

POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NOTICE OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

- 1) Heading of the Part: Groundwater Quality
- 2) Code Citation: 35 Ill. Adm. Code 620
- 3)

<u>Section Numbers:</u>	<u>Proposed Actions:</u>
620.105	Amendment
620.110	Amendment
620.115	Amendment
620.125	Amendment
620.201	Amendment
620.210	Amendment
620.220	Amendment
620.230	Amendment
620.240	Amendment
620.250	Amendment
620.260	Amendment
620.301	Amendment
620.302	Amendment
620.305	Amendment
620.310	Amendment
620.401	Amendment
620.405	Amendment
620.410	Amendment
620.420	Amendment
620.430	Amendment
620.440	Amendment
620.450	Amendment
620.505	Amendment
620.510	Amendment
620.601	Amendment
620.605	Amendment
620.610	Amendment
620.615	Amendment
620.APPENDIX A	Amendment
620.APPENDIX B	Amendment
620.APPENDIX C	Amendment
620.APPENDIX D	Amendment
620.APPENDIX E	New Section
620.TABLE A	New Section
620.TABLE B	New Section

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- 4) Statutory Authority: Implementing and authorized by Section 8 of the Illinois Groundwater Protection Act [415 ILCS 55/8] and authorized by Section 27 of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/27].

- 5) A Complete Description of the Subjects and Issues Involved:

At First Notice, the Board proposes standards for 10 new chemicals detected in Illinois groundwater, including five of the six per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) (PFOS, PFNA, PFBS, PFHxS, HFPO-DA), molybdenum, lithium, aluminum, and 1-methylnaphthalene. For PFOA, the sixth proposed PFAS, the Board proposes a standard of 2 ppt, rather than the 4 ppt standard proposed by IEPA. Additionally, the Board adopts all of IEPA's proposed revisions to existing Class I and Class II standards, including cobalt, selenium, and vanadium.

The Board's first notice rules also include amendments to Part 620, Subpart F and Appendix A procedures and methodologies, which provide the basis for developing rulemaking proposals for new or revised numerical groundwater standards. These amendments include a change in the per capita daily water ingestion rate from an average adult rate of two liters per day to an average child water ingestion rate of 0.78 liters per day. Additionally, the exposure population is updated from an average adult to a child aged 0-6 years old.

The Board also adopts IEPA's revisions to Part 620 Appendix A that allow for the selection of toxicity values based on updates to the toxicity hierarchy as well as the methodology used to calculate oral reference doses relied upon by USEPA.

The Board proposes a substantial revision of the rule text in 620.250, 620.450, and 620 Appendix D, the three sections involving groundwater management zones (GMZ). The changes clarify the procedure for applying for a GMZ, when a GMZ is established, and when and how a GMZ is terminated.

Throughout Part 620, the Board proposes non-substantive revisions including matters of capitalization, punctuation, spelling, numerical order, gendered language, and duplication. The Board proposes additional amendments such as changing passive to active voice, avoiding unnecessary nominalizations, making regulatory cross references more precise, making the form of definitions more consistent, and using "must" to be more clearly mandatory. The Board intended that each of these proposed revisions is non-substantive.

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In order to comply with Executive Order 2016-13, at First Notice, the Board proposes non-substantive changes to the following sections of Part 620: 105, 115, 130, 135, 201, 220, 230, 240, 260, 301, 305, 401, 405, 505, 610, 615. The changes to these sections include removing redundant or unnecessary language, replacing outdated language, updating references, and providing other non-substantive clarifications.

- 6) Published studies or reports, and sources of underlying data, used to compose this rulemaking: No
 - 7) Will this proposed rulemaking replace an emergency rule currently in effect? No
 - 8) Does this rulemaking contain an automatic repeal date? No
 - 9) Does this proposed rulemaking contain incorporations by reference? Yes
 - 10) Are there any proposed rulemakings to this Part pending? No
 - 11) Statement of Statewide Policy Objectives: This proposed amendment does not create or enlarge a State mandate as defined in Section 3(b) of the State Mandates Act. [30 ILCS 805/3].
 - 12) Time, Place, and Manner in which interested persons may comment on this proposed rulemaking: The Board will accept written public comments on this proposal for a period of at least 45 days after the date of publication in the *Illinois Register*. Public comments should refer to Docket R22-18 and be filed electronically through the Clerk's Office On-Line (COOL) on the Board's website at pcb.illinois.gov. Public comments may be addressed to:

Clerk's Office
Illinois Pollution Control Board
60 E. Van Buren, Suite 630
Chicago, IL 60605
- Interested persons may download copies of the Board's opinions and orders in R22-18 from the Board's Web site at pcb.illinois.gov and may also request copies by calling the Clerk's office at (312) 814-3620.
- 13) Initial Regulatory Flexibility Analysis:
 - A) Types of small businesses, small municipalities and not for profit corporations

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affected: None

- B) Reporting, bookkeeping or other procedures required for compliance: The proposed amendments in this rulemaking will not themselves require recordkeeping or reporting procedures for compliance.
- C) Types of professional skills necessary for compliance: None
- 14) Small Business Impact Analysis: The Board does not expect that the proposed rules will impact small business.
- 15) Regulatory Agenda on which this rulemaking was summarized: This rule did not appear in the previous two regulatory agendas.

The full text of the Proposed Amendments begins on the next page:

First Notice

JCAR350620-2404608r01

1 TITLE 35: ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
2 SUBTITLE F: PUBLIC WATER SUPPLIES
3 CHAPTER I: POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD
4

5 PART 620
6 GROUNDWATER QUALITY
7

8 SUBPART A: GENERAL
9

10	Section	
11	620.105	Purpose
12	620.110	Definitions
13	620.115	Prohibition
14	620.125	Incorporations by Reference
15	620.130	Exemption from General Use Standards and Public and Food Processing Water 16 Supply Standards
17	620.135	Exclusion for Underground Waters in Certain Man-Made Conduits 18

19 SUBPART B: GROUNDWATER CLASSIFICATION
20

21	Section	
22	620.201	Groundwater Designations
23	620.210	Class I: Potable Resource Groundwater
24	620.220	Class II: General Resource Groundwater
25	620.230	Class III: Special Resource Groundwater
26	620.240	Class IV: Other Groundwater
27	620.250	Groundwater Management Zone
28	620.260	Reclassification of Groundwater by Adjusted Standard 29

30 SUBPART C: NONDEGRADATION PROVISIONS
31 FOR APPROPRIATE GROUNDWATERS
32

33	Section	
34	620.301	General Prohibition Against Use Impairment of Resource Groundwater
35	620.302	Applicability of Preventive Notification and Preventive Response Activities
36	620.305	Preventive Notification Procedures
37	620.310	Preventive Response Activities 38

39 SUBPART D: GROUNDWATER QUALITY STANDARDS
40

41	Section	
42	620.401	Applicability
43	620.405	General Prohibitions Against Violations of Groundwater Quality Standards

- 44 620.410 Groundwater Quality Standards for Class I: Potable Resource Groundwater
- 45 620.420 Groundwater Quality Standards for Class II: General Resource Groundwater
- 46 620.430 Groundwater Quality Standards for Class III: Special Resource Groundwater
- 47 620.440 Groundwater Quality Standards for Class IV: Other Groundwater
- 48 620.450 Alternative Groundwater Quality Standards

49

50 SUBPART E: GROUNDWATER MONITORING AND ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

51

52 Section

- 53 620.505 Compliance Determination
- 54 620.510 Monitoring and Analytical Requirements

55

56 SUBPART F: HEALTH ADVISORIES

57

58 Section

- 59 620.601 Purpose of a Health Advisory
- 60 620.605 Issuance of a Health Advisory
- 61 620.610 Publishing Health Advisories
- 62 620.615 Additional Health Advice for Mixtures of Similar-Acting Substances

63

- 64 620.APPENDIX A Procedures for Determining Human ~~Threshold~~-Toxicant Advisory
- 65 Concentrations~~Concentration~~ for Class I: Potable Resource
- 66 Groundwater

- 67 620.APPENDIX B Procedures for Determining Hazard Indices for Class I: Potable
- 68 Resource Groundwater for Mixtures of Similar-Acting Substances

- 69 620.APPENDIX C Guidelines for Determining When Dose Addition of Similar-
- 70 Acting Substances in Class I: Potable Resource Groundwaters is
- 71 Appropriate

- 72 620.APPENDIX D Groundwater Management Zone Application under~~Confirmation of~~
- 73 ~~an Adequate Corrective Action Pursuant to~~ 35 Ill. Adm. Code
- 74 620.250(b) and Corrective Action Completion Certification under
- 75 35 Ill. Adm. Code 620.250(d)~~(a)(2)~~

76 620.APPENDIX E Similar-Acting Substances

77 620.TABLE A Similar-Acting Noncarcinogenic Constituents

78 620.TABLE B Similar-Acting Carcinogenic Constituents

79

80 AUTHORITY: Implementing and authorized by Section 8 of the Illinois Groundwater
81 Protection Act [415 ILCS 55/8] and authorized by Section 27 of the Illinois Environmental
82 Protection Act [415 ILCS 5/27].

83

84 SOURCE: Adopted in R89-14(B) at 15 Ill. Reg. 17614, effective November 25, 1991; amended
85 in R89-14(C) at 16 Ill. Reg. 14667, effective September 11, 1992; amended in R93-27 at 18 Ill.
86 Reg. 14084, effective August 24, 1994; amended in R96-18 at 21 Ill. Reg. 6518, effective May 8,

87 1997; amended in R97-11 at 21 Ill. Reg. 7869, effective July 1, 1997; amended in R01-14 at 26
88 Ill. Reg. 2662, effective February 5, 2002; amended in R08-18 at 36 Ill. Reg. 15206, effective
89 October 5, 2012; amended in R08-18(B) at 37 Ill. Reg. 16529, effective October 7, 2013;
90 amended in R22-18 at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____.

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SUBPART A: GENERAL

93

Section 620.105 Purpose

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95
96 This Part specifies regulatory requirements for~~prescribes~~ various aspects of groundwater quality,
97 including method of classification of groundwater~~groundwaters~~, nondegradation provisions,
98 standards for quality of groundwater~~groundwaters~~, and various procedures and protocols for the
99 management and protection of groundwater~~groundwaters~~.

100

101 (Source: Amended at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

102

Section 620.110 Definitions

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105 The definitions of the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5] and the Groundwater
106 Protection Act [415 ILCS 55] apply to this Part. The following definitions also apply to this
107 Part:-

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"Act" means the Environmental Protection Act [415 ILCS 5].

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"Agency" means the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency.

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*"Aquifer" means saturated (with groundwater) soils and geologic materials which
114 are sufficiently permeable to readily yield economically useful quantities of water
115 to wells, springs, or streams under ordinary hydraulic gradients. [415 ILCS
116 55/3(b)]*

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"BETX" means the sum of the concentrations of benzene, ethylbenzene, toluene,
119 and xylenes.

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121

"Board" means the Illinois Pollution Control Board.

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"Chemical Abstract Services Registry Number" or "CASRN" means a unique
124 numerical identifier designated for only one substance, assigned by the Chemical
125 Abstracts Service for the substance.

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*"Carcinogen" means a contaminant that is classified as a Category A1 or A2
128 Carcinogen by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists;
129 or a Category 1 or 2A/2B carcinogen by the World Health Organization's*

130 *International Agency for Research on Cancer; or a "Human carcinogen" or*
131 *"Anticipated Human Carcinogen" by the United States Department of Health and*
132 *Human Service National Toxicological Program; or a Category A or B1/B2*
133 *Carcinogen or as "carcinogenic to humans" or "likely to become carcinogenic to*
134 *humans" by the United States Environmental Protection Agency in Integrated*
135 *Risk Information System or a Final Rule issued in a Federal Register notice by*
136 *the USEPA. [415 ILCS 5/58.2]*

137
138 *"Community water supply" means a public supply which serves or is intended to*
139 *serve at least 15 service connections used by residents or regularly serves at least*
140 *25 residents. [415 ILCS 5/3.145]*

141
142 *"Contaminant" means any solid, liquid, or gaseous matter, any odor, or any form*
143 *of energy, from whatever source. [415 ILCS 5/3.165]*

144
145 *"Corrective action process" means the those procedures and practices that ~~may be~~*
146 *~~imposed by~~ a regulatory agency may impose or perform ~~when a determination has~~*
147 *~~been made that contamination of groundwater has taken place, and are necessary~~*
148 *to address a potential or existing violation of any Subpart D standard due to a*
149 *release of one or more contaminants ~~the standards set forth in Subpart D.~~*

150
151 *"Cumulative impact area" means the area, including the coal mine area permitted*
152 *under the Surface Coal Mining Land Conservation and Reclamation Act [225*
153 *ILCS 720] and 62 Ill. Adm. Code 1700 through 1850, within which impacts*
154 *resulting from the proposed operation may interact with the impacts of all*
155 *anticipated mining on surface water and groundwater systems.*

156
157 *"Department" means the Illinois Department of Natural Resources.*

158
159 *"Detection" means the identification of a contaminant in a sample at a value equal*
160 *to or greater than the:*

161
162 *~~"Method Detection Limit" or "MDL" means the minimum concentration~~*
163 *~~of a substance that can be measured as reported with 99 percent~~*
164 *~~confidence that the true value is greater than zero, pursuant to 40 CFR~~*
165 *~~136, appendix B (2006), incorporated by reference at Section 620.125; or~~*

166
167 *~~"Lower Limit of Quantitation" or~~*
168 *~~"LLOQMQL" means the minimum concentration of a substance that can~~*
169 *~~be measured and reported pursuant to "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid~~*
170 *~~Wastes, Physical/Chemical Methods", incorporated by reference at~~*
171 *~~Section 620.125.~~*

172

173 *"Groundwater" means underground water which occurs within the saturated zone*
174 *and geologic materials where the fluid pressure in the pore space is equal to or*
175 *greater than atmospheric pressure. [415 ILCS 5/3.210]*
176

177 *"Hydrologic balance" means the relationship between the quality and quantity of*
178 *water inflow to, water outflow from, and water storage in a hydrologic unit such*
179 *as a drainage basin, aquifer, soil zone, lake, or reservoir. It encompasses the*
180 *dynamic relationships among precipitation, runoff, evaporation, and changes in*
181 *ground and surface water storage.*
182

183 *"IGPA" means the Illinois Groundwater Protection Act. [415 ILCS 55].*
184

185 *"Lowest Concentration Minimum Reporting Level" or "LCMRL" means the*
186 *lowest spiking concentration such that the probability of spike recovery in the*
187 *50% or 150% range is at least 99%.*
188

189 *"Lower Limit of Quantitation" or "LLOQ" means the minimum concentration of a*
190 *substance that can be measured or reported under "Test Methods of Evaluation*
191 *Solid Wastes, Physical/Chemical Methods", incorporated by reference at Section*
192 *620.125.*
193

194 *"Lowest observable adverse effect level" or "LOAEL" or "~~Lowest observable~~*
195 *~~adverse effect level~~" means the lowest tested concentration of a chemical or*
196 *substance that produces a statistically significant increase in frequency or severity*
197 *of non-overt adverse effects between the exposed population and its appropriate*
198 *control. ~~LOAEL may be determined for a human population (LOAEL-H) or an~~*
199 *~~animal population (LOAEL-A).~~*
200

201 *"Licensed Professional Engineer" or "LPE" means a person, corporation, or*
202 *partnership licensed under the laws of the State of Illinois to practice professional*
203 *engineering. [415 ILCS 5/57.2]*
204

205 *"Licensed Professional Geologist" or "LPG" means an individual who is licensed*
206 *under the Professional Geologist Licensing Act to engage in the practice of*
207 *professional geology in Illinois. [225 ILCS 745/15]*
208

209 *"Method Detection Limit" or "MDL" means the minimum measured*
210 *concentration of a substance that can be reported with 99% confidence that the*
211 *measured concentration is distinguishable from method blank results as*
212 *determined under 40 CFR 136, appendix B (2017), incorporated by reference at*
213 *Section 620.125.*
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215 *"Mutagen" means a carcinogen that can induce an alteration in the structure of*

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DNA.

~~"NOAEL" or "No observable adverse effect level" or "NOAEL"~~ means the highest tested concentration of a chemical or substance that does not produce a statistically significant increase in frequency or severity of non-overt adverse effects between the exposed population and its appropriate control. ~~NOAEL may be determined for a human population (NOAEL-H) or an animal population (NOAEL-A).~~

"Non-community water supply" means a public water supply that is not a community water supply. [415 ILCS 5/3.145]

"Off-site" means not on-site.

"On-site" means on the same or geographically contiguous property that may be divided by public or private right-of-way, provided the entrance and exit between properties is at a crossroads intersection and access is by crossing as opposed to going along the right-of-way. Noncontiguous properties owned by the same person but connected by a right-of-way that he controls and that the public does not have access to is also considered on-site property.

"Operator" means the person responsible for the operation of a site, facility or unit.

"Owner" means the person who owns a site, facility₂ or unit₂ ~~or~~ part of a site, facility₂ or unit₂; or who owns the land on which the site, facility₂ or unit is located.

"Potable" means generally fit for human consumption in accordance with accepted water supply principles and practices. [415 ILCS 5/3.340]

"Potential primary source" means any unit at a facility or site not currently subject to a removal or remedial action which:

Is utilized for the treatment, storage, or disposal of any hazardous or special waste not generated at the site; or

Is utilized for the disposal of municipal waste not generated at the site, other than landscape waste and construction and demolition debris; or

Is utilized for the landfilling, land treating, surface impounding or piling of any hazardous or special waste that is generated on the site or at other sites owned, controlled or operated by the same person; or

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Stores or accumulates at any time more than 75,000 pounds above ground, or more than 7,500 pounds below ground, of any hazardous substances. [415 ILCS 5/3.345]

"Potential route" means abandoned and improperly plugged wells of all kinds, drainage wells, all injection wells, including closed loop heat pump wells, and any excavation for the discovery, development or production of stone, sand or gravel. This term does not include closed loop heat pump wells using USP (U.S. Pharmacopeia) food grade propylene glycol. [415 ILCS 5/3.350]

"Potential secondary source" means any unit at a facility or a site not currently subject to a removal or remedial action, other than a potential primary source, which:

Is utilized for the landfilling, land treating, or surface impounding of waste that is generated on the site or at other sites owned, controlled or operated by the same person, other than livestock and landscape waste, and construction and demolition debris; or

Stores or accumulates at any time more than 25,000 but not more than 75,000 pounds above ground, or more than 2,500 but not more than 7,500 pounds below ground, of any hazardous substance; or

Stores or accumulates at any time more than 25,000 gallons above ground, or more than 500 gallons below ground, of petroleum, including crude oil or any fraction thereof which is not otherwise specifically listed or designated as a hazardous substance; or

Stores or accumulates pesticides, fertilizers, or road oils for purposes of commercial application or for distribution to retail sales outlets; or

Stores or accumulates at any time more than 50,000 pounds of any de-icing agent; or

Is utilized for handling livestock waste or for treating domestic wastewaters other than private sewage disposal systems as defined in the Private Sewage Disposal Licensing Act [225 ILCS 225]. [415 ILCS 5/3.355]

~~*"Practical Quantitation Limit" or "PQL" means the lowest concentration or level that can be reliably measured within specified limits of precision and accuracy during routine laboratory operating conditions in accordance with "Test Methods*~~

302 ~~for Evaluating Solid Wastes, Physical/Chemical Methods", EPA Publication No.~~
303 ~~SW 846, incorporated by reference at Section 620.125.~~

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305 "Previously mined area" means land disturbed or affected by coal mining
306 operations prior to February 1, 1983.

307 BOARD NOTE: February 1, 1983, is the effective date of the Illinois [Department](#)
308 [of Natural Resources Permanent Program](#)~~permanent program~~ regulations ([62 Ill.](#)
309 [Adm. Code 1800 through 1850](#)) implementing the Surface Coal Mining Land
310 Conservation and Reclamation Act [225 ILCS 720], as [specified](#)~~codified~~ in 62 Ill.
311 Adm. Code [1700.11\(c\)](#)~~1700 through 1850~~.

312
313 "Property class" means the class assigned by a tax assessor to real property for
314 purposes of real estate taxes.

315 BOARD NOTE: The property class (rural property, residential vacant land,
316 residential with dwelling, commercial residence, commercial business,
317 commercial office, or industrial) is identified on the property record card
318 maintained by the tax assessor [according to](#)~~in accordance with~~ the Illinois Real
319 Property Appraisal Manual (February 1987), published by the Illinois Department
320 of Revenue, Property Tax Administration Bureau.

321
322 *"Public water supply" means all mains, pipes and structures through which water*
323 *is obtained and distributed to the public, including wells and well structures,*
324 *intakes and cribs, pumping stations, treatment plants, reservoirs, storage tanks*
325 *and appurtenances, collectively or severally, actually used or intended for use for*
326 *the purpose of furnishing water for drinking or general domestic use and which*
327 *serve at least 15 service connections or which regularly serve at least 25 persons*
328 *at least 60 days per year. A public water supply is either a "community water*
329 *supply" or a "non-community water supply". [415 ILCS 5/3.365]*

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331 "Regulated entity" means a facility or unit regulated for groundwater protection
332 by any State or federal agency.

333
334 "Regulatory agency" means the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency,
335 Department of Public Health, Department of Agriculture, the Office of Mines and
336 Minerals in the Department of Natural Resources, and the Office of State Fire
337 Marshal.

338
339 *"Regulated recharge area" means a compact geographic area, as determined by*
340 *the Board [under](#)~~pursuant to~~ Section 17.4 of the Act, the geology of which renders*
341 *a potable resource groundwater particularly susceptible to contamination. [415*
342 *ILCS 5/3.390]*

343
344 *"Resource groundwater" means groundwater that is presently being, or in the*

345 *future is capable of being, put to beneficial use by reason of being of suitable*
346 *quality.* [415 ILCS 5/3.430]

347
348 "Saturated zone" means a subsurface zone in which all the interstices or voids are
349 filled with water under pressure greater than that of the atmosphere.

350
351 "*Setback zone*" means a geographic area, designated pursuant to this Act,
352 *containing a potable water supply well or a potential source or potential route*
353 *having a continuous boundary, and within which certain prohibitions or*
354 *regulations are applicable in order to protect groundwaters.* [415 ILCS 5/3.450]

355
356 "*Site*" means any location, place, tract of land and facilities, including but not
357 *limited to, buildings and improvements used for the purposes subject to regulation*
358 *or control by the Act or regulations thereunder.* [415 ILCS 5/3.460]

359
360 "Spring" means a natural surface discharge of an aquifer from rock or soil.

361
362 "Threshold dose" means the lowest dose of a chemical at which a specified
363 measurable effect is observed and below which it is not observed.

364
365 "Treatment" means the technology, treatment techniques, or other procedures for
366 compliance with 35 Ill. Adm. Code, Subtitle F.

367
368 "*Unit*" means any device, mechanism, equipment, or area (exclusive of land
369 *utilized only for agricultural production).* [415 ILCS 5/3.515]

370
371 "U.S. EPA~~USEPA~~" means the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

372
373 "Wellhead protection area" or "WHPA" means the surface and subsurface
374 recharge area surrounding a community water supply well or well field,
375 delineated outside of any applicable setback zones ~~under~~(pursuant to Section 17.1
376 of the Act [415 ILCS 5/17.1]), and ~~pursuant to~~ Illinois' Wellhead Protection
377 Program, through which contaminants are reasonably likely to move toward such
378 well or well field.

379
380 "Wellhead Protection Program" or "WHPP" means the wellhead protection
381 program for the State of Illinois, approved by U.S. EPA~~USEPA~~ under 42 USC
382 300h-7.

383 BOARD NOTE: Derived from 40 CFR 141.71(b) (2003). The wellhead
384 protection program includes the "groundwater protection needs assessment" under
385 Section 17.1 of the Act [415 ILCS 5/17.1] and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 615-617.

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387 (Source: Amended at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

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Section 620.115 Prohibition

~~A~~~~No~~ person ~~must not~~~~shall~~ cause, threaten or allow a violation of the Act, the IGPA or regulations adopted by the Board ~~thereunder~~, including ~~but not limited to~~ this Part.

(Source: Amended at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 620.125 Incorporations by Reference

a) The Board incorporates the following material by reference:

ASTM International. 100 Barr Harbor Drive, PO Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959 (610) 832-9500.

"Standard Practice for Classification of Soils for Engineering Purposes (Unified Classification System)" ASTM D2487-06.

["Standard Test Method for Determination of Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances in Water, Sludge, Influent, Effluent, and Wastewater by Liquid Chromatography Tandem Mass Spectrometry \(LC/MS/MS\) ASTM D7979-20.](#)

CFR (Code of Federal Regulations). Available from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402 (202) 783-3238.

Method Detection Limit Definition, appendix B to Part 136, 40 CFR 136, appendix B [– Revision 2 \(82 FR 40939, Aug. 28, 2017\)](#) ~~(2006)~~.

Control of Lead and Copper, general requirements, 40 CFR 141.80 [\(72 FR 57814, Oct. 10, 10, 2007\)](#) ~~(2006)~~.

Maximum contaminant levels for organic contaminants, 40 CFR 141.61 [\(59 FR 34324, July 1, 1994\)](#) ~~(2006)~~.

Maximum contaminant levels for inorganic contaminants, 40 CFR 141.62 [\(69 FR 38855, June 29, 2004\)](#) ~~(2006)~~.

Maximum contaminant levels for radionuclides, 40 CFR 141.66 [\(65 FR 76748, Dec. 7, 2000\)](#) ~~(2006)~~.

431 GPO. Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office,
432 Washington, D.C. 20401 (202) 783-3238).

433
434 [U.S. EPA](#)~~USEPA~~ Guidelines for Carcinogenic Risk Assessment,
435 51 Fed. Reg. 33992-34003 (September 24, 1986).

436
437 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, 1020 North Grand Avenue
438 East, P.O. Box 19276, Springfield, IL 62794-9276 (217) 785-4787.

439
440 "Guidance Document for Groundwater Protection Needs
441 Assessments," Agency, Illinois State Water Survey, and Illinois
442 State Geologic Survey Joint Report, January 1995.

443
444 ["Illinois Integrated Water Quality Report and Section 303\(d\) List,
445 2018," Agency, February 2021.](#)

446
447 "The Illinois Wellhead Protection Program Pursuant to Section
448 1428 of the Federal Safe Drinking Water Act," Agency, # 22480,
449 October 1992.

450
451 [Illinois Pollution Control Board, 60 E. Van Buren, Suite 630, Chicago, IL
452 60605 \(312\) 814-3669.](#)

453
454 ["Class III Groundwater Listing Notice Pautler Cave Nature
455 Preserve and Stemler Cave Nature Preserve", *Environmental
456 Register*, Num. 611, May 2005](#)

457
458 ["Class III Groundwater Listing Notice Fogelpole Cave Nature
459 Preserve", *Environmental Register*, Num. 587, May 2003.](#)

460
461 ["Class III Groundwater Listing Notice Armin Kruger Speleological
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614 Constituents", Book I, Chapter D2 (1976).

615
616 b) This Section incorporates no later editions or amendments.
617
618 (Source: Amended at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

619
620 **SUBPART B: GROUNDWATER CLASSIFICATION**

621
622 **Section 620.201 Groundwater Designations**

623
624 All groundwaters of the State are designated as:

625
626 a) One of the following four classes of groundwater in ~~accordance with~~
627 Sections 620.210 through 620.240:

- 628
629 1) Class I: Potable Resource Groundwater;
630
631 2) Class II: General Resource Groundwater;
632
633 3) Class III: Special Resource Groundwater;
634
635 4) Class IV: Other Groundwater;

636
637 b) A groundwater management zone in ~~accordance with~~ Section 620.250;
638 or

639
640 c) A groundwater management zone as defined in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 740.120 and
641 established under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 740.530.

642
643 (Source: Amended at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

644
645 **Section 620.210 Class I: Potable Resource Groundwater**

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Except as provided in Sections 620.230, 620.240, or 620.250, Potable Resource Groundwater is:

- a) Groundwater located 10 feet or more below the land surface and within:
 - 1) The minimum setback zone of a well which serves as a potable water supply and to the bottom of ~~the~~such well;
 - 2) Unconsolidated sand, gravel, or sand and gravel which is 5 feet or more in thickness and that contains ~~12% percent~~ or less of fines (i.e., fines which pass through a No. 200 sieve tested according to ASTM Standard Practice D2487-06, incorporated by reference at Section 620.125);
 - 3) Sandstone which is 10 feet or more in thickness, or fractured carbonate which is 15 feet or more in thickness; ~~or~~
 - 4) Any geologic material which is capable of a:
 - A) Sustained groundwater yield, from up to a 12-inch borehole, of 150 gallons per day or more from a thickness of 15 feet or less; or
 - B) Hydraulic conductivity of 1×10^{-4} cm/sec or greater using one of the following test methods or its equivalent:
 - i) ~~Slug test; or Permeameter;~~
 - ii) ~~Pump test; Slug test; or~~
 - iii) ~~Pump test.~~
 - 5) The wellhead protection area of a community water supply well or well field, as defined in Section 620.110 and delineated according to the methods incorporated by reference in Section 620.125. For the purposes of this Subpart, when a maximum setback zone has been adopted under Section 14.3 of the Act, the WHPA includes the delineated area within the maximum setback zone.
- b) Any groundwater which is determined by the Board, ~~under the~~pursuant to petition procedures ~~set forth~~ in Section 620.260, to be capable of potable use.

~~BOARD NOTE: Any portion of the thickness associated with the geologic materials as described in subsections 620.210(a)(2), (a)(3) or (a)(4) should be designated as Class I: Potable Resource Groundwater if located 10 feet or more~~

689 ~~below the land surface.~~

690

691 c) Any portion of the thickness associated with the geological materials as described
692 in subsections 620.210(a)(2), (a)(3), or (a)(4) is designed as Class I: Potable
693 Resource Groundwater if located 10 feet or more below the land surface.

694

695 (Source: Amended at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

696

697 **Section 620.220 Class II: General Resource Groundwater**

698

699 Except as provided in Section 620.250, General Resource Groundwater is:

700

701 a) Groundwater which does not meet the provisions of Section 620.210 (Class I),
702 Section 620.230 (Class III), or Section 620.240 (Class IV).

703

704 b) Groundwater which is ~~determined~~~~found~~ by the Board, ~~underpursuant to~~ the
705 ~~petition~~-procedures ~~set forth~~ in Section 620.260, to be capable of agricultural,
706 industrial, recreational or other beneficial uses.

707

708 (Source: Amended at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

709

710 **Section 620.230 Class III: Special Resource Groundwater**

711

712 Except as provided in Section 620.250, Special Resource Groundwater is:

713

714 a) Groundwater that is determined by the Board, ~~underpursuant to~~ the procedures ~~set~~
715 ~~forth~~ in Section 620.260, to be:

716

717 1) Demonstrably unique (e.g., irreplaceable sources of groundwater) and
718 suitable for application of a water quality standard more stringent than the
719 otherwise applicable water quality standard specified in Subpart D; or

720

721 2) Vital for a particularly sensitive ecological system.

722

723 b) Groundwater that contributes to a dedicated nature preserve that is listed by the
724 Agency as ~~stated~~~~set forth~~ below:

725

726 1) A written request to list a dedicated nature preserve under this subsection
727 must contain, ~~at a minimum~~, the following information:

728

729 A) A general description of the site and the surrounding land use;

730

731 B) A topographic map or other map of suitable scale denoting the

- 732 location of the dedicated nature preserve;
- 733
- 734 C) A general description of the existing groundwater quality at and
- 735 surrounding the dedicated nature preserve;
- 736
- 737 D) A general geologic profile of the dedicated nature preserve based
- 738 upon the most reasonably available information, including but not
- 739 limited to geologic maps and subsurface groundwater flow
- 740 directions; and
- 741
- 742 E) A description of the interrelationship between groundwater and the
- 743 nature of the site.
- 744
- 745 2) Upon confirmation by the Agency of the technical adequacy of a written
- 746 request, the Agency ~~must~~shall publish the proposed listing of the
- 747 dedicated nature preserve in the Environmental Register for a 45-day
- 748 public comment period. Within 60 days after the close of the public
- 749 comment period, the Agency ~~must~~shall either publish a final listing of the
- 750 dedicated nature preserve in the Environmental Register or provide a
- 751 written response to the requestor specifying the reasons for not listing the
- 752 dedicated nature preserve.
- 753
- 754 3) At least once annually, the Agency ~~must~~shall publish in the Environmental
- 755 Register a complete listing of all dedicated nature preserves listed under
- 756 this subsection ~~(b)~~.
- 757
- 758 4) For purposes of this Section the term "dedicated nature preserve" means a
- 759 nature preserve that is dedicated ~~under~~pursuant to the Illinois Natural
- 760 Areas Preservation Act [525 ILCS 30].
- 761

762 (Source: Amended at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

763

764 **Section 620.240 Class IV: Other Groundwater**

765

766 Except as provided in Section 620.250, Other Groundwater is:

767

- 768 a) Groundwater within ~~at~~the zone of attenuation as provided in 35 Ill. Adm. Code
- 769 811 and 814;
- 770
- 771 b) Groundwater within a point of compliance as provided in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724,
- 772 but not to exceed a distance of 200 feet from a potential primary or secondary
- 773 source.
- 774

- 775 c) Groundwater that naturally contains more than 10,000 mg/L of total dissolved
776 solids;
777
- 778 d) Groundwater which has been designated by the Board as an exempt aquifer
779 ~~under~~~~pursuant to~~ 35 Ill. Adm. Code 730.104; or
780
- 781 e) Groundwater which underlies a potential primary or secondary source, in which
782 contaminants may be present from a release, if the owner or operator of ~~the~~~~such~~
783 source notifies the Agency in writing and the following conditions are met:
784
- 785 1) The outermost edge is the closest practicable distance from such source,
786 but does not exceed:
787
 - 788 A) A lateral distance of 25 feet from the edge of such potential source
789 or the property boundary, whichever is less, and
790
 - 791 B) A depth of 15 feet from the bottom of such potential source or the
792 land surface, whichever is greater;
793
 - 794 2) The source of any release of contaminants to groundwater has been
795 controlled;
796
 - 797 3) Migration of contaminants within the site resulting from a release to
798 groundwater has been minimized;
799
 - 800 4) Any on-site release of contaminants to groundwater has been managed to
801 prevent migration off-site; and
802
 - 803 5) No potable water well exists within the outermost edge as provided in
804 subsection (e)(1).
805
- 806 f) Groundwater ~~that~~~~which~~ underlies a coal mine refuse disposal area not contained
807 within an area from which overburden has been removed, a coal combustion
808 waste disposal area at a surface coal mine authorized under Section 21(s) of the
809 Act, or an impoundment that contains sludge, slurry, or precipitated process
810 material at a coal preparation plant, in which contaminants may be present, if such
811 area or impoundment was placed into operation after February 1, 1983, if the
812 owner and operator notifies the Agency in writing, and if the following conditions
813 are met:
814
- 815 1) The outermost edge is the closest practicable distance, but does not
816 exceed;
817

- 818 A) A lateral distance of 25 feet from the edge of such area or
819 impoundment, or the property boundary, whichever is less; and
820
821 B) A depth of 15 feet from the bottom of such area or impoundment,
822 or the land surface, whichever is greater;
823
824 2) The source of any release of contaminants to groundwater has been
825 controlled;
826
827 3) Migration of contaminants within the site resulting from a release to
828 groundwater has been minimized;
829
830 4) Any on-site release of contaminants to groundwater has been managed to
831 prevent migration off-site; and
832
833 5) No potable water well exists within the outermost edge as provided in
834 subsection (e)(1).
835
836 g) Groundwater within a previously mined area, unless monitoring demonstrates that
837 the groundwater is capable of consistently meeting the standards of Sections
838 620.410 or 620.420. If ~~such~~ capability is determined, groundwater within the
839 previously mined area ~~must~~ shall not be Class IV.
840

841 (Source: Amended at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)
842

843 Section 620.250 Groundwater Management Zone 844

- 845 a) Within any class of groundwater, a groundwater management zone (GMZ) may
846 be established as a ~~three-dimensional~~ three-dimensional region containing
847 groundwater being managed to mitigate impairment caused by the release of one
848 or more contaminants. ~~from a site:~~
849
850 1) ~~That is subject to a corrective action process approved by the Agency; or~~
851
852 2) ~~For which the owner or operator undertakes an adequate corrective action~~
853 ~~in a timely and appropriate manner and provides a written confirmation to~~
854 ~~the Agency. Such confirmation must be provided in a form as prescribed~~
855 ~~by the Agency.~~
856
857 b) Before a GMZ may be established, the owner or operator of a site at which there
858 has been a release of one or more contaminants to groundwater must submit to the
859 Agency a GMZ application. The application must contain the information
860 specified in Section 620. Appendix D, Parts I, II, and III, as well as any other

861 information requested in writing by the Agency that is relevant to its review under
862 subsection (c). ~~A groundwater management zone is established upon concurrence~~
863 ~~by the Agency that the conditions as specified in subsection (a) are met and~~
864 ~~groundwater management continues for a period of time consistent with the action~~
865 ~~described in that subsection.~~
866

867
868 1) If the GMZ would extend off-site, the GMZ application must include each
869 affected property owner's written permission to the establishment of the
870 GMZ on its property.
871

872 2) If the release is subject to a corrective action process that requires the
873 submittal of more information to the Agency to establish a GMZ than that
874 specified in this subsection (b), the owner or operator must include the
875 additional information in its GMZ application.
876

877 3) Except as provided in this subsection (b)(3), a GMZ application must be
878 submitted to the Agency in the form specified in Section 620. Appendix D,
879 Parts I, II, and III. However, if the release is subject to a corrective action
880 process that requires the information specified in subsection (b) to be
881 submitted to the Agency in a different form (e.g., plan, agreement, report,
882 permit application), the owner or operator must submit the information in
883 that form. In that case, for Part 620, the submittal is nevertheless
884 considered a GMZ application.
885

886 c) The Agency must review each GMZ application submitted under subsection (b)
887 and issue a written determination approving or rejecting the GMZ.
888

889 1) In determining whether to approve a GMZ, the Agency must consider the
890 completeness of the GMZ application, the technical sufficiency of the
891 GMZ, the likelihood that the GMZ will protect public health and the
892 environment, and the likelihood that the GMZ's corrective action will, in a
893 timely manner, result in compliance with the applicable standards in
894 Section 620.410, 620.420, 620.430, or 620.440 or otherwise minimize
895 exceedances to restore beneficial use as appropriate for the class or classes
896 of groundwater. If the Agency rejects a GMZ, the Agency must, in its
897 written determination, specify the reasons for the rejection.
898

899 2) A GMZ is established when the Agency issues a written determination
900 approving the GMZ, including its corrective action. Once a GMZ is
901 established, the Agency may, as new information warrants, issue written
902 determinations amending any part of the GMZ, including its size, the
903 contaminants that are subject to it, and its corrective action.

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de) When the owner or operator completes the corrective action under subsection (c)(2), the owner or operator must submit to the Agency a demonstration that complies with subsection (d)(1) or (d)(2) and includes the completion certification specified in Section 620.Appendix D, Part IV. The Agency must review this demonstration and issue a written determination approving or rejecting the demonstration.~~A groundwater management zone expires upon the Agency's receipt of appropriate documentation which confirms the completion of the action taken pursuant to subsection (a) and which confirms the attainment of applicable standards as set forth in Subpart D. The Agency shall review the on-going adequacy of controls and continued management at the site if concentrations of chemical constituents, as specified in Section 620.450(a)(4)(B), remain in groundwater at the site following completion of such action. The review must take place no less often than every 5 years and the results shall be presented to the Agency in a written report.~~

1) The owner or operator must demonstrate that it has completed the corrective action under subsection (c)(2) and the applicable standards in Subpart D, as specified in Section 620.450(a)(4)(A), have been attained in groundwater within the GMZ. The owner or operator must also demonstrate that the groundwater within the GMZ no longer requires controls or management to mitigate impairment caused by the release. If the Agency approves this demonstration, the Agency must issue a written determination to that effect in which the Agency terminates the GMZ. The termination takes effect when the Agency issues this determination. If the Agency rejects this demonstration, the Agency must, in its written determination, specify the reasons for the rejection, which may include the Agency's basis for amending the GMZ to require additional corrective action under subsection (c)(2).

2) The owner or operator must demonstrate that it has completed the corrective action under subsection (c)(2) and concentrations of released chemical constituents, as specified in Section 620.450(a)(4)(B), remain in groundwater within the GMZ. The owner or operator must also demonstrate compliance with Section 620.450(a)(4)(B)(i) and (ii), as well as the on-going adequacy of controls and management to mitigate impairment caused by the release to groundwater within the GMZ. If the Agency approves this demonstration, the Agency must issue a written determination to that effect in which the Agency states that the GMZ remains in effect. If the Agency rejects this demonstration, the Agency must, in its written determination, specify the reasons for the rejection, which may include the Agency's basis for amending the GMZ to require additional corrective action under subsection (c)(2).

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- e) Within five years after the Agency issues a written determination approving a demonstration under subsection (d)(2), the owner or operator must submit a report to the Agency demonstrating the on-going adequacy of controls and management to mitigate impairment caused by the release to groundwater within the GMZ. The Agency must review the report and issue a written determination approving or rejecting the demonstration. The submittal of these reports by the owner or operator and the corresponding issuance of these written determinations by the Agency must occur at least every five years while the GMZ remains in effect. If the Agency rejects a demonstration, the Agency must, in its written determination, specify the reasons for the rejection.

- f) Without limiting any other legal authority of the Agency to terminate a GMZ, the Agency may issue a written determination terminating a GMZ based on any of the grounds specified in this subsection (f). The termination takes effect when the Agency issues this determination, specifying the grounds for termination. The Agency may terminate a GMZ if:
 - 1) The owner or operator fails to perform or comply with the schedule for any part of the GMZ, including corrective action under subsection (c)(2) or controls or management under subsection (d)(2) or (e);
 - 2) The Agency rejects a demonstration under subsection (d) or (e); or
 - 3) The owner or operator commits fraud or misrepresentation in any submittal under subsection (b), (c)(2), (d), or (e).

- gd) ~~Regardless of~~ Notwithstanding subsections (a) ~~through (f) and (b) above~~, a "groundwater management zone", as defined in 35 Ill. Adm. Code 740.120, may be established ~~under~~ in accordance with the requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 740.530 for sites ~~in~~ undergoing remediation pursuant to the Site Remediation Program (35 Ill. Adm. Code 740). A GMZ established under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 740.530 remains ~~Such a groundwater management zone shall remain~~ in effect until any condition of ~~the requirements set forth at~~ 35 Ill. Adm. Code 740.530(c) ~~is~~ are met.

- he) While a GMZ ~~the groundwater management zone~~ established ~~under~~ in accordance with 35 Ill. Adm. Code 740.530 is in effect, the otherwise applicable standards ~~as specified in Subpart D of this Part do~~ shall not ~~apply~~ be applicable to the "contaminants of concern," as defined ~~in~~ at 35 Ill. Adm. Code 740.120, for which groundwater remediation objectives have been approved ~~under~~ in accordance with ~~the procedures of~~ 35 Ill. Adm. Code 740.

990 ~~if)~~ Regardless of~~Notwithstanding~~ subsection ~~(e)(e) above,~~ that subsection's submittal
 991 and~~the~~ review requirements concerning the on-going adequacy of controls and
 992 ~~continued~~-management ~~do at the site shall~~ not apply to groundwater within a three-
 993 dimensional region formerly encompassed by a GMZ~~groundwater management~~
 994 ~~zone~~ established ~~under in accordance with~~ 35 Ill. Adm. Code 740.530 while a No
 995 Further Remediation Letter issued ~~under in accordance with the procedures of~~ 35
 996 Ill. Adm. Code 740 is in effect.

997
 998 j) At least annually, the Agency must publish in the Environmental Register a list of
 999 all GMZs that have not been terminated, along with a brief statement of each
 1000 GMZ's status.

1001
 1002 (Source: Amended at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

1003
 1004 **Section 620.260 Reclassification of Groundwater by Adjusted Standard**

1005
 1006 Any person may petition the Board to reclassify a groundwater ~~under in accordance with the~~
 1007 ~~procedures for adjusted standards specified in~~ Section 28.1 of the Act and 35 Ill. Adm. Code
 1008 106.Subpart G. In any proceeding to reclassify specific groundwater by adjusted standard, in
 1009 addition to the requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code 106.Subpart G, and Section 28.1(c) of the Act,
 1010 the petition ~~must shall, at a minimum,~~ contain information to allow the Board to determine:

- 1011
 1012 a) The specific groundwater for which reclassification is requested, including ~~but not~~
 1013 ~~limited to~~-geographical extent of any aquifers, depth of groundwater, and rate and
 1014 direction of groundwater flow and that the specific groundwater exhibits the
 1015 characteristics of the requested class ~~as set forth in~~ Sections~~Section~~ 620.210(b),
 1016 620.220(b), 620.230, or 620.240;
 1017
 1018 b) Whether the proposed change or use restriction is necessary for economic or
 1019 social development, by providing information including, ~~but not limited to,~~ the
 1020 impacts of the standards on the regional economy, social benefits ~~like such as~~ loss
 1021 of jobs or closing of facilities, and economic analysis contrasting the health and
 1022 environmental benefits with costs likely to be incurred in meeting the standards
 1023 would be beneficial or necessary;
 1024
 1025 c) Existing and anticipated uses of the specific groundwater;
 1026
 1027 d) Existing and anticipated quality of the specific groundwater;
 1028
 1029 e) Existing and anticipated contamination, if any, of the specific groundwater;
 1030
 1031 f) Technical feasibility and economic reasonableness of eliminating or reducing
 1032 contamination of the specific groundwater or of maintaining existing water

- 1033 quality;
- 1034
- 1035 g) The anticipated time period over which contaminants will continue to affect the
- 1036 specific groundwater;
- 1037
- 1038 h) Existing and anticipated impact on any potable water supplies due to
- 1039 contamination;
- 1040
- 1041 i) Availability and cost of alternate water sources or of treatment for those users
- 1042 adversely affected;
- 1043
- 1044 j) Negative or positive effect on property values; and
- 1045
- 1046 k) For special resource groundwater, negative or positive effect on:
- 1047
- 1048 1) The quality of surface waters; and
- 1049
- 1050 2) Wetlands, natural areas, and the life contained therein, including
- 1051 endangered or threatened species of plant, fish or wildlife listed
- 1052 ~~under~~pursuant to the Endangered Species Act, 16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq., or
- 1053 the Illinois Endangered Species Protection Act [~~520~~415 ILCS 10].
- 1054

1055 (Source: Amended at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

1056

1057 SUBPART C: NONDEGRADATION PROVISIONS FOR APPROPRIATE

1058 GROUNDWATERS

1059

1060 **Section 620.301 General Prohibition Against Use Impairment of Resource Groundwater**

1061

- 1062 a) ~~A~~No person ~~must not~~shall cause, threaten or allow the release of any contaminant
- 1063 to a resource groundwater such that:
- 1064
- 1065 1) Treatment or additional treatment is necessary to continue an existing use
- 1066 or to assure a potential use of ~~the~~such groundwater; or
- 1067
- 1068 2) An existing or potential use of ~~the~~such groundwater is precluded.
- 1069
- 1070 b) Nothing in this Section ~~prevents~~shall prevent the establishment of a groundwater
- 1071 management zone ~~under~~pursuant to Section 620.250 or a cumulative impact area
- 1072 within a permitted site.
- 1073
- 1074 c) Nothing in this Section ~~limits~~shall limit underground injection ~~under~~pursuant to a
- 1075 permit issued by the Agency under the Act or issued by the Department of Mines

and Minerals under the Illinois Oil and Gas Act [225 ILCS 725].

- d) Nothing in this Section ~~limits~~~~shall limit~~ the Board from promulgating nondegradation provisions applicable to particular types of facilities or activities which impact ~~upon~~ groundwater, including ~~but not limited to~~ landfills regulated ~~under~~~~pursuant to~~ 35 Ill. Adm. Code: Subtitle G.

(Source: Amended at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 620.302 Applicability of Preventive Notification and Preventive Response Activities

- a) Preventive notification and preventive response activities, as specified in Sections 620.305 through 620.310, ~~apply~~~~applies~~ to:
- 1) Class I groundwater under Section 620.210(a)(1), (a)(2), or (a)(3) that is monitored by the persons listed in subsection (b); or
 - 2) Class III groundwater that is monitored by the persons listed in subsection (b).
- b) For purposes of subsection (a), the persons that conduct groundwater monitoring are:
- 1) An owner or operator of a regulated entity for which groundwater quality monitoring must be performed ~~under~~~~pursuant to~~ State or Federal law or regulation (e.g., 35 Ill. Adm. Code Parts 615, 616 and 807; 62 Ill. Adm. Code Parts 1816 and 1817. This subsection (b)(1) does not apply to an owner or operator of a regulated entity subject to program-specific requirements regarding groundwater contaminant notification and remediation (e.g., 35 Ill. Adm. Code Parts 731, 734, 740, 750, 807, 811, 814, or 815)~~section 106 and 107 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (42 USC 9601, et seq.); sections 3004 and 3008 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (42 USC 6901, et seq.); sections 4(q), 4(v), 12(g), 21(d), 21(f), 22.2(f), 22.2(m) and 22.18 of the Act; 35 Ill. Adm. Code 724, 725, 730, 731, 750, 811 and 814);~~
 - 2) An owner or operator of a public water supply well who conducts groundwater quality monitoring;
 - 3) A State agency that is authorized to conduct, or is the recipient of, groundwater quality monitoring data (e.g., Illinois Environmental

1119 Protection Agency, Department of Public Health, Department of
1120 Agriculture, Office of State Fire Marshal, or Department of Natural
1121 Resources); or
1122

1123 4) An owner or operator of a facility that conducts groundwater quality
1124 monitoring ~~underpursuant to~~ State or federal judicial or administrative
1125 order.
1126

1127 c) If a contaminant exceeds a standard ~~set forth~~ in Section 620.410 or Section
1128 620.430, the appropriate remedy is corrective action and Sections 620.305 and
1129 620.310 do not apply.
1130

1131 (Source: Amended at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)
1132

1133 Section 620.305 Preventive Notification Procedures

1134
1135 a) ~~UnderPursuant to~~ groundwater quality monitoring ~~as described~~ in Section
1136 620.302, a preventive notification must occur whenever a contaminant:
1137

1138 1) Listed under Section 620.310(a)(3)(A) is detected (except due to natural
1139 causes) in Class I groundwater; or
1140

1141 2) Denoted as a carcinogen under Section 620.410(b) is detected in Class I
1142 groundwater; or
1143

1144 3) Subject to a standard under Section 620.430 is detected (except due to
1145 natural causes) in Class III groundwater.
1146

1147 b) When a preventive notification is required for groundwater which is monitored by
1148 a regulated entity for the subject contaminant, the owner or operator of the site
1149 must:
1150

1151 1) ~~Confirmshall confirm~~ the detection by resampling the monitoring well.
1152 ~~This resampling shall be made~~ within 30 days of the date on which the
1153 first sample analyses are received; and -
1154

1155 2) ~~ProvideThe owner or operator shall provide~~ a preventive notification to
1156 the appropriate regulatory agency of the results of the resampling analysis
1157 within 30 days of the date on which the sample analyses are received, but
1158 no later than 90 days after the results of the first samples were received.
1159

1160 c) When a preventive notification is required for groundwater which is monitored by
1161 a regulatory agency, such agency ~~mustshall~~ notify the owner or operator of the

1162 site where the detection has occurred. The owner or operator must:

- 1163
- 1164 1) Confirm~~shall confirm~~ the detection by resampling within 30 days of the
- 1165 date of the notice by the regulatory agency; and .
- 1166
- 1167 2) Provide~~The owner or operator shall provide~~ preventive notification to the
- 1168 regulatory agency of the results of the resampling analysis within 30 days
- 1169 of the date on which the sample analyses are received, but no later than 90
- 1170 days after the results of the first samples were received.
- 1171

- 1172 d) When a preventive notification of a confirmed detection has been provided by an
- 1173 owner or operator under~~pursuant to~~ this Section, additional detections of the same
- 1174 contaminant do not require further notice, if~~provided that~~ the groundwater quality
- 1175 conditions are substantially unchanged or that preventive response is underway
- 1176 for the~~such~~ contaminant.
- 1177

1178 (Source: Amended at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

1179

1180 **Section 620.310 Preventive Response Activities**

1181

- 1182 a) The following preventive assessment must be undertaken:
- 1183
- 1184 1) If a preventive notification under Section 620.305(c) is provided by a
- 1185 community water supply:
- 1186
- 1187 A) The Agency must~~shall~~ notify the owner or operator of any
- 1188 identified potential primary source, potential secondary source,
- 1189 potential route, or community water supply well that is located
- 1190 within 2,500 feet of the wellhead.
- 1191
- 1192 B) The owner or operator notified under subsection (a)(1)(A)
- 1193 must~~shall~~, within 30 days after the date of issuance of such notice,
- 1194 sample each water well or monitoring well for the contaminant
- 1195 identified in the notice if the contaminant or material containing
- 1196 such contaminant is or has been stored, disposed of, or otherwise
- 1197 handled at the site. If a contaminant identified under Section
- 1198 620.305(a) is detected, then the well must be resampled within 30
- 1199 days of the date on which the first sample results~~analyses~~ are
- 1200 received. If a contaminant identified under Section 620.305(a) is
- 1201 detected by the resampling, preventive notification must be given
- 1202 as specified~~set forth~~ in Section 620.305.
- 1203
- 1204 C) If the Agency receives analytical results under subsection (a)(1)(B)

- 1205 that show a contaminant identified under Section 620.305(a) has
 1206 been detected, the Agency ~~must~~ shall:
 1207
- 1208 i) Conduct a well site survey ~~according pursuant to~~ [415 ILCS
 1209 5/17.1(d)], if such a survey has not been previously
 1210 conducted within the last 5 years; and
 - 1211
 - 1212 ii) Identify those sites or activities that represent a hazard to
 1213 the continued availability of groundwaters for public use
 1214 unless a groundwater protection needs assessment has been
 1215 prepared ~~under pursuant to~~ [415 ILCS 5/17.1(d)].
 1216
- 1217 2) If a preventive notification is provided under Section 620.305(c) by a non-
 1218 community water supply or for multiple private water supply wells, the
 1219 Department of Public Health ~~must~~ shall conduct a sanitary survey within
 1220 1,000 feet of the wellhead of a non-community water supply or within 500
 1221 feet of the wellheads for multiple private water supply wells.
 1222
- 1223 3) If a preventive notification under Section 620.305(b) is provided by the
 1224 owner or operator of a regulated entity and the applicable standard in
 1225 Subpart D has not been exceeded, the appropriate regulatory agency must:
 1226
- 1227 A) ~~Determine~~ The appropriate regulatory agency shall determine if any
 1228 of the following occurs for Class I: Potable Resource
 1229 Groundwater:
 1230
 - 1231 i) The levels ~~set forth~~ below are exceeded or are changed for
 1232 pH:
 1233

<u>CASRN</u>	Constituent	Criteria (mg/L)
	Para-Dichlorobenzene	0.005
<u>95-50-1</u>	Ortho-Dichlorobenzene <u>(1,2-dichlorobenzene)</u>	0.01
	Ethylbenzene	0.03
<u>1634-04-4</u>	<u>MTBE methyl tertiary butyl ether</u> Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether (MTBE)	0.02
<u>108-95-2</u>	Phenols	0.001
<u>100-42-5</u>	Styrene	0.01
<u>108-88-3</u>	Toluene	0.04

1330-20-7

Xylenes

0.02

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- ii) A statistically significant increase occurs above background (as determined ~~underpursuant to~~ other regulatory procedures (e.g., 35 Ill. Adm. Code 616, 724, 725, or 811)) for the following inorganic constituents (except due to natural causes); or for the following organic constituents: arsenic, beryllium, cadmium, chromium, cyanide, lead, mercury, thallium, or vanadium (except due to natural causes); or for acenaphthene, acetone, aldicarb, anthracene, atrazine, benzoic acid, carbon disulfide, carbofuran, dalapon, 2-butanone (MEK), dicamba, dichlorodifluoromethane, 1,1-dichloroethane, diethyl phthalate, di-n-butyl phthalate, dinoseb, endrin, endothall, fluoranthene, fluorine, hexachlorocyclopentadiene, isopropylbenzene (cumene), lindane (gamma-hexachloro cyclohexane), 2,4-D, 1,1-dichloroethylene, cis-1,2-dichloroethylene, trans-1,2-dichloroethylene, MCPP (mecoprop), 2-methylnaphthalene, methoxychlor, 2-methylphenol, monochlorobenzene, naphthalene, picloram, pyrene, simazine, 2,4,5-TP (silvex), 1,2,4-trichlorobenzene, 1,1,2-trichloroethane, 1,1,1-trichloroethane, and trichlorofluoromethane.

CASRN
Inorganics

7429-90-5
7440-38-2
7440-41-7
7440-43-9
7440-47-3
143-33-9
7439-92-1
7487-94-7
7439-98-7
7440-28-0
7440-62-2

Organics

83-32-9
67-64-1
116-06-3
120-12-7
319-84-6

Constituent

Aluminum
Arsenic
Beryllium
Cadmium
Chromium (total)
Cyanide
Lead
Mercury (mercuric chloride)
Molybdenum
Thallium
Vanadium
Acenaphthene
Acetone
Aldicarb
Anthracene
alpha-BHC (alpha-benzene

<u>1912-24-9</u>	<u>hexachloride)</u> <u>Atrazine and metabolites DEA,</u> <u>DIA, DACT</u>
<u>71-43-2</u>	<u>Benzene</u>
<u>56-55-3</u>	<u>Benzo(a)anthracene</u>
<u>205-99-2</u>	<u>Benzo(b)fluoranthene</u>
<u>207-08-9</u>	<u>Benzo(k)fluoranthene</u>
<u>50-32-8</u>	<u>Benzo(a)pyrene</u>
<u>65-85-0</u>	<u>Benzoic acid</u>
<u>78-93-3</u>	<u>2-Butanone (methyl ethyl</u> <u>ketone)</u>
<u>1563-66-2</u>	<u>Carbofuran</u>
<u>75-15-0</u>	<u>Carbon disulfide</u>
<u>56-23-5</u>	<u>Carbon tetrachloride</u>
<u>12789-03-6</u>	<u>Chlordane</u>
<u>108-90-7</u>	<u>Chlorobenzene</u>
<u>67-66-3</u>	<u>Chloroform</u>
<u>218-01-9</u>	<u>Chrysene</u>
<u>94-75-7</u>	<u>2,4-D (2,4-dichlorophenoxy</u> <u>acetic acid)</u>
<u>75-99-0</u>	<u>Dalapon</u>
<u>96-12-8</u>	<u>1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane</u> <u>(dibromochlorooroane)</u>
<u>1918-00-9</u>	<u>Dicamba</u>
<u>106-46-7</u>	<u>p-Dichlorobenzene (1,4-</u> <u>dichlorobenzene)</u>
<u>75-71-8</u>	<u>Dichlorodifluoromethane</u>
<u>75-34-3</u>	<u>1,1-Dichloroethane</u>
<u>75-35-4</u>	<u>1,1-Dichloroethylene</u>
<u>107-06-2</u>	<u>1,2-Dichloroethane</u>
<u>156-59-2</u>	<u>cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene</u>
<u>156-60-5</u>	<u>trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene</u>
<u>75-09-2</u>	<u>Dichloromethane (methylene</u>
<u>78-87-5</u>	<u>1,2-Dichloropropane</u>
<u>117-81-7</u>	<u>Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate</u>
<u>84-66-2</u>	<u>Diethyl phthalate</u>
<u>84-74-2</u>	<u>Di-n-butyl phthalate</u>
<u>99-65-0</u>	<u>1,3-Dinitrobenzene</u>
<u>121-14-2</u>	<u>2,4-Dinitrotoluene</u>
<u>88-85-7</u>	<u>Dinoseb</u>
<u>123-91-1</u>	<u>1,4-Dioxane (p dioxane)</u>
<u>145-73-3</u>	<u>Endothall</u>
<u>72-20-8</u>	<u>Endrin</u>

<u>100-41-4</u>	<u>Ethylbenzene</u>
<u>106-93-4</u>	<u>Ethylene dibromide (1,2-dibromoethane)</u>
<u>206-44-0</u>	<u>Fluoranthene</u>
<u>86-73-7</u>	<u>Fluorene</u>
<u>58-89-9</u>	<u><i>gamma</i>-HCH (<i>gamma</i>-hexachlorocyclohexane lindane)</u>
<u>13252-13-6</u>	<u>HFPO-DA (hexafluoropropylene oxide dimer acid, GenX)</u>
<u>2691-41-0</u>	<u>HMX (octahydro-1,3,5,7-tetranitro-1, 3, 5, 7-tetrazocine)</u>
<u>76-44-8</u>	<u>Heptachlor1024-57-3</u>
<u>1024-57-3</u>	<u>Heptachlor epoxide</u>
<u>77-47-4</u>	<u>Hexachlorocyclopentadiene</u>
<u>193-39-5</u>	<u>Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene</u>
<u>98-82-8</u>	<u>Isopropylbenzene (cumene)</u>
<u>72-43-5</u>	<u>Methoxychlor</u>
<u>90-12-0</u>	<u>1-Methylnaphthalene</u>
<u>91-57-6</u>	<u>2-Methylnaphthalene</u>
<u>95-48-7</u>	<u>2-Methylphenol (<i>o</i>-cresol)</u>
<u>91-20-3</u>	<u>Naphthalene</u>
<u>98-95-3</u>	<u>Nitrobenzene</u>
<u>1336-36-3</u>	<u>PCBs (polychlorinated biphenyls as decachloro-biphenyl)</u>
<u>375-73-5</u>	<u>PFBS (perfluorobutanesulfonic acid)</u>
<u>355-46-4</u>	<u>PFHxS (perfluorohexanesulfonic acid)</u>
<u>375-95-1</u>	<u>PFNA (perfluorononanoic acid)</u>
<u>1763-23-1</u>	<u>PFOS (perfluorooctanesulfonic acid)</u>
<u>87-86-5</u>	<u>Pentachlorophenol</u>
<u>1918-02-1</u>	<u>Picloram</u>
<u>129-00-0</u>	<u>Pyrene</u>
<u>121-82-4</u>	<u>RDX (hexahydro-1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazine)</u>
<u>122-34-9</u>	<u>Simazine</u>
<u>118-96-7</u>	<u>TNT (2,4,6-trinitrotoluene)</u>
<u>93-72-1</u>	<u>2,4,5-TP (silvex)</u>
<u>127-18-4</u>	<u>Tetrachloroethylene</u>
<u>8001-35-2</u>	<u>Toxaphene</u>

<u>120-82-1</u>	<u>1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene</u>
<u>71-55-6</u>	<u>1,1,1-Trichloroethane</u>
<u>79-00-5</u>	<u>1,1,2-Trichloroethane</u>
<u>79-01-6</u>	<u>Trichloroethylene</u>
<u>75-69-4</u>	<u>Trichlorofluoromethane</u>
<u>99-35-4</u>	<u>1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene</u>
<u>75-01-4</u>	<u>Vinyl chloride</u>

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iii) For a chemical constituent of gasoline, diesel fuel, or heating fuel, the constituent exceeds the following:

Constituent	Criterion (mg/L)
BETX	0.095

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iv) For pH, a statistically significant change occurs from background.

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~~BOARD NOTE: Constituents that are carcinogens have not been listed in subsection (a)(3)(A) because the standard is set at the PQL and any exceedence thereof is a violation subject to corrective action.~~

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B) ~~If~~The appropriate agency shall determine if, for Class III: Special Resource Groundwater, the levels as determined by the Board are exceeded.

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C) ~~Consider~~The appropriate regulatory agency shall consider whether the owner or operator reasonably demonstrates that:

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i) The contamination is a result of contaminants remaining in groundwater from a prior release for which appropriate action was taken according to the~~in accordance with~~ laws and regulations in existence at the time of the release;

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ii) The source of contamination is not due to the on-site release of contaminants; or

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iii) The detection resulted from error in sampling, analysis, or evaluation.

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D) ~~Consider~~The appropriate regulatory agency shall consider actions necessary to minimize the degree and extent of contamination.

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- b) The appropriate regulatory agency ~~must~~shall determine whether a preventive response ~~should~~must be undertaken based on relevant factors including, ~~but not limited to,~~ the considerations in subsection (a)(3).
- c) After completion of preventive response ~~under the~~pursuant to authority of an appropriate regulatory agency, the concentration of a contaminant listed in subsection (a)(3)(A) in groundwater may exceed 50% ~~percent~~ of the applicable numerical standard in Subpart D only if the following conditions are met:
 - 1) The exceedence has been minimized to the extent practicable;
 - 2) Beneficial use, as appropriate for the class of groundwater, has been assured; and
 - 3) Any threat to public health or the environment has been minimized.
- d) Nothing in this Section ~~limits~~shall in any way limit the authority of the State or of the United States to require or perform any corrective action process.

(Source: Amended at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

SUBPART D: GROUNDWATER QUALITY STANDARDS

Section 620.401 Applicability

~~Groundwater~~Groundwaters must meet the standards appropriate to the groundwater's class as specified in this Subpart and the nondegradation provisions of Subpart C.

(Source: Amended at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 620.405 General Prohibitions Against Violations of Groundwater Quality Standards

~~A~~No person ~~must not~~shall cause, threaten or allow the release of any contaminant to groundwater so as to cause a groundwater quality standard ~~set forth~~in this Subpart to be exceeded.

(Source: Amended at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 620.410 Groundwater Quality Standards for Class I: Potable Resource Groundwater

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- a) **Inorganic Chemical Constituents**
 Except due to natural causes or as provided in Section 620.450, concentrations of the following chemical constituents must not be exceeded in Class I groundwater:

<u>CASRN</u>	<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Standard (mg/L) ^{a,b}</u>
<u>7429-90-5</u>	<u>Aluminum</u>	<u>1.9^c</u>
<u>7440-36-0</u>	<u>Antimony</u>	<u>0.006^d</u>
<u>7440-38-2</u>	<u>Arsenic^e</u>	<u>0.01^d</u>
<u>7440-39-3</u>	<u>Barium</u>	<u>2.0^d</u>
<u>7440-41-7</u>	<u>Beryllium</u>	<u>0.004^d</u>
<u>7440-42-8</u>	<u>Boron</u>	<u>2.0^f</u>
<u>7440-43-9</u>	<u>Cadmium</u>	<u>0.005^d</u>
<u>16887-00-6</u>	<u>Chloride</u>	<u>200^g</u>
<u>7440-47-3</u>	<u>Chromium (total)</u>	<u>0.1^d</u>
<u>7440-48-4</u>	<u>Cobalt</u>	<u>0.0012^c</u>
<u>7440-50-8</u>	<u>Copper</u>	<u>0.5^h</u>
<u>143-33-9</u>	<u>Cyanide</u>	<u>0.2^d</u>
<u>7681-49-4</u>	<u>Fluoride</u>	<u>2^h</u>
<u>7439-89-6</u>	<u>Iron</u>	<u>5^g</u>
<u>7439-92-1</u>	<u>Lead</u>	<u>0.0075ⁱ</u>
<u>7439-93-2</u>	<u>Lithium</u>	<u>0.04^j</u>
<u>7439-96-5</u>	<u>Manganese</u>	<u>0.15^k</u>
<u>7487-94-7</u>	<u>Mercury (mercuric chloride)</u>	<u>0.002^d</u>
<u>7439-98-7</u>	<u>Molybdenum</u>	<u>0.019^c</u>
<u>7440-02-0</u>	<u>Nickel</u>	<u>0.077^c</u>
<u>14797-55-8</u>	<u>Nitrate as N</u>	<u>10^d</u>
<u>14797-73-0</u>	<u>Perchlorate</u>	<u>0.0081^c</u>
<u>7440-14-4</u>	<u>Radium (combined 226+228)</u>	<u>5^d</u>
<u>7782-49-2</u>	<u>Selenium</u>	<u>0.02^f</u>
<u>7440-22-4</u>	<u>Silver</u>	<u>0.058^c</u>
<u>14808-79-8</u>	<u>Sulfate</u>	<u>400^g</u>
	<u>TDS (total dissolved solids)</u>	<u>1,200^g</u>
<u>7440-28-0</u>	<u>Thallium</u>	<u>0.002^d</u>
<u>7440-62-2</u>	<u>Vanadium</u>	<u>0.00027^c</u>
<u>7440-66-6</u>	<u>Zinc</u>	<u>1.2^c</u>

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Constituent Name and Groundwater Quality Standard Notations

^a The standard unit for radium (combined 226+228) is picocuries per liter ("pCi/L").

^b The inorganic groundwater quality standards are based on total metal analyses for the evaluation of human health effects.

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- ^c The standard is calculated using the Human Threshold Toxicant Advisory Concentration ("HTTAC") procedures at Appendix A.
- ^d The standard is based on the Maximum Contaminant Level ("MCL"), promulgated by U. S. EPA, Office of Water, and Illinois Primary Drinking Water Standards at 35 Ill. Adm. Code 611.
- ^e The constituent meets the definition of a "carcinogen" at Section 620.110.
- ^f The standard is based on beneficial use for irrigation of crops, per "Water Quality Criteria", by National Academy of Sciences, incorporated by reference at Section 620.125.
- ^g The standard is the 95% confidence concentration stated in Illinois EPA's "Integrated Water Quality Report and Section 303(d) List", incorporated by reference at Section 620.125.
- ^h The standard is based on beneficial use for watering livestock, per "Water Quality Criteria", by National Academy of Sciences, incorporated by reference at Section 620.125.
- ⁱ The standard is 50% of the U.S. EPA "action level" of 0.015 mg/L for lead. The U.S. EPA action level applies at the service connection. The standard is reduced by 50% as a safety margin, based on the assumption that 50% of water would be treated.
- ^j The standard is the "LLOQ" or "LCMRL" as defined in Section 620.110.
- ^k The standard is promulgated at 35 Ill. Adm. Code 611.300.

Constituent	Units	Standard
Antimony	mg/L	0.006
Arsenic*	mg/L	0.010
Barium	mg/L	2.0
Beryllium	mg/L	0.004
Boron	mg/L	2.0
Cadmium	mg/L	0.005
Chloride	mg/L	200.0
Chromium	mg/L	0.1
Cobalt	mg/L	1.0
Copper	mg/L	0.65

Cyanide	mg/L	0.2
Fluoride	mg/L	4.0
Iron	mg/L	5.0
Lead	mg/L	0.0075
Manganese	mg/L	0.15
Mercury	mg/L	0.002
Nickel	mg/L	0.1
Nitrate as N	mg/L	10.0
Perchlorate	mg/L	0.0049
Radium-226	pCi/l	20.0
Radium-228	pCi/l	20.0
Selenium	mg/L	0.05
Silver	mg/L	0.05
Sulfate	mg/L	400.0
Thallium	mg/L	0.002
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)	mg/L	1,200
Vanadium	mg/L	0.049
Zinc	mg/L	5.0

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*Denotes a carcinogen.

- b) Organic Chemical Constituents
 Except due to natural causes or as provided in Section 620.450 or subsection (d), concentrations of the following organic chemical constituents ~~must~~ shall not be exceeded in Class I groundwater:

<u>CASRN</u>	<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Standard (mg/L)</u>
<u>83-32-9</u>	<u>Acenaphthene</u>	<u>0.23^a</u>
<u>67-64-1</u>	<u>Acetone</u>	<u>3.5^a</u>
<u>15972-60-8</u>	<u>Alachlor^b</u>	<u>0.002^c</u>
<u>116-06-3</u>	<u>Aldicarb</u>	<u>0.003^c</u>
<u>120-12-7</u>	<u>Anthracene</u>	<u>1.2^a</u>
<u>319-84-6</u>	<u>alpha-BHC (alpha-benzene hexachloride)^b</u>	<u>0.000012^d</u>
<u>71-43-2</u>	<u>Benzene^b</u>	<u>0.005^c</u>
<u>56-55-3</u>	<u>Benzo(a)anthracene^c</u>	<u>0.00025^d</u>
<u>205-99-2</u>	<u>Benzo(b)fluoranthene^c</u>	<u>0.00025^d</u>
<u>207-08-9</u>	<u>Benzo(k)fluoranthene^c</u>	<u>0.0025^d</u>
<u>50-32-8</u>	<u>Benzo(a)pyrene^c</u>	<u>0.0002^c</u>
<u>65-85-0</u>	<u>Benzoic acid</u>	<u>15^a</u>
<u>78-93-3</u>	<u>2-Butanone (methyl ethyl ketone)</u>	<u>2.3^a</u>

<u>1563-66-2</u>	<u>Carbofuran</u>	<u>0.04^c</u>
<u>75-15-0</u>	<u>Carbon disulfide</u>	<u>0.38^a</u>
<u>56-23-5</u>	<u>Carbon tetrachloride^b</u>	<u>0.005^c</u>
<u>12789-03-6</u>	<u>Chlordane^b</u>	<u>0.002^c</u>
<u>108-90-7</u>	<u>Chlorobenzene</u>	<u>0.1^c</u>
<u>67-66-3</u>	<u>Chloroform^b</u>	<u>0.07^f</u>
<u>218-01-9</u>	<u>Chrysene^c</u>	<u>0.025^d</u>
<u>94-75-7</u>	<u>2,4-D (2,4-dichlorophenoxy acetic acid)</u>	<u>0.07^c</u>
<u>75-99-0</u>	<u>Dalapon</u>	<u>0.2^c</u>
<u>53-70-3</u>	<u>Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene^c</u>	<u>0.0001^g</u>
<u>96-12-8</u>	<u>1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane (dibromochloropropane)^c</u>	<u>0.0002^c</u>
<u>1918-00-9</u>	<u>Dicamba</u>	<u>0.12^a</u>
<u>95-50-1</u>	<u><i>o</i>-Dichlorobenzene (1,2- dichlorobenzene)</u>	<u>0.6^c</u>
<u>106-46-7</u>	<u><i>p</i>-Dichlorobenzene (1,4- dichlorobenzene)^b</u>	<u>0.075^c</u>
<u>75-71-8</u>	<u>Dichlorodifluoromethane</u>	<u>0.77^a</u>
<u>75-34-3</u>	<u>1,1-Dichloroethane</u>	<u>0.77^a</u>
<u>107-06-2</u>	<u>1,2-Dichloroethane^b</u>	<u>0.005^c</u>
<u>75-35-4</u>	<u>1,1-Dichloroethylene</u>	<u>0.007^c</u>
<u>156-59-2</u>	<u><i>cis</i>-1,2-Dichloroethylene</u>	<u>0.07^c</u>
<u>156-60-5</u>	<u><i>trans</i>-1,2-Dichloroethylene</u>	<u>0.1^c</u>
<u>75-09-2</u>	<u>Dichloromethane (methylene</u>	<u>0.005^c</u>
<u>78-87-5</u>	<u>1,2-Dichloropropane^b</u>	<u>0.005^c</u>
<u>117-81-7</u>	<u>Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate^b</u>	<u>0.006^c</u>
<u>84-66-2</u>	<u>Diethyl phthalate</u>	<u>3.1^a</u>
<u>84-74-2</u>	<u>Di-<i>n</i>-butyl phthalate</u>	<u>0.38^a</u>
<u>99-65-0</u>	<u>1,3-Dinitrobenzene</u>	<u>0.0007^a</u>
<u>121-14-2</u>	<u>2,4-Dinitrotoluene^b</u>	<u>0.00025^d</u>
<u>606-20-2</u>	<u>2,6-Dinitrotoluene^b</u>	<u>0.0001^g</u>
<u>88-85-7</u>	<u>Dinoseb</u>	<u>0.007^c</u>
<u>123-91-1</u>	<u>1,4-Dioxane (<i>p</i>-dioxane)^b</u>	<u>0.00078^d</u>
<u>145-73-3</u>	<u>Endothall</u>	<u>0.1^c</u>
<u>72-20-8</u>	<u>Endrin</u>	<u>0.002^c</u>
<u>100-41-4</u>	<u>Ethylbenzene^b</u>	<u>0.7^c</u>
<u>106-93-4</u>	<u>Ethylene dibromide (1,2-dibromoethane)^b</u>	<u>0.00005^c</u>
<u>206-44-0</u>	<u>Fluoranthene</u>	<u>0.15^a</u>
<u>86-73-7</u>	<u>Fluorene</u>	<u>0.15^a</u>
<u>58-89-9</u>	<u><i>gamma</i>-HCH (<i>gamma</i>- Hexachlorocyclohexane, lindane)^b</u>	<u>0.0002^c</u>
<u>13252-13-6</u>	<u>HFPO-DA (hexafluoropropylene oxide dimer acid GenX)</u>	<u>0.000012^a</u>

<u>2691-41-0</u>	<u>HMX (octahydro-1,3,5,7-tetranitro-1,3,5,7-tetrazocine)</u>	<u>0.77^a</u>
<u>76-44-8</u>	<u>Heptachlor^b</u>	<u>0.0004^c</u>
<u>1024-57-3</u>	<u>Heptachlor epoxide^b</u>	<u>0.0002^c</u>
<u>77-47-4</u>	<u>Hexachlorocyclopentadiene</u>	<u>0.05^c</u>
<u>193-39-5</u>	<u>Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene^e</u>	<u>0.00025^d</u>
<u>98-82-8</u>	<u>Isopropylbenzene (cumene)^b</u>	<u>0.38^a</u>
<u>93-65-2</u>	<u>MCPP (mecoprop)</u>	<u>0.1^g</u>
<u>1634-04-4</u>	<u>MTBE (methyl tertiary-butyl ether)</u>	<u>0.038^a</u>
<u>72-43-5</u>	<u>Methoxychlor</u>	<u>0.04^c</u>
<u>90-12-0</u>	<u>1-Methylnaphthalene</u>	<u>0.27^a</u>
<u>91-57-6</u>	<u>2-Methylnaphthalene</u>	<u>0.015^c</u>
<u>95-48-7</u>	<u>2-Methylphenol (<i>o</i>-cresol)</u>	<u>0.19^a</u>
<u>91-20-3</u>	<u>Naphthalene</u>	<u>0.077^a</u>
<u>98-95-3</u>	<u>Nitrobenzene</u>	<u>0.0077^a</u>
<u>1336-36-3</u>	<u>PCBs (polychlorinated biphenyls as decachloro-biphenyl)^b</u>	<u>0.0005^c</u>
<u>375-73-5</u>	<u>PFBS (perfluorobutanesulfonic acid)</u>	<u>0.0012^a</u>
<u>355-46-4</u>	<u>PFHxS (perfluorohexanesulfonic acid)</u>	<u>0.000077^a</u>
<u>375-95-1</u>	<u>PFNA (perfluorononanoic acid)</u>	<u>0.000012^a</u>
<u>335-67-1</u>	<u>PFOA (perfluorooctanoic acid)^b</u>	<u>0.000004^g</u>
<u>1763-23-1</u>	<u>PFOS (perfluorooctanesulfonic acid)</u>	<u>0.0000077^a</u>
<u>87-86-5</u>	<u>Pentachlorophenol</u>	<u>0.001^c</u>
<u>108-95-2</u>	<u>Phenol</u>	<u>0.1^h</u>
<u>1918-02-1</u>	<u>Picloram</u>	<u>0.5^c</u>
<u>129-00-0</u>	<u>Pyrene</u>	<u>0.12^a</u>
<u>121-82-4</u>	<u>RDX (hexahydro-1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazine)</u>	<u>0.062^a</u>
<u>122-34-9</u>	<u>Simazine</u>	<u>0.004^c</u>
<u>100-42-5</u>	<u>Styrene</u>	<u>0.1^c</u>
<u>118-96-7</u>	<u>TNT (2,4,6-trinitrotoluene)</u>	<u>0.0077^a</u>
<u>93-72-1</u>	<u>2,4,5-TP (silvex)</u>	<u>0.05^c</u>
<u>127-18-4</u>	<u>Tetrachloroethylene^b</u>	<u>0.005^c</u>
<u>108-88-3</u>	<u>Toluene</u>	<u>1^c</u>
<u>8001-35-2</u>	<u>Toxaphene^b</u>	<u>0.003^c</u>
<u>120-82-1</u>	<u>1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene</u>	<u>0.07^c</u>
<u>71-55-6</u>	<u>1,1,1-Trichloroethane</u>	<u>0.2^c</u>
<u>79-00-5</u>	<u>1,1,2-Trichloroethane</u>	<u>0.005^c</u>
<u>79-01-6</u>	<u>Trichloroethylene^c</u>	<u>0.005^c</u>
<u>75-69-4</u>	<u>Trichlorofluoromethane</u>	<u>1.2^a</u>
<u>99-35-4</u>	<u>1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene</u>	<u>0.46^a</u>
<u>75-01-4</u>	<u>Vinyl chloride^e</u>	<u>0.002^c</u>
<u>1330-20-7</u>	<u>Xylenes</u>	<u>10^c</u>

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Constituent Name and Groundwater Quality Standard Notations

- ^a The standard is the Human Threshold Toxicant Advisory Concentration ("HTTACT"), calculated using procedures at Appendix A.
- ^b The constituent meets the definition of a "carcinogen" at Section 620.110.
- ^c The standard is based on the Maximum Contaminant Level ("MCL"), promulgated by U.S. EPA, Office of Water, and Illinois Primary Drinking Water Standards at 35 Ill. Adm. Code 611.
- ^d The standard is the Human Nonthreshold Toxicant Advisory Concentration ("HNTAC"), calculated using procedures at Appendix A.
- ^e The constituent meets the definition of a "mutagen" at Section 620.110.
- ^f The standard is based on the Maximum Contaminant Level Goal ("MCLG"), promulgated by U.S. EPA, Office of Water.
- ^g The standard is the "LLOQ" or "LCMRL" as defined in Section 620.110.
- ^h The standard is based on 35 Ill. Adm. Code 302.208.

Constituent	Standard (mg/L)
Acenaphthene	0.42
Acetone	6.3
Alachlor*	0.002
Aldicarb	0.003
Anthracene	2.1
Atrazine	0.003
Benzene*	0.005
Benzo(a)anthracene*	0.00013
Benzo(b)fluoranthene*	0.00018
Benzo(k)fluoranthene*	0.00017
Benzo(a)pyrene*	0.0002
Benzoic acid	28.0
2-Butanone (MEK)	4.2
Carbofuran	0.04
Carbon Disulfide	0.7
Carbon Tetrachloride*	0.005
Chlordane*	0.002

Chloroform*	0.07
Chrysene*	0.012
Dalapon	0.2
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene*	0.0003
Dicamba	0.21
Dichlorodifluoromethane	1.4
1,1-Dichloroethane	1.4
Dichloromethane*	0.005
Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate*	0.006
Diethyl Phthalate	5.6
Di-n-butyl Phthalate	0.7
Dinoseb	0.007
Endothall	0.1
Endrin	0.002
Ethylene Dibromide*	0.00005
Fluoranthene	0.28
Fluorene	0.28
Heptachlor*	0.0004
Heptachlor Epoxide*	0.0002
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	0.05
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	0.00043
Isopropylbenzene (Cumene)	0.7
Lindane (Gamma-Hexachlorocyclohexane)	0.0002
2,4-D	0.07
ortho-Dichlorobenzene	0.6
para-Dichlorobenzene	0.075
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane*	0.0002
1,2-Dichloroethane*	0.005
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0.007
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.07
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.1
1,2-Dichloropropane*	0.005
Ethylbenzene	0.7
MCCP (Mecoprop)	0.007
Methoxychlor	0.04
2-Methylnaphthalene	0.028
2-Methylphenol	0.35
Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether (MTBE)	0.07
Monochlorobenzene	0.1
Naphthalene	0.14
P-Dioxane*	0.0077
Pentachlorophenol*	0.001

Phenols	0.1
Picloram	0.5
Pyrene	0.21
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) (as decachloro-biphenyl)*	0.0005
alpha-BHC (alpha-Benzene hexachloride)*	0.00011
Simazine	0.004
Styrene	0.1
2,4,5-TP (Silvex)	0.05
Tetrachloroethylene*	0.005
Toluene	1.0
Toxaphene*	0.003
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.2
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.005
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	0.07
Trichloroethylene*	0.005
Trichlorofluoromethane	2.1
Vinyl Chloride*	0.002
Xylenes	10.0

*Denotes a carcinogen.

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e) Explosive Constituents
Concentrations of the following explosive constituents must not exceed the Class I groundwater standard:

Constituent	Standard (mg/L)
1,3-Dinitrobenzene	0.0007
2,4-Dinitrotoluene*	0.0001
2,6-Dinitrotoluene*	0.00031
HMX (High Melting Explosive, Octogen)	1.4
Nitrobenzene	0.014
RDX (Royal Demolition Explosive, Cyclonite)	0.084
1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	0.84
2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene (TNT)	0.014

*Denotes a carcinogen.

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1414 cd) Complex Organic Chemical Mixtures

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 1416 1) Concentrations of the following chemical constituents of ~~gasoline, diesel~~
 1417 ~~fuel, or heating fuel~~ must not be exceeded in Class I groundwater:
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<u>CASRN</u>	<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Standard (mg/L)</u>
<u>71-43-2</u>	<u>Benzene^a</u>	<u>0.005^b</u>
	<u>Total BETX</u>	<u>11.705^c</u>

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 1420 Constituent Name and Groundwater Quality Standard Notations

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 1422 ^a The constituent meets the definition of a "carcinogen" at Section
 1423 620.110.

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 1425 ^b The standard is based on the Maximum Contaminant Level ("MCL"),
 1426 promulgated by U.S. EPA, Office of Water, and Illinois Primary
 1427 Drinking Water Standards at 35 Ill. Adm. Code 611.

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 1429 ^c The standard is the total combined standard of benzene, ethylbenzene,
 1430 toluene, and xylenes.

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 1432 2) Atrazine and Metabolites

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 1434 Concentrations of the following chemical constituents must not be
 1435 exceeded in Class I groundwater.

<u>CASRN</u>	<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Standard (mg/L)</u>
<u>1912-24-9</u>	<u>Atrazine</u>	<u>0.003^a</u>
	<u>Total Atrazine and Metabolites</u>	<u>0.003</u>
<u>6190-65-4</u>	<u>DEA (desethyl-atrazine)</u>	
<u>1007-28-9</u>	<u>DIA (desisopropyl-atrazine)</u>	
<u>3397-62-4</u>	<u>DACT (diaminochlorotriazine)</u>	

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 1438 Groundwater Quality Standard Notation

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 1440 ^a The standard is based on the Maximum Contaminant Level ("MCL"),
 1441 promulgated by U.S. EPA, Office of Water, and Illinois Primary
 1442 Drinking Water Standards at 35 Ill. Adm. Code 611.

<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Standard (mg/L)</u>
<u>Benzene*</u>	<u>0.005</u>
<u>BETX</u>	<u>11.705</u>

~~*Denotes a carcinogen.~~

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- d) pH
Except due to natural causes, a pH range of 6.5 - 9.0 units must not be exceeded in Class I groundwater.
- e) Beta Particle and Photon Radioactivity
 - 1) Except due to natural causes, the average annual concentration of beta particle and photon radioactivity from man-made radionuclides ~~must~~~~shall~~ not exceed a dose equivalent to the total body ~~or~~ organ greater than 4 mrem/year in Class I groundwater. If two or more radionuclides are present, the sum of their dose equivalent to the total body, or to any internal organ ~~must~~~~shall~~ not exceed 4 mrem/year in Class I groundwater except due to natural causes.
 - 2) Except for the radionuclides listed in subsection (e)(3), the concentration of man-made radionuclides causing 4 mrem total body or organ dose equivalent must be calculated on the basis of a 2 liter per day drinking water intake using the 168-hour data ~~according to~~~~in accordance with~~ the procedure ~~specified~~~~set forth~~ in NCRP Report Number 22, incorporated by reference at Section 620.125(a).
 - 3) Except due to natural causes, the average annual concentration assumed to produce a total body or organ dose of 4 mrem/year of the following chemical constituents ~~must~~~~shall~~ not be exceeded in Class I groundwater:

<u>CASRN</u>	<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Critical Organ</u>	<u>Standard (pCi/L)</u>
<u>10028-17-8</u>	<u>Tritium</u>	<u>Total Body</u>	<u>20,000</u>
<u>10098-97-2</u>	<u>Strontium-90</u>	<u>Bone Marrow</u>	<u>8.0</u>

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Constituent	Critical Organ	Standard (pCi/L)
Tritium	Total body	20,000.0
Strontium-90	Bone marrow	8.0

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(Source: Amended at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 620.420 Groundwater Quality Standards for Class II: General Resource Groundwater

1477 a) Inorganic Chemical Constituents

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- 1) Except due to natural causes or as provided in Section 620.450 or subsection (a)(3) or (e) of this Section, concentrations of the following chemical constituents must not be exceeded in Class II groundwater:

<u>CASRN</u>	<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Standard (mg/L)^a</u>
<u>7440-36-0</u>	<u>Antimony</u>	<u>0.024^b</u>
<u>7440-38-2</u>	<u>Arsenic^b</u>	<u>0.2^d</u>
<u>7440-39-3</u>	<u>Barium</u>	<u>2.0^e</u>
<u>7440-41-7</u>	<u>Beryllium</u>	<u>0.5^f</u>
<u>7440-43-9</u>	<u>Cadmium</u>	<u>0.05^g</u>
<u>7440-47-3</u>	<u>Chromium (total)</u>	<u>1.0^g</u>
<u>7440-48-4</u>	<u>Cobalt</u>	<u>1^d</u>
<u>143-33-9</u>	<u>Cyanide</u>	<u>0.6^d</u>
<u>7681-49-4</u>	<u>Fluoride</u>	<u>2^d</u>
<u>7439-92-1</u>	<u>Lead</u>	<u>1.0^d</u>
<u>7439-93-2</u>	<u>Lithium</u>	<u>2.5^f</u>
<u>7487-94-7</u>	<u>Mercury (mercuric chloride)</u>	<u>0.01^d</u>
<u>7439-98-7</u>	<u>Molybdenum</u>	<u>0.05^f</u>
<u>14797-55-8</u>	<u>Nitrate as N</u>	<u>100^d</u>
<u>14797-73-0</u>	<u>Perchlorate</u>	<u>0.0081^e</u>
<u>7440-28-0</u>	<u>Thallium</u>	<u>0.02^h</u>
<u>7440-62-2</u>	<u>Vanadium</u>	<u>0.1^d</u>

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Constituent Name and Groundwater Quality Standard Notations

^a The inorganic groundwater quality standards are based on total metal analyses for the evaluation of human health effects.

^b A treatment factor of 4 is applied to the Class I groundwater quality standard. The constituent's treatment efficiency is based on the effectiveness to treat the constituent in the groundwater at an 75% removal efficiency rate for the constituent.

^c The constituent meets the definition of a "carcinogen" at Section 620.110.

^d The standard is based on beneficial use for watering livestock, per "Water Quality Criteria", by National Academy of Sciences, incorporated by reference at Section 620.125.

^e The Class II standard is equal to the Class I groundwater quality standard.

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- ^f The standard is based on beneficial use for irrigation of crops, per "Water Quality Criteria", by National Academy of Sciences, incorporated by reference at Section 620.125.
- ^g The standard is based on beneficial use for watering livestock and irrigation of crops, per "Water Quality Criteria", by National Academy of Sciences, incorporated by reference at Section 620.125.
- ^h A treatment factor of 10 is applied to the Class I groundwater quality standard. The constituent's treatment efficiency is based on the effectiveness to treat the constituent in the groundwater at an 90% removal efficiency rate for the constituent.

Constituent	Standard (mg/L)
Antimony	0.024
Arsenic*	0.2
Barium	2.0
Beryllium	0.5
Cadmium	0.05
Chromium	1.0
Cobalt	1.0
Cyanide	0.6
Fluoride	4.0
Lead	0.1
Mercury	0.01
Nitrate-as-N	100.0
Perchlorate	0.0049
Thallium	0.02
Vanadium	0.1

***Denotes a carcinogen.**

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- 2) Except as provided in Section 620.450 or subsection (a)(3) or (e) of this Section, concentrations of the following chemical constituents must not be exceeded in Class II groundwater:

<u>CASRN</u>	<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Standard (mg/L)^{a,b}</u>
<u>7429-90-5</u>	<u>Aluminum</u>	<u>5^c</u>
<u>7440-42-8</u>	<u>Boron</u>	<u>2^d</u>
<u>16887-00-6</u>	<u>Chloride</u>	<u>200^e</u>
<u>7440-50-8</u>	<u>Copper</u>	<u>0.5^c</u>
<u>7439-89-6</u>	<u>Iron</u>	<u>5^e</u>
<u>7439-96-5</u>	<u>Manganese</u>	<u>10^d</u>

<u>7440-02-0</u>	<u>Nickel</u>	<u>2^d</u>
<u>7440-14-4</u>	<u>Radium (combined 226+228)</u>	<u>5^f</u>
<u>7782-49-2</u>	<u>Selenium</u>	<u>0.02^d</u>
<u>7440-22-4</u>	<u>Silver</u>	<u>0.058^f</u>
<u>14808-79-8</u>	<u>Sulfate</u>	<u>400^e</u>
	<u>TDS (total dissolved solids)</u>	<u>1,200^e</u>
<u>7440-66-6</u>	<u>Zinc</u>	<u>10^d</u>

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Constituent Name and Groundwater Quality Standard Notations

- ^a The standard units for radium (combined 226+228) is picocuries per liter ("pCi/L").
- ^b The inorganic groundwater quality standards are based on total metal analyses for the evaluation of human health effects.
- ^c The standard is based on beneficial use for watering livestock and irrigation of crops, per "Water Quality Criteria", by National Academy of Sciences, incorporated by reference at Section 620.125.
- ^d The standard is based on beneficial use for irrigation of crops, per "Water Quality Criteria", by National Academy of Sciences, incorporated by reference at Section 620.125.
- ^e The standard is the 95% confidence concentration stated in Illinois EPA's "Integrated Water Quality Report and Section 303(d) List", incorporated by reference at Section 620.125.
- ^f The Class II standard is equal to the Class I groundwater quality standard.

Constituent	Standard (mg/L)
Boron	2.0
Chloride	200.0
Copper	0.65
Iron	5.0
Manganese	10.0
Nickel	2.0
Selenium	0.05
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)	1,200.0

Sulfate 400.0
 Zinc 10.0

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- 3) The standard for any inorganic chemical constituent listed in subsection (a)(2) ~~of this Section~~, for barium in subsection (a)(1), or for pH in subsection (d) does not apply to groundwater within fill material or within the upper 10 feet of parent material under ~~the~~such fill material on a site not within the rural property class for which:
 - A) Prior to November 25, 1991, surficial characteristics have been altered by the placement of ~~the~~such fill material so as to impact the concentration of the parameters (constituents and pH) listed in subsection (a)(3) of this Section, and any on-site groundwater monitoring of ~~those~~such parameters is available for review by the Agency.
 - B) On November 25, 1991, surficial characteristics are in the process of being altered by the placement of such fill material, that proceeds in a reasonably continuous manner to completion, so as to impact the concentration of the parameters listed in subsection (a)(3) of this Section, and any on-site groundwater monitoring of such parameters is available for review by the Agency.
- 4) For purposes of subsection (a)(3) of this Section, the term "fill material" means clean earthen materials, slag, ash, clean demolition debris, or other similar materials.

b) Organic Chemical Constituents

- 1) Except due to natural causes or as provided in Section 620.450 or subsection (b)(2) or (e) of this Section, concentrations of the following organic chemical constituents must not be exceeded in Class II groundwater:

<u>CASRN</u>	<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Standard (mg/L)</u>
<u>83-32-9</u>	<u>Acenaphthene</u>	<u>1.2^a</u>
<u>67-64-1</u>	<u>Acetone</u>	<u>3.5^b</u>
<u>15972-60-8</u>	<u>Alachlor^c</u>	<u>0.01^a</u>
<u>116-06-3</u>	<u>Aldicarb</u>	<u>0.015^a</u>
<u>120-12-7</u>	<u>Anthracene</u>	<u>6^a</u>
<u>319-84-6</u>	<u>alpha-BHC (alpha-benzenehexachloride)^c</u>	<u>0.00006^a</u>
<u>71-43-2</u>	<u>Benzene^c</u>	<u>0.025^a</u>

<u>56-55-3</u>	<u>Benzo(a)anthracene^d</u>	<u>0.0012^a</u>
<u>205-99-2</u>	<u>Benzo(b)fluoranthene^d</u>	<u>0.0012^a</u>
<u>207-08-9</u>	<u>Benzo(k)fluoranthene^d</u>	<u>0.012^a</u>
<u>50-32-8</u>	<u>Benzo(a)pyrene^d</u>	<u>0.002^e</u>
<u>65-85-0</u>	<u>Benzoic acid</u>	<u>15^b</u>
<u>78-93-3</u>	<u>2-Butanone (methyl ethyl ketone)</u>	<u>2.3^b</u>
<u>1563-66-2</u>	<u>Carbofuran</u>	<u>0.2^a</u>
<u>75-15-0</u>	<u>Carbon disulfide</u>	<u>1.9^a</u>
<u>56-23-5</u>	<u>Carbon tetrachloride^c</u>	<u>0.025^a</u>
<u>12789-03-6</u>	<u>Chlordane^c</u>	<u>0.01^a</u>
<u>108-90-7</u>	<u>Chlorobenzene</u>	<u>0.5^a</u>
<u>67-66-3</u>	<u>Chloroform^c</u>	<u>0.35^a</u>
<u>218-01-9</u>	<u>Chrysene^d</u>	<u>0.12^a</u>
<u>94-75-7</u>	<u>2,4-D (2,4-dichloroohenoxy acetic acid)</u>	<u>0.35^a</u>
<u>75-99-0</u>	<u>Dalapon</u>	<u>2.0^e</u>
<u>53-70-3</u>	<u>Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene^d</u>	<u>0.0005^a</u>
<u>96-12-8</u>	<u>1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane^d</u>	<u>0.002^e</u>
<u>1918-00-9</u>	<u>Dicamba</u>	<u>0.12^b</u>
<u>95-50-1</u>	<u><i>o</i>-Dichlorobenzene (1,2-dichlorobenzene)</u>	<u>1.5^f</u>
<u>106-46-7</u>	<u><i>p</i>-Dichlorobenzene (1,4-dichlorobenzene)^c</u>	<u>0.375^a</u>
<u>75-71-8</u>	<u>Dichlorodifluoromethane</u>	<u>3.9^a</u>
<u>75-34-3</u>	<u>1,1-Dichloroethane</u>	<u>3.9^a</u>
<u>107-06-2</u>	<u>1,2-Dichloroethane^c</u>	<u>0.025^a</u>
<u>75-35-4</u>	<u>1,1-Dichloroethylene</u>	<u>0.035^a</u>
<u>156-59-2</u>	<u><i>cis</i>-1,2-Dichloroethylene</u>	<u>0.2^g</u>
<u>156-60-5</u>	<u><i>trans</i>-1,2-Dichloroethylene</u>	<u>0.5^a</u>
<u>75-09-2</u>	<u>Dichloromethane (methylene chloride)^d</u>	<u>0.025^a</u>
<u>78-87-5</u>	<u>1,2-Dichloropropane^b</u>	<u>0.025^a</u>
<u>117-81-7</u>	<u>Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate^b</u>	<u>0.06^e</u>
<u>84-66-2</u>	<u>Diethyl phthalate</u>	<u>3.1^b</u>
<u>84-74-2</u>	<u>Di-<i>n</i>-butyl phthalate</u>	<u>1.9^a</u>
<u>99-65-0</u>	<u>1,3-Dinitrobenzene</u>	<u>0.0007^b</u>
<u>121-14-2</u>	<u>2,4-Dinitrotoluene^c</u>	<u>0.00125^a</u>
<u>606-20-2</u>	<u>2,6-Dinitrotoluene^c</u>	<u>0.0005^a</u>
<u>88-85-7</u>	<u>Dinoseb</u>	<u>0.07^e</u>
<u>123-91-1</u>	<u>1,4-Dioxane (<i>p</i>-dioxane)^c</u>	<u>0.00078^b</u>
<u>145-73-3</u>	<u>Endothall</u>	<u>0.1^b</u>
<u>72-20-8</u>	<u>Endrin</u>	<u>0.01^a</u>

<u>100-41-4</u>	<u>Ethylbenzene^c</u>	<u>1.0^h</u>
<u>106-93-4</u>	<u>Ethylene dibromide (1,2-dibromoethane)^c</u>	<u>0.0005^e</u>
<u>206-44-0</u>	<u>Fluoranthene</u>	<u>0.75^a</u>
<u>86-73-7</u>	<u>Fluorene</u>	<u>0.75^a</u>
<u>58-89-9</u>	<u>gamma-HCH (gamma-hexachlorocyclohexane, lindane)^c</u>	<u>0.001^a</u>
<u>13252-13-6</u>	<u>HFPO-DA (hexafluoropropylene oxide dimer acid GenX)</u>	<u>0.000012^b</u>
<u>2691-41-0</u>	<u>HMX (octahydro-1,3,5,7-tetranitro-1,3,5,7-tetrazocine)</u>	<u>3.9^a</u>
<u>76-44-8</u>	<u>Heptachlor^c</u>	<u>0.002^a</u>
<u>1024-57-3</u>	<u>Heptachlor epoxide^c</u>	<u>0.001^a</u>
<u>77-47-4</u>	<u>Hexachlorocyclopentadiene</u>	<u>0.5^e</u>
<u>193-39-5</u>	<u>Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene^d</u>	<u>0.0012^a</u>
<u>98-82-8</u>	<u>Isopropylbenzene (cumene)^c</u>	<u>1.9^a</u>
<u>93-65-2</u>	<u>MCPP (mecoprop)</u>	<u>0.1^b</u>
<u>1634-04-4</u>	<u>MTBE (methyl tertiary-butyl ether)</u>	<u>0.5^e</u>
<u>72-43-5</u>	<u>Methoxychlor</u>	<u>0.2^a</u>
<u>90-12-0</u>	<u>1-Methylnaphthalene</u>	<u>1.35^a</u>
<u>91-57-6</u>	<u>2-Methylnaphthalene</u>	<u>0.075^a</u>
<u>95-48-7</u>	<u>2-Methylphenol (o-cresol)</u>	<u>0.19^b</u>
<u>91-20-3</u>	<u>Naphthalene</u>	<u>0.39^a</u>
<u>98-95-3</u>	<u>Nitrobenzene</u>	<u>0.0077^b</u>
<u>1336-36-3</u>	<u>PCBs (polychlorinated biphenyls as decachloro- biphenyl)^c</u>	<u>0.0025^a</u>
<u>375-73-5</u>	<u>PFBS (perfluorobutanesulfonic acid)</u>	<u>0.0012^b</u>
<u>355-46-4</u>	<u>PFHxS (perfluorohexanesulfonic acid)</u>	<u>0.000077^b</u>
<u>375-95-1</u>	<u>PFNA (perfluorononanoic acid)</u>	<u>0.000012^b</u>
<u>335-67-1</u>	<u>PFOA (perfluorooctanoic acid)^c</u>	<u>0.000004^b</u>
<u>1763-23-1</u>	<u>PFOS (perfluorooctanesulfonic acid)</u>	<u>0.0000077^b</u>
<u>87-86-5</u>	<u>Pentachlorophenol</u>	<u>0.005^a</u>
<u>108-95-2</u>	<u>Phenol</u>	<u>0.1ⁱ</u>
<u>1918-02-1</u>	<u>Picloram</u>	<u>5.0^e</u>
<u>129-00-0</u>	<u>Pyrene</u>	<u>0.6^a</u>
<u>121-82-4</u>	<u>RDX (hexahydro-1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazine)</u>	<u>0.062^b</u>
<u>122-34-9</u>	<u>Simazine</u>	<u>0.04^e</u>
<u>100-42-5</u>	<u>Styrene</u>	<u>0.5^a</u>

<u>118-96-7</u>	<u>TNT (2,4,6-trinitrotoluene)</u>	<u>0.039^a</u>
<u>93-72-1</u>	<u>2,4,5-TP (silvex)</u>	<u>0.25^a</u>
<u>127-18-4</u>	<u>Tetrachloroethylene^c</u>	<u>0.025^a</u>
<u>108-88-3</u>	<u>Toluene</u>	<u>2.5^f</u>
<u>8001-35-2</u>	<u>Toxaphene^c</u>	<u>0.015^a</u>
<u>120-82-1</u>	<u>1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene</u>	<u>0.7^e</u>
<u>71-55-6</u>	<u>1,1,1-Trichloroethane</u>	<u>1^a</u>
<u>79-00-5</u>	<u>1,1,2-Trichloroethane</u>	<u>0.05^e</u>
<u>79-01-6</u>	<u>Trichloroethylene^d</u>	<u>0.025^a</u>
<u>75-69-4</u>	<u>Trichlorofluoromethane</u>	<u>6^a</u>
<u>99-35-4</u>	<u>1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene</u>	<u>2.3^a</u>
<u>75-01-4</u>	<u>Vinyl chloride^d</u>	<u>0.01^a</u>
<u>1330-20-7</u>	<u>Xylenes</u>	<u>10^b</u>

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Constituent Name and Groundwater Quality Standard Notations

^a A treatment factor of 5 is applied to the Class I groundwater quality standard. The constituent's treatment efficiency is based on the effectiveness to treat the constituent in the groundwater at an 80% removal efficiency rate for the constituent.

^b Illinois EPA's treatment efficiency determination demonstrates a treatment factor is not applicable for the constituent. The standard is equal to the Class I groundwater quality standard.

^c The constituent meets the definition of a "carcinogen" at Section 620.110.

^d The constituent meets the definition of a "mutagen" at Section 620.110.

^e A treatment factor of 10 is applied to the Class I groundwater quality standard. The constituent's treatment efficiency is based on the effectiveness to treat the constituent in the groundwater at a 90% removal efficiency rate for the constituent.

^f A treatment factor of 2.5 is applied to the Class I groundwater quality standard. The constituent's treatment efficiency is based on the effectiveness to treat the constituent in the groundwater at a 60% removal efficiency rate for the constituent.

^g A treatment factor of 3 is applied to the Class I groundwater quality standard. The constituent's treatment efficiency is based on the

1607 effectiveness to treat the constituent in the groundwater at a 65%
 1608 removal efficiency rate for the constituent.

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 1610 ^h A treatment factor of 1.5 is applied to the Class I groundwater quality
 1611 standard. The constituent's treatment efficiency is based on the
 1612 effectiveness to treat the constituent in the groundwater at a 30%
 1613 removal efficiency rate for the constituent.

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 1615 ⁱ The standard in based on 35 Ill. Adm. Code 302.208.
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Constituent	Standard (mg/L)
Acenaphthene	2.1
Acetone	6.3
Alachlor*	0.010
Aldicarb	0.015
Anthracene	10.5
Atrazine	0.015
Benzene*	0.025
Benzo(a)anthracene*	0.00065
Benzo(b)fluoranthene*	0.0009
Benzo(k)fluoranthene*	0.006
Benzo(a)pyrene*	0.002
Benzoic acid	28.0
2-Butanone (MEK)	4.2
Carbon Disulfide	3.5
Carbofuran	0.2
Carbon Tetrachloride*	0.025
Chlordane*	0.01
Chloroform*	0.35
Chrysene*	0.06
Dalapon	2.0
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene*	0.0015
Dicamba	0.21
Dichlorodifluoromethane	7.0
1,1-Dichloroethane	7.0
Dichloromethane*	0.05
Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate*	0.06
Diethyl Phthalate	5.6
Di-n-butyl Phthalate	3.5
Dinoseb	0.07
Endothall	0.1

Endrin	0.01
Ethylene Dibromide*	0.0005
Fluoranthene	1.4
Fluorene	1.4
Heptachlor*	0.002
Heptachlor Epoxide*	0.001
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	0.5
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	0.0022
Isopropylbenzene (Cumene)	3.5
Lindane (Gamma-Hexachloro cyclohexane)	0.001
2,4-D	0.35
Ortho-Dichlorobenze	1.5
Para-Dichlorobenzene	0.375
1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane*	0.002
1,2-Dichloroethane*	0.025
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0.035
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.2
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.5
1,2-Dichloropropane*	0.025
Ethylbenzene	1.0
MCCPP (Mecoprop)	0.007
Methoxychlor	0.2
2-Methylnaphthalene	0.14
2-Methylphenol	0.35
Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether (MTBE)	0.07
Monochlorobenzene	0.5
Naphthalene	0.22
P-Dioxane*	0.0077
Pentachlorophenol*	0.005
Phenols	0.1
Picloram	5.0
Pyrene	1.05
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) (as decachloro-biphenyl)*	0.0025
alpha-BHC (alpha-Benzene hexachloride)*	0.00055
Simazine	0.04
Styrene	0.5
2,4,5-TP	0.25
Tetrachloroethylene*	0.025
Toluene	2.5
Toxaphene*	0.015

1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1.0
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	0.7
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.05
Trichloroethylene*	0.025
Trichlorofluoromethane	10.5
Vinyl Chloride*	0.01
Xylenes	10.0

*Denotes a carcinogen.

1617
 1618 2) The standards for pesticide chemical constituents listed in subsection
 1619 (b)(1) of this Section do not apply to groundwater within 10 feet of the
 1620 land surface, provided that the concentrations of ~~the such~~ constituents
 1621 result from the application of pesticides in a manner consistent with the
 1622 requirements of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (7
 1623 USC 136 et seq.)₂ and the Illinois Pesticide Act [415 ILCS 60].
 1624

1625 e) ~~Explosive Constituents~~
 1626 ~~Concentrations of the following explosive constituents must not exceed the Class~~
 1627 ~~II groundwater standard:~~
 1628

Constituent	Standard (mg/L)
1,3-Dinitrobenzene	0.0007
2,4-Dinitrotoluene*	0.0001
2,6-Dinitrotoluene*	0.00031
HMX (High Melting Explosive, Octogen)	1.4
Nitrobenzene	0.014
RDX (Royal Demolition Explosive, Cyclonite)	0.084
1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	0.84
2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene (TNT)	0.014

*Denotes a carcinogen.

1629
 1630 c) Complex Organic Chemical Mixtures
 1631

1632 1) Concentrations of the following organic chemical constituents of ~~gasoline,~~
 1633 ~~diesel fuel, or heating fuel~~ must not be exceeded in Class II groundwater:
 1634

<u>CASRN</u>	<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Standard (mg/L)</u>
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<u>71-43-2</u>	<u>Benzene^a</u>	<u>0.025^b</u>
	<u>Total BETX</u>	<u>13.525^c</u>

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Constituent Name and Groundwater Quality Standard Notations

- ^a The constituent meets the definition of a "carcinogen" at Section 620.110.
- ^b A treatment factor of 5 is applied to the Class I groundwater quality standard. The constituent's treatment efficiency is based on the effectiveness to treat the constituent in the groundwater at an 80% removal efficiency rate for the constituent.
- ^c The standard is the total combined Class II standard of benzene, ethylbenzene, toluene, and xylenes.

Constituent	Standard (mg/L)
Benzene*	0.025
BETX	13.525

***Denotes a carcinogen**

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2) Atrazine and Metabolites

Concentration of the following chemical constituents must not be exceeded in Class II groundwater.

<u>CASRN</u>	<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Standard (mg/L)</u>
<u>1912-24-9</u>	<u>Atrazine Total Atrazine and Metabolites</u>	<u>0.015^a</u>
<u>6190-65-4</u>	<u>DEA (desethyl-atrazine)</u>	
<u>1007-28-9</u>	<u>DIA (desisopropyl-atrazine)</u>	
<u>3397-62-4</u>	<u>DACT (diaminochlorotriazine)</u>	

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Constituent Name and Groundwater Quality Standard Notations:

- ^a A treatment factor of 5 is applied to the Class I groundwater quality standard. The constituent's treatment efficiency is based on the effectiveness to treat the constituent in the groundwater at an 80% removal efficiency rate for the constituent.

de) pH

1663 Except due to natural causes, a pH range of 6.5 - 9.0 units must not be exceeded
1664 in Class II groundwater that is within 5 feet of the land surface.

1665
1666 (Source: Amended at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)
1667

1668 **Section 620.430 Groundwater Quality Standards for Class III: Special Resource**
1669 **Groundwater**

1670
1671 Except due to natural causes, concentrations~~Concentrations~~ of inorganic and organic chemical
1672 constituents must not exceed the standards set forth in Section 620.410, except for: ~~those~~

- 1673
- 1674 a) The chemical constituents for which the Board has adopted a standard
1675 under~~pursuant to~~ Section 620.260; ~~and-~~
- 1676
- 1677 b) The standards listed below for Class III Special Resource Groundwater
1678 established under Section 620.230(b) and depicted in the Environmental Register
1679 as indicated for each dedicated nature preserve.

- 1680
- 1681 1) The following standards are applicable for Pautler Cave Nature Preserve
1682 and Stemler Cave Nature Preserve (Environmental Register, May 2005,
1683 Num. 611), Fogelpole Cave Nature Preserve (Environmental Register,
1684 May 2003, Num. 587), and Armin Krueger Speleological Nature Preserve
1685 (Environmental Register, December 2009, Num. 666):

<u>Chloride</u>	<u>20 mg/L</u>
<u>pH</u>	<u>range of 7.0-9.0 Standard Units</u>

- 1686
- 1687
- 1688 2) The following standard is applicable for Cotton Creek Marsh Nature
1689 Preserve and Spring Grove Fen Nature Preserve (Environmental Register,
1690 July 2012, Num 697):

<u>Chloride</u>	<u>45 mg/L</u>
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1693 (Source: Amended at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)
1694

1695 **Section 620.440 Groundwater Quality Standards for Class IV: Other Groundwater**
1696

- 1697 a) Except as provided in subsection (b) or (c), Class IV: Other Groundwater
1698 standards are equal to the existing concentrations of constituents in groundwater.
- 1699
- 1700 b) For groundwater within a zone of attenuation under~~as provided in~~ 35 Ill. Adm.
1701 Code 811, ~~and~~ 814, and 817, the standards specified in Section 620.420 must not
1702 be exceeded, except for concentrations of contaminants within leachate released

1703 from a permitted unit.

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- c) For groundwater within a previously mined area, the standards ~~specified set forth~~ in Section 620.420 must not be exceeded, except ~~the standards are the existing concentrations~~ for concentrations of TDS, chloride, iron, manganese, sulfates, pH, 1,3-dinitrobenzene, 2,4-dinitrotoluene, 2,6-dinitrotoluene, HMX (~~octahydro-1,3,5,7-tetranitro-1,3,5,7-tetrazocine high melting explosive, octogen~~), nitrobenzene, RDX (~~hexahydro-1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazine royal demolition explosive, cyclonite~~), 1,3,5-trinitrobenzene, or TNT (2,4,6-trinitrotoluene (TNT)). ~~For concentrations of TDS, chloride, iron, manganese, sulfates, pH, 1,3-dinitrobenzene, 2,4-dinitrotoluene, 2,6-dinitrotoluene, HMX, nitrobenzene, RDX, 1,3,5-trinitrobenzene, or 2,4,6-trinitrotoluene (TNT), the standards are the existing concentrations.~~

(Source: Amended at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 620.450 Alternative Groundwater Quality Standards

- a) Groundwater Quality Restoration Standards
- 1) Subsections (a)(3) and (a)(4)(B) apply to all released ~~Any~~ chemical constituents ~~constituent~~ in groundwater within a groundwater management zone (GMZ) that are ~~the~~ is subject of the GMZ approved under Section 620.250(c)(2) ~~to this Section~~.
 - 2) Subsection (a)(4)(A) applies ~~Except as provided in subsections (a)(3) or (a)(4), the standards as specified in Sections 620.410, 620.420, 620.430, and 620.440 apply to~~ all released ~~any~~ chemical constituents ~~constituent~~ in groundwater within a three-dimensional region formerly encompassed by a GMZ that were the subject of the GMZ approved under Section 620.250(c)(2) ~~groundwater management zone~~.
 - 3) Before the Agency issues a written determination approving the demonstration of the owner or operator under Section 620.250(d)(1) or (d)(2) ~~Prior to completion of a corrective action described in Section 620.250(a), none of the standards as specified in Section~~ Sections 620.410, 620.420, 620.430, or ~~and~~ 620.440 apply ~~any are not applicable to such~~ released chemical constituent if the owner or operator performs and complies with the schedule for all parts of the GMZ, ~~provided that the initiated action proceeds in a timely and appropriate manner.~~
 - 4) After the Agency issues a written determination approving the demonstration of the owner or operator under Section 620.250(d)(1) or

1746 ~~(d)(2) completion of a corrective action as described in Section 620.250(a),~~
1747 the standard for ~~each~~such released chemical constituent is:

1748
1749 A) The standard ~~as set forth~~ in Section 620.410, 620.420, 620.430, or
1750 620.440; if the concentration of the constituent, as determined by
1751 groundwater monitoring, ~~of such constituent~~ is less than or equal to
1752 the standard for the appropriate class of groundwater~~set forth~~ in
1753 one of those Sections; or

1754
1755 B) The concentration of the constituent, as determined by
1756 groundwater monitoring, if ~~the~~such concentration exceeds the
1757 standard for the appropriate class of groundwater~~set forth~~ in
1758 Section 620.410, 620.420, 620.430, or 620.440 ~~for such~~
1759 ~~constituent~~; and:

1760
1761 i) To the extent practicable, the ~~exceedance~~exceedence has
1762 been minimized and beneficial use, as appropriate for the
1763 class of groundwater, has been returned; and

1764
1765 ii) Any threat to public health or the environment has been
1766 minimized.

1767
1768 5) The Agency ~~must~~shall develop and maintain a ~~list~~listing of concentrations
1769 derived ~~under~~pursuant to subsection (a)(4)(B), identifying the location of
1770 each corresponding GMZ. ~~The Agency must make the~~This list shall be
1771 ~~made~~ available to the public and, at least be updated periodically, but no
1772 ~~less frequently than~~ semi-annually, update it. The Agency must publish
1773 the list~~This listing shall be published~~ in the Environmental Register at
1774 least annually.

1775
1776 b) Coal Reclamation Groundwater Quality Standards

1777
1778 1) Any inorganic chemical constituent or pH in groundwater, within an
1779 underground coal mine, or within the cumulative impact area of
1780 groundwater for which the hydrologic balance has been disturbed from a
1781 permitted coal mine area ~~under~~pursuant to the Surface Coal Mining Land
1782 Conservation and Reclamation Act [225 ILCS 720] and 62 Ill. Adm. Code
1783 1700 through 1850, is subject to this subsection (b)~~Section~~.

1784
1785 2) ~~Before~~Prior to completion of reclamation at a coal mine, the standards ~~as~~
1786 ~~specified~~ in Sections 620.410(a) and (e), 620.420(a) and (e), 620.430, and
1787 620.440 ~~do~~are not apply~~applicable~~ to inorganic constituents and pH.

1788

- 1789 3) After completion of reclamation at a coal mine, the standards ~~as specified~~
 1790 in Sections 620.410(a) and (e), 620.420(a), 620.430, and 620.440 ~~apply~~
 1791 ~~are~~ ~~applicable~~ to inorganic constituents and pH, except:
 1792
- 1793 A) The concentration of total dissolved solids ("TDS") must not
 1794 exceed:
 1795
- 1796 i) The post-reclamation concentration of TDS or 3000 mg/L,
 1797 whichever is less, for groundwater within the permitted
 1798 area; or
 1799
- 1800 ii) The post-reclamation concentration of TDS ~~must not~~
 1801 ~~exceed the post-reclamation concentration~~ or 5000 mg/L,
 1802 whichever is less, for groundwater in underground coal
 1803 mines and in permitted areas reclaimed after surface coal
 1804 mining if the Illinois Office of Mines and Minerals,
 1805 Department of Natural Resources~~Department of Mines and~~
 1806 ~~Minerals~~ and the Agency have determined that no
 1807 significant resource groundwater existed ~~before~~prior to
 1808 mining (62 Ill. Adm. Code 1780.21(f) and (g)).~~;~~ ~~and~~
 1809
- 1810 B) The concentration of~~For~~ chloride, iron, manganese, and sulfate,
 1811 must not exceed the post-reclamation concentration within the
 1812 permitted area ~~must not be exceeded~~.
 1813
- 1814 C) ~~For~~ pH must not exceed; the post-reclamation concentration within
 1815 the permitted area ~~in~~must not be exceeded within Class I: Potable
 1816 Resource Groundwater as specified in Section 620.210(a)(4).
 1817
- 1818 D) The concentration of~~For~~ 1,3-dinitrobenzene, 2,4-dinitrotoluene,
 1819 2,6-dinitrotoluene, HMX (octahydro-1,3,5,7-tetranitro-1,3,5,7-
 1820 tetrazocine~~high melting explosive, octogen~~), nitrobenzene, RDX
 1821 (hexahydro-1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazine~~royal demolition explosive,~~
 1822 ~~eyelonite~~), 1,3,5-trinitrobenzene, and TNT (2,4,6-trinitrotoluene
 1823 ~~(TNT)~~ must not exceed; the post-reclamation concentration within
 1824 the permitted area ~~must not be exceeded~~.
 1825
- 1826 4) A refuse disposal area (not contained within the area from which
 1827 overburden has been removed) is subject to the inorganic chemical
 1828 constituent and pH requirements of:
 1829
- 1830 A) 35 Ill. Adm. Code 302.Subparts B and C, except due to natural
 1831 causes, for ~~an~~such area that was placed into operation after

- 1832 February 1, 1983, and before November 25, 1991~~the effective date~~
 1833 ~~of this Part~~, if provided that the groundwater is a present or a
 1834 potential source of water for public or food processing;
 1835
- 1836 B) Section 620.440(c) for an~~such~~ area that was placed into operation
 1837 before~~prior to~~ February 1, 1983, and has remained in continuous
 1838 operation since that date; or
 1839
- 1840 C) Subpart D ~~of this Part~~ for an~~such~~ area that is placed into operation
 1841 on or after November 25, 1991~~the effective date of this Part~~.
 1842
- 1843 5) For a refuse disposal area (not contained within the area from which
 1844 overburden has been removed) that was placed into operation before~~prior~~
 1845 ~~to~~ February 1, 1983, and is modified after that date to include additional
 1846 area, this subsection (b)~~Section~~ applies to the area that meets the
 1847 requirements of subsection (b)(4)(C) and the following applies to the
 1848 additional area:
 1849
- 1850 A) 35 Ill. Adm. Code 302.Subparts B and C, except due to natural
 1851 causes, for an~~such~~ additional refuse disposal area that was placed
 1852 into operation after February 1, 1983, and before November 25,
 1853 1991~~the effective date of this Part~~, if~~provided that~~ the groundwater
 1854 is a present or ~~a~~ potential source of water for public or food
 1855 processing; and
 1856
- 1857 B) Subpart D for an~~such~~ additional area that was placed into operation
 1858 on or after November 25, 1991~~the effective date of this Part~~.
 1859
- 1860 6) A coal preparation plant (not located in an area from which overburden
 1861 has been removed) that~~which~~ contains slurry material, sludge, or other
 1862 precipitated process material; is subject to the inorganic chemical
 1863 constituent and pH requirements of:
 1864
- 1865 A) 35 Ill. Adm. Code 302.Subparts B and C, except due to natural
 1866 causes, for a~~such~~ plant that was placed into operation after
 1867 February 1, 1983, and before November 25, 1991~~the effective date~~
 1868 ~~of this Part~~, if~~provided that~~ the groundwater is a present or a
 1869 potential source of water for public or food processing;
 1870
- 1871 B) Section 620.440(c) for a~~such~~ plant that was placed into operation
 1872 before~~prior to~~ February 1, 1983, and has remained in continuous
 1873 operation since that date; or
 1874

- 1875 C) Subpart D for ~~asuch~~ plant that is placed into operation on or after
- 1876 November 25, 1991~~the effective date of this Part.~~
- 1877
- 1878 7) For a coal preparation plant (not located in an area from which overburden
- 1879 has been removed) ~~that~~~~which~~ contains slurry material, sludge, or other
- 1880 precipitated process material, ~~that~~ was placed into operation ~~before~~~~prior to~~
- 1881 February 1, 1983, and is modified after that date to include additional area,
- 1882 this subsection (b)~~Section~~ applies to the area that meets the requirements
- 1883 of subsection (b)(6)(C) and the following applies to the additional area:
- 1884
- 1885 A) 35 Ill. Adm. Code 302.Subparts B and C, except due to natural
- 1886 causes, for ~~ansuch~~ additional area that was placed into operation
- 1887 after February 1, 1983, and before November 25, 1991~~the effective~~
- 1888 ~~date of this Part, if provided that~~ the groundwater is a present or a
- 1889 potential source of water for public or food processing; and
- 1890
- 1891 B) Subpart D for ~~ansuch~~ additional area that was placed into operation
- 1892 on or after November 25, 1991~~the effective date of this Part.~~
- 1893
- 1894 c) Groundwater Quality Standards for Specified~~Certain~~ Groundwater Subject to a
- 1895 No Further Remediation Letter under the Site Remediation Program (35 Ill. Adm.
- 1896 Code~~Part~~ 740). While a No Further Remediation Letter is in effect for a region
- 1897 formerly encompassed by a GMZ~~groundwater management zone~~ established
- 1898 under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 740.530, the applicable groundwater quality standards
- 1899 for the specified "contaminants of concern", as defined in 35 Ill. Adm. Code
- 1900 740.120, within ~~thatsuch~~ area ~~will~~~~shall~~ be the Groundwater
- 1901 Objectives~~groundwater objectives~~ achieved as documented in the approved
- 1902 Remedial Action Completion Report.
- 1903

(Source: Amended at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

SUBPART E: GROUNDWATER MONITORING AND ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

Section 620.505 Compliance Determination

- 1909
- 1910 a) Compliance with the standards under Subpart D at a site is to be determined as
- 1911 follows:
- 1912
- 1913 1) For a structure (e.g., buildings), at the closest practical distance beyond the
- 1914 outermost edge for the structure.
- 1915
- 1916 2) For groundwater that underlies a potential primary or secondary source,
- 1917 the outermost edge as specified in Section 620.240(e)(1).

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- 3) For groundwater that underlies a coal mine refuse disposal area, a coal combustion waste disposal area, or an impoundment that contains sludge, slurry, or precipitated process material at a coal preparation plant, the outermost edge as specified in Section 620.240(f)(1) or location of monitoring wells in existence as of the effective date of this Part on a permitted site.
- 4) For a groundwater management zone, as specified in a corrective action process.
- 5) For groundwater, any point where monitoring is conducted using a water well, or a monitoring well that meets one of the following conditions:
 - A) For a potable water supply well if geologic logs exist for this well or geologic logs in the immediate 1,000-foot area of this well are representative of the hydrogeologic materials encountered by this well as determined by a licensed professional geologist or a licensed professional engineer or a WHPA has been delineated outside of an applicable setback zone of a community water well or well field in ~~accordance with~~ according to the "Guidance Document for Groundwater Protection Needs Assessments," incorporated by reference at Section 620.125, and "The Illinois Wellhead Protection Program," incorporated by reference at Section 620.125.
 - B) For a potable water supply well other than a community water supply well, a construction report has been filed with the Department of Public Health for such potable well, or such well has been located and constructed (or reconstructed) to meet the Illinois Water Well Construction Code [415 ILCS 30] and 77 Ill. Adm. Code 920.
 - C) For a potable water supply well that was constructed prior to August 20, 1965, the enactment of the Illinois Water Well Construction Code [415 ILCS 30], and meets all of the following criteria:
 - i) Construction must be done in a manner that will enable the collection of groundwater samples that represent in situ groundwater conditions;
 - ii) Casings and screens must be made from durable material

- 1961 resistant to expected chemical or physical degradation that
1962 do not interfere with the quality of groundwater samples
1963 being collected; and
1964
1965 iii) The annular space opposite the screened section of the well
1966 (i.e., the space between the bore hole and well screen) must
1967 be filled with gravel or sand if necessary to collect
1968 groundwater samples. The annular space above and below
1969 the well screen must be sealed to prevent migration of
1970 water from adjacent formations and the surface to the
1971 sampled depth.
1972
1973 D) For a community water supply well, thesueh well has been
1974 permitted by the Agency, or has been constructed in
1975 compliance~~accordance~~ with 35 Ill. Adm. Code 602.115.
1976
1977 E) For a water well other than a potable water supply well (e.g., a
1978 livestock watering well or an irrigation well), a construction report
1979 has been filed with the Department of Public Health or the Office
1980 of Mines and Minerals in the Department of Natural Resources for
1981 such well, or thesueh well has been located and constructed (or
1982 reconstructed) to meet the Illinois Water Well Construction Code
1983 [415 ILCS 30] and 35 Ill. Adm. Code 920.
1984
1985 F) For a monitoring well, thesueh well meets the following
1986 requirements:
1987
1988 i) Construction must be done in a manner that will enable the
1989 collection of groundwater samples;
1990
1991 ii) Casings and screens must be made from durable material
1992 resistant to expected chemical or physical degradation that
1993 do not interfere with the quality of groundwater samples
1994 being collected; and
1995
1996 iii) The annular space opposite the screened section of the well
1997 (i.e., the space between the bore hole and well screen) must
1998 be filled with gravel or sand if necessary to collect
1999 groundwater samples. The annular space above and below
2000 the well screen must be sealed to prevent migration of
2001 water from adjacent formations and the surface to the
2002 sampled depth.
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- 6) Monitoring ~~must~~shall not be conducted for compliance determinations ~~under~~pursuant to subsection (a) ~~of this Section~~:
- A) For a water well that is:
 - i) Less than 15 feet in total depth from the land surface,
 - ii) bored or dug,
 - iii) constructed of permeable materials (e.g., cement, tile, stone or brick), and
 - iv) 36 inches or more in diameter.
 - B) For a water well with water quality problems due to damaged well construction materials or poorly-designed well construction;
 - C) For a water well in a basement or pit; or
 - D) For water well water from a holding tank.
- b) For a spring, compliance with this Subpart ~~must~~shall be determined at the point of emergence.

(Source: Amended at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

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Section 620.510 Monitoring and Analytical Requirements

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- a) Representative Samples
A representative sample ~~must~~shall be taken from locations as specified in Section 620.505.
 - b) Sampling and Analytical Procedures
 - 1) Samples must be collected ~~according to~~in accordance with the procedures ~~set forth~~ in the documents pertaining to groundwater monitoring and analysis ~~"Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes," "Methods for the Determination of Inorganic Substances in Environmental Samples," "Methods for the Determination of Metals in Environmental Samples," "Methods for the Determination of Organic Compounds in Drinking Water," "Methods for the Determination of Organic Compounds in Drinking Water, Supplement I," "Methods for the Determination of Organic Compounds in Drinking Water, Supplement II," "Methods for the~~

2047 ~~Determination of Organic Compounds in Drinking Water, Supplement~~
 2048 ~~III, "Methods for the Determination of Organic and Inorganic~~
 2049 ~~Compounds in Drinking Water," "Prescribed Procedures for Measurement~~
 2050 ~~of Radioactivity in Drinking Water," "Procedures for Radiochemical~~
 2051 ~~Analysis of Nuclear Reactor Aqueous Solutions," "Radiochemical~~
 2052 ~~Analytical Procedures for Analysis of Environmental Samples,"~~
 2053 ~~"Radiochemistry Procedures Manual," "Practical Guide for Ground Water~~
 2054 ~~Sampling," "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Wastes,~~
 2055 ~~Physical/Chemical Methods" (SW 846), 40 CFR 136, appendix B, 40~~
 2056 ~~CFR 141.80, 40 CFR 141.61, and 40 CFR 141.62, "Techniques of Water~~
 2057 ~~Resources Investigations of the United States Geological Survey,~~
 2058 ~~Guidelines for Collection and Field Analysis of Ground Water Samples~~
 2059 ~~for Selected Unstable Constituents," "Practical Guide for Ground Water~~
 2060 ~~Sampling," "Techniques of Water Resources Investigations of the United~~
 2061 ~~States Geological Survey, Guidelines for Collection and Field Analysis of~~
 2062 ~~Ground Water Samples for Selected Unstable Constituents,"~~ incorporated
 2063 by reference at Section 620.125 or other procedures adopted by the
 2064 appropriate regulatory agency.
 2065

2066 2) Groundwater elevation in a groundwater monitoring well must be
 2067 determined and recorded when necessary to determine the gradient.
 2068

2069 3) Except as specified in other regulations, statistical methods used to
 2070 determine naturally occurring groundwater quality background
 2071 concentrations of contaminants must be conducted according to
 2072 "Statistical Analysis of Groundwater Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities,
 2073 (March 2009 Unified Guidance)," incorporated by reference in Section
 2074 620.125 for use with prediction limits and all other statistical tests
 2075 including, confidence limits and control charts.
 2076

2077 43) The analytical methodology used for the analysis of constituents in
 2078 Subparts C and D must ~~comply~~~~be consistent~~ with ~~both of~~ the following:
 2079

2080 A) The methodology must have a LLOQ or LCMRL~~PQL~~ at or below
 2081 the preventive response levels of Subpart C or groundwater
 2082 standard ~~set forth~~ in Subpart D, whichever is applicable; and
 2083

2084 B) "Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes," "Methods
 2085 for the Determination of Inorganic Substances in Environmental
 2086 Samples," "Methods for the Determination of Metals in
 2087 Environmental Samples," "Methods for the Determination of
 2088 Organic Compounds in Drinking Water," "Methods for the
 2089 Determination of Organic Compounds in Drinking Water,

2090 Supplement I," "Methods for the Determination of Organic
 2091 Compounds in Drinking Water, Supplement II," "Methods for the
 2092 Determination of Organic Compounds in Drinking Water,
 2093 Supplement III," "Methods for the Determination of Organic and
 2094 Inorganic Compounds in Drinking Water," "Prescribed Procedures
 2095 for Measurement of Radioactivity in Drinking Water," "Procedures
 2096 for Radiochemical Analysis of Nuclear Reactor Aqueous
 2097 Solutions," "Radiochemical Analytical Procedures for Analysis of
 2098 Environmental Samples," "Radiochemistry Procedures Manual,"
 2099 "Practical Guide for Ground Water Sampling," "Test Methods for
 2100 Evaluating Solid Wastes, Physical/Chemical Methods" (SW-846),
 2101 40 CFR 136, appendix B, 40 CFR 141.80, 40 CFR 141.61, and 40
 2102 CFR 141.62, "Techniques of Water Resources Investigations of the
 2103 United States Geological Survey, Guidelines for Collection and
 2104 Field Analysis of Ground Water Samples for Selected Unstable
 2105 Constituents," "Practical Guide for Ground-Water Sampling",
 2106 "Techniques of Water Resources Investigations of the United
 2107 States Geological Survey, Guidelines for Collection and Field
 2108 Analysis of Ground-Water Samples for Selected Unstable
 2109 Constituents", or other procedures incorporated by reference at
 2110 Section 620.125.

2111
 2112 c) Reporting Requirements

2113 Groundwater ~~At a minimum, groundwater~~ monitoring analytical results must
 2114 include information, procedures and techniques for:

- 2115
- 2116 1) Sample collection (including ~~but not limited to~~ name of sample collector,
 2117 time and date of the sample, method of collection, and identification of the
 2118 monitoring location);
- 2119
- 2120 2) Sample preservation and shipment (including ~~but not limited to~~ field
 2121 quality control);
- 2122
- 2123 3) Analytical procedures (including ~~but not limited to~~ the MDL, LLOQ or the
 2124 LCMRL ~~method detection limits and the PQLs~~); and
- 2125
- 2126 4) Chain of custody control.
- 2127

2128 (Source: Amended at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

2129
 2130 SUBPART F: HEALTH ADVISORIES

2131
 2132 **Section 620.601 Purpose of a Health Advisory**

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This Subpart establishes procedures for the issuance of a Health Advisory that ~~specifies~~~~sets forth~~ guidance levels that, in the absence of standards under Section 620.410, must be considered by the Agency in:

- a) Establishing groundwater cleanup or action levels whenever there is a release or substantial threat of a release of:
 - 1) A hazardous substance or pesticide; or
 - 2) Other contaminant that represents a significant hazard to public health or the environment.
- b) Determining whether the community water supply is taking its raw water from a site or source ~~in compliance~~~~consistent~~ with the siting and source water requirements of 35 Ill. Adm. Code ~~604.200~~~~611.114~~ and ~~611.115~~.
- c) Developing Board rulemaking proposals for new or revised numerical standards.
- d) Evaluating mixtures of chemical substances.

(Source: Amended at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 620.605 Issuance of a Health Advisory

- a) The Agency ~~must~~~~shall~~ issue a Health Advisory for a chemical substance if all of the following conditions are met:
 - 1) A community water supply well is sampled and a substance is detected and confirmed by resampling;
 - 2) There is no standard under Section 620.410 for such chemical substance; and
 - 3) The chemical substance is toxic or harmful to human health according to the procedures of Appendix A, B, or C.
- b) The Health Advisory must contain a general description of the characteristics of the chemical substance, the potential adverse health effects, and a guidance level to be determined as follows:
 - 1) If disease or functional impairment is caused due to a physiological mechanism for where there is a threshold dose below which no damage

2176 occurs, the guidance level for any ~~such~~-substance ~~will~~shall be the
2177 Maximum Contaminant Level Goal ("MCLG"), adopted by U.S.
2178 ~~EPA~~USEPA for ~~the~~such substance, 40 CFR 136, appendix B, 40 CFR
2179 141.80, 40 CFR 141.61, and 40 CFR 141.62, incorporated by reference at
2180 Section 620.125.

2181
2182 2) If there is no MCLG for the substance, the guidance level is either the
2183 Human Threshold Toxicant Advisory Concentration or the Human
2184 Nonthreshold Toxicant Advisory Concentration for ~~the~~such substance as
2185 determined ~~according to~~in accordance with Appendix A, whichever is
2186 less, unless the lower concentration for ~~the~~such substance is less than the
2187 lowest appropriate LLOQ~~PQL~~ specified in "Test Methods for Evaluating
2188 Solid Wastes, Physical/Chemical Methods", EPA Publication No. SW-846
2189 (SW-846), incorporated by reference at Section 620.125, or the LCMRL
2190 specified in the drinking water methods incorporated by reference at
2191 Section 620.125 for the substance.

2192
2193 3) If the concentration for ~~a~~such substance under subsection (b)(2) is less
2194 than the lowest appropriate LLOQ or LCMRL~~PQL~~ for the substance
2195 ~~specified in SW-846, incorporated by reference at Section 620.125~~, the
2196 guidance level is the lowest appropriate LLOQ or LCMRL~~PQL~~.

2197
2198 2) ~~If the chemical substance is a carcinogen, the guidance level for any such~~
2199 ~~chemical substance is the one in one million cancer risk concentration,~~
2200 ~~unless the concentration for such substance is less than the lowest~~
2201 ~~appropriate PQL specified in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Wastes,~~
2202 ~~Physical/Chemical Methods," EPA Publication No. SW-846 (SW-846),~~
2203 ~~incorporated by reference at Section 620.125 for such substance. If the~~
2204 ~~concentration for such substance is less than the lowest appropriate PQL~~
2205 ~~for the substance specified in SW-846, the guidance level is the lowest~~
2206 ~~appropriate PQL. The one in one million cancer risk concentration, the~~
2207 ~~Human Nonthreshold Toxicant Advisory Concentration (HNTAC), shall~~
2208 ~~be determined according to the following equation:~~

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$$\frac{HNTAC}{(mg/L)} = \frac{TR \times BW \times AT \times 365 \text{ days/year}}{SFo \times IR \times EF \times ED}$$

2211
2212 **Where:**

- 2213
- ~~TR~~ = ~~Target Risk = 1.0E-06~~
 - ~~BW~~ = ~~Body Weight = 70 kg~~
 - ~~AT~~ = ~~Averaging Time = 70 years~~

- SF~~o~~ = ~~Oral Slope Factor = Chemical specific~~
- IR = ~~Daily Water Ingestion Rate = 2 liters/day~~
- EF = ~~Exposure Frequency = 350 days/year~~
- ED = ~~Exposure Duration = 30 years~~

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(Source: Amended at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 620.610 Publishing Health Advisories

- a) The Agency ~~must~~shall publish the full text of each Health Advisory upon issuance and make the document available to the public.
- b) The Agency ~~must~~shall publish and make available to the public, at intervals of not more than 6 months, a comprehensive and up-to-date summary list of all Health Advisories.

(Source: Amended at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

Section 620.615 Additional Health Advice for Mixtures of Similar-Acting Substances

- a) The Agency must determine the need for additional health advice appropriate to site-specific conditions ~~shall be determined by the Agency~~ when mixtures of chemical substances are detected, where two or more of the chemical substances are similar-acting in their toxic or harmful physiological effect on the same specific organ or organ system.
- b) If mixtures of similar-acting chemical substances are present, the procedure for evaluating the mixture of such substances is specified in ~~accordance with~~ Appendices A, B, and C.

(Source: Amended at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

2242 **Section 620.APPENDIX A Procedures for Determining Human ~~Threshold~~-Toxicant**
2243 **Advisory Concentrations~~Concentration~~ for Class I: Potable Resource Groundwater**

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- a) Calculating the Human ~~Threshold~~-Toxicant Advisory Concentration for Noncancer Effects.
For those substances for which U.S. EPA ~~USEPA~~ has not adopted a Maximum Contaminant Level Goal ("MCLG"), the Human Threshold Toxicant Advisory Concentration is calculated as follows:

$$HTTAC = \frac{RSC \cdot ADE}{W}$$

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$$~~HTTAC = \frac{RSC \cdot ADE}{W}~~$$

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Where:

- HTTAC = Human Threshold Toxicant Advisory Concentration in milligrams per liter ("mg/L");
- RSC = Relative contribution of the amount of the exposure to a chemical via drinking water when compared to the total exposure to that chemical from all sources. Valid chemical-specific data shall be used if available. If valid chemical-specific data are not available, a value of 20% (= 0.20) must be used;
- ADE = Acceptable Daily Exposure of substance in milligrams per day ("mg/d") as determined pursuant to subsection (b); and
- W = Per capita daily water consumption for a child (0-6 years of age, equal to 0.78 2-liters per day ("L/d")).

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- b) Procedures for Determining Acceptable Daily Exposures for Class I: Potable Resource Groundwater
- 1) The Acceptable Daily Exposure ("ADE") represents the maximum amount of a threshold toxicant in milligrams per day ("mg/d"), which if ingested daily by a child from 0-6 years of age for a lifetime results in no adverse effects ~~to humans~~. Subsections (b)(2) through (b)(6) list, in prescribed order, methods for determining the ADE in Class I: Potable Resource Groundwater.
- 2) For those substances for which noncancer toxicity values have been

2269 derived and presented in units of milligrams per kilogram per day
 2270 ("mg/kg/day"), the ADE equals the product of multiplying the toxicity
 2271 value by 15 kilograms ("kg"), which is the assumed average weight of a
 2272 child 0 to 6 years of age. ~~For those substances for which the USEPA has~~
 2273 ~~derived a Verified Oral Reference Dose for humans, USEPA's Reference~~
 2274 ~~Dose given in milligrams per kilogram per day (mg/kg/d), as determined~~
 2275 ~~in accordance with methods provided in National Primary and Secondary~~
 2276 ~~Drinking Water Regulations, 40 CFR 136, appendix B, 40 CFR 141.80, 40~~
 2277 ~~CFR 141.61, and 40 CFR 141.62, incorporated by reference at Section~~
 2278 ~~620.125, must be used. The ADE equals the product of multiplying the~~
 2279 ~~Reference Dose by 70 kilograms (kg), which is the assumed average~~
 2280 ~~weight of an adult human.~~

- 2281
- 2282 3) For those substances for which an oral reference dose is not available, the
 2283 ADE equals the value of the most sensitive Point of Departure ("POD") as
 2284 determined by Benchmark Dose Modeling or the NOAEL/LOAEL
 2285 approach consistent with current U.S. EPA RfD guidance, followed by the
 2286 derivation of a Human Equivalent Dose ("HED") using physiologically
 2287 based pharmacokinetic ("PBPK") modeling or Dose Adjustment Factor
 2288 ("DAF"), then divided by the total Uncertainty Factor ("UF") and
 2289 modifying factor ("MF"), if applicable. The value is then multiplied by 15
 2290 kg (the assumed average weight of a child 0-6 years of age). The equation
 2291 is depicted below:
 2292

$$ADE = \frac{POD}{UF} \cdot 15 \text{ kg}$$

2293

2294

2295 ~~For those substances for which a no-observed adverse effect level for~~
 2296 ~~humans (NOAEL-H) exposed to the substance has been derived, the ADE~~
 2297 ~~equals the product of multiplying one-tenth of the NOAEL-H given in~~
 2298 ~~milligrams of toxicant per kilogram of body weight per day (mg/kg/d) by~~
 2299 ~~the average weight of an adult human of 70 kilograms (kg). If two or~~
 2300 ~~more studies are available, the lowest NOAEL-H must be used in the~~
 2301 ~~calculation of the ADE.~~

- 2302
- 2303 4) Uncertainty Factors must be applied to the Point of Departure ("POD") in
 2304 increments of 1, 3, or 10, not to exceed a total UF of 10,000, and must be
 2305 used consistent with U.S. EPA guidance. A composite UF of 3 and 10
 2306 shall be expressed as 30 whereas a composite UF of 3 and 3 shall be
 2307 expressed as 10. UFs may be used to account for the following:

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2309 A) Interspecies Variability
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- B) Intraspecies Variability
- C) Lowest Observable Adverse Effects Level ("LOAEL") to No Observed Adverse Effects Level ("NOAEL") Uncertainty
- D) Database Deficiencies
- E) Subchronic to Chronic Duration

~~For those substances for which only a lowest observed adverse effect level for humans (LOAEL-H) exposed to the substance has been derived, one-tenth the LOAEL-H must be substituted for the NOAEL-H in subsection (b)(3).~~

~~5) For those substances for which a no-observed adverse effect level has been derived from studies of mammalian test species (NOAEL-A) exposed to the substance, the ADE equals the product of multiplying 1/100 of the NOAEL-A given in milligrams toxicant per kilogram of test species weight per day (mg/kg/d) by the average weight of an adult human of 70 kilograms (kg). Preference will be given to animal studies having High Validity, as defined in subsection (c), in the order listed in that subsection. Studies having a Medium Validity must be considered if no studies having High Validity are available. If studies of Low Validity must be used, the ADE must be calculated using 1/1000 of the NOAEL-A having Low Validity instead of 1/100 of the NOAEL-A of High or Medium Validity, except as described in subsection (b)(6). If two or more studies among different animal species are equally valid, the lowest NOAEL-A among animal species must be used in the calculation of the ADE. Additional considerations in selecting the NOAEL-A include:~~

- ~~A) If the NOAEL-A is given in milligrams of toxicant per liter of water consumed (mg/L), prior to calculating the ADE the NOAEL-A must be multiplied by the average daily volume of water consumed by the mammalian test species in liters per day (L/d) and divided by the average weight of the mammalian test species in kilograms (kg).~~
- ~~B) If the NOAEL-A is given in milligrams of toxicant per kilogram of food consumed (mg/kg), prior to calculating the ADE, the NOAEL-A must be multiplied by the average amount in kilograms of food consumed daily by the mammalian test species (kg/d) and divided by the average weight of the mammalian test species in kilograms (kg).~~

- 2354
2355 C) ~~If the mammalian test species was not exposed to the toxicant each~~
2356 ~~day of the test period, the NOAEL-A must be multiplied by the~~
2357 ~~ratio of days of exposure to the total days of the test period.~~
2358
2359 D) ~~If more than one equally valid NOAEL-A is available for the same~~
2360 ~~mammalian test species, the best available data must be used.~~
2361
2362 6) ~~For those substances for which a NOAEL-A is not available but the lowest~~
2363 ~~observed adverse effect level (LOAEL-A) has been derived from studies~~
2364 ~~of mammalian test species exposed to the substance, one-tenth of the~~
2365 ~~LOAEL-A may be substituted for the NOAEL-A in subsection (b)(5).~~
2366 ~~The LOAEL-A must be selected in the same manner as that specified in~~
2367 ~~subsection (b)(5). One-tenth the LOAEL-A from a study determined to~~
2368 ~~have Medium Validity may be substituted for a NOAEL-A in subsection~~
2369 ~~(b)(3) if the NOAEL-A is from a study determined to have Low Validity,~~
2370 ~~or if the toxicity endpoint measured in the study having the LOAEL-A of~~
2371 ~~Medium Validity is determined to be more biologically relevant than the~~
2372 ~~toxicity endpoint measured in the study having the NOAEL-A of Low~~
2373 ~~Validity.~~

2374
2375 c) Procedures for Establishing Validity of Data from Animal Studies

2376
2377 1) High Validity Studies

- 2378
2379 A) High validity studies use a route of exposure by ingestion or
2380 gavage, and are based upon:
2381
2382 i) Data from animal carcinogenicity studies with a minimum
2383 of 2 dose levels and a control group, 2 species, both sexes,
2384 with 50 animals per dose per sex, and at least 50 percent
2385 survival at 15 months in mice and 18 months in rats and at
2386 least 25 percent survival at 18 months in mice and 24
2387 months in rats;
2388
2389 ii) Data from animal chronic studies with a minimum of 3
2390 dose levels and a control group, 2 species, both sexes, with
2391 40 animals per dose per sex, and at least 50 percent survival
2392 at 15 months in mice and 18 months in rats and at least 25
2393 percent survival at 18 months in mice and 24 months in
2394 rats, and a well-defined NOAEL; or
2395
2396 iii) Data from animal subchronic studies with a minimum of 3

2397 dose levels and control, 2 species, both sexes, 4 animals per
2398 dose per sex for non-rodent species or 10 animals per dose
2399 per sex for rodent species, a duration of at least 5% of the
2400 test species' lifespan, and a well-defined NOAEL.

2401
2402 B) Supporting studies which reinforce the conclusions of a study of
2403 Medium Validity may be considered to raise ~~the such a~~ study to
2404 High Validity.

2405
2406 2) Medium Validity Studies
2407 Medium validity studies are based upon:

2408
2409 A) Data from animal carcinogenicity, chronic, or subchronic studies in
2410 which minor deviations from the study design elements required
2411 for a High Validity Study are found, but which otherwise satisfy
2412 the standards for a High Validity Study;

2413
2414 B) Data from animal carcinogenicity and chronic studies in which at
2415 least 25 percent survival is reported at 15 months in mice and 18
2416 months in rats (a lesser survival is permitted at the conclusion of a
2417 longer duration study, but the number of surviving animals should
2418 not fall below 20 percent per dose per sex at 18 months for mice
2419 and 24 months for rats), but which otherwise satisfy the standards
2420 for a High Validity Study;

2421
2422 C) Data from animal subchronic or chronic studies in which a Lowest
2423 Observable Adverse Effect Level (LOAEL) is determined, but
2424 which otherwise satisfy the standards for a High Validity Study; or

2425
2426 D) Data from animal subchronic or chronic studies which have an
2427 inappropriate route of exposure (for example, intraperitoneal
2428 injection or inhalation) but which otherwise satisfy the standards
2429 for a High Validity Study, with correction factors for conversion to
2430 the oral route.

2431
2432 3) Low Validity Studies
2433 Low validity studies are studies not meeting the standards ~~of set forth in~~
2434 subsection (c)(1) or (c)(2).

2435
2436 d) Calculating a Human Nonthreshold Toxicant Advisory Concentration
2437 ("HNTAC") for Cancer Risk
2438 The Human Nonthreshold Toxicant Advisory Concentration ("HNTAC") is
2439 calculated as follows:

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- 1) For chemicals designated by U.S. EPA as "mutagens," the HNTAC is calculated as follows:

$$HNTAC = \frac{TR \cdot \left(AT \cdot 365 \frac{\text{days}}{\text{year}} \right)}{SF_o \cdot IFWM_{adj}}$$

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Where:

- HNTAC ≡ Human Nonthreshold Toxicant Advisory Concentration, equal to milligrams per liter (mg/L)
- TR ≡ Target Cancer Risk, equal to one-in-one million cancer risk (1E-06)
- AT ≡ Averaging Time, equal to 70 years
- SF_o ≡ Oral Slope Factor (chemical-specific), equal to (mg/kg-day)⁻¹
- IFWM_{adj} ≡ Age-Adjusted Mutagenic Drinking Water Ingestion Rate, equal to 1,019.0 liters per kilogram (L/kg)

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- 2) For chemicals not designated by U.S. EPA as "mutagens," the HNTAC is calculated as follows:

$$HNTAC = \frac{TR \cdot \left(AT \cdot 365 \frac{\text{days}}{\text{year}} \right)}{SF_o \cdot IFW_{adj}}$$

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2453
2454
2455

Where:

- HNTAC ≡ Human Nonthreshold Toxicant Advisory Concentration, equal to milligrams per liter (mg/L)
- TR ≡ Target Cancer Risk, equal to one-in-one million cancer risk (1E-06)
- AT ≡ Averaging Time, equal to 70 years
- SF_o ≡ Oral Slope Factor (chemical-specific), equal to (mg/kg-day)⁻¹

IFWM_{adj} \equiv Age-Adjusted Mutagenic Drinking Water Ingestion Rate, equal to 327.95 liters per kilogram (L/kg)

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(Source: Amended at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

2459 **Section 620.APPENDIX B Procedures for Determining Hazard Indices for Class I:**
 2460 **Potable Resource Groundwater for Mixtures of Similar-Acting Substances**

2461
 2462 a) This appendix describes procedures for evaluating mixtures of similar-acting
 2463 substances which may be present in Class I: Potable Resource Groundwaters.
 2464 Except as provided otherwise in subsection (c), subsections (d) through (h)
 2465 describe the procedure for determining the Hazard Index for mixtures of similar-
 2466 acting substances.

2467
 2468 b) For the purposes of this appendix, a "mixture" means two or more substances
 2469 which are present in Class I: Potable Resource Groundwater which may or may
 2470 not be related either chemically or commercially, but which are not complex
 2471 mixtures of related isomers and congeners which are produced as commercial
 2472 products (for example, PCBs or technical grade chlordane).

2473
 2474 c) The ~~following~~ substances listed in Section 620.Appendix E Section 620.410 are
 2475 similar-acting mixtures of similar acting substances.:

2476
 2477 1) ~~Mixtures of ortho-Dichlorobenzene and para-Dichlorobenzene. The~~
 2478 ~~Hazard Index (HI) for such mixtures is determined as follows:~~

2479
 2480 ~~$HI = [\text{ortho-Dichlorobenzene}]/0.6 + [\text{para-Dichlorobenzene}]/0.075$~~

2481
 2482 2) ~~Mixtures of 1,1-Dichloroethylene and 1,1,1-trichloroethane. The Hazard~~
 2483 ~~Index (HI) for such mixtures is determined as follows:~~

2484
 2485 ~~$HI = [1,1-Dichloroethylene]/0.007 + [1,1,1-trichloroethane]/0.2$~~

2486
 2487 d) When two or more substances occur together in a mixture, the additivity of the
 2488 toxicities of some or all of the substances will be considered when determining
 2489 health-based standards for Class I: Potable Resource Groundwater. This is done
 2490 by the use of a dose addition model with the development of a Hazard Index for
 2491 the mixture of substances with similar-acting toxicities. This method does not
 2492 address synergism or antagonism. Guidelines for determining when the dose
 2493 addition of similar-acting substances is appropriate are presented in Appendix C.
 2494 The Hazard Index is calculated as follows:

2495
 2496
$$HI = [A]/ALA + [B]/ALB + \dots [I]/ALI$$

2497
 2498 Where:

2499
 HI = Hazard Index, unitless.

[A], [B], [I] = Concentration of each similar-acting substance in groundwater in milligrams per liter ("mg/L").
ALA, ALB, ALI = The acceptable level of each similar-acting substance in the mixture in milligrams per liter ("mg/L").

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- e) For substances that are considered to have a threshold mechanism of toxicity, the acceptable level is:
 - 1) The standards listed in Section 620.410; or
 - 2) For those substances for which standards have not been established in Section 620.410, the Human Threshold Toxicant Advisory Concentration ("HTTAC") as determined in Appendix A.

- f) For substances that are carcinogens, the acceptable level is:
 - 1) The standards listed in Section 620.410; or
 - 2) For those substances for which standards have not been established under Section 620.410, the one-in-one-million cancer risk concentration, unless the concentration for such substance is less than the lowest appropriate LLOQ ~~PQL~~ specified in "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Wastes, Physical/Chemical Methods," EPA Publication No. SW-846, incorporated by reference at Section 620.125, or the LCMRL specified in the drinking water methods incorporated by reference at Section 620.125 for the substance, incorporated by reference at Section 620.125, the guidance level is ~~in which case~~ the lowest appropriate LLOQ or LCMRL ~~PQL shall be the acceptable level.~~

- g) Since the assumption of dose addition is most properly applied to substances that induce the same effect by similar modes of action, a separate Hazard Index ~~HI~~ must be generated for each toxicity endpoint of concern.

- h) In addition to meeting the individual substance objectives, a Hazard Index must be less than or equal to 1 for a mixture of similar-acting substances.

(Source: Amended at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

2534 **Section 620.APPENDIX C Guidelines for Determining When Dose Addition of Similar-**
 2535 **Acting Substances in Class I: Potable Resource Groundwaters is Appropriate**

- 2536
- 2537 a) Substances must be considered similar-acting if:
- 2538
- 2539 1) The substances have the same target in an organism (for example, the
- 2540 same organ, organ system, receptor, or enzyme); ~~or:~~
- 2541
- 2542 2) The substances have the same mode of toxic action. These actions may
- 2543 include, for example, central nervous system depression, liver toxicity, or
- 2544 cholinesterase inhibition.
- 2545
- 2546 b) Substances that have fundamentally different mechanisms of toxicity (threshold
- 2547 toxicants vs. carcinogens) must not be considered similar-acting. However,
- 2548 carcinogens which also cause a threshold toxic effect should be considered in a
- 2549 mixture with other similar-acting substances having the same threshold toxic
- 2550 effect. In such a case, an Acceptable Level for the carcinogen must be derived for
- 2551 its threshold effect, using the procedures described in Appendix A.
- 2552
- 2553 c) Substances which are components of a complex mixture of related compounds
- 2554 which are produced as commercial products (for example, PCBs or technical
- 2555 grade chlordane) are not mixtures, as defined in Appendix B. Such complex
- 2556 mixtures are equivalent to a single substance. In such a case, the Human
- 2557 Threshold Toxicant Advisory Concentration may be derived for threshold effects
- 2558 of the complex mixture, using the procedures described in Appendix A, if valid
- 2559 toxicological or epidemiological data are available for the complex mixture. If
- 2560 the complex mixture is a carcinogen, the Health Advisory Concentration is the
- 2561 one-in-one-million cancer risk concentration, unless the lower concentration for
- 2562 such substance is less than the lowest appropriate LLOQ ~~PQL~~ specified in "Test
- 2563 Methods for Evaluating Solid Wastes, Physical/Chemical Methods," EPA
- 2564 Publication No. SW-846, incorporated by reference at Section 620.125, or the
- 2565 LCMRL specified in the drinking water methods incorporated by reference at
- 2566 Section 620.125 for the substance.; ~~If the concentration for the substance is less~~
- 2567 ~~than in which case~~ the lowest appropriate LLOQ or LCMRL for the substance
- 2568 incorporated by reference at Section 620.125, the guidance level is the lowest
- 2569 appropriate LLOQ or LCMRL ~~PQL shall be the Health Advisory Concentration.~~

2570
 2571 (Source: Amended at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

2572

2573 **Section 620.APPENDIX D Groundwater Management Zone Application under**
 2574 **Confirmation of an Adequate Corrective Action Pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 620.250(b)**
 2575 **and Corrective Action Completion Certification under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 620.250(d)(a)(2)**

2576
 2577 Within any class of groundwater, Pursuant to 35 Ill. Adm. Code 620.250(a) if an owner or
 2578 operator provides a written confirmation to the Agency that an adequate corrective action,
 2579 equivalent to a corrective action process approved by the Agency, is being undertaken in a timely
 2580 and appropriate manner, then a groundwater management zone (GMZ) may be established. A
 2581 GMZ is as a three-dimensional region containing groundwater being managed to mitigate
 2582 impairment caused by a the release of one or more contaminants from a site. See 35 Ill. Adm.
 2583 Code 620.250(a). A GMZ cannot be established before the owner or operator submits a GMZ
 2584 application to the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (Agency) under 35 Ill. Adm. Code
 2585 620.250(b). A GMZ is not established until the Agency issues a written approval of the GMZ,
 2586 including its corrective action, under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 620.250(c)(2). This document provides
 2587 the form in which the written confirmation is to be submitted to the Agency.

2588
 2589 When an owner or operator completes the Agency-approved corrective action, the owner or
 2590 operator must submit to the Agency appropriate documentation under 35 Ill. Adm. Code
 2591 620.250(d), including a corrective action completion certification. A GMZ is terminated when
 2592 the Agency issues a written determination to that effect under 35 Ill. Adm. Code 620.250(d)(1)
 2593 or (f).

Note 1. Parts I, ~~and II~~ and III of this Appendix D specify the information required for the
GMZ application that the owner or operator submits ~~are to the Agency~~ ~~be submitted~~
to IEPA at the time that the facility claims the alternative groundwater standards.
Part IV of this Appendix D specifies the information required for ~~III is to be~~
submitted at the corrective action completion certification that the owner or
operator submits to the Agency of the site investigation. ~~At the completion of the~~
corrective process, a final report is to be filed which includes the confirmation
statement included in Part IV.

Note 2. The issuance of a permit by the Agency's IEPA's Division of Air Pollution Control
 or Water Pollution Control for a treatment system does not imply that the Agency
 has approved any the corrective action process.

Note 3. A GMZ application is not for use in establishing a GMZ under the Site
Remediation Program (35 Ill. Adm. Code 740). See 35 Ill. Adm. Code 620.250(g).
If the release is subject to a corrective action process that requires the submittal of
more information to the Agency to establish a GMZ than that specified in Parts I,
II, and III of this Appendix D, the owner or operator must include the additional
information with its GMZ application. See 35 Ill. Adm. Code 620.250(b)(2). In
addition, if the release is subject to a corrective action process that requires the
information specified in Parts I, II, and III of this Appendix D to be submitted to

the Agency in a different form than a GMZ application (e.g., plan, agreement, report, permit application), the owner or operator must submit the information in that form. See 35 Ill. Adm. Code 620.250(b)(3).~~If the facility is conducting a cleanup of a unit which is subject to the requirements of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) or the 35 Ill. Adm. Code 731 regulations for Underground Storage Tanks, this confirmation process is not applicable and cannot be used.~~

Note 4. If the GMZ would extend off-site, the GMZ application must include each affected property owner's written permission to the establishment of the GMZ on its property. See 35 Ill. Adm. Code 620.2501(b)(1). ~~If a response the answers to any item in this Appendix D requires additional of these questions require~~ explanation or clarification, provide ~~itsuch~~ in an attachment to the submittal~~this document.~~

2595
2596

Part I:- Facility Information

Facility Name _____

Facility Address _____

County _____

Standard Industrial Code (SIC) _____

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1. Provide a general description of the type of industry, the location, and the size of the facility, as well as the products manufactured and, raw materials used at, ~~location and size of~~ the facility.
2. What specific units (operating or closed) are present at the facility that~~which~~ are or were used to manage waste, hazardous waste, hazardous substances, or petroleum? Include units regardless of whether they are considered sources of groundwater contamination.

	<u>YES</u>	<u>NO</u>
Landfill	_____	_____
Surface Impoundment	_____	_____
Land Treatment	_____	_____
Spray Irrigation	_____	_____
Waste Pile	_____	_____
Incinerator	_____	_____

Storage Tank (above ground)	_____	_____
Storage Tank (underground)	_____	_____
Container Storage Area	_____	_____
Injection Well	_____	_____
Water Treatment Units	_____	_____
Septic Tanks	_____	_____
French Drains	_____	_____
Transfer Station	_____	_____
Other Units (please describe)	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

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3. Provide an extract from a USGS topographic or county map showing the location of the site. Provide ~~and~~ a more detailed scaled map of the facility identifying with each ~~waste management~~ unit checked "yes" identified in item Question 2 and each ~~or~~ known or /suspected release source ~~clearly identified~~. Map scale must be specified and the Township, Range, and Section ~~location~~ of the facility must be provided ~~with respect to Township, Range and Section~~. Also provide engineering drawings showing the facility and units at the facility.

4. Has the facility ever conducted operations that ~~which~~ involved the generation, manufacture, processing, transportation, treatment, storage, or handling of "hazardous substances" as defined by the Illinois Environmental Protection Act? Yes ___ No ___ If the answer to this question is "yes", generally describe these operations.

5. Has the facility ever generated, stored, or treated "hazardous waste" as defined by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA)? Yes ___ No ___ If the answer to this question is "yes", generally describe these operations.

6. Has the facility ever conducted operations that ~~which~~ involved the processing, storage, or handling of petroleum? Yes ___ No ___ If the answer to this question is "yes", generally describe these operations.

7. Has the facility ever held any of the following permits?
 - a. Permits for any waste storage, waste treatment or waste disposal operation. Yes ___ No ___ If the answer to this question is "yes", identify the IEPA permit number or numbers.

 - b. Interim Status under RCRA ~~the Resources Conservation and Recovery Act~~ (filing of a RCRA Part A application). Yes ___ No ___ If the answer to this question is "yes", attach a copy of the last approved RCRA Part A

2639 application.

2640
2641 c. RCRA Part B ~~permits~~Permits. Yes ___ No ___ If the answer to this
2642 question is "yes", identify the permit log number or numbers.

2643
2644 8. Has the facility ever conducted the closure of a RCRA hazardous waste
2645 management unit? Yes ___ No ___

2646
2647 9. Have any of the following State or federal government actions taken place for a
2648 release at the facility?

2649
2650 a. Written notification regarding known, suspected or alleged contamination
2651 ~~at on or emanating from~~ the property (e.g., a Notice pursuant to Section
2652 4(q) or Section 31(a) or (b) of the Illinois Environmental Environment
2653 Protection Act)? Yes ___ No ___ If the answer to this question is "yes",
2654 identify notice's the caption and date of issuance.

2655
2656 b. Consent Decree or Order under RCRA, the Comprehensive Environmental
2657 Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA), ~~EPAet~~-Section
2658 22.2 of the Illinois Environmental Protection Act (State Superfund), or
2659 ~~EPAet~~-Section 21(f) of the Illinois Environmental Protection Act (State
2660 RCRA). Yes ___ No ___

2661
2662 c. If either item 9(a) or 9(b) is ~~of Items a or b were~~ answered ~~by checking~~
2663 "yes", is the notice, order, or decree still in effect? Yes ___ No ___

2664
2665 10. Provide a statement of the classification or classifications of groundwater at the
2666 facility.

2667
2668 Class I ___ Class II ___ Class III ___ Class IV ___
2669 If more than one Class applies, explain.

2670
2671 11. What ~~groundwater~~-classification will the groundwater within the proposed
2672 groundwater management zone facility be subject to at the completion of the
2673 remediation?

2674
2675 Class I ___ Class II ___ Class III ___ Class IV ___
2676 If more than one Class applies, ~~please~~-explain.

2677
2678 12H. Describe the circumstances under which the release to groundwater was
2679 identified.

2680
2681 Based on my inquiry of those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, I certify

2682 that the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true and accurate.
2683

_____ Facility Name	_____ Signature of Owner/Operator
_____ Location of Facility	_____ Name of Owner/Operator
_____ EPA Identification Number	_____ Date

2684
2685
2686
2687
2688
2689
2690

Part PART-II: Release Information

1. Identify the chemical constituents released ~~release~~ to the groundwater. Attach additional documents as necessary.

Chemical Description

Chemical Abstract No.

_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

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2. Describe how the site will be investigated to determine the source or sources of the release.
3. Describe how groundwater will be monitored to determine the rate and extent of the release, and whether the release has migrated off-site.
4. Has the release been contained on-site ~~at the facility?~~
5. Describe the groundwater monitoring network and groundwater and soil sampling protocols in place at the facility.
6. Provide the schedule for investigating the extent of the release ~~investigation~~ and for monitoring.
7. Describe the laboratory quality assurance program used ~~utilized~~ for the investigation.
8. Provide ~~a summary of~~ the results of available soil testing and groundwater monitoring associated with the release, along with a summary of those results at the facility. ~~The summary or results should provide~~ the following information: dates of sampling; types of samples taken (soil or water); locations and depths of samples; monitoring well construction details with well logs; sampling and analytical methods; analytical laboratories used; chemical constituents for which analyses were performed; analytical detection limits; and concentrations of chemical

2715 constituents in parts per million or "ppm" (levels below detection should be
2716 identified as non-detect or "ND").

2717
2718 9. Provide scaled drawings identifying the horizontal and vertical boundaries of the
2719 proposed groundwater management zone.
2720

2721 Based on my inquiry of those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, I certify
2722 that the information submitted is, to the best of knowledge and belief, true and accurate and
2723 confirm that the actions identified in this submittal herein will be undertaken in compliance
2724 accordance with the schedule in this submittal set forth herein.
2725

_____ Facility Name	_____ Signature of Owner/Operator
_____ Location of Facility	_____ Name of Owner/Operator
_____ EPA Identification Number	_____ Date

2726
2727
2728 Part III: Remedy Selection Information
2729

- 2730 1. Describe the selected remedy and why it was chosen. Include a description of the
2731 fate and transport of contaminants with the selected remedy over time.
2732
- 2733 2. Describe other remedies that~~which~~ were considered and why they were rejected.
2734
- 2735 3. Will waste, contaminated soil, or contaminated groundwater be removed from the
2736 site during ~~in the course of~~ this remediation? Yes ___ No ___ If the answer to this
2737 question is "yes", where will the contaminated material be taken?
2738
- 2739 4. Describe how the selected remedy will accomplish the maximum practical
2740 restoration of beneficial use of groundwater.
2741
- 2742 5. Describe how the selected remedy will minimize any threat to public health or the
2743 environment.
2744
- 2745 6. Describe how the selected remedy will result in compliance with the applicable
2746 groundwater standards for the appropriate class or classes of groundwater. Include
2747 the results of groundwater contaminant transport modeling or calculations showing
2748 how the selected remedy will achieve compliance with these standards.
2749
- 2750 7. Provide a schedule for design, construction, and operation of the remedy, including

2751 dates for the start and completion.

2752

2753 8. Describe how the remedy will be operated and maintained.

2754

2755 9. Have any of the following permits been issued for the remediation?

2756

2757 a. Construction or ~~operating~~ ~~Operating~~ permit from the Agency's Division of
2758 Water Pollution Control. Yes ___ No ___ If the answer to this question is
2759 "yes", identify the permit number or numbers.

2760

2761 b. Land treatment permit from the Agency's Division of Water Pollution
2762 Control. Yes ___ No ___ If the answer to this question is "yes", identify the
2763 permit number or numbers.

2764

2765 c. Construction or ~~operating~~ ~~Operating~~ permit from the Agency's Division of
2766 Air Pollution Control. Yes ___ No ___ If the answer to this question is
2767 "yes", identify the permit number or numbers.

2768

2769 10. How will groundwater within the proposed groundwater management zone at the
2770 facility be monitored after following completion of the remedy to ensure compliance
2771 with the ~~that the groundwater~~ standards for the appropriate class or classes of
2772 groundwater ~~have been attained?~~

2773

2774 Based on my inquiry of those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, I
2775 certify that the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true and
2776 accurate and confirm that the actions identified in this submittal ~~herein~~ will be performed
2777 ~~undertaken~~ in compliance ~~accordance~~ with the schedule in this submittal ~~set forth herein~~.

Facility Name

Signature of Owner/Operator

Location of Facility

Name of Owner/Operator

EPA Identification Number

Date

2778

2779

2780 Part ~~PART~~ IV: Corrective Action Completion Certification

2781

2782 This certification must accompany documentation that ~~which~~ includes soil and groundwater
2783 monitoring data demonstrating ~~successful~~ completion of the corrective action ~~process described~~
2784 ~~in Parts I-III.~~

2785

2797 **Section 620.APPENDIX E Similar-Acting Substances**

2798

2799 **620.TABLE A Similar-Acting Noncarcinogenic Constituents**

2800

Cholinesterase Inhibition

116-06-3

Aldicarb

1563-66-2

Carbofuran

Circulatory System

15972-60-8

Alachlor

7440-36-0

Antimony

1912-24-9

Atrazine

71-43-2

Benzene

94-75-7

2,4-D (2,4-dichlorophenoxy acetic acid)

121-14-2

2,4-Dinitrotoluene

206-44-0

Fluoranthene

86-73-7

Fluorene

98-95-3

Nitrobenzene

122-34-9

Simazine

100-42-5

Styrene

79-01-6

Trichloroethylene

99-35-4

1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene

7440-66-6

Zinc

Decreased Body Weight

75-71-8

Dichlorodifluoromethane

84-66-2

Diethyl phthalate

95-48-7

2-Methylphenol (*o*-cresol)

91-20-3

Naphthalane

7440-02-0

Nickel

108-95-2

Phenol

122-34-9

Simazine

71-55-6

1,1,1-Trichloroethane

1330-20-7

Xylenes

Developmental

7429-90-5

Aluminum

50-32-8

Benzo(a)pyrene

7440-42-8

Boron

78-93-3

2-Butanone (methyl ethyl ketone)

75-15-0

Carbon disulfide

78-87-5

1,2-Dichloropropane

84-66-2

Diethyl phthalate

[88-85-7](#)
[7439-93-2](#)
[375-73-5](#)
[375-95-1](#)
[1763-23-1](#)
[335-67-1](#)

Endocrine System

[106-93-4](#)
[120-82-1](#)

Gastrointestinal System

[7440-41-7](#)
[7440-50-8](#)
[145-73-3](#)
[77-47-4](#)
[7439-89-6](#)
[1634-04-4](#)

Immune System

[156-60-5](#)
[58-89-9](#)

[7487-94-7](#)
[76-44-8](#)
[355-46-4](#)
[375-95-1](#)
[1763-23-1](#)
[335-67-1](#)

Kidney

[7440-39-3](#)
[7440-43-9](#)
[94-75-7](#)
[75-99-0](#)
[75-34-3](#)
[107-06-2](#)
[156-59-2](#)
[123-91-1](#)
[206-44-0](#)
[98-82-8](#)
[7439-93-2](#)
[93-65-2](#)

[Dinoseb](#)
[Lithium](#)
[PFBS \(perfluorobutanesulfonic acid\)](#)
[PFNA \(perfluorononanoic acid\)](#)
[PFOS \(perfluorooctanesulfonic acid\)](#)
[PFOA \(perfluorooctanoic acid\)](#)

[Ethylene dibromide \(1,2-dibromoethane\)](#)
[1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene](#)

[Beryllium](#)
[Copper](#)
[Endothall](#)
[Hexachlorocyclopentadiene](#)
[Iron](#)
[MTBE \(methyl tertiary-butyl-ether\)](#)

[*trans*-1,2-Dichloroethylene](#)
[*gamma*-HCH \(*gamma*-hexachlorocyclohexane, lindane\)](#)
[Mercury \(mercuric chloride\)](#)
[Heptachlor](#)
[PFHxS \(perfluorohexanesulfonic acid\)](#)
[PFNA \(perfluorononanoic acid\)](#)
[PFOS \(perfluorooctanesulfonic acid\)](#)
[PFOA \(perfluorooctanoic acid\)](#)

[Barium](#)
[Cadmium](#)
[2,4-D \(2,4-dichlorophenoxy acetic acid\)](#)
[Dalapon](#)
[1,1-Dichloroethane](#)
[1,2-Dichloroethane](#)
[*cis*-1,2-Dichloroethylene](#)
[1,4-Dioxane \(*p*-dioxane\)](#)
[Fluoranthene](#)
[Isopropylbenzene \(cumene\)](#)
[Lithium](#)
[MCPP \(mecoprop\)](#)

7487-94-7
7439-98-7
129-00-0
108-88-3
7440-62-2

Mercury (mercuric chloride)
Molybdenum
Pyrene
Toluene
Vanadium

Liver

83-32-9
319-84-6
56-23-5
12789-03-6
108-90-7
67-66-3
94-75-7
106-46-7
75-35-4
75-09-2
117-81-7
121-14-2
123-91-1
72-20-8
100-41-4
106-93-
206-44-0
13252-13-6

Acenaphthene
alpha-BHC (alpha-benzene hexachloride)
Carbon Tetrachloride
Chlordane
Chlorobenzene
Chloroform
2,4-D (2,4-dichlorophenoxy acetic acid)
p-Dichlorobenzene (1,4-dichlorobenzene)
1,1-Dichloroethylene
Dichloromethane (methylene chloride)
Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate
2,4-Dinitrotoluene
1,4-Dioxane (p-dioxane)
Endrin
Ethylbenzene
Ethylene dibromide (1,2-dibromoethane)
Fluoranthene
HFPO-DA (hexafluoropropylene oxide dimer acid, GenX)
HMX (octahydro-1,3,5,7-tetranitro-1,3,5,7-tetrazocine)
Heptachlor Epoxide
MTBE (methyl tertiary-butyl ether)
Pentachlorophenol
Picloram
Styrene
TNT (2,4,6-trinitrotoluene)
2,4,5-TP (silvex)
Vinyl Chloride

2691-41-0

1024-57-3
1634-04-4
87-86-5
1918-02-1
100-42-5
118-96-7
93-72-1
75-01-4

Lungs

90-12-0
91-57-6

1-Methylnaphthalene
2-Methylnaphthalene

Mortality

84-74-2

Di-n-butyl phthalate

1330-20-7

Xylenes

Nervous System

67-64-1

Acetone

121-14-2

2,4-Dinitrotoluene

72-20-8

Endrin

7439-93-2

Lithium

7439-96-5

Manganese

95-48-7

2-Methylphenol (*o*-cresol)

121-82-4

RDX (hexahydro-1,3,5-trinitro- 1,3,5-triazine)

127-18-4

Tetrachloroethylene

Reproductive System

1912-24-9

Atrazine

96-12-8

1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane

1563-66-2

Carbofuran

75-15-0

Carbon disulfide

143-33-9

Cyanide

1918-00-9

Dicamba

106-93-4

Ethylene dibromide (1,2-dibromoethane)

7439-93-2

Lithium

72-43-5

Methoxychlor

Skin

7440-38-2

Arsenic

7440-22-4

Silver

7440-28-0

Thallium

Spleen

99-65-0

1,3-Dinitrobenzene

606-20-2

2,6-Dinitrotoluene

99-35-4

1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene

Thyroid

7440-48-4

Cobalt

14797-73-0

Perchlorate

355-46-4

PFHxS (perfluorohexanesulfonic acid)

375-73-5

PFBS (perfluorobutanesulfonic acid)

8001-35-2

Toxaphene

Whole Body

120-12-7

Anthracene

7440-36-0

Antimony

65-85-0

95-50-1

206-44-0

7782-49-2

79-00-5

75-69-4

Benzoic Acid

--Dichlorobenzene (1,2-dichlorobenzene)

Fluoranthene

Selenium

1,1,2-Trichloroethane

Trichlorofluoromethane

2801

2802

2803

(Source: Added at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)

2804 **Section 620.APPENDIX E Similar-Acting Substances**

2805

2806 **620.TABLE B Similar-Acting Carcinogenic Constituents**

2807

Circulatory System

71-43-2

Benzene

107-06-2

1,2-Dichloroethane

106-93-4

Ethylene dibromide (1,2-dibromoethane)

Gastrointestinal System

56-55-3

Benzo(a)anthracene

205-99-2

Benzo(b)fluoranthene

207-08-9

Benzo(k)fluoranthene

50-32-8

Benzo(a)pyrene

218-01-9

Chrysene

53-70-3

Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene

106-93-4

Ethylene dibromide (1,2-dibromoethane)

193-39-5

Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene

Kidney

67-66-3

Chloroform

96-12-8

1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane
(dibromochloropropane)

121-14-2

2,4-Dinitrotoluene

606-20-0

2,6-Dinitrotoluene

100-41-4

Ethylbenzene

79-01-6

Trichloroethylene

Liver

319-84-6

alaha-BHC (alaha-benzene hexachloride)

56-23-5

Carbon tetrachloride

12789-03-6

Chlordane

106-46-7

p-Dichlorobenzene (1,4-dichlorobenzene)

75-09-2

Dichloromethane (methylene chloride)

78-87-5

1,2-Dichloropropane

117-81-7

Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate

121-14-2

2,4-Dinitrotoluene

606-20-0

2,6-Dinitrotoluene

123-91-1

1,4-Dioxane (p-dioxane)

58-89-9

gamma-HCH (gamma -hexachlorocyclohexane,
lindane)

76-44-8

Heptachlor

1024-57-3

Heptachlor epoxide

1336-36-3

PCBs (polychlorinated biphenyls as decachloro-biphenyl)

335-67-1

PFOA (perfluorooctanoic acid)

87-86-5

Pentachlorophenol

127-18-4

Tetrachloroethylene

8001-35-2

Toxaphene

79-01-6

Trichloroethylene

75-01-4

Vinyl Chloride

Mammary Gland

121-14-2

2,4-Dinitrotoluene

606-20-0

2,6-Dinitrotoluene

2808

2809

(Source: Added at 48 Ill. Reg. _____, effective _____)