prejudiced
- 7 the longer this remains, and so we would ask that
- 8 the third hearing remain only solely and
- 9 exclusively for the purpose of public comment for
- 10 that four-hour period.
- 11 HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: And that is
- 12 April 16th. However, April 17th was set
- 13 specifically for testimony, and I understand there
- 14 was -- I will agree there was some concern that we
- 15 would not finish with testimony at this hearing,
- 16 but it is set, and it is for testimony.
- 17 I'm willing to hear from the IEPA if
- 18 you have anything you'd like to say.
- MS. PALUMBO: We don't have a position.
- 20 Thank you very much.
- 21 HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: And
- 22 Ms. Bugel, do you want to weigh in?
- MS. BUGEL: No. Thank you.
- 24 HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: All right. I

- 1 think that the Attorney General has offered
- 2 something that you seem to be asking for at this
- 3 hearing and has offered to at least see if they can
- 4 get that for you in a hearing rather than final
- 5 comment, and so I think we're going to let them
- 6 file testimony, and testimony will be open to
- 7 anyone else who wants to file it on April 17th --
- 8 for the hearing April 17th, sorry. The pre-filing
- 9 deadline is April 3rd.
- 10 With that, I believe it's time to have
- 11 Mr. Urbaszewski sworn in.
- 12 (Witness sworn.)
- 13 HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: Take the
- 14 microphone. Thank you.
- And if there's no objection, we will
- 16 mark the pre-filed testimony filed on February 6th,
- 17 2018, of Mr. Urbaszewski as Exhibit 34. Seeing no
- 18 objection, it is Exhibit 34.
- MS. BUGEL: And Hearing Officer, the
- 20 one thing I can offer is we realized we omitted
- 21 page numbers from Mr. Urbaszewski's testimony. If
- 22 that would be of assistance to anyone, I do have
- 23 new copies that have page numbers.
- 24 HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: I think we're

Page 59 1 good. Thank you very much. I appreciate that 2 thought. 3 And then we'll start with the questions 4 from the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, 5 and if there's no objection, as we have been doing, 6 we will mark the pre-filed questions of the IEPA as 7 Exhibit 35. Seeing none, it is Exhibit 35. And we 8 will have the questions read for the public today. 9 Mr. Urbaszewski, did you want to make an opening statement before we go to the pre-filed 10 11 questions? 12 I'm fine with MR. URBASZEWSKI: No. 13 it. MS. PALUMBO: Question 1. Before 14 15 submitting your pre-filed testimony to the Board, 16 did you read the entirety of your submittal, 17 including all of the attachments? 18 THE WITNESS: I read Exhibit 1, Exhibit 19 2, Exhibit 3 in full. I read Exhibit 5 in full and 20 I read Exhibit 4 in part. 21 HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: We need you 22 to speak up. We can't hear you. 23 MR. URBASZEWSKI: Oh, sorry. Do you

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need me to repeat that?

24

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1
                THE REPORTER:
                               I got it.
 2
                MS. PALUMBO: And which parts of
 3
     Exhibit 4 did you read, if you could identify
 4
     those, please?
 5
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: I couldn't give you
 6
     exact page numbers or chapters. The information I
7
     looked for was generally between 30 and 40 and
8
     between pages 50 and 60. That's what I felt was
9
     relevant.
10
                MS. PALUMBO: Question 2. You state on
     page 3 of your testimony that, quote, there is no
11
12
     safe threshold level of fine particulate pollution
     below which there is no risk to human health from
13
14
     exposure, end quote.
15
                I'm going to attribute your quote to a
16
     letter from Gina McCarthy to the House Committee on
17
     Energy and Commerce, attached to your testimony as
18
     Exhibit 3. Is that an exact quote from the letter
19
     itself? If so, could you please cite the page
20
     number and paragraph of that letter?
21
                MR. URBASZEWSKI:
                                  It is a
22
     characterization of the position of the letter in
23
     its entirety. I would say that there are several
24
     selections that would lead to that conclusion.
```

- 1 First is, the second sentence in the third
- 2 paragraph that states, "Studies demonstrate an
- 3 association between the premature mortality and
- 4 fine particle pollution at the lowest levels
- 5 measured in the relevant studies, levels that are
- 6 significantly below the NAAQS for fine particles.
- 7 These studies have not observed a level at which
- 8 premature mortality effects do not occur. The best
- 9 scientific evidence, confirmed by independent,
- 10 Congressionally-mandated expert panels, is that
- 11 there is no threshold level of fine particle
- 12 pollution below which health risk reductions are
- 13 not achieved by reduced exposure.
- 14 Also, in the fourth paragraph, the --
- 15 again, it says, "All drafts of the PM ISA reflect
- 16 this conclusion that there is no scientific
- 17 evidence supporting assumption of a threshold for
- 18 fine -- for PM effects.
- 19 Also on page 6 of the attachment to
- 20 that letter, again, that attachment on page 6, the
- 21 second paragraph after 2, states: "We do not
- 22 believe that it is scientifically defensible to
- 23 look solely at benefits above 15 micrograms per
- 24 cubic meter because there are peer-reviewed,

- 1 scientific studies showing health effects below
- 2 this level. While 15 micrograms is the level of
- 3 the current (2006) annual PM 2.5 NAAQS, it is not
- 4 directly related to the studies we use to calculate
- 5 benefits, which observed health effects associated
- 6 with exposure to PM 2.5 concentrations. This is
- 7 consistent with the fact that NAAQS are not 'zero
- 8 risk' standards. Instead, EPA's current approach
- 9 is to show the complete distribution of benefits
- 10 across the entire range of PM 2.5 concentrations."
- MS. PALUMBO: Question 3. That letter
- is an explanation of how rulemaking benefits were
- 13 monetized by US EPA in performing cost-benefit
- 14 analyses, correct?
- MR. URBASZEWSKI: I am honestly not
- 16 sure, because looking at the response from the
- 17 assistant administrator at the time in this letter,
- 18 she does not discuss any monetary benefits. All
- 19 the benefits that she explains and characterizes
- 20 are health benefits, including -- most of the focus
- 21 is on premature mortality.
- 22 MS. PALUMBO: Question 4. In the
- 23 letter Ms. McCarthy states, quote: "There is no
- 24 threshold level of fine particulate pollution below

```
Page 63
1
     which health risk reductions are not achieved by
 2
     reduced exposure," end quote.
 3
                The purpose of this statement is simply
 4
     to defend monetizing reductions below the NAAQS
 5
     levels in US EPA's cost-benefit analysis, correct?
 6
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: Again, this letter
7
     documents mortality health effects below the NAAQS.
8
     Studies document mortality and health effects below
 9
     the NAAQS and the mortality and health effects are
     happening below the NAAQS. Whether that can be
10
11
     monetized or not is not really my reason for
12
     putting this in the record.
                                  It is because the
     mortality and health effects that are shown are
13
14
     occurring below the level of the NAAQS.
15
                I could also focus on -- there is a
16
     figure in here, it's Figure 5.14. It's a chart
     that shows the effect of one of the rules and the
17
     pre-mortality -- the mortality prevented by that
18
19
     particular rule, which is the Mercury and Air
20
     Toxics Rule, and I would note that the way that EPA
21
     has laid out the data here, it shows that
22
     overwhelmingly, if you look at the current standard
23
     of 12 micrograms per cubic meter for PM 2.5 or even
24
     the old standard when this was put together of 15
```

```
Page 64
     micrograms per cubic meter, overwhelmingly, almost
1
 2
     all the benefits, almost all the premature deaths
 3
     that are provided by this rule occur in areas that
 4
     are below the level of the current PM 2.5 standard
 5
     of 12.
                MS. PALUMBO: If I could have a moment,
 6
7
     please.
8
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: Go ahead.
 9
                MS. PALUMBO: Mr. Urbaszewski, doesn't
     the opening paragraph of that letter state that
10
11
     it's sent to the House Committee because they have
12
     requested additional information regarding US EPA
     estimates of the public health benefits expected to
13
14
     result from the regulatory actions that the US EPA
15
     has taken?
16
                MR. URBASZEWSKI:
                                  Yes, it does.
17
                MS. PALUMBO: Question 5. This letter
18
     was not sent to that Committee to suggest that a
19
     goal be set by that Committee or any other
20
     legislative or administrative body that there be
21
     zero particulate pollution in populated areas,
22
     correct?
23
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: The letter is clear
24
     about the purpose for which it's being written.
                                                       Ιt
```

- 1 doesn't mean that the health effects that US EPA
- 2 identifies below the NAAQS matter only for
- 3 monetizing cost benefits. This letter documents
- 4 mortality health effects below the NAAQS. Studies
- 5 document mortality and health effects below the
- 6 NAAQS and mortality and health effects happening
- 7 below the NAAQS.
- 8 Again, I would focus on the charts in
- 9 the attachment to this letter, and the one I
- 10 previously mentioned about the Mercury and Air
- 11 Toxics Rule specifically affects coal-fired
- 12 departments and shows that the rule that is
- 13 targeted in coal-fired departments is providing
- 14 benefits in areas that are below the levels of the
- 15 NAAQS, and almost all those benefits are
- 16 occurring -- those deaths that are being prevented
- 17 are being prevented in areas that are meeting the
- 18 NAAQS.
- 19 MS. PALUMBO: And just so I'm clear,
- 20 nowhere in your reading of this letter did
- 21 Ms. McCarthy suggest that the NAAQS should be zero.
- MR. URBASZEWSKI: She did not.
- MS. PALUMBO: And you said that this
- letter pertains to the MATS, M-A-T-S, and that rule

```
Page 66
     is still applicable, is that correct?
1
 2
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: I'm not sure if it's
 3
     being litigated or not, so I couldn't answer you
 4
     either way.
 5
                             Question 6.
                MS. PALUMBO:
                                            In your
 6
     testimony, you state that in setting a NAAQS, "An
7
     adequate margin of safety obviously still requires
8
     a judgment call by the US EPA and does not mean
 9
     that US EPA picks a threshold below which no health
10
     harms occur."
11
                Are you suggesting that the Board make
12
     a different judgment call and attempt to set its
     own standard below the NAAQS in this rulemaking?
13
14
                MR. URBASZEWSKI:
                                  No.
                                        The Board was
15
     asked if there would be any health effects from the
16
     rule that's being proposed here. Illinois EPA has
17
     suggested that there are no concerns because all
     these areas are in compliance with it in the NAAQS.
18
19
     The fact that the NAAQS are not "zero risk"
20
     standards means there are effects, health effects,
     below the NAAQS. This is relevant information for
21
22
     the Board and responsive to the Board's requests.
     I'll leave it there.
23
24
                MS. PALUMBO: Okay. Question 7.
```

```
Page 67
1
                Exhibit 4, attached to your testimony,
 2
     entitled, Risk and Exposure Assessment to Support
 3
     the Review of the SO2 Primary NAAQS: Final Report
 4
     is 895 pages of your 1,003-page testimony package.
5
     How many studies did the US EPA conduct and review
 6
     before setting the SO2 NAAQS?
7
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: I honestly don't
8
     know; a lot, because the EPA's process is very
9
     extensive and occurs over multiple years.
10
                MS. PALUMBO: Question 8. In this
11
     Assessment, did US EPA analyze the evidence of
12
     health effects of SO2, potential alternative
13
     standards, exposure assessments, health risk
14
     characterizations for peak SO2 exposures, exposures
     analyses, and health risk assessments for at-risk
15
16
     populations and risk-based considerations related
17
     to the SO2 NAAQS?
18
                MR. URBASZEWSKI:
                                  Yes.
19
                MS. PALUMBO: Did they do this same
20
     thorough review with the PM 2.5 NAAQS?
21
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: Is that in the public
22
     questions?
23
                MS. PALUMBO: It is not; it's a
24
     follow-up.
```

```
Page 68
1
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: I'm sorry.
                                               What was
 2
     the question?
 3
                MS. PALUMBO: Did they perform the same
 4
     thorough review for the PM 2.5 NAAQS?
5
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: I would believe so.
 6
                MS. PALUMBO: Question 9.
                Are you suggesting that the Illinois
7
8
     EPA did not conduct a -- I'm sorry -- the US EPA
 9
     did not conduct a thorough review in 2009 before
     promulgating that standard in 2010?
10
11
                MR. URBASZEWSKI:
                                  No.
12
                MS. PALUMBO: What would you consider
13
     to be a thorough review?
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: I think the existing
14
15
     process that we just went through in the previous
16
     two questions talking about the EPA's existing
17
     process for conducting a review, and what it would
18
     include would be what is required.
19
                MS. PALUMBO: Question 10.
20
                Also in your testimony, you state that
21
     for SO2 -- "For SO2, it is short-term spikes that
22
     trigger measurable health harms." The Agency is
23
     unaware of any definition of "spikes" under
24
     Illinois laws or regulations. Could you quantify
```

- 1 what you consider a "spike" in SO2 concentrations?
- 2 In other words, what concentration of SO2 in
- 3 ambient air do you consider a "spike"? Over what
- 4 time interval would you consider that concentration
- 5 to be a "spike"?
- 6 MR. URBASZEWSKI: "Spike" on my behalf
- 7 here is perhaps an inartful descriptor of
- 8 short-term exposures. It's not a technical term.
- 9 I simply use that word to mean short-term increases
- 10 in SO2.
- I'm not in a position to make a
- 12 recommendation of a concentration or a time amount
- 13 to define "spike". My understanding is that US EPA
- 14 has looked at this and continues to look at this
- 15 and that they have set an hourly standard, but
- 16 literature that US EPA relied on shows that health
- 17 effects occur in as little as five minutes of
- 18 exposure, definitely below 200 parts per billion,
- 19 and perhaps below 100 parts per billion.
- I would also note, however, that EPA in
- 21 the 2008 ISA notes that most of the studies that
- 22 show effects in this 200 ppb level or below exclude
- 23 the most sensitive asthmatics. So they -- the
- 24 effect of SO2 on extremely sensitive people,

Page 70 sensitive asthmatics, is not really tested, just 1 2 moderate asthmatics, and also that the studies do 3 not include tests on children. 4 MS. PALUMBO: Question 11. 5 In your conclusion, you state: 6 current rule, by imposing a fleet-wide average, has 7 prevented SO2 hot spots and prevented many 8 short-term spikes in SO2 that have been tied to 9 health effects." The Agency is unaware of any definition of "hot spot" under Illinois laws or 10 11 regulations. Please explain what you mean by "hot 12 spots". In other words, what pollutant concentrations or emissions levels, over what 13 14 interval of time, do you consider to be a "hot 15 spot"? 16 MR. URBASZEWSKI: Just because I'm 17 collecting my thoughts here, I wanted to add something to the previous question as well, and 18 19 thinking back to yesterday that Dr. Fraiser 20 mentioned in 2017, the SO2 ISA just came out, I think, in December, and I want to also note that 21 22 that document does talk extensively about the 23 threshold limit for SO2 as well, and since we 24 talked about threshold limits for PM, I thought it

- 1 was important to note that in that document,
- 2 several times it lays out that there's no evidence
- 3 to suggest that 200 parts per billion represents a
- 4 threshold below which no adverse respiratory
- 5 effects occur, and that document also goes to great
- 6 pains several times to say that there is no
- 7 apparent threshold value for SO2 exposure, because
- 8 one has not been found yet.
- 9 So with that, back to question 11.
- 10 Again, a "hot spot" is not a legal term. That is
- 11 my perhaps inartful term, and my testimony says
- 12 that the current rule, by imposing a fleet-wide
- 13 average, has prevented hot spots and prevented many
- 14 short-term spikes in SO2 that have been tied to
- 15 health effects. An annual cap removes the
- 16 mechanism that has prevented SO2 hot spots by
- 17 allowing SO2 emissions to increase at individual
- 18 plants if other plants shut down, particularly if
- 19 those plants are scrub plants.
- I think on the "hot spots" point, I
- 21 would say that the idea of a hot spot of greater
- 22 concentrations at fewer locations would be more the
- 23 result of the annual cap than it would be of any
- 24 collection of, you know, short-term spikes or

Page 72 number of short-term spikes. That is to say with 1 2 the change in the rule from a rate to a cap, it 3 would allow more concentration of SO2 to be emitted at fewer facilities. 4 5 HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: Mr. More, did you have a follow-up? 6 7 MR. MORE: I did. I have a follow-up 8 to your prior answer where you were discussing a 9 2017 document. 10 MR. URBASZEWSKI: Yes. It was referenced in the attachment you put in yesterday. 11 12 MR. MORE: And remind me again, what is 13 the name of that document? 14 MR. URBASZEWSKI: ISA. It's in your 15 document that you submitted yesterday. 16 MR. MORE: Okay. Were you just quoting 17 from the document when you were testifying or was that your characterization of the conclusions in 18 19 the document? 20 MR. URBASZEWSKI: It was my characterization of the conclusions in the 21 22 document. If you take the document and you search 23 "threshold" you will see where it pops up numerous

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24

times.

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1
                MR. MORE:
                           Thank you.
 2
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD:
                                          Ms. Palumbo?
 3
                MS. PALUMBO: And Mr. Urbaszewski, I
 4
     just want to clarify. When you use your term of
 5
     art "hot spot", you don't have any pollution
 6
     concentration or emissions level in mind when
7
     you're using that term.
8
                MR. URBASZEWSKI:
                                  No.
 9
                MS. PALUMBO:
                             Okay.
10
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: Mr. More?
11
                           What analysis have you
                MR. MORE:
12
     performed to determine that the proposal of the
13
     emissions cap will allow for, quote, unquote, "hot
14
     spots" to occur?
15
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: Under the current
16
     rule, scrub plants offset the higher emissions
17
     rates of unscrubbed plants without sulfur controls.
     With a cap mechanism being -- replacing that rate
18
19
     requirement, it would lessen the need to operate
20
     scrub plants in order to meet the rate.
21
                MR. MORE:
                           That analysis assumes that
22
     the scrub plant is being run solely for purposes of
23
     offsetting, correct?
24
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: I couldn't answer
```

```
Page 74
1
            I don't have the numbers.
     that.
 2
                MR. MORE: Have you done that analysis?
 3
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: I have not.
 4
                MS. PALUMBO: Question 12.
 5
                Please detail specific instances where
 6
     the current MPS rule prevented short-term increases
7
     that you would consider "spikes" in SO2.
8
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: Again, I think this
 9
     goes back to my use of an inartful term. If there
10
     were -- if they were your plants and those plants
     were more evenly weighted to unscrubbed plants, I
11
12
     would expect to see more SO2 emissions, and if you
     see more SO2 emissions, I would expect short-term
13
14
     increases to increase, along with annual increases.
15
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD:
                                           Speak up,
16
     sir. We're losing you.
17
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: Sorry. I'm a little
18
     dry here.
19
                I would just say that if there are
20
     annual increases in SO2 at certain facilities, you
21
     would expect to see more short-term elevation as
22
     well.
23
                MS. PALUMBO: And Mr. Urbaszewski, just
24
     to follow up, these are your expectations but not
```

```
Page 75
1
     based on any sort of analysis that you performed.
 2
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: I do not have an
 3
     analysis.
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD:
                                          Mr. More?
 5
                MR. MORE: What type of rule is best --
 6
     is best to prevent spikes or hot spots; an hourly
7
     emissions rate, an annual emissions rate?
8
     rule, in your opinion, is best for those hot spots?
 9
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: I think the current
     rule has been effective, as has been reducing the
10
11
     rate over time and that it has, in my opinion,
12
     driven the installation of scrubbers, or at least
     operating scrubbers, of these two facilities.
13
                MR. BLOOMBERG: What's the basis for
14
15
     your conclusion that the rule has driven the
16
     installation or upgrade of scrubbers?
17
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: That they have been
     installed during the time of the rule and that the
18
19
     rule has been in effect and that they are
20
     continuing to operate.
21
                MR. MORE: The short-term spikes you're
22
     referring to are short-term duration, I think you
23
     mentioned, for example, five minutes.
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: EPA has talked about
24
```

```
Page 76
     short-term excursions of anywhere from five to ten
1
 2
     minutes up to a day.
 3
                MR. MORE: And the current MPS doesn't
 4
     preclude a short-term increase in SO2 emissions
5
     rate at any facility, correct? Let me rephrase
 6
     that.
7
                MR. URBASZEWSKI:
                                  I would agree.
 8
                MR. MORE: You would agree.
 9
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: Yeah.
10
                MS. PALUMBO: Question 13.
11
                In any instances detailed in response
12
     to question 12, if you had any, could you provide
     any examples of how the current annual fleet-wide
13
14
     average prevented any short-term increases that you
15
     would consider spikes?
16
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: I think we've already
17
     gone over this. You know, I would say that the
18
     current rule does not eliminate the possibility of
19
     short-term excursions, but I would say that the
20
     current rule minimizes them to an extent.
21
                MR. BLOOMBERG: This is David Bloomberg
22
     with the IEPA with a follow-up question.
23
                Mr. Urbaszewski, in previous comments
24
     that you delivered before the Board regarding the
```

Page 77 1 2015 Part 214 and Part 225 Rulemaking for SO2, 2 which is R2015-021, you stated -- and let me 3 preface this by noting this is a follow-up to your 4 statement that you just made -- that you felt that 5 the MPS has done a good job already of reducing 6 spikes. 7 You stated, quote: "Respiratory Health 8 Association remains concerned about allowing a 9 30-day rolling average to be used to determine 10 compliance, rather than an hourly average. 11 others may make more detailed technical -- it looks 12 like a word was left out there -- on this issue, we simply ask the Board to closely examine to the 13 14 greatest extent possible that requires the shortest 15 possible timeframe of averaging in order to 16 minimize the possibility of short-term spikes that 17 would violate the SO2 health standard and 18 exacerbate lung disease. 19 Why were you concerned about spikes 20 during that rulemaking when the current MPS and similar combined standards for CPS and for 21 22 fleet-wide averages were in place and you just said 23 that that type of average prevents spikes? 24 MR. URBASZEWSKI: You know, I would

- 1 just say that -- you know, I'm not necessarily
- 2 saying that the current rule does an excellent job,
- 3 or I grant the adjective you used "great job", but
- 4 all I'm saying is that I believe it would minimize
- 5 that -- it minimizes short-term excursions to a
- 6 greater extent than the proposal would.
- 7 MS. PALUMBO: Question 14. I think
- 8 that you answered this for Mr. More, but I just
- 9 want to be clear for the record.
- 10 Please detail any specific instances
- 11 where the current MPS rule prevented SO2 hot spots.
- MR. URBASZEWSKI: Well, again, I would
- 13 say that two scrubbers were installed and/or
- 14 upgraded during the course of the rule being in
- 15 place, so I think, you know, that that would be one
- instance where I would say there was a benefit of
- 17 the rule reducing, you know, hot spots or areas
- 18 where SO2 emissions were reduced. Yeah, I would
- 19 just say that.
- MS. PALUMBO: I'm going to skip 15
- 21 since it's really not applicable and you didn't
- 22 have any specific instances.
- I don't have any further questions.
- 24 Thank you.

```
Page 79
                                          And with
1
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD:
     that, we'll move to the pre-filed questions for
 2
 3
     Mr. Urbaszewski from Dynegy, which we will admit as
 4
     Exhibit 36, if there's no objection. Seeing none,
5
     their Exhibit 36. Mr. More?
 6
                MR. MORE:
                           Thank you.
7
                Question 1. Have you ever been found
8
     to be an expert by any court of law?
9
                MR. URBASZEWSKI:
                                  No.
10
                MR. MORE: Question 2. Do you hold any
     degrees in epidemiology or toxicology?
11
12
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: No. I'm not here as
     an expert. I've done research but my familiarity
13
14
     with the studies with lung health I've accumulated
15
     over 18 years. I'm here to answer your questions
16
     of the Board and offer supporting materials,
17
     studies, and assessments helpful in answering the
18
     Board's questions on the --
19
                MR. MORE:
                           Thank you.
20
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: You need to
21
     speak up, too.
22
                MR. MORE:
                           Do you hold any degrees
23
     in -- I think I asked you that question.
24
                Have you taken any college level
```

```
Page 80
     courses in epidemiology or toxicology?
1
 2
                MR. URBASZEWSKI:
                                  I have not and I
 3
     would refer to the prior answer I gave you.
 4
                           I'm going to skip question 3
                MR. MORE:
 5
     then.
 6
                When setting the National Ambient Air
7
     Quality Standards, NAAQS, US EPA reviews
8
     epidemiological studies, correct?
9
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: Yes.
10
                MR. MORE: And, in fact, you reference
     a number of them in your pre-filed testimony,
11
12
     correct?
13
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: Yes, but one
14
     qualification. The current studies that I
15
     submitted as exhibits are both from last year, and
16
     so I could not say if EPA has reviewed the ones
17
     that I referenced here. They're essentially "hot
     off the press," but both from respected journals,
18
19
     New England Journal of Medicine and the Journal of
20
     the American Medical Association.
21
                MR. MORE: I believe you've answered my
22
     question 5; what do you mean by short-term spikes
23
     in SO2.
24
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: Yeah.
                                          I would give
```

```
Page 81
1
     the same answer I gave Illinois EPA.
 2
                           Thank you.
                MR. MORE:
 3
                I'm going to ask a slightly different
 4
                What is considered short-term as opposed
     question.
5
     to long-term? Can you add a little context?
 6
                MR. URBASZEWSKI:
                                  Sure.
7
                Again, what I said previously, US EPA
8
     considers short-term to be anywhere in the realm of
9
     five, ten minutes, up to a day. I would say the
10
     long-term would be, you know, annual.
11
                MR. MORE: Is it your opinion that hot
12
     spots are the result of short-term spikes in SO2
13
     emissions?
14
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: Again, this is my
15
     inartful colloquial term. I'm not a technician or
16
     a qualitative descriptor of these locations wherein
17
     you would expect to see a concentration of SO2
18
     emissions.
19
                MR. MORE: Let me see if I can rephrase
20
          What I'm trying to get at is when you use the
21
     term "hot spots," are you referring to areas where
22
     you anticipate short-term spikes to occur?
23
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: I would assume for
24
     a -- let me rephrase that.
```

Electronic Filing: Received, Clerk's Office 3/13/2018 Page 82 1 With a source that emits a large amount 2 of SO2, that would be where you were looking for 3 short-term excursions as well as emissions over a 4 long period of time, meaning they wouldn't occur 5 elsewhere if they were not close to that source. 6 Does that help? MR. MORE: No, I'm still a little 7 8 confused, because as I understand your testimony, 9 it's the short-term increases in SO2 exposure that 10 present the greatest risk. 11 MR. URBASZEWSKI: That's what US EPA 12 has said. 13 Right. Okay. And you talk MR. MORE: 14 about you anticipate that under the proposal, hot 15 spots will occur that will present an increase in 16 risk to those populations. Is that a fair 17 characterization? 18 MR. URBASZEWSKI: Could you say that

- 19 again?
- 20 MR. MORE: Yeah. As I understand your
- 21 testimony, it is that the proposal will result in
- 22 hot spots which will present an increase in risk to
- 23 those populations.
- MR. URBASZEWSKI: Yes. And again, it

- 1 would be -- US EPA has struggled with this as well
- 2 because it's very hard to measure those short-term
- 3 spikes given the monitoring network the Agency has,
- 4 and that's why it's gone to a longer-term averaging
- 5 before the form of the standard of the one-hour
- 6 standards, and that's why I went from a three-hour
- 7 standard to one-hour standard to try to more
- 8 accurately counter those short-term, five-, ten-
- 9 minute spikes, less than an hour, and -- but there
- 10 is also a relationship where you have those
- 11 longer-term averages do track with the number of
- 12 spikes, the short-term spike you would see. So
- 13 again, if you have -- if you are emitting more SO2
- in a location, you would expect to see more
- 15 short-term spikes as well.
- MR. MORE: So the "hot spots", as
- 17 you've defined them, do relate to or correlate with
- 18 areas where you would expect to see an increase in
- 19 these short-term spikes as a result of the
- 20 proposal.
- 21 MR. URBASZEWSKI: Short-term increases,
- 22 yes.
- MR. MORE: Question 6. When setting
- 24 the SO2 NAAQS, US EPA set a limit that is intended

- 1 to limit short-term spikes, correct?
- 2 MR. URBASZEWSKI: Yes, but, you know,
- 3 as I say for SO2, it's the short-term exposures
- 4 that -- measurable health harms that EPA is
- 5 concerned with, but those short spikes are hard to
- 6 measure, so that's why US EPA has set a longer-term
- 7 average hourly that are sufficiently low in order
- 8 to limit excessively short-term exposures and also
- 9 magnitude of those exposures, but even then EPA has
- 10 expressed concerns that this method underestimates
- 11 potential exposure. That's from page 302 of the
- 12 EPA Assessment.
- MR. MORE: Question 7. Under the
- 14 current MPS, SO2 and NOx emissions are allowed to
- 15 fluctuate at each plant so long as the system-wide
- 16 average annual emissions rate is met. Is that
- 17 correct?
- MR. URBASZEWSKI: Yes.
- 19 MR. MORE: 7(a). So under the current
- 20 MPS, annual SO2 emissions from any single plant
- 21 would be higher in 2018 than they were in 2016 so
- long as the system-wide annual emissions rate is
- 23 met in 2018, correct?
- MR. URBASZEWSKI: Yes.

```
Page 85
1
                           7(b). Under the current
                MR. MORE:
 2
     MPS, SO2 emissions are allowed to fluctuate at each
 3
     unit on a day-to-day basis so long as the
 4
     system-wide annual average rate is met, correct?
 5
                MR. URBASZEWSKI:
                                  Yes.
 6
                MR. MORE: 7(c). Under the current
7
     MPS, SO2 emissions are allowed to fluctuate at each
8
     unit on an hour-to-hour basis so long as the
 9
     system-wide annual emissions rate is met, correct?
10
                MR. URBASZEWSKI:
                                  Yes.
11
                           Question 8.
                MR. MORE:
                                        Have you done
12
     any analysis to determine how the MPS units are
13
     expected to operate in the future if the MPS
14
     proposal is not adopted?
15
                MR. URBASZEWSKI:
                                  No.
16
                MR. MORE: Question 9.
                                        Have you done
17
     any analysis to determine how the MPS units are
     expected to operate in the future if the MPS
18
19
     proposal is adopted?
20
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: No, but again, my
21
     concern with the change in the rule is that it
22
     would eliminate the need to specifically run SO2
23
     controlled plants in order to meet the existing
24
     rule rate coverage.
```

```
Page 86
1
                           We'll skip question 10.
                MR. MORE:
                                                     Ι
 2
     believe you've answered it, is that correct?
 3
     you answered question 10?
 4
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: I believe so but
5
     that's up to you.
 6
                MR. MORE: I believe that as well.
 7
                Question 11. Is it your opinion that
8
     under the current MPS, SO2 annual system-wide
9
     emissions rate limits prevent SO2 hot spots?
10
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: This is a hard
11
     question to answer. I would say yes. I would not
12
     say it eliminates them, I would say that the
     current rule would minimize them compared to the
13
14
     proposed rule. Again, the concern is consolidating
15
     capacity, and therefore, SO2 emissions at fewer
16
     plants would necessarily increase the emissions at
17
     fewer facilities. My concern is that the proposed
     rule would allow the shuttering of the cleaner
18
19
     plants and generation would be, instead, generated
20
     at plants that emitted more SO2.
21
                MR. MORE:
                           Is it your expectation under
22
     that hypothetical, the shuttering of
23
     uncontrolled -- excuse me -- that the shuttering of
24
     controlled plants will affect the SO2 emissions
```

```
Page 87
     rate of uncontrolled plants?
1
 2
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: Say that one more
 3
     time.
 4
                MR. MORE: You mentioned that you
 5
     anticipate under the proposal an increase in
 6
     emissions from uncontrolled plants, is that right?
7
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: Yes.
8
                MR. MORE: And is that annual
 9
     emissions, or do you expect there to be an increase
     in the emissions rate?
10
11
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: It would be in the
     annual emissions.
12
13
                MR. MORE: So if the annual emissions
14
     go up, what effect would that have, then, on
15
     short-term exposures?
16
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: At a specific
17
     location, if you increase the amount of SO2 on an
18
     annual basis, you would still expect to see the
19
     more short-term excursions as well. I'm not saying
20
     there's a specific level of those excursions, but
21
     by necessity, due to weather conditions, SO2
22
     concentrations are going to vary.
23
                MR. MORE: But you've acknowledged --
24
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: Excuse me.
```

Page 88 He's conferring with his people. You can't see 1 2 that behind your back. 3 MR. MORE: Thank you. 4 MR. URBASZEWSKI: Another thought is 5 that pounds per hour could also be increased at the 6 facility as well. Strike that. Yes, go ahead. 7 MR. MORE: 11(b). What is the basis 8 for your statement in the conclusion of your 9 pre-filed testimony that an annual cap removes the 10 mechanism that has prevented SO2 hot spots by 11 allowing SO2 emissions to increase at individual 12 plants if other plants shut down? 13 I would simply repeat MR. URBASZEWSKI: 14 what I've said before, that this is talking about 15 the existing rule and the rate structure and the 16 need to run and control SO2 plants to offset the 17 much higher rates of uncontrolled SO2 plants. 18 If you take one part of that equation 19 out, the controlled SO2 plants, you're going to 20 move some or all of that generation to other facilities that are controlled towards SO2. 21 22 MR. MORE: What's your basis for your 23 conclusion that some or all of the generation from 24 a shuttered controlled plant will move to an

Page 89 1 uncontrolled plant? 2 MR. URBASZEWSKI: IEPA has said in its 3 testimony that that is a possibility, and I believe 4 that is detrimental compared to the current 5 structure or the current rule that's in place. 6 MR. MORE: And you do agree that that 7 scenario is not expected to affect the emissions 8 rate, the SO2 emissions rate, at that controlled 9 plant -- or uncontrolled plant, excuse me. 10 MR. URBASZEWSKI: There's a difference 11 between a rate and the total amount. I'm talking 12 about the total amount coming out of that plant in 13 the course of a year, and honestly, you know, it's -- the amount is what determines the health 14 15 effects. 16 MR. MORE: Well, I thought you 17 testified earlier the health effects occur during short-term spikes, which are five- to ten-minute 18 19 periods or aggregated on an hourly basis, and as 20 you acknowledged, the MPS in its current form in 21 the proposal are dealing with annual total tons, 22 right? 23 MR. URBASZEWSKI: In its current form. 24 MR. MORE: Have you reviewed any

```
Page 90
1
     information -- question 11.
                                  Sorry.
 2
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD:
                                           12.
 3
                MR. MORE: Have you reviewed any
 4
     information indicating that plants subject to the
 5
     MPS will shut down if the MPS proposal is adopted?
 6
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: This is a hard one to
7
              I would say no. However, there was a
8
     transcript of an earnings call by Vistra Energy,
 9
     which I've read, and so I'll read what I have here
     that leads me to qualify my no. This is from the
10
     available transcript, okay, so -- and that
11
12
     transcript is in the record, I believe, already.
13
                So we've got a -- this is from, I
14
     believe, Vistra, the CEO of Vistra.
15
                We've got a good retail business there,
16
     speaking about Illinois, but we have some
17
     challenges around that asset base there, both in
     terms of performance, but also just economics, and
18
19
     I note that Dynegy and Bob are working on that.
                                                       Ι
20
     mean, they're working on the Multi-Pollutant
21
     Standards to basically create flexibility to make
22
     decisions about what assets were in and what assets
23
     were out.
24
                They also were trying to do capacity
```

- 1 market reform, which has been tough sledding to get
- 2 -- and there's a typo here. It says MICO, but I
- 3 believe it's MISO, M-I-S-O, is what he's talking
- 4 about. MISO tried to take something and push back
- 5 on them, although -- it seems that there may be
- 6 another -- but at the end of the day, I think
- 7 that's going to be tough to get, and just in that
- 8 zone, it's going to be tough just to get reform
- 9 there, and so at some point when you don't get
- 10 reform and you are successful at doing what you
- 11 need to do around the Multi-Pollutant Standard in
- 12 freeing up the assets, we've got a portfolio
- 13 optimization exercise to do no different than what
- 14 we did in Texas, and I think that may result in
- 15 maybe shrinking the size of our generation.
- 16 Whether that means we're trying to sell assets or
- 17 what, I don't know yet.
- 18 And two huge facilities in Texas were
- 19 only recently announced for closure, two coal
- 20 generation facilities by Vistra.
- So, in my mind, I think there is a good
- 22 chance that the new owners, if that was approved by
- 23 the Shareholders and continues to go through, may
- look at closing facilities, and my understanding is

```
Page 92
1
     that that could include controlled SO2 facilities.
 2
                MR. MORE: Just so that the record is
 3
     clear, when you started to say "and two huge," you
 4
     were not quoting from the transcript, correct?
 5
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: Correct. When I was
 6
     talking about the two facilities that were to be
7
     closed in Texas, yes, I was not speaking from the
8
     transcript. That's from news reports by the
9
     company -- by Vistra, sorry.
10
                           Did you have that transcript
                MR. MORE:
11
     at the time you wrote your testimony?
12
                MR. URBASZEWSKI:
                                  No.
13
                MR. MORE: Ouestion 13. Does the
14
     analysis included in your pre-filed testimony
15
     consider actual concentrations of NOx, N-O-X, or to
16
     SO2 in Illinois over the last ten years?
17
                MR. URBASZEWSKI:
                MR. MORE: 13(a). Did you evaluate
18
19
     whether any actual short-term spikes in SO2 have
20
     occurred in the areas around the plants subject to
21
     the MPS at any time over the last ten years?
22
                MR. URBASZEWSKI:
                                  No.
23
                           14. Do you believe adverse
                MR. MORE:
24
     health effects occur at SO2 levels below 75 parts
```

```
Page 93
    per billion?
1
 2
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: Could you clarify
 3
     that?
                MR. MORE: Uh-huh.
 5
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: Meaning level.
 6
                MR. MORE: Are you aware that the NAAQS
7
     is set at 75 parts per billion?
8
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: So you're talking
9
     about the hourly.
10
                MR. MORE: I appreciate you helping me.
     Yes, correct.
11
12
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: Because -- it would
     be depending on whether you're talking about the
13
     annual limit or one-hour limit.
14
15
                MR. MORE: Sure. Let me rephrase it.
16
    Maybe that will be --
17
                Do you believe adverse health effects
     occur at SO2 levels below the NAAQS?
18
19
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: The one-hour NAAQS
     for SO2?
20
21
                MR. MORE: Yes.
22
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: Yes. The NAAQS is
23
     the 99 percent level, so it does allow for some 75
24
     or above recordings before you are in violation of
```

- 1 the NAAQS.
- 2 And again, back to what I mentioned
- 3 earlier as well, the 2017 SO2 ISA that you included
- 4 in -- incorporated in the references in Dr. Lucy
- 5 Fraiser's statements show that, you know, EPA has
- 6 recognized there is no threshold below which SO2
- 7 exposure does not present a health threat. They
- 8 have not found a level at which you would not
- 9 expect to see health effects based on the most
- 10 recent collection of research by EPA incorporated
- 11 in that document.
- MR. MORE: Are you suggesting that the
- 13 SO2 one-hour NAAQS should be lower than 75 parts
- 14 per billion?
- MR. URBASZEWSKI: Not at this time.
- 16 You know, EPA looks at the science continuously --
- 17 they're looking at science now -- reevaluating the
- 18 standard now to long-term process. I hope they set
- 19 the standard where it protects people. At this
- 20 point, I can't substitute, you know, my judgment
- 21 for EPA's yet. I'm not asking the state to engage
- in an assessment in setting the entire NAAQS
- 23 itself, but, you know, ultimately, Illinois EPA
- relied on the NAAQS to say there aren't health

- 1 effects below the levels of the NAAQS, and I think
- 2 that EPA's description that there's no thresholds
- 3 where you don't see health effects either for
- 4 sulphur dioxide or for PM 2.5 of which sulphur
- 5 dioxide is a precursor and contributor to PM 2.5, I
- 6 believe that the NAAQS process is continuously
- 7 ongoing, and based on the most recent science at
- 8 the time, those analyses are done -- EPA has
- 9 tightened several NAAQS over the years using that
- 10 process, and again, I would hope that they would
- 11 set the standard where tech people join forward
- 12 using the best possible science.
- MR. MORE: You mentioned that SO2 is a
- 14 precursor to PM 2.5.
- MR. URBASZEWSKI: It is.
- MR. MORE: Are you familiar with the
- 17 chemical process by which that occurs?
- MR. URBASZEWSKI: I don't know if I
- 19 could detail it in full extent, but SO2 oxides to
- 20 sulfate in the atmosphere, and then I believe it's
- 21 mostly measured as ammonium sulfate fine particles
- 22 PM 2.5. That process happens over time, so the SO2
- 23 comes out as a gas from the facility, and as it
- 24 floats downwind, oxidizes in the atmosphere and

- 1 turns into particles that fall and are breathed by
- 2 people at some point downwind, which can be a
- 3 significant distance.
- 4 MR. MORE: Are you familiar with the
- 5 ratio of that conversion? Is it one-to-one?
- 6 MR. URBASZEWSKI: I'm not.
- 7 MR. MORE: Question 15. Do you believe
- 8 adverse health effects occur at SO2 levels below 50
- 9 parts per billion? That would be an hourly.
- 10 MR. URBASZEWSKI: An hourly.
- I would refer back to the EPA's
- 12 document. It does reference studies defining
- 13 health effects below 50 parts per billion. Those
- 14 studies are not numerous. There are some Canadian
- 15 studies on page, I think 50 or 51 of the document.
- 16 Then it also references a study done in Los
- 17 Angeles.
- 18 So there are some studies that look at
- 19 health effects, but EPA has decided that those
- 20 studies were not strong enough to warrant setting
- 21 the NAAQS at 50 parts per billion.
- MR. MORE: I'd like to ask one final
- 23 question. Could we turn to Section 2 of your
- 24 pre-filed testimony, Health Effects of SO2?

```
Page 97
1
                MR. URBASZEWSKI:
                                  Yes.
 2
                           The first paragraph, first
                MR. MORE:
 3
     sentence under that section, begins with "high
 4
     concentrations." Do you see that?
 5
                MR. URBASZEWSKI:
                                 Yes.
 6
                MR. MORE: What is meant by high
7
     concentrations?
8
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: I believe there you
 9
     could say -- and again, referring back to US EPA --
10
     in the range of 200 ppb.
11
                MR. MORE: Would that be hourly?
12
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: That would be a --
     when we're talking about short periods of time, I'm
13
     thinking that would be the five- to ten-minute
14
15
     limit or five- to ten-minute timeframe.
16
                MR. MORE: I have one question for
17
     IEPA, if that's all right.
18
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD:
                                           Sure.
                MR. MORE: Do the annual fleet-wide SO2
19
20
     emissions limits contained in the current MPS
21
     prevent the short-term spikes or hot spots
22
     Mr. Urbaszewski has described?
23
                MR. BLOOMBERG: No.
24
                           I have no further questions.
                MR. MORE:
```

```
Page 98
1
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD:
 2
     Mr. Armstrong?
 3
                MR. ARMSTRONG: I have just a few
 4
     follow-up questions for Mr. Urbaszewski.
 5
                During Ms. Palumbo's questioning of
 6
     Dr. Fraiser yesterday, Ms. Bugel mentioned
7
     something called the Air Analysis from US EPA.
                                                      Do
     you have any familiarity with that system?
8
 9
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: Yes.
10
                MR. ARMSTRONG: And can you provide a
     brief description of what that system is?
11
12
                                  I'll try. It's a
                MR. URBASZEWSKI:
13
     color-coded system where EPA uses a color in a
14
     category to denote levels of risk from exposure to
15
     air pollutants, specifically the NAAQS, N-A-A-Q-S,
16
     and I think the logic for this is done -- is that
17
     the public often doesn't understand or isn't able
     to conceptualize what level of air pollution is
18
19
     perhaps of concern or dangerous when you're talking
20
     in parts per billion and parts per micrograms per
21
     cubic meter, and so EPA color-codes the system into
22
     several categories, ranging -- with associated
23
     colors associated from good, green; to yellow,
24
     moderate; orange is unhealthy for sensitive groups;
```

```
Page 99
     and there's several categories beyond that of red,
1
 2
     purple, I think maroon. Those latter categories
 3
     are very rarely utilized at this point in time.
 4
                But the goal is to present a simple
 5
     explanation and a health message with those various
     categories that can be disseminated through media,
 6
7
     such as weather forecasters on the evening news.
8
                MR. ARMSTRONG: So to try to summarize,
 9
     it sounds like what you are stating is that the
     system is one that US EPA uses to advise the public
10
     of potential health risks related to particular
11
12
     concentrations of pollutants in ambient air, is
13
     that correct?
14
                MR. URBASZEWSKI:
15
                MR. ARMSTRONG: Are you aware of US
16
     EPA, in connection with the Air Analysis Program,
17
     advising the public of health risks for any
     concentrations of pollutants below the NAAQS for
18
19
     any of the pollutants referenced in your testimony?
20
                MR. URBASZEWSKI: Yes.
                                         The -- for
21
     ozone, if we're talking about NOx, N-O-X, as being a
22
     precursor to ozone, the ozone standard is key,
23
     meaning that the NAAQS is keyed to the orange
24
     category, unhealthy for sensitive groups, but US
```

```
Page 100
     EPA in the moderate yellow category below the level
1
 2
     of the NAAQS -- and I picked out a level that is 75
 3
     percent of the concentration to the NAAQS, or what
 4
     EPA would call -- US EPA would call an air quality
 5
     index of 75; usually 100 is key to the standard --
 6
     the message that they could give out to sensitive
7
     groups of people -- it says health effects
     statements -- sorry -- it says, Unusually sensitive
8
 9
     people should consider reducing prolonged or heavy
10
     exertion. And the same thing, it's a precautionary
     statement, unusually sensitive people should
11
12
     consider reducing prolonged or heavy exertion.
     That is a statement that US EPA provides at levels
13
     below the levels of the NAAQS for ozone.
14
15
                And I believe there's a -- I'm sorry,
16
     my mistake.
                  That was for fine particulate.
17
     message was for fine particulate matter, that
     health statement, and again at 75 percent of the --
18
19
     the NAAQS for PM 2.5, the daily NAAQS. There's a
20
     similar one for ozone. And I'm sorry to create
21
     confusion. I'm going to try -- it's similar.
22
                So if you look at the ozone NAAQS and
23
     you reach an AQI of 75, which is 75 percent of the
24
     way to the ozone NAAQS, the health effect
```

```
Page 101
     statements for ozone state, Unusually sensitive
1
 2
     individuals may experience respiratory symptoms,
 3
     and there's a precautionary statement, Unusually
 4
     sensitive people should consider limiting prolonged
5
     outdoor exertion.
 6
                So even below the level of the NAAQS,
7
     US EPA is advising there may be health concerns for
8
     especially sensitive people.
 9
                MR. ARMSTRONG: And just one more
     question. You stated, I believe, that -- you
10
     picked out a level. You appear to be manipulating
11
12
     some kind of handheld device. Could you explain
     exactly what it is you're sitting and looking at?
13
14
                MR. URBASZEWSKI:
                                  Yes. I am looking at
15
     a website, and it's from the Environmental
16
     Protection Agency, and it's the AirNow, one
17
     word, .gov, and the site I was using is
     https://airnow.gov/index -- and forgive me if I'm
18
19
     going to have trouble. I think it is .cfm.
                                                   It is
20
     a calculator that you can type in specific AQI
21
     levels to get what the health statement would be.
22
                MR. ARMSTRONG: Nothing else.
23
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD:
                                          Anything
24
     further?
```

```
Page 102
1
                Thank you very much.
 2
                MS. ROCCAFORTE:
                                 I'm Gina Roccaforte,
 3
     and I just have a few follow-up questions for the
 4
     Agency based on what was discussed earlier this
5
     morning.
 6
                In reviewing Assistant Administrator
7
     McCarthy's letter, Mr. Davis, what is your
8
     understanding of the purpose of US EPA's response
9
     to the House Committee's questions?
10
                MR. DAVIS: Well, US EPA does not use
     costs to set a NAAQS, although it does explain to
11
12
     the public the potential costs and benefits it
     anticipates will result for different rulemakings.
13
14
                The purpose of the letter -- I believe
15
     that was Exhibit 1 to Mr. Urbaszewski's -- yes, it
16
     was Exhibit 1 to his testimony -- was including
17
     reductions that are below the NAAQS levels and
18
     reductions that are from both attainment and
19
     nonattainment areas, and using US EPA's cost
20
     benefit analysis -- and I believe that was for the
21
     NAAQS group -- the committee had questioned whether
22
     using the reductions to show monetary benefit to
23
     the rulemaking was appropriate.
24
                Nowhere in the letter did Ms. McCarthy
```

- 1 suggest that the NAAQS levels for fine particle
- 2 pollution should be lowered, based on her statement
- 3 that was characterized by Mr. Urbaszewski.
- 4 MS. ROCCAFORTE: Mr. Bloomberg,
- 5 Mr. Urbaszewski's testimony states, quote: "For
- 6 SO2, it is the short-term spikes that trigger
- 7 measurable health harms, but short-term spikes are
- 8 hard to measure, " end quote.
- 9 What time intervals are the SO2
- 10 monitors in Illinois capable of measuring?
- 11 MR. BLOOMBERG: The SO2 monitors in
- 12 Illinois take essentially instantaneous readings
- 13 that data loggers, which are computers hooked up to
- 14 the monitors, are set to store one-minute averages
- 15 from those readings and then calculate a
- 16 five-minute average based on those one-minute
- 17 averages. The five-minute averages are submitted
- 18 to US EPA's data system.
- 19 MS. ROCCAFORTE: And Mr. Bloomberg, on
- 20 page 4 of Mr. Urbaszewski's testimony, he states,
- 21 quote: "The range of levels for the one-hour SO2
- 22 NAAQS that the US EPA was considering was 50 to 150
- 23 ppb. Ultimately, US EPA selected 75 ppb. There
- 24 were, however, demonstrated health effects down to

```
Page 104
     50 ppb levels," end quote.
1
 2
                Are there any SO2 monitors near
 3
     affected sources that are currently measuring
 4
     hourly values above 50 ppb?
5
                MR. BLOOMBERG:
                                No.
 6
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: Excuse me.
7
     What do you mean by affected sources?
8
                MS. ROCCAFORTE: Those sources subject
9
     to the MPS Rule.
10
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: We lost you.
11
     Those sources subject to --
12
                MS. ROCCAFORTE: Sources subject to the
13
    MPS Rule.
14
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: Thank you.
15
                MS. ROCCAFORTE: Are there any PM 2.5
16
     monitors near sources subject to the MPS Rule by
17
     this -- I'm sorry -- that measure concentrations
     that are currently exceeding the PM 2.5 NAAQS?
18
19
                MR. BLOOMBERG: No.
20
                MS. ROCCAFORTE: And earlier today you
21
     were questioned extensively about a company causing
22
     a nonattainment area. Is it in a company's
23
     interest to cause a nonattainment area?
24
                MR. BLOOMBERG: No. And I believe this
```

- 1 question refers back to the hypotheticals that were
- 2 discussed. It would definitely be against a
- 3 company's interest to ever put themselves in a
- 4 situation where a nonattainment area would be
- 5 caused, not even -- just forgetting about potential
- 6 enforcement, but also the fact that if there's
- 7 model nonattainment area, then we have to use
- 8 allowable modeling for the company, for other
- 9 companies in the area. They could end up with
- 10 limits that are even lower, based on, you know,
- 11 using all those allowables, so it could actually --
- 12 any company that did that intentionally would be
- 13 shooting themselves in the foot.
- MS. ROCCAFORTE: And Mr. Urbaszewski
- 15 stated that the Agency said there are no health
- 16 effects below the NAAQS. Is this a correct
- 17 statement?
- 18 MR. BLOOMBERG: No. I'm not sure where
- 19 he got that from. We've been pretty clear all
- 20 along that we know what the NAAQS are, and they are
- 21 set with the margin of safety by US EPA after doing
- 22 extensive, extensive studies.
- 23 HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: Excuse me.
- 24 Mr. More?

```
Page 106
1
                           I believe the question asked
                MR. MORE:
 2
     was no health effects; that Mr. Urbaszewski
 3
     testified that there are no health effects below
 4
     the NAAQS. Was that the --
 5
                Would you read back the question that
 6
     Ms. Roccaforte asked?
7
                    (The court reporter read back the
 8
                   question.)
 9
                MR. BLOOMBERG:
                                Yes.
10
                MS. ROCCAFORTE: I have nothing
11
     further.
12
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD:
                                           Anything
13
     else?
14
                All right. Looking around the room,
15
     and based on the signup sheets and the lists I've
16
     been handed, there are only about 25 people signed
17
     up today for public comment, so my question is, how
     do you feel about taking about 15 minutes right
18
19
     now, grabbing a snack, coming back and powering
20
     through, rather than taking an hour for lunch?
                                                      Is
21
     it okay to power through? Let's power through.
22
     We'll come back about 1 o'clock and we'll first do
23
     DCEO comments and then we'll start the public
24
     comment process.
```

```
Page 107
1
                   (A fifteen minute recess was taken.)
                Is there anyone here who wishes to
 2
 3
     comment on the fact that DCEO decided not to do an
 4
     Economic Impact Study? Does anyone want to comment
5
     on DCEO's decision?
 6
                Seeing no one, we're going to open
     public comments, and what I'm going to have you do
7
8
     is state your name, spell your name, and speak from
     the area that Ms. Bailey, Beile?
9
10
                MS. BEILE: Beile, Virginia
     Woulfe-Beile. Virginia traditional, last name
11
12
     W-O-U-L-F-E, hyphen, B-as in boy, E-I-L-E.
13
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: Okay. Let me
     finish.
14
15
                Everybody is going to get two minutes,
16
     which is the amount of time we gave in Peoria, so
17
     we're going to give everybody two minutes.
18
                Please try not to repeat. If you've
19
     already filed a written comment, don't use this
20
     time to repeat what you've said in a written
     comment, use it for other information.
21
22
                If you did speak in Peoria -- I know
     there's a couple of you here who did -- please
23
24
     don't be repetitious.
```

```
Page 108
1
                So thank you. With that, we'll go with
 2
           Go ahead.
     you.
 3
                                   Okay. I did submit
                MS. WOULFE-BEILE:
 4
     written comment yesterday, even though I was not
5
     given an opportunity to speak yesterday with the 40
 6
     other citizens that had joined in, but I did want
7
     to, aside from the comments that I've already
8
     submitted, wanted to make comment on the process of
9
     these proceedings.
10
                I thought that it was awkward that when
11
     the questions were not revealed and we were just
12
     hearing answers that it was very hard to follow,
13
     and I thought it was strange that we have all this
14
     AV and this big screen behind us where they could
15
     not have been maybe projected to keep the
16
     proceedings moving along.
17
                I'm also disappointed that the 40
     something people -- we had folks, concerned
18
19
     citizens, here from Chicago to Carbondale.
20
                So I think it would be helpful in the
21
     future to please post when the public comments are
22
     going to be. It's very hard to get people together
23
     unless there is a specific time.
24
                And having said that, you know, I just
```

- 1 want to add these comments to what I've submitted
- 2 written is that we've seen over and over again the
- 3 demands of corporations met, but yet there's no
- 4 resources that are given from the corporations to
- 5 the retired sites or the sites that suffer from the
- 6 environmental degradation due to the energy
- 7 generation. So we need to ask something from these
- 8 corporations for our communities that are
- 9 suffering.
- 10 I'm from Alton, Illinois, near the
- 11 shuttered Wood River Dynegy plant, and I just
- 12 happened to talk with a high school friend of mine
- 13 who was a worker there, and she said, Virginia, you
- 14 know, it's funny. I do work for environmental an
- 15 organization. She said, You knew before we did
- 16 that Dynegy was closing this plant. They were
- 17 letting us sail along without any notice.
- So, anyway, I'm just saying, it's time
- 19 for these corporations -- they come to us, to the
- 20 public, and ask and ask. We need something back.
- 21 HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: That's your
- 22 time. Thank you very much.
- Next I have Julie Carter. Julia
- 24 Carter?

```
Page 110
1
                I'll tell you what. If they were here
 2
     yesterday, I apologize, but I could not have made
 3
     it more clear that there would not be public
 4
     comment yesterday. I don't know what else I
 5
     could -- there was a Hearing Officer Order that
 6
     said it, I said it repeatedly yesterday, so I
7
     apologize. There was not time scheduled yesterday.
8
     Be that as it may, I'm not going to argue about
9
     that. The Hearing Officer Order is clear.
     asked repeatedly. I apologize if you feel that
10
     you've been somehow offended.
11
12
                I can't read -- Louise -- I can't read
13
     the first name. Susan Murray, Christopher Cruzen,
14
     Crugen, Carl Dresser? Carol Dresser, okay.
15
                Alan Bogardus.
16
                MR. BOGARDUS:
                               Bogardus.
17
                Good afternoon. My name is Alan
18
     Bogardus, A-L-A-N, B-O-G-A-R-D-U-S. Thank you for
     this opportunity to speak.
19
20
                We did not know either, but got the
21
     word late last night that we could come here, so we
22
     jumped on this because it is important.
23
                I really want to start this off with
24
     thank you.
                 In 1983 when I joined the Navy, I was
```

- 1 sent to Ardnadam Pier in Holy Loch, Scotland, and
- 2 my very first impression walking down the pier of
- 3 USS Los Alamos and having a really bad time trying
- 4 to get off and being very scared, what happened
- 5 then was I was actually being approached by Green
- 6 Peace and I wasn't allowed to say anything. We
- 7 just had to deal with what was going on.
- 8 Today, you're giving me this
- 9 opportunity to say something, and I want to say
- 10 something that is clear. As a nuke plant manager,
- 11 which I am, what I do every day has the same
- 12 passion I had back then. I care very much about
- 13 everything that we do. I care about the citizens
- 14 of Jasper County. My friends, the mayor, the
- 15 superintendent of school districts, the principal
- of the school districts, they rely on me day in and
- 17 day out to support them and make a difference in
- 18 their school districts, and we do. We do that with
- 19 4.3 million dollars annually. We do that to a tune
- 20 of over \$10,000 a year in making sure that we
- 21 provide math books and books for these kids. We
- 22 are involved in the CEO Program. We are involved
- 23 with the DNR. We leased our property with the DNR,
- 24 1,700 acres of the best property you'll ever see

- 1 out there, for hunting and fishing. It's a
- 2 beautiful piece of property. Just last year when
- 3 we thought about closing our doors, I was
- 4 approached and was asked, hey, if you close the
- 5 door, would they be interested in selling this
- 6 property so we could develop it.
- 7 I just ask you to consider, you know,
- 8 look at today, look at what we're doing, look at
- 9 how we work, look at how we try to work.
- 10 HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: That's your
- 11 time.
- MR. BOGARDUS: I appreciate that.
- 13 HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: Thank you.
- 14 Bruce Parker, followed by Lloyd
- 15 Holliday.
- MR. PARKER: Good afternoon. Thank you
- 17 for the opportunity to speak.
- My name is Bruce Parker, B-R-U-C-E,
- 19 P-A-R-K-E-R. I'm the Manager of Environmental
- 20 Chemistry at the Joppa Generating Station and a
- 21 resident of Massac County, Illinois. I've been
- 22 employed at the Joppa Station for 28 years and I
- 23 support IEPA's revision to the Illinois
- 24 Multi-Pollutant Standard. Revision to the MPS Rule

- 1 will result in a net decrease in emissions and will
- 2 not cause a violation of ambient air quality
- 3 standards at any of the facilities, as you've heard
- 4 testimony this morning. As you've heard in
- 5 Dynegy's testimony, coal-fired power plants are
- 6 subject to many regulations, limited SO2 and NOx, to
- 7 ensure public health. The MPS Rule was designed to
- 8 achieve statewide emissions reductions and other
- 9 regulations to ensure ambient air quality standards
- 10 are met.
- 11 The Joppa Generating Station, as well
- 12 as other Dynegy facilities, has an excellent record
- 13 for compliance with environmental regulations. The
- 14 nearly 200 employees at the Joppa station work
- daily to ensure we have a safe and environmentally
- 16 compliant -- are operating in a safe and
- 17 environmentally compliant manner.
- 18 We've spent millions of dollars in
- 19 recent years at the Joppa station alone to comply
- 20 with the MPS Rule and have achieved significant
- 21 reductions in SO2 and mercury emissions.
- The Joppa station, as well as other
- 23 Dynegy facilities, provides jobs and revenue to the
- 24 surrounding areas through taxes and contributions.

```
Page 114
1
                Revision to the MPS Rule will allow
 2
     flexibility in operating the Dynegy fleet of power
 3
     plants to allow them to remain profitable.
 4
                Without the rules revision, Dynegy will
 5
     likely be required to close some plants, possibly
 6
             The closure of the Joppa station will be
7
     devastating, not only to myself, but to southern
     Illinois communities. The Massac County area where
8
 9
     I live has seen the closure of many, many
     businesses. The most recent is the closure and
10
     layoff of over a thousand people at the United
11
12
     States Enrichment Corporation in Paducah, Kentucky,
     the closure of the Honeywell Chemical Plant in
13
14
     Massac County, and others, so...
15
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD:
                                           That's your
16
     time.
                             Thank you.
17
                MR. PARKER:
18
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD:
                                           Thank you.
19
     Mr. Holliday, followed by Kenny Wendt.
20
                MR. HOLLIDAY: Hello, I'm Lloyd
21
     Holliday, L-L-O-Y-D, H-O-L-L-I-D-A-Y.
22
                I'm an electrician at the Newton Power
23
             I've been there for like 40 years, and it's
24
     been a real part of Jasper County's economy.
```

- 1 has provided me with a good living, and to lose
- 2 that plant would be a devastating blow to Jasper
- 3 County.
- 4 That's all I've got to say. Thank you.
- 5 HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: Mr. Wendt,
- 6 followed by Keith Trimble.
- 7 MR. WENDT: Hello. My name is Kenny
- 8 Wendt, K-E-N-N-Y, W-E-N-D-T, and I am also an
- 9 electrician at the Newton Power Station and I have
- 10 also worked at the Joppa Power Station.
- I'm just here to show my support for
- 12 Dynegy and express how much it does for our
- 13 community and my family. Thank you.
- 14 HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: Thank you.
- 15 Mr. Trimble and then Gaylon Seagraves.
- 16 MR. TRIMBLE: Thank you, ladies and
- 17 gentlemen. My name is Keith Trimble. K-E-I-T-H,
- 18 T-R-I-M-B-L-E. I want to thank you for this
- 19 opportunity.
- I just want to say that I have been
- 21 employed at the Newton Dynegy plant for about 20
- 22 years, and I am a lifelong resident of Jasper
- 23 County, and as one of my colleagues had said
- 24 earlier, what the devastation would be for the

```
Page 116
     county is an understatement. Approximately -- I
1
 2
     know for a fact, approximately five years ago, that
 3
     the plant counted for 50 percent of the tax base in
 4
     that county, so to lose it would be devastating.
 5
                I support the ruling, and on a personal
 6
     note, like I said, I've lived in Jasper County my
7
     whole life and we operate a small farm.
     don't -- all these regulations that you guys talk
8
 9
     about, that's for you to figure out, but all I know
     is for a fact about the past five years we have
10
     actually had to start adding sulfur to our soil
11
12
     because we don't get it any longer from the
13
     rainfall, so you guys are doing your job. You're
14
     cleaning up the air, so I thank you for that, but,
15
     like I said, I do support the ruling, and thank you
16
     so much for your time.
17
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD:
                                           Thank you,
     sir.
18
19
                               My name is Gaylon
                MR. SEAGRAVES:
     Seagraves, G-A-Y-L-O-N, S-E-A-G-R-A-V-E-S.
20
21
     to thank everybody for this opportunity.
22
                This ruling, if it's going to -- if
23
     it's going to produce less, isn't that good?
24
     mean, if we're trying to achieve less, isn't that
```

```
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     where we want to go? Like my colleagues -- like he
1
 2
     said, this is something that closing down these
 3
     facilities is devastating to a lot of people, so
 4
     that's about all I have to say. Thank you.
 5
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD:
                                          Let's go off
 6
     the record for just a second.
                   (There was then had an off-the-record
7
 8
                   discussion.)
 9
                Back on the record.
10
                I believe next is Eric Deasel and then
11
     followed by Anthony Jones.
12
                MR. DEASEL: My name is Eric Deasel,
13
     E-R-I-C, D-E-A-S-E-L. I work at the Joppa Power
14
     Station. I've been an electrician there for eight
15
     years, a union member, served on the safety
16
     committee. Like Bruce said, nearly 200 employees
17
     work there. I got to thinking about it on the way
     here, that's nearly 200 families that's affected by
18
19
     that plant, and as he referenced, the plants around
20
     us that are closing. Well, that's tax dollars, but
21
     that's also families losing money and having to go
22
     out and look other places for jobs.
23
                My dad worked at the steel mill for 32
24
     years and it closed. He was 53 years old when it
```

Page 118 closed. Now he's out looking for a job. 1 He's out 2 there looking. 3 But just a little bit of a breakdown. 4 The plant pays 800 to 900 thousand dollars in 5 property taxes a year, so if we were to demolish 6 that, there would go your school district's money 7 because they get -- almost about 62 percent of that 8 money goes to that school district, so consideration, 9 I want it to be for all the families that would be 10 affected by this ruling, if not supported, that the 11 plants may have to close, not just Joppa but other 12 facilities, because it's not just us, it's all of the families that have people working at Dynegy. 13 14 you. 15 HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: Thank you. 16 Mr. Jones and then Derek Adams. 17 MR. JONES: My name's Anthony Jones, 18 A-N-T-H-O-N-Y, J-O-N-E-S. 19 I'd like to focus on the economic 20 impact, as well, as far as we've heard testimony 21 from everybody else on everything else. 22 I've been a welder for ten years at the 23 Joppa Generating Station. It's located in Massac 24 County, part of what most people call the Southern

- 1 Seven District of Illinois. It -- there's people
- 2 working there from all over all those counties. It
- 3 is by far the most impoverished part of the entire
- 4 state. It's got the highest unemployment rate and
- 5 the lowest employment in any part of the state, and
- 6 this is one of the very last providers that has
- 7 high-paying union jobs left in the area, and
- 8 getting this -- going with the Illinois EPA
- 9 recommendations greatly is going to increase our
- 10 chances of keeping it. By granting -- which it
- 11 pays \$835,000 a year in property taxes to the
- 12 school district that my son attends that I can
- 13 guarantee you would close if Joppa closes. It will
- 14 be absorbed by a larger district and one of the
- 15 best school districts in the southern part of the
- 16 state will be lost, and I'd like to -- I just want
- 17 to support the Illinois EPA's decision to the MPS
- 18 Ruling. Thank you.
- 19 HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: Mr. Adams,
- 20 followed by Brandon Carnahan.
- MR. ADAMS: Hello. My name's Derek
- 22 Adams, D-E-R-E-K, A-D-A-M-S, and I'd like to thank
- 23 the members of the Illinois Pollution Control Board
- 24 for giving me this opportunity to demonstrate my

- 1 support for the Illinois Environmental Protection
- 2 Agency's Request to Revise the Illinois
- 3 Multi-Pollutant Standards.
- I know you've all got a tough job, and
- 5 I appreciate your work for clean power as much as
- 6 possible, but I'm for common sense solutions to
- 7 pollution and power generation.
- 8 So I started out my career -- I worked
- 9 for Joppa, and I'm an electrical supervisor there.
- 10 I worked for United States Enrichment Corporation
- 11 for almost ten years before they closed down. I've
- 12 seen a lot of jobs leave, and I don't know what all
- 13 the causes are for this, but I know the
- 14 environment, the EPA, plays a role in that.
- 15 There's a lot of different factors and I know you
- 16 all are considering all of them, but I want to just
- 17 thank you again for the opportunity to voice my
- 18 concerns, and these jobs are important to us and we
- 19 rely on focusing on electricity to live -- so thank
- 20 you.
- 21 HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: Thank you.
- 22 Mr. Carnahan and then Andy Todd.
- MR. CARNAHAN: My name's Brandon
- 24 Carnahan, B-R-A-N-D-O-N, C-A-R-N-A-H-A-N. I've

- 1 worked as an electrician at the Dynegy Joppa
- 2 facility for three years. I also worked for one
- 3 year at the coal refinery inside the EEI Dynegy
- 4 Joppa facility. I also consider myself somewhat of
- 5 an environmentalist, an Eagle Scout, and an avid
- 6 outdoorsman. I've spent a lot of my life enjoying
- 7 the outdoors, so, you know, the environment and
- 8 things does mean a great deal to me, and I don't
- 9 want see anything that will damage that.
- In my county, as many other people
- 11 said, EEI Dynegy is one of the largest employers,
- 12 the largest contributors to the tax base. They
- 13 annually pay nearly one million dollars in property
- 14 taxes that the public school system very much
- 15 relies on.
- 16 We also mentioned that -- I mentioned
- 17 that I worked in a refinery with an onsite coal
- 18 refining facility that provides sales tax revenue.
- 19 Our county receives one percent of that sales tax,
- 20 it averages approximately \$500,000 a year. The
- 21 state of Illinois also receives five percent of
- 22 that sales tax, which, you know, averages in excess
- 23 of nearly five million dollars a year.
- So I'd like to say for the sake of the

```
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     individuals, the families, the communities and
1
 2
     businesses across central and southern Illinois, I
 3
     encourage the IPCB to approve IEPA's Request to
 4
     Revise Illinois' Multi-Pollution Standards.
 5
     revising this rule, there would be economic and
 6
     environmental benefits to all parties, still
7
     allowing admissions regulations and caps, while
8
     allowing the companies the flexibility to make some
 9
     of their own decisions on how to continue to
     provide the most affordable, reliable, safe power.
10
11
                I understand we need to do our best to
12
     control emissions for generations of tomorrow, but
     coal continues to be a means of affordable and
13
14
     reliable power, not to mention creating lots of
15
     jobs and stimulating the economy while doing it.
16
                I'd also like to add that by forcing
17
     the closure of some of these plants --
18
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: Mr. Carnahan,
19
     that's your time.
20
                MR. CARNAHAN:
                               Okay.
21
                Mr. Todd and then Larry Sparks.
22
                MR. TODD: My name is Andy Todd,
23
     A-N-D-Y, T-O-D-D.
                        I'm here basically just to urge
24
     the Pollution Control Board to approve this request
```

- 1 for the many reasons that have already been
- 2 discussed, and I'm not going to waste your time
- 3 with that.
- 4 Some of the other things that I've seen
- 5 at the plant that I work for at Joppa, they donate
- 6 to several causes, the Boy Scouts, 4-H and several
- 7 programs that small communities have, and it does a
- 8 lot for the children. I hate to see those programs
- 9 not be funded like they could be from the donations
- 10 from the plant that I work at.
- 11 The area that Joppa is in, if you've
- 12 ever been there, it's beautiful country. You think
- 13 of pollution and, I guess, the impact that it has
- is seen maybe in other places, but it doesn't seem
- 15 like that here at Joppa where we're at. It's a
- 16 beautiful place.
- I just want to thank you for having us
- 18 here, and hopefully it will do some good to show
- 19 our support for Dynegy and for the Board to approve
- 20 this request.
- 21 HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: Mr. Sparks is
- 22 not here, is that correct?
- Okay. Then Todd Faulkner, followed
- 24 Doug Shockley.

Page 124 1 MR. FAULKNER: My name is Todd 2 Faulkner, T-O-D-D, F-A-U-L-K-N-E-R. I live in 3 Metropolis. I've been working at the Joppa Power 4 Plant for close to 28 years. What that means to me 5 is a good job for me and my family. By me having a good job, I was able to send my daughter to 6 7 college. She's going to graduate here in May at 8 Ole Miss with her Bachelor's, and hopefully she's 9 going to get to go two more years to get her Master's, and by me working at EEI, that's afforded 10 11 my family an opportunity for her to go to school 12 down there. 13 My wife has a business. In our small 14 community, we're losing jobs, we're losing the 15 bigger plants, and that's affected our business in 16 Metropolis. I think we have around 6,500 residents 17 and we're a hometown Superman. Every June we have the Superman celebration. I don't know if you guys 18 19 have ever been to it, but it's really something to 20 come and see, and at Joppa over the years, Relay 21 for Life, the Telephone for Stars, different 22 things. We've donated of tens of thousands of 23 dollars to those charities, so I thank you guys for

letting us speak and I hope you guys can see to

24

```
Page 125
     hopefully help us to keep our jobs.
1
                                          Thank you.
 2
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD:
                                          Mr. Shockley,
     followed by Thomas Davis.
 3
 4
                MR. SHOCKLEY: Doug Shockley, D-O-U-G,
 5
     S-H-O-C-K-L-E-Y. I'm a mechanic at Joppa Power
 6
     Station. I've been there ten years.
7
                The Joppa Power Station is probably the
     backbone of our community. I have a 24-year-old
8
 9
     son that is an insulator apprentice.
     currently working at the plant for a contractor.
10
11
     don't want have to see my son uproot and move nor
12
     my future grandchildren.
                               Joppa is a big part of
     our community. So that's all I've got to say.
13
     Thanks.
14
15
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD:
                                          Thank you.
16
     Mr. Davis, and then followed by Phil Morris.
17
                MR. DAVIS: Good afternoon. My name is
     Thomas Davis, D-A-V-I-S. I am an employee of the
18
19
     Dynegy Operating Company in Collinsville, Illinois.
20
     I'm here to speak in favor of the Rule that has
21
     been proposed by the Illinois Environmental
22
     Protection Agency. I favor the Rule for two
23
     reasons. First, I believe this Rule has been well
24
     reasoned and well thought out by the Illinois EPA.
```

- 1 The Bureau of Air people are well-educated, they
- 2 are air scientists, and in my opinion, based upon
- 3 my understanding of the Rule, they have very
- 4 carefully considered the consequences of this Rule
- 5 and they have determined that this Rule will not
- 6 adversely affect public health or the environment.
- 7 I also favor this Rule for the obvious
- 8 economic reasons. There are main downstate
- 9 coal-fired power plants that would economically
- 10 benefit from the passage of this rule. They may
- 11 remain able to stay open.
- We have heard from a number of
- 13 employees at the Joppa Station how important their
- 14 jobs are to them, as well as the community in
- 15 Joppa, Illinois, and that's true for the other
- 16 communities where many other stations are located.
- 17 So I favor the passage of this rule for
- 18 those two reasons.
- 19 HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: Thank you,
- 20 Mr. Davis. Mr. Morris?
- MR. MORRIS: Thank you, guys. I
- 22 certainly appreciate the opportunity to voice my
- 23 opinion on this proposed rulemaking to the MPS
- 24 Rule.

```
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1
                My name is Phil Morris, P-H-I-L,
 2
     M-O-R-R-I-S. I live in Glen Carbon, Illinois.
 3
     have been employed by Dynegy or Dynegy Operating
 4
     Company for ten years in our office. My office is
     in Collinsville, Illinois.
5
 6
                In short, I support this proposed
7
     revision to this proposed rulemaking. I believe
8
     this proposed revision will continue to maintain
 9
     the environment. I am most concerned about the
10
     adverse economic impact if this proposed rulemaking
11
     does not pass, that the adverse economic impact it
12
     would have on the local communities if Dynegy is
     forced to close a number of power plants in our
13
14
     portfolio.
15
                I do believe, in my opinion, that
16
     Dynegy has invested heavily in the local
17
     communities for the past several years, and in my
     opinion, my professional opinion and personal
18
19
     opinion, Dynegy is a strong steward of the
20
     environment.
                   Thank you so much.
21
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD:
                                          Thank you.
22
                Is there anyone who did not sign up who
23
     now wishes to offer oral public comment?
24
                Could you come down here and state your
```

```
Page 128
1
     name?
 2
                               Thank you.
                MS. MARSHALL:
                                            Good
 3
     afternoon. My name is Jennifer Marshall,
 4
     J-E-N-N-I-F-E-R. M-A-R-S-H-A-L-L. I want to thank
 5
     you for the opportunity to speak to you guys today.
 6
                I work for Dynegy and I've worked in
7
     the corporate office for approximately four years.
8
     I would consider myself an environmentalist.
 9
     an avid bicycle rider and really enjoy the Madison
10
     County bike trails. I participate in some of the
11
     events they have in the area and I'm constantly out
12
     walking my dogs, as well, in the area, and I want
     to speak in support of, you know, the Illinois
13
     EPA's Revision to the MPS Rule Modification.
14
15
     feel that it does protect our environment and our
16
     health, and I am very sure it's going to help the
17
     operational flexibility of the Dynegy fleet, which
     ensures the viability of our downstate plants.
18
19
     Thank you very much.
20
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD:
                                           Thank you.
21
                Is there anyone else?
22
                Okay.
                       Thank you.
23
                First of all, again, I apologize.
                                                    Ι
24
     apologize if there was any confusion.
                                             I thought
```

- 1 the Hearing Officer Order issued setting the April
- 2 16th and 17th hearings made it very clear that it
- 3 would only be upon the completion of all testimony
- 4 we would go to public comments, and that it was
- 5 unlikely -- and I told several people yesterday, it
- 6 was highly unlikely that it would happen yesterday.
- 7 So I apologize if there was some confusion. I know
- 8 someone came to me yesterday and said, We were told
- 9 at 2:30 we would be allowed, and I had to make
- 10 clear that that did not come from the Board.
- So for any confusion that I may have
- 12 had a part in, I apologize.
- 13 That being said, on April 16th, we will
- 14 hold a public hearing solely for the purpose of
- 15 hearing oral public comment. It is an evening
- 16 hearing, something the environmental groups
- 17 originally requested when we had our first
- 18 prehearing conference. It is an evening hearing in
- 19 Springfield, which is centrally located to several
- 20 of the facilities at issue in this rulemaking.
- 21 It's about an hour from Havana, a little over an
- 22 hour and a half from the Peoria area, and it's not
- 23 all the way to Chicago for anybody from Massac
- 24 County that wants to come up.

Page 130 1 So we will hold a hearing. If you wish 2 to speak at that proceeding on April 16th, you 3 should e-mail the Hearing Officer by April 13th. 4 If you want to offer public comment during the day 5 on April 17th, you could also e-mail me and let me 6 know that and we will make sure that you have time 7 during the day on the 17th, but during the evening 8 on the 16th for sure on oral public comment. 9 you have any questions about that, you can also contact me via e-mail or by phone. My phone number 10 11 is all over the website, so please feel free to 12 give me a call. I answer my phone almost every 13 day. 14 Also, we are in the process of 15 docketing additional public comments. Our website 16 has been down. I believe that as of -- if we get 17 to the end of the day today, depending on how the docketing goes, we are fast approaching 3,000 18 19 public comments. Written public comments carries 20 the exact same weight as oral public comment, and 21 so we appreciate the efforts that people are 22 putting into writing us and sending those to us. 23 Please feel free to continue to do that. 24 appreciate those and we're keeping track of those,

```
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     and I read them every day when they come in.
 1
                                                    So
     thank you very much.
 2
 3
                Now, for the hearing on April 17th, we
 4
     will allow testimony. If you wish to testify, you
 5
     can pre-file by April 3rd. Questions can be
 6
     followed by April 10th.
 7
                I'll also set out a Hearing Officer
 8
     Order again setting all of this out one more time.
 9
     How to register to do public comment and all of
10
     that will be sent out yet again.
11
                Briefly off for the record for just a
12
     second.
13
                   (There was then had an off-the-record
14
                   discussion.)
15
                Back on the record. Parking on the
16
     evening of April 16th, the parking lot on the
17
     converse side of the -- the converse street side of
18
     the building is marked "Employee" as an employee lot.
19
     However, most of the employees will be gone by the
20
     time we start our hearings, so please feel free to
     park anywhere in that parking lot.
21
22
                On the 17th, there is overflow parking
23
     across the converse in a big lot near the Caritas
24
     Hall, which is gated, but it is an overflow lot, and
```

```
Page 132
     you can park there for the hearing on the 17th.
1
 2
                Mr. More?
 3
                MR. MORE: One question. If there's no
 4
     pre-filed testimony for the 17th hearing, will that
5
     hearing still be held?
 6
                HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: We will open
     that hearing on the 17th if, for nothing else, to
7
8
     offer additional public comment in case people show
 9
     up that day.
10
                There's a couple reasons for that.
     I said in the Hearing Officer Order, we did pick
11
12
     Springfield, not only because it was sort of
     centrally located, but also because the legislature
13
14
     is in session, so those of you who need hotel
15
     rooms, you need to get on that right now.
16
                The legislature is in session, and we
17
     have already had, I believe, nine or ten
     legislators contact us by written public comment.
18
19
     We also had, I believe Representative Long, who's
20
     in Peoria. We've also had several other local
21
     officials contact us in written public comment, and
22
     we wanted to be sure that there was an opportunity
23
     for them. So I would anticipate that we could see
24
     staff or legislators on the 17th that we might not
```

Page 133 see on the evening of the 16th. 1 2 Faith Bugel again. MS. BUGEL: Just 3 one question. I have a couple follow-up questions 4 that were requests for information over the past 5 couple of days, and I'm wondering if there's going 6 to be a deadline by which -- for a response to 7 those questions. 8 HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: I basically 9 will leave it that anyone who wants to testify on any of the follow-up information can do so on the 10 11 17th and should file it by the 10th -- or the 3rd, 12 I'm sorry -- should file it by the 3rd. However, what I would anticipate is if 13 14 they don't file it and they don't want to testify, 15 that what we'll do is we will set up a comment 16 period that is a comments, response, reply, and 17 that will set up when we do the final decision about timing. But for now, that's what I would 18 19 anticipate, that we'll probably have to do a 20 comment, response and reply. 21 MS. BUGEL: Thank you. 22 HEARING OFFICER TIPSORD: Is there 23 anything else? Any other housekeeping that I've 24 forgotten?

```
Page 134
 1
                All right. With that, I again want to
 2
     reiterate -- first of all, I thank you all very
 3
            I appreciate everyone who took the time
     much.
 4
     yesterday and today to be here to observe our
     proceedings, to be a part of our proceedings.
 5
 6
     urge you to keep your comments coming. And to all
 7
     of the participants, too: The attorneys, I thank
 8
     you; the witnesses, I really thank you.
 9
     appreciate your decorum and look forward to seeing
10
     you all in April.
11
                Thank you very much. We're adjourned.
12
                   (Hearing concluded at 1:47 p.m.)
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
```

```
Page 135
     STATE OF ILLINOIS
 1
                                  SS
 2
     COUNTY OF MACON
 3
 4
 5
              I, LISA HAHN PETERMAN, do hereby certify
     that I am a Certified Shorthand Reporter and Notary
 7
     Public in the State of Illinois and that I reported
     in shorthand the foregoing, taken on the 7th day of
 9
     March, 2018, and that the foregoing is a true and
     correct transcript of my shorthand notes so taken.
10
11
12
              I further certify that I am not of counsel
     or attorney for either of the parties to said
13
     hearing, not related to nor interested in any of the
14
15
     parties or their attorneys.
16
17
              Dated this 13th day of March, 2018.
18
19
20
                         Lisa Hahn Peterman, CSR, RMR
21
                         Illinois CSR #084.2149
22
23
24
```

				1
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